Essay

Fatal, not Funny: Nationalist Outrage & Journalists against Journalists



VIDYA SUBRAHMANIAM



India's dyed-in-the wool 'nationalist' TV channels have made it clear that even as they rage against Pakistan, they will also hunt down anyone defying the agenda to counsel peace between India and Pakistan. Vidya Subrahmaniam, Senior Fellow, The Hindu Centre for Politics and Public Policy, New Delhi, captures the frenzy that overtook the TV media in the wake of the Pulwama attack and warns of the dangers inherent in allowing a free run to the stirred up faux nationalism that has already turned journalist against journalist.

lot has been written about the daily battle scenes enacted in Indian television studios by flag-waving nationalist anchors, some of them clothed in combat fatigues just in case viewers mistook the stomping of feet and waving of hands for a dance show.

Following the killing of 40 jawans in a terrorist attack on a Central Reserve Police Force (CRPF) convoy in the Kashmir valley, TV voices had grown shriller and shriller. The call for action was not just against terrorists operating from Pakistan's soil, but also for taking out Pakistan, to erase it off the map. From Republic TV and Times Now to the full range of Hindi news channels, the studios had been turned into war rooms to cries of *Pakistan ko mita denge* (we will wipe out Pakistan).

No journalist worth her salt could be unfamiliar with the Prime Time drill, as the hazards of surfing the news channels came with the territory. The staple consisted of anchors getting enraged over something or the other that required the Opposition

and liberal citizens to be pummelled, even if, or especially if, it was the government The raging against Pakistan seemed to go that had been up to no good. While viewing this feigned anger was tedious, -

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occasionally it was possible to see the funny side of it. For Times Now, the liberal sections were a "Lobby" to whom several hashtags were dedicated, such as #WhereIsTheLobby?; #LobbyExposed; #LobbyHiding; #LobbyShamed and so forth. On a normal day, the resident army general who screamed his lungs out at all but the incumbent government, was also good for a few laughs.

But the blood and gore spectacle that unfolded on TV over the days after Pulwama was more scary than funny. All the forewarnings I had from fellow journalists who had watched it and written about it – including columnists Kalpana Sharma and Salil Tripathi^{1,2} – didn't prepare me for the sight of the relentless bloodhound that occupied the newsroom, presumably as an aggressive mascot of Prime Minister Narendra Modi's New India. As I recorded what I saw, my senses reeled and I began to feel fearful – for all those who had taken on the Modi regime and even more for the country which appeared inexorably to be crossing over to the dark side. The raging against Pakistan seemed to go hand in hand with a magnificent self-delusion about India as a Superpower that had brought Pakistan to its knees, and without the intervention of other nations.



A poster in Lucknow hails the Indian Air Force and Prime Minister Narendra Modi for "avenging" the terrorist attack at Pulwama. Photo: Rajeev Bhatt

With the captured pilot, Abhinandan Varthaman, still in Pakistan's custody, the channels socked it to Prime Minister Imran Khan, painting him as a weakling who had surrendered to the might of India. Indian TV commentariat bristled at the suggestion that international intervention might have got Pakistan to order his release, saying in one voice that 'New India' had achieved this 'enormous feat' on its own. All this even as public as well as political opinion in Pakistan seemed by a wide margin to favour the immediate return of the captured pilot. Pakistan's Parliament had unanimously welcomed Imran Khan's announcement that Abhinandan would be very shortly released.

On the day of Abhinandan's release, in fact with just hours left for it, and a lastminute hitch not ruled out, the gloating hit a peak. Senior NewsX anchor Rishabh Gulati said Abhinandan was returning home because India had transformed from a wimpy also-ran to a great power. "And that great power has for the first time shrugged off the shackled mindset that in the past had led it to thousands of years of *ghulami* (slavery)." Indeed, India did not "fiddle and fiddle", as in the past, but had ordered Pakistan to "return the pilot or else!" Gulati, who seemed to suggest that India's rise to glory from nowhere was all due to "one man" (no prizes for guessing who), then turned to his reporter waiting at the Wagah border and asked, "How's the Josh?" (How's the energy?)" This line from the film, *Uri*, an unabashed ode to the surgical strike that followed the terror attack on the Uri army base, has in recent days become the BJP's favoured greeting.

Meanwhile, Times Now was sprouting colourful hashtags and teasers, among them: #IndiaCutsNayaPakistantoSize and 'Spooked by India's offensive, Imran's Mantri

If Pakistan was a rogue state, then wasn't it important for the media not to push it to the brink? Runs For Cover', and of course, a reminder to the viewers that #BharatBadalGayaHai. The two young anchors in the studio agreed with each other that Pakistan did not matter because

the world did not want to give it any importance. There was also plenty of poetry for the Prisoner of War. A panellist on a later show on the channel would thus extol Abhinandan: "I can see Shivaji in him, I can see Maharana Pratap in him, I can see Guru Gobind Singh in him. He is the summation of civilisation. He is the summation of Indian culture. He is the summation of Indian history."

As the evening wore on, there was no sign of Abhinandan. There was a hitch apparently, and while this was reason for the anchors to outrage some more, there was just a hint of a suggestion from the Pakistan end that the cause of the trouble could in fact be Indian TV. Islamabad-based anchor for 92 News, Amir Mateen, tweeted: "Parliamentarians not happy with Indian media giving wrong twist that Pakistan buckled under Indian threat/pressure. Many already suggest that we should reconsider ... Let's not spoil a decent move."

In the end, the "decent move" was spoilt. Pakistani authorities forced Abhinandan to record a video where he praised the Pakistan army and slammed the Indian media. Watching the video, it was difficult not to conclude that the Wing Commander was being used as a proxy. The lines he spoke or was made to speak, *"Bharatiya media itna mirch lagake, aag lagake bolte hain,"* (the India media adds unnecessary fire and chilli to its words) were likely the lines that Pakistan itself wanted to say about the Indian media.

But the video and what it implied did not cause TV to rethink its strategy, much less accept that its hectoring and jingoism had placed Abhinandan and his family in danger. If Pakistan, as the anchors *ad nauseam* informed us, was a rogue state, then wasn't it important for the media not to push it to the brink? At the minimum while the 'enemy' held the Indian pilot hostage, which fact also endangered his family? No. Instead the TV channels furiously turned on liberal opinion-makers, among them their own in the profession.

The liberal as the 'other'

The reason for this was that soon following Imran Khan's offer to release Abhinandan, sections of Indian liberal media had welcomed the gesture, seeing it as a sign of maturity in a leader who had also spoken of suing for peace with India. Khan had said that as nuclear neighbours, India and Pakistan had to rein in their hostilities: "All wars are miscalculated. And no one knows where they lead to ... I ask with the weapons you have and the weapons we have, can we really afford a miscalculation?... Let's sit together and settle this with talks." A number of Indian journalists tweeted their support to Khan, including Sagarika Ghose: "Excellent, statesmanlike speech from @ImranKhanPTI" Predictably, she was set upon by trolls excoriating her in words that cannot be reproduced here. For an idea, among the least offensive things said to her was that her account, as well as her mind and heart, had probably been hacked by Pakistan.

The lynch mob calls ricocheted off the TV echo chambers. At Republic TV there was a deceptive air of calm in the minutes before Abhinandan's release Editor-in-Chief Arnab Goswami told his panellists the special moment had to be savoured. "Everything else can wait," he said, adding with a hint of menace, "We will surely discuss other things. But in a minute." Soon enough the gloves were off. "Let it sink in that this is just a trial run. The real revenge begins now," Goswami said. A veteran of many real and TV studio wars, General G.D. Bakshi, chipped in. "There is no question of backing off now. No question of taking our feet off the pedal."

Pakistan's fate settled, Goswami and General Bakshi, a pair that has hunted down many liberals and 'urban naxals', turned on their all-time favourite target. "We will finish off Pakistan. But what do we do with the peaceniks and Pak *premi patrakars*?

(Pak-loving journalists)." Bakshi asked. "De-escalation, de-escalation, de-escalation," Goswami thundered. A lengthy declamation against the "de-escalation champions', "the *gaddars* (traitors)" who feted and garlanded Pakistani terrorists later, the duo decided they would be befittingly punished by the people of India: "Like bloody hell, they will do it."

But the worst was still to come, and it came in the form of a programme, Bindas Bol, on Sudarshan News. According to Wikipedia, Sudarshan News is a Hindutva channel operating out of Noida in Uttar Pradesh. Bindas Bol is hosted by Suresh Chavhanke, who is Chairman, Managing Editor and Editor-in-Chief of the channel. Chavhanke's Wiki page has this to say about him: "Suresh Chavhanke claims to be a member of the Rashtriya Swayam Sevak Sangh [(RSS)] since the age of three years when he started attending its ceremonies. As a member of RSS, he had worked as a reporter of pro-RSS newspaper, Tarun Bharat. He held several posts in the RSS before becoming a full time reporter." The website of Bindas Bol proclaims in a splashy banner heading, *'Khoon ka badle khoon'* (Blood for blood).

The day after Abhinandan's return, Bindas Bol hosted a "world exclusive", whose aim, to quote Chavhanke, was to "expose and shame the Pak *premi Patrakars*". Chavhanke explained that he had chosen a unique format for this disrobing exercise which was to invite nationalist journalists to condemn the 'traitors' among their own lot. The list of 'traitors' was unsurprisingly headed by NDTV India's Ravish Kumar, and he was followed by the usual suspects: Nidhi Razdan, Sagarika Ghose, Rajdeep Sardesai, Barkha Dutt, Rana Ayub, and so forth. A surprise inclusion in the list was *The Hindu* newspaper, recognised internationally for being sober and reliable.

The nationalist panel, that had been invited to shame them, had another set of journalists: Mayank Jain, Sumanth Bhattacharya, Umesh Chaturvedi and Rakesh Arya, all described only as 'senior journalists'. Chavhanke invited them by turn, interspersing their harangues with phoned- in calls from regular viewers of the channel. The nationalist journalists and the callers were shown videos and tweets of the traitors so they could be suitably enraged.

Passing off rant as opinion

The video clip of Ravish Kumar showed him regretting that India had not thanked Imran Khan for unconditionally releasing Abhinandan. Kumar also wanted thanks extended to those who were opposed to a war between Pakistan and India. This was too much for Mayank Jain: "NDTV is Pakistan's own channel. Do you know that some of the editorials in our newspapers are written by Pakistan? These journalists work for the ISI, and hence their praise of Imran Khan." Jain was convinced a lot of the liberal mischief was because Modi was getting popular: "Mark my words. The coming election is going to be fought between Narendra Modi and Imran Khan."

Journalist Sumanth Bhattacharya said that for far too long, journalists had put out one-sided version of events without anyone questioning them. In his view, the advent of Social Media had altered this equation, but sadly the challengers were being slandered as trolls: "Who are the trolls? These are ordinary people who have found their voice and will robustly challenge the entrenched media and their biased stories."

At this point host Chavhanke intervened. He said he was very angry with *The Hindu* for an allegedly misleading headline in the February 28, 2019, edition of the newspaper. The headline, "IAF plane shot down, pilot taken captive by Pak. Army", was "wrong", he said, because "it contradicted the official version that the plane had fallen on its own due to a technical fault". From among newspapers, why *The Hindu* was singled out for shaming when its reporting had been factual and accurate was unclear. As a matter of fact, all others papers had said the jet was shot down. *The Indian Express* of the same date said: "The day that began with Pakistan Air Force shooting down a MIG fighter jet and an Indian Air Force pilot being captured by Pakistan's army ..."

Journalist Umesh Chaturvedi was of the opinion that the traitors in the list had taken up for Pakistan because the Modi Government had not rewarded them: "These people are a curse on this nation. You have to be a nationalist before being a journalist. I want all journalists to stand together as nationalists without a distinction." Of the many phone-in callers who joined the denunciation rite, one was particularly unforgiving. He said aside from being a "*gaddar*", Ravish Kumar was also a supporter of Muslims. The time had come therefore for the nationalists to go from door to door and thrash the traitors with "joote-chappal". Chavhanke, beamed at this. He didn't believe in violence, he said, but if the "*gaddars* insisted on spreading poison by praising the enemy country," they had to be prepared for "joote-chappal".

Journalist Rakesh Arya offered a solution that would once and for all end the menace of *gaddari*. He said the government should define *Rashtrawad*(nationalism) and then go on to enact a law that would treat any breach of the definition as treason. "*In gaddaron ko kathor se kathor dandh milna chahiye*" (these traitors should get the worst possible punishment).

Chavhanke's claim to fame before this was his arrest on April 13, 2017, for fanning communal tensions in U.P. Chavhanke's 'defence' at the time was that he had been arrested by an administration that was loyal to Akhilesh Yadav, even though Yadav had been replaced by the BJP's Yogi Adityanath at the head of a new government.

On a surface level, all of the above can be treated as non-serious, as the work of a

loony fringe, or even as theatrical entertainment. Indeed there is a spoofy, stand-up comic look to much of the war pantomime acted out in the studios. Yet the comic-commando act, to borrow

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a lovely phrase from journalist Shekhar Gupta, is capable of causing lasting harm.

A part-communal, part-pseudo-nationalist poison has seeped deep into India's collective thinking. There is no guarantee that today's verbal calls to extinguish liberal dissent will not turn tomorrow into physical attacks on liberal sections. We have a Prime Minister with words full of violence. "Chun chun ke maarna meri fitrat hai" (I'm given to picking my targets one by one and finishing them), he said, at a recent rally, making it clear that the warning applied as much to Pakistan as to Indian citizens inclined to question the government on its national security moves. We have a rah-rah 'nationalist' media that has taken it upon itself to shame, punish and deter the 'deviants' among its own community. When the two – government and media –

feed off each other, as is happening now, the result is a lynch mob that operates with official sanction. The threat to Indian democracy is very real.

[This is the first of a two-part essay on the Indian media. The second will examine how the media treated earlier regimes, starting with the government of Rajiv Gandhi.]

[Click here for the second part of this Essay: **Subrahmaniam, V. 2019**. "<u>Speaking</u> <u>Truth to Power: The Indian Media's Descent from Sharp Hawks to Screeching</u> <u>Parrots</u>", The Hindu Cenre for Politics and Public Policy, March 12].

[Vidya Subrahmaniam is Senior Fellow, The Hindu Centre for Politics and Public Policy. She was until recently Associate Editor with *The Hindu* based in New Delhi. In a journalistic career spanning four decades, she has written and reported extensively in a number of newspapers in Chennai, Mumbai, Lucknow and Delhi. She has also served on the national news bureaus of *The Indian Express, The Indian Post, The Independent, The Statesman*, and was an opinion page writer for *The Times of India*. In 2013, she won the Ramnath Goenka Award for Excellence in Journalism in the category, 'Commentary and Interpretative Writing'. She can be contacted at vidya.subrahmaniam@thehinducentre.com].

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