

*NSS Report No. 533 (64/10.2/2)*



# **Migration in India**

## **2007-2008**

**NSS 64<sup>th</sup> ROUND**  
**(July 2007 – June 2008)**



National Sample Survey Office  
Ministry of Statistics & Programme Implementation  
Government of India

June 2010

## Preface

The National Sample Survey Office (NSSO) conducted an all-India survey of households in the 64<sup>th</sup> round of NSS during July 2007 - June 2008. The survey subjects comprised (i) employment-unemployment and migration, (ii) participation and expenditure in education, and (iii) household consumer expenditure. Collection of migration data was integrated with the regular quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment on 38<sup>th</sup> round (January 1983 - December 1983), 43<sup>rd</sup> round (July 1987 - June 1988) and NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round (July, 1999-June, 2000). During NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round (January - June 1993) survey, data on migration was collected through Schedule 1.2 which had a comprehensive coverage including, inter-alia, housing condition and migration in India. The present report is based on the data on migration collected through the 64<sup>th</sup> round of NSS in which the information on migration particulars was collected along with employment and unemployment particulars. It gives quantitative information on various key characteristics pertaining to migration, such as household migration, migrants, short-term migrants and out-migrants.

Chapter One of this report is introductory. Chapter Two explains the concepts and definitions used in the survey. Chapter Three presents features of household migration. In Chapter Four, various facets of migrants have been presented. In Chapter Five, characteristics of short-term migration have been discussed. Discussion on out-migration has been made in Chapter Six. Detailed tables are given in Appendix A, while the sample design and the estimation procedure are explained in Appendix B. A facsimile of the schedule used for data collection is given as Appendix C. In Appendix D, the projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has also been presented.

The Survey Design and Research Division (SDRD) of the NSSO undertook the development of the survey methodology and survey instruments, and the drafting of the report. The field work was carried out by the Field Operations Division (FOD) of NSSO while the data processing and tabulation work was handled by the Data Processing Division (DPD) of NSSO. The Coordination and Publication Division (CPD) coordinated various activities pertaining to the survey.

I am thankful to the members of the Steering Committee of National Sample Surveys, to the Working Group for NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round and National Statistical Commission for their valuable guidance at various stages of survey activities from designing of the questionnaire to the preparation and finalization of this report. I also place on record my thanks to various officers of different divisions of the NSSO involved in the preparation of this report.

I hope the report will be found useful by planners, policy makers, academicians and researchers. Suggestions for improving the contents of the report are most welcome and may be sent to the undersigned.

New Delhi  
June 2010

  
S.C. Seddey  
Director General & Chief Executive Officer  
NSSO

## विशेषतायें

यह रिपोर्ट रोजगार और बेरोजगारी तथा प्रवसन विवरण (अनुसूची 10.2) पर जुलाई 2007 से जून 2008 के दौरान संचालित 64वें दौर के सर्वेक्षण पर आधारित है। इस सर्वेक्षण में 1,25,578 परिवारों (79,091 ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में और 46,487 नगरीय क्षेत्रों में) तथा 5,72,254 व्यक्तियों (3,74,294 ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में और 1,97,960 नगरीय क्षेत्र में) के एक प्रतिदर्श को शामिल किया गया था। कुछ मुख्य निष्कर्ष नीचे दर्शाए गए हैं।

### क. पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान परिवार प्रवसन

- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में परिवारों के प्रवसन का अनुपात बहुत निम्न, लगभग 1 प्रतिशत था। दूसरी ओर नगरीय क्षेत्रों में सभी नगरीय परिवारों में प्रवासित परिवारों का अनुपात लगभग 3 प्रतिशत था।
- परिवारों का प्रवसन मोटे तौर पर राज्य के भीतर ही परिसीमित था : ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में प्रवासित परिवारों के 78 प्रतिशत और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में प्रवासित परिवारों के 72 प्रतिशत का पिछला सामान्य निवास स्थान राज्य के भीतर ही था।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में, परिवारों के प्रवसन में ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से प्रवासित हुए परिवारों की प्रधानता थी। लगभग 57 प्रतिशत नगरीय प्रवासित परिवार ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से प्रवासित हुए थे जबकि 29 प्रतिशत ग्रामीण प्रवासित परिवार नगरीय क्षेत्रों से प्रवासित हुए थे।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में अधिकांश परिवार रोजगार सम्बन्धित कारणों से प्रवासित हुए थे। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में लगभग 55 प्रतिशत परिवार और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 67 प्रतिशत परिवार रोजगार सम्बन्धित कारणों से प्रवासित हुए थे।

### ख. प्रवासी <sup>1</sup>

- भारत में, लगभग 29 प्रतिशत व्यक्ति उल्लेखनीय ग्रामीण-नगरीय और पुरुष-महिला विभेदकों (differentials) सहित प्रवासी पाये गये।
- प्रवसन दर (जनसंख्या में प्रवासियों का अनुपात) नगरीय क्षेत्रों में (35 प्रतिशत) ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों की प्रवसन दर (26 प्रतिशत) से बहुत अधिक था।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में महिला प्रवसन दर की तुलना में पुरुष प्रवसन दर का विस्तार निम्नतर था। ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में लगभग 48 प्रतिशत महिलायें प्रवासी थीं जबकि पुरुष प्रवसन दर केवल 5 प्रतिशत थी, और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में पुरुष प्रवसन दर, महिला प्रवसन दर 46 प्रतिशत की तुलना में लगभग 26 प्रतिशत थी।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में प्रवसन दर अनुसूचित जनजाति (अ.ज.जा.) के बीच निम्नतम, लगभग 24 प्रतिशत थी, और यह सामाजिक वर्ग 'अन्य' में वर्गिकृत के बीच अधिकतम लगभग 28 प्रतिशत थी।

<sup>1</sup> एक पारिवारिक सदस्य, जिसका पिछला सामान्य निवास स्थान (सा.नि.स्था.) वर्तमान गणना स्थल से भिन्न था, को परिवार में एक प्रवासित सदस्य माना गया था। इस सर्वेक्षण में, एक व्यक्ति का सामान्य निवास स्थान (सा.नि.स्था.) उस स्थान (ग्राम/नगर) को कहा गया था, जहां उस व्यक्ति ने छह महीने या अधिक की अवधि के लिए लगातार निवास किया हो।

- नगरीय क्षेत्रों में, प्रवसन दर अन्य पिछड़ा वर्ग (अ.पि.व.) के बीच निम्नतम, लगभग 33 प्रतिशत पाया गया और यह 'अन्य' सामाजिक वर्ग के तौर पर वर्गिकृत के बीच उच्चतम, लगभग 38 प्रतिशत था ।
- प्रवसन दर ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में निचले मा.प्र.उ.व्य. (मासिक प्रतिव्यक्ति उपभोक्ता व्यय) दशमक (decile) वर्ग के लिए निम्नतम पायी गई और जीवननिर्वाह स्तर में वृद्धि के साथ प्रवसन दर में वृद्धि की प्रवृत्ति देखी गई है, और प्रवसन दर सबसे ऊपरी दशमक वर्ग में अपने चरम पर पहुंच गई ।
- ग्रामीण पुरुषों के लिए, प्रवसन दर निचले मा.प्र.उ.व्य. दशमक वर्ग के लिए लगभग 3 प्रतिशत और ऊपरी दशमक वर्ग में 17 प्रतिशत देखी गई ।
- ग्रामीण महिलाओं के लिए, प्रवसन दर निचले मा.प्र.उ.व्य. दशमक वर्ग में 39 प्रतिशत थी और ऊपरी दशमक वर्ग में 59 प्रतिशत थी ।
- नगरीय पुरुषों के लिए, प्रवसन दर निचले दशमक वर्ग के लिए 10 प्रतिशत थी जो ऊपरी दशमक वर्ग में बढ़कर 46 प्रतिशत पहुंच गयी और नगरीय महिलाओं के लिए यह निचले दशमक और ऊपरी दशमक वर्ग में क्रमशः 36 प्रतिशत और 56 प्रतिशत थी ।
- ग्रामीण पुरुषों के लिए, प्रवसन दर 'निरक्षरों' के बीच निम्नतम (लगभग 4 प्रतिशत) थी और यह शिक्षा स्तर 'स्नातक और ऊपर' वालों में लगभग 14 प्रतिशत थी। नगरीय पुरुषों में भी यह 'निरक्षरों' के बीच निम्नतम (17 प्रतिशत) और शिक्षा स्तर 'स्नातक या ऊपर' वालों में 38 प्रतिशत थी ।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के प्रवासियों में से, लगभग 91 प्रतिशत व्यक्तियों ने ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से प्रवसन किया था और नगरीय क्षेत्रों से 8 प्रतिशत व्यक्तियों ने प्रवसन किया था, जबकि नगरीय क्षेत्रों के प्रवासियों में से लगभग 59 प्रतिशत ने ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से और 40 प्रतिशत ने नगरीय क्षेत्रों से प्रवसन किया था ।
- लगभग 60 प्रतिशत नगरीय पुरुष प्रवासी और 59 प्रतिशत नगरीय महिला प्रवासियों ने ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से प्रवसन किया था ।
- महिला प्रवसन का सर्व प्रमुख कारण, ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में, विवाह था : 91 प्रतिशत ग्रामीण महिला प्रवासियों के लिए और 61 प्रतिशत नगरीय महिला प्रवासियों के लिए प्रवसन का कारण विवाह था ।
- पुरुष प्रवासियों के लिए प्रवसन के कारणों में, ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में, रोजगार से सम्बन्धित कारणों का प्रभुत्व था । लगभग 29 प्रतिशत ग्रामीण पुरुष प्रवासी और 56 प्रतिशत नगरीय पुरुष प्रवासियों ने रोजगार से सम्बन्धित कारणों से प्रवसन किया था ।
- व्यक्तियों का एक उच्चतर प्रतिशत प्रवसन के बाद आर्थिक कार्यकलापों में संलग्न पाया गया : पुरुषों के लिए कामगारों का प्रतिशत ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में प्रवसन पूर्व 51 प्रतिशत से बढ़कर प्रवसन उपरान्त 63 प्रतिशत हो गया और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में यह 46 प्रतिशत से 70 प्रतिशत हो गया, जबकि महिलाओं के लिए ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में यह 20 प्रतिशत से बढ़कर 33 प्रतिशत और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 8 प्रतिशत से 14 प्रतिशत हो गया ।
- ग्रामीण पुरुषों के लिए, प्रवसन उपरान्त स्व-नियोजन रोजगार के मुख्य स्रोत के रूप में उभरा था । कुल प्रवासियों में स्व-नियोजन का हिस्सा प्रवसन पूर्व 16 प्रतिशत से बढ़कर प्रवसन उपरान्त 27 प्रतिशत हो गया, जबकि नियमित कर्मचारियों और अनियमित श्रमिकों का हिस्सा पूर्व और उपरान्त प्रवसन दोनों में लगभग स्थिर रहा ।

- नगरीय पुरुषों के मामले में, नियमित मजदूरी/वेतनभोगी कर्मचारियों के प्रतिशत में एक प्रमात्रा उछाल (प्रवसन पूर्व 18 प्रतिशत से प्रवसनोपरान्त 39 प्रतिशत) देखी गई है, इसके अतिरिक्त प्रवसनोपरान्त स्व-नियोजन के हिस्से में एक वृद्धि (17 प्रतिशत से 22 प्रतिशत), और रोजगार के एक साधन के रूप में अनियत-श्रम महत्व में कमी (11 प्रतिशत से 8 प्रतिशत) आयी थी ।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में पुरुषों के लिए वापसी प्रवसन की दर (जनसंख्या में वापसी प्रवासियों<sup>2</sup> का अनुपात) महिलाओं की तुलना में उल्लेखनीय उच्चतर थी : पुरुषों के लिए 24 प्रतिशत और महिलाओं के लिए 11 प्रतिशत ।
- नगरीय क्षेत्रों में पुरुषों और महिलाओं के लिए वापसी प्रवसन की दर में अधिक अंतर नहीं पाया गया : यह पुरुषों के लिए 12 प्रतिशत और महिलाओं के लिए 10 प्रतिशत थी ।

### ग. अल्पकालिक प्रवासी<sup>3</sup>

- अल्पकालिक प्रवसन की दर (जनसंख्या में अल्पकालिक प्रवासियों का अनुपात) ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में 1.7 प्रतिशत और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में लगभग नगण्य (1 प्रतिशत से बहुत कम) था । इसके अतिरिक्त ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में, पुरुषों के लिए यह दर लगभग 3 प्रतिशत और महिलाओं के लिए 1 प्रतिशत से कम थी ।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में, पुरुष और महिला दोनों अल्पकालिक प्रवासियों के लिए आधे से अधिक अपने प्रायिक प्रमुख कार्यकलाप स्तर में अनियत कामगार थे ।
- कुल अल्पकालिक पुरुष प्रवसन में ग्रामीण स्व-नियोजित का हिस्सा भी महत्वपूर्ण, लगभग 32 प्रतिशत था, और ग्रामीण महिलाओं, जो प्रायिक प्रमुख कार्यकलाप स्तर में श्रम-बल के बाहर थीं, का हिस्सा कुल अल्पकालिक महिला प्रवसन का लगभग 24 प्रतिशत था ।

### घ. बाह्य-प्रवासी<sup>4</sup>

- पुरुषों के लिए बाह्य-प्रवसन दर (जनसंख्या में बाह्य-प्रवसन का अनुपात) ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से लगभग 9 प्रतिशत और नगरीय क्षेत्रों से 5 प्रतिशत थी । महिलाओं के लिए ये दरें पुरुषों की तुलना में ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में बहुत अधिक थीं । यह ग्रामीण महिलाओं के बीच 17 प्रतिशत और नगरीय महिलाओं के बीच 11 प्रतिशत थी ।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों से राज्य के भीतर ही निवास करने वाली महिला बाह्य-प्रवासियों का प्रतिशत अपेक्षाकृत उच्चतर था : ग्रामीण बाह्य प्रवासियों में से लगभग 89 प्रतिशत और नगरीय महिला बाह्य-प्रवासियों में से 80 प्रतिशत का निवास राज्य के भीतर ही था ।
- महिला बाह्य-प्रवासियों के लिए स्थिति की तुलना में ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों के पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासियों के लिए वर्तमान निवास स्थान अधिक विभिन्नतापूर्ण थे ।
- ग्रामीण पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासी उस राज्य में जहां से वे प्रवासित हुए थे और साथ ही राज्य के बाहर अधिकांशतः समान रूप से (इन दो प्रकार के स्थानों प्रत्येक में लगभग 46 प्रतिशत) छितराये हुए थे ।

<sup>2</sup> वे प्रवासी, जिनके लिए रिपोर्ट किया गया कि भूतकाल में किसी समय वर्तमान गणना स्थल उनका सामान्य निवास स्थान था, वापसी प्रवासी माने गये थे ।

<sup>3</sup> वे व्यक्ति जो पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान रोजगार या रोजगार की तलाश में 1 महीने या अधिक पर 6 महीने से कम की एक अवधि के लिए ग्राम/नगर से बाहर रहे थे, अल्पकालिक प्रवासी कहे गये हैं ।

<sup>4</sup> एक परिवार का कोई पूर्व सदस्य, जिसने भूतकाल में कभी ग्राम/नगर के बाहर रहने के लिए परिवार छोड़ दिया था, बाह्य-प्रवासी माना गया था, बशर्ते कि वह सर्वेक्षण तिथि को जीवित हो ।

- लगभग 50 प्रतिशत नगरीय पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासी जिस राज्य से बाह्य प्रवासित हुए थे उसी के भीतर और 33 प्रतिशत एक भिन्न राज्य में निवास करते थे ।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों से अधिकांश पुरुष रोजगार से सम्बन्धित कारणों के लिए प्रवासित हुए थे : ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से लगभग 80 प्रतिशत बाह्य प्रवासी और नगरीय क्षेत्रों से 71 प्रतिशत बाह्य-प्रवासी ।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों से महिला बाह्य-प्रवासियों के लिए बाह्य-प्रवासन का कारण प्रधानता से विवाह था, ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों से महिला बाह्य-प्रवासियों का अनुपात लगभग 84 प्रतिशत पाया गया ।
- ग्रामीण पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासियों के मामले में, भारत में रहने वाले 80 प्रतिशत की तुलना में विदेश में रहने वाले लगभग 95 प्रतिशत आर्थिक कार्यकलापों में संलग्न थे और नगरीय क्षेत्रों से पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासियों के लिए भारत में रहने वाले 73 प्रतिशत की तुलना में विदेश में रहने वाले लगभग 93 प्रतिशत आर्थिक कार्यकलापों में संलग्न थे ।

#### ड. बाह्य-प्रवासी प्रेषित-धन

- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासियों, जो विदेश में रहते थे, में से लगभग 82 प्रतिशत ने पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान रकम प्रेषित की थी, जबकि भारत में रहने वालों में से केवल 58 प्रतिशत ने रकम प्रेषित की थी ।
- नगरीय क्षेत्रों से पुरुष बाह्य-प्रवासियों में से लगभग 69 प्रतिशत, जो विदेशों में रहते थे, ने रकम प्रेषित की थी जबकि भारत में रहने वाले केवल 41 प्रतिशत ने रकम प्रेषित की थी ।
- पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान, औसतन ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासित और विदेश में रहने वाले एक पुरुष ने भारत में रहने वाले एक बाह्य-प्रवासी द्वारा प्रेषित रकम की राशि से 4 गुणा राशि प्रेषित की थी : विदेश में रहने वालों द्वारा औसतन लगभग रु. 52,000 प्रेषित किया गया था जबकि भारत में रहने वालों द्वारा लगभग रु. 13,000 प्रेषित किया गया था ।
- नगरीय क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासियों ने पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासियों की तुलना में, अपने पूर्व परिवारों को उच्चतर राशि प्रेषित की थी । नगरीय क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासी पुरुष जो विदेशों में रहते थे, ने पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान औसतन लगभग रु. 73,000 प्रेषित किया था जो कि विदेश में रहने वाले ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासी एक पुरुष द्वारा प्रेषित रकम से लगभग रु. 21,000 अधिक था ।
- नगरीय क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासी पुरुषों ने, जो भारत में रहते थे, पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान औसतन लगभग रु. 28,000 प्रेषित किया था ।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों से महिला बाह्य-प्रवासियों द्वारा प्रेषित रकम की राशि उनके प्रतिरूपी पुरुषों की तुलना में छोटी थी, भले ही वे महिला बाह्य-प्रवासी भारत में रह रहे हों या विदेश में ।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों से एक महिला बाह्य-प्रवासी, चाहे उसका वर्तमान निवास-स्थान भारत में हो या विदेश में, ने उस राशि की लगभग आधी राशि भेजी थी जो ग्रामीण क्षेत्र से बाह्य-प्रवासी एक पुरुष द्वारा भेजी गई थी ।
- भारत में रह रही और नगरीय क्षेत्र से बाह्य-प्रवासी एक महिला ने भी अपने प्रतिरूपी एक पुरुष द्वारा प्रेषित रकम की लगभग आधी रकम प्रेषित की थी ।

- नगरीय क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासी और विदेश में रह रहे पुरुष द्वारा प्रेषित रकम की तुलना में नगरीय क्षेत्रों से बाह्य-प्रवासी और विदेश में रह रही एक महिला द्वारा प्रेषित रकम की राशि लगभग दो-तिहाई थी ।
- लगभग 30 प्रतिशत ग्रामीण परिवारों ने अपने पूर्व-सदस्यों के बाह्य-प्रवसन सूचित की थी और लगभग 19 प्रतिशत नगरीय परिवारों ने बाह्य-प्रवसन सूचित किया था ।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में, प्रेषित रकम प्राप्त करने वाले परिवारों के प्रतिशत में उनके मा.प्र.उ.व्य. में वृद्धि से कोई अधिक परिवर्तन नहीं हुआ था । निचले मा.प्र.उ.व्य. दशमक वर्ग वाले लगभग 36 प्रतिशत परिवारों ने अपने भूतपूर्व सदस्यों द्वारा पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान प्रेषित रकम प्राप्त की थी और सबसे ऊपरी मा.प्र.उ.व्य. दशमक वर्ग वाले परिवार के लिए यह लगभग 39 प्रतिशत था ।
- नगरीय क्षेत्रों में, उन परिवारों के प्रतिशत में, जिन्होंने अपने भूतपूर्व सदस्यों से पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान प्रेषित रकम प्राप्त की थी, मा.प्र.उ.व्य. में वृद्धि के साथ महत्वपूर्ण वृद्धि हुई थी : यह निचले मा.प्र.उ.व्य. दशमक वर्ग वाले परिवारों के मामले में 19 प्रतिशत था, जो कि सबसे ऊपरी मा.प्र.उ.व्य. दशमक वर्ग में बढ़कर लगभग 31 प्रतिशत हो गया ।
- प्रेषित रकम प्राप्त करने वाले ग्रामीण परिवारों के लिए औसत वार्षिक पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय लगभग रु. 41,000 की तुलना में सभी ग्रामीण परिवारों के लिए लगभग रु. 38,000 था ।
- प्रेषित रकम प्राप्त करने वाले नगरीय परिवारों के लिए औसत वार्षिक पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय लगभग रु. 80,000 की तुलना में सभी नगरीय परिवारों के लिए लगभग रु. 65,000 था ।
- ग्रामीण और नगरीय दोनों क्षेत्रों में प्रेषित रकम का मुख्य उपयोग पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय में हुआ था । ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों में लगभग 95 प्रतिशत परिवार और नगरीय क्षेत्रों में 93 प्रतिशत परिवारों ने प्रेषित रकम का उपयोग पारिवारिक उपभोक्ता व्यय उद्देश्यों के लिए किया था ।
- ग्रामीण क्षेत्रों के लगभग 10 प्रतिशत परिवारों ने प्रेषित रकम का उपयोग 'ऋण की वापसी' के लिए किया था और नगरीय क्षेत्रों के 13 प्रतिशत परिवारों ने प्रेषित रकम का उपयोग 'बचत/निवेश' के लिए किया था ।

### प्रवसन के मुख्य संकेतक एक दृष्टि में

क. परिवार स्तरीय विशेषतायें			
संकेतक	ग्रामीण	नगरीय	ग्रामीण+नगरीय
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
प्रवासी परिवारों का अनुपात (प्रति 1000 परिवार)	13	33	19
रोजगार संबंधी कारणों के लिए प्रवासी परिवारों का अनुपात(प्रति 1000)	552	665	608
बाह्य-प्रवासी सूचित करने वाले परिवारों की संख्या	304	193	
प्रेषित रकम प्राप्त करने वाले परिवारों की संख्या (बाह्य-प्रवासी सूचित करने वाले प्रति 1000 परिवार)	365	240	
प्रति सूचित परिवार प्राप्त प्रेषित रकम की औसत राशि (रु. 00)	207	436	

### ख. व्यक्ति स्तरीय विशेषतायें

संकेतक	ग्रामीण			नगरीय			ग्रामीण+नगरीय		
	पुरुष	महिला	व्यक्ति	पुरुष	महिला	व्यक्ति	पुरुष	महिला	व्यक्ति
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
प्रवसन दर (प्रति 1000 की जनसंख्या)	54	477	261	259	456	354	109	472	285
राजगार संबंधी कारणों से प्रवासियों का अनुपात (प्रति 1000)	286	7	36	557	27	228	456	11	99
वापसी-प्रवसन दर (प्रति 1000 प्रवासी)	237	106	120	117	104	109	161	106	116
पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान प्रेषित करने वाले बाह्य- प्रवासियों की संख्या (प्रति 1000 बाह्य प्रवासी)	594	15	228	451	22	164	570	16	217
भारत में रहने वाले बाह्य- प्रवासियों द्वारा पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान प्रेषित औसत राशि (रु. 00)	134	60	130	277	134	263	150	78	146
विदेश में रहने वाले बाह्य- प्रवासियों द्वारा पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान प्रेषित औसत राशि (रु. 00)	523	268	516	729	487	719	578	351	571

#### टिप्पणी :

- 1. प्रवासी परिवार :** यदि पूरा परिवार, जहाँ उसकी गणना की गई और वह सर्वेक्षण की तारीख से पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान गणना के स्थान पर आ गया था, तो उसे एक प्रवासी परिवार माना गया। यदि परिवार का एक सदस्य परिवार के अन्य सदस्यों से पहले वर्तमान परिवार में आ गया था तथा अन्य सदस्य उस परिवार में बाद में शामिल हुए (परंतु सभी संदर्भ वर्ष के दौरान ही), तो ऐसे परिवारों को भी प्रवासी परिवार समझा गया। जहाँ परिवार के कुछ सदस्यों ने उस परिवार में जन्म लिया या उस परिवार में शादी-विवाह की, जो पिछले 365 दिनों के दौरान वहाँ आ गया था, तो पूरे परिवार को गणना के स्थान पर प्रवासी परिवार माना गया।
- 2. प्रवासी :** परिवार का वह सदस्य जिसका पिछला सामान्य निवास स्थल, पहले कभी भी, गणना के वर्तमान स्थल से भिन्न था, तो उसे परिवार में एक प्रवासी सदस्य माना गया।
- 3. वापसी प्रवसन :** ऐसे मामले जहाँ प्रवासी अपने पूर्व सामान्य निवास स्थल पर वापस लौट आते हैं, उसे वापसी प्रवसन कहा जाता है। रा.प्र.स. 64वें दौर में, वापसी प्रवसन की घटना एक प्रश्न के जरिए ज्ञात की गई, जो यह था कि क्या गणना का स्थल, पहले किसी भी समय का सामान्य निवास स्थल था। जिन्होंने उत्तर 'हाँ' में दिया, अर्थात् वे प्रवासी जिन्होंने सूचित किया कि गणना का वर्तमान स्थल पहले किसी भी समय का सामान्य निवास स्थल था, उन्हें वापसी प्रवासी माना गया।
- 4. बाह्य- प्रवासी :** परिवार का कोई भी पूर्व सदस्य, जो पहले कभी भी ग्राम/नगर से बाहर रहने के लिए परिवार छोड़कर चला गया था, उसे बाह्य-प्रवासी माना गया बशर्ते कि वह सर्वेक्षण की तिथि को जीवित था।



## HIGHLIGHTS

This report is based on the 64<sup>th</sup> round survey on *Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars* (Schedule 10.2) conducted during July, 2007 to June, 2008. The survey covered a sample of 1,25,578 households (79,091 in rural areas and 46,487 in urban areas) and a sample 5,72,254 persons (3,74,294 in rural areas and 1,97,960 in urban areas). Some of the key findings are stated below.

### A. Household migration during last 365 days

- Proportion of households migrated to rural areas was very low, nearly 1 per cent. In urban areas, on the other hand, the migrated households constituted nearly 3 per cent of all urban households.
- Migration of households was largely confined within State: 78 per cent of the migrant households in rural areas and 72 per cent of the migrant households in the urban areas had last usual place of residence within the State.
- Migration of households in both the rural and urban areas was dominated by the migration of households from rural areas. Nearly 57 per cent of urban migrant households migrated from rural areas whereas 29 per cent of rural migrant households migrated from urban areas.
- In both rural and urban areas, majority of the households migrated for *employment related reasons*. Nearly 55 per cent of the households in rural areas and 67 per cent of the households in the urban areas had migrated for *employment related reasons*.

### B. Migrants<sup>1</sup>

- In India, nearly 29 per cent of the persons were migrants with significant rural-urban and male-female differentials.
- The *migration rate* (proportion of migrants in the population) in the urban areas (35 per cent) was far higher than the migration rate in the rural areas (26 per cent).
- Magnitude of male *migration rate* was far lower than female *migration rate*, in both rural and urban areas. In rural areas nearly 48 per cent of the females were migrants while the male *migration rate* was only 5 per cent, and in the urban areas, the male *migration rate* was nearly 26 per cent compared to female *migration rate* of 46 per cent.
- *Migration rate* in rural areas was lowest among the scheduled tribe (ST), nearly 24 per cent, and it was highest among those classified in the social group 'others', nearly 28 per cent.

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<sup>1</sup> A household member whose last usual place of residence (UPR) was different from the present place of enumeration was considered as a migrant member in a household. In this survey, usual place of residence (UPR) of a person was defined as a place (village/town) where the person had stayed continuously for a period of six months or more.

- In urban areas, *migration rate* was lowest among *other backward class* (OBC) nearly 33 per cent, and it was highest among those classified in the social group ‘*others*’, nearly 38 per cent.
- Migration rate was found to be lowest for bottom MPCE decile class in both rural and urban areas and there is an increasing trend in rate of migration with the increase in level of living, with the migration rate attaining peak in top decile class.
- Migration rate, for rural male, for the bottom MPCE decile class was nearly 3 per cent and 17 per cent in the top decile class.
- For rural females, migration rate was 39 per cent in the bottom MPCE decile class and 59 per cent in top decile class.
- For urban males the migration rate for the bottom decile class was 10 per cent which reached to 46 per cent in top decile class and for urban females the migration rate for the bottom decile and top decile class were 36 per cent and 56 per cent, respectively.
- For rural male, *migration rate* was lowest (nearly 4 per cent) among the ‘*not literates*’, and it was nearly 14 per cent among those with educational level ‘*graduate and above*’. For urban males also, it was lowest for among the ‘*not literates*’ (17 per cent), and 38 per cent for those with educational level ‘*graduate or above*’ level.
- Among the migrants in the rural areas, nearly 91 per cent had migrated from the rural areas and 8 per cent had migrated from the urban areas, whereas among the migrants in the urban areas, nearly 59 per cent migrated from the rural areas and 40 per cent from urban areas.
- Nearly 60 per cent of urban male migrants and 59 per cent of urban female migrants had migrated from rural areas.
- The most prominent reason for female migration in both the rural and urban areas was *marriage*: for 91 per cent of rural female migrants and 61 per cent of the urban female migrants the reason was *marriage*.
- The reason for migration for male migrant, was dominated by *employment related reasons*, in both rural and urban areas. Nearly 29 per cent of rural male migrants and 56 per cent of urban male migrants had migrated due to *employment related reasons*.
- A higher percentage of the persons were found to be engaged in *economic activities* after migration: for males the percentage of *workers* increased from 51 per cent before migration to 63 per cent after migration in rural areas and from 46 per cent to 70 per cent in urban areas, while for females it increased from 20 per cent to 33 per cent in rural areas and from 8 per cent to 14 per cent in urban areas.
- For rural males, *self-employment* had emerged as main recourse to employment after migration. The share of *self-employment* in total migrants increased from 16 per cent before migration to 27 per cent after migration, while the shares of *regular employees* and *casual labours* remained almost stable, in both before and after migration.

- In case of urban males, the percentage of *regular wage/salaried employees* has shown a quantum jump (from 18 per cent before migration to 39 per cent after migration), besides an increase in the share of *self-employment* after migration (from 17 per cent to 22 per cent), and *casual labour* as a means of employment had reduced in importance after migration (from 11 per cent to 8 per cent).
- *Rate of return migration* (proportion of return migrants<sup>2</sup> in the population) for males in rural areas was significantly higher than females: 24 per cent for males and 11 per cent for females.
- In the urban areas, the *rate of return migration* did not differ much for males and females: it was 12 per cent for males and 10 per cent for females.

### C. Short-term Migrants<sup>3</sup>

- The rate of *short-term migration* (proportion of short-term migrants in the population) was 1.7 per cent in the rural areas and almost negligible (much less than 1 per cent) in the urban areas. Moreover, in the rural areas, the rate was nearly 3 per cent for the males and less than 1 per cent for females.
- In rural areas, for both males and females *short-term migrants*, more than half were *casual workers* in their usual principal activity status.
- The share of the rural *self-employed* males in total short-term male migration was also significant, nearly 32 per cent, and rural females who were *out of labour force* in the usual principal activity status, shared nearly 24 per cent of the total short-term female migration.

### D. Out-Migrants<sup>4</sup>

- *Out-migration rate* (proportion of out-migration in the population) for males was nearly 9 per cent from rural areas and 5 per cent from urban areas. The rates for females were much higher compared to males in both the rural and urban areas. It was 17 per cent among rural females and 11 per cent among urban females.
- A relatively higher percentage of female out-migrants, from both the rural and urban areas, took up residence within the State: nearly 89 per cent for rural female out-migrants and 80 per cent for urban female out-migrants had residence within the State.
- In comparison to the situation for female out-migrants, the present place of residence was more diverse for the male out-migrants of both rural and urban areas.
- Rural male out-migrants were almost equally dispersed in both the State from which they had migrated out as well as outside the State (nearly 46 per cent in each of these two types of places).

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<sup>2</sup> Those migrants who had reported that the present place of enumeration was UPR any time in the past was considered as *return migrant*.

<sup>3</sup> Persons who had stayed away from the village/town for a period of 1 month or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days *for employment or in search of employment* are termed as short-term migrants.

<sup>4</sup> Any former member of a household who left the household, any time in the past, for stay outside the village/ town was considered as out-migrant provided he/ she was alive on the date of survey.

- Nearly 50 per cent of urban male out-migrants were concentrated within the State from and 33 per cent of them had residence in a State different from the one from which they had out-migrated.
- Majority of the male from both the rural and urban areas had migrated out for *employment related reasons* which accounted for nearly 80 per cent of the out-migrants from the rural areas and 71 per cent of the out-migrants from the urban areas.
- For female out-migrants from both rural and urban areas, the reason for out-migration was predominantly for *marriage*, which accounted for nearly 84 per cent of female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas.
- In case of rural male out-migrants, residing abroad, nearly 95 per cent were engaged in economic activities compared to 80 per cent of those residing in India and for male out-migrants from urban areas nearly 93 per cent of those residing abroad were engaged in economic activities compared to 73 per cent of those residing in India.

### E. Out-migrant Remittances

- Among the male out-migrants from the rural areas and residing abroad, nearly 82 per cent had sent remittances during the last 365 days, while only 58 per cent of those residing in India had sent remittances.
- Among male out-migrants from the urban areas, nearly 69 per cent of those residing abroad had sent remittances compared to only 41 per cent of those residing in India.
- On an average, during the last 365 days, a male out-migrant from rural areas and residing abroad had sent 4 times the amount of remittances sent by an out-migrant residing in India: while on an average nearly Rs. 52,000 was remitted by those residing abroad, the amount was nearly Rs. 13,000 for those residing in India.
- Out-migrants from the urban areas had remitted higher amount, during the last 365 days, to their former households compared to those from rural areas. On an average a male out-migrant from the urban areas, and residing abroad, had remitted nearly Rs. 73,000 during the last 365 days, which was higher by nearly Rs. 21000 of the amount remitted by a male out-migrant from rural areas and residing abroad.
- On an average, during the last 365 days, male out-migrants from urban areas and residing in India had remitted on an average nearly Rs. 28,000.
- The amount of remittances from the female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas was lower compared to their male counterparts, irrespective of whether the female out-migrants are residing in India or abroad.
- On an average a female out-migrant from the rural areas, irrespective of whether the present place of residence is in India or abroad, had sent nearly half of the amount which was sent by a male out-migrant from the rural areas.

- A female out-migrant from the urban areas and residing in India also remitted nearly half of the amount remitted by a male counterpart.
- The amount of remittance was nearly two-third from the female out-migrants from the urban areas and residing abroad compared to those remitted by the male out-migrants from the urban areas and residing abroad.
- Nearly 30 per cent of rural households had reported out-migration of its former members and nearly 19 per cent of urban households had reported out-migration.
- In the rural areas, the percentage of households reporting receipt of remittance did not vary much with the increase in MPCE. Nearly 36 per cent of the households in the bottom MPCE decile class had received remittances from its former members during the last 365 days and it was nearly 39 per cent for the households in the top MPCE decile class.
- In urban areas, the percentage of households which received remittances from its former members during the last 365 had increased significantly with the increase in MPCE: it was 19 per cent in the case of households in the bottom MPCE decile class which increased to nearly 31 per cent in the top MPCE decile class.
- Average annual household consumer expenditure was nearly Rs. 38,000 for all rural households compared to nearly Rs. 41,000 for rural households receiving remittances.
- Average annual household consumer expenditure nearly Rs. 65,000 for all urban households compared to nearly Rs. 80,000 for the urban households receiving remittances.
- Household consumer expenditure in both rural and urban areas was the prime use of the remittances. Nearly 95 per cent of the households in the rural areas and 93 per cent of the households in the urban areas had used remittances for household consumer expenditure purpose.
- Nearly 10 per cent of the households in the rural areas had used remittances for '*debt repayment*' and nearly 13 per cent of the households in the urban areas had used remittances for '*saving/investment*'.

## Key indicators of migration at a glance

**A. Household level characteristics**

Indicator	rural	urban	rural+urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
proportion of migrant household (per 1000 households)	13	33	19
proportion (per 1000) of migrant households <i>for employment related reasons</i>	552	665	608
no. of households reporting out-migrant (per 1000 household)	304	193	
no. of households received remittance (per 1000 household reporting out-migrant)	365	240	
average amount of remittance received (Rs. 00) per reporting household	207	436	

**A. Person level characteristics**

indicator	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
migration rate (per 1000 of population)	54	477	261	259	456	354	109	472	285
proportion (per 1000) of migrants <i>for employment related reasons</i>	286	7	36	557	27	228	456	11	99
return migration rate (per 1000 of migrants)	237	106	120	117	104	109	161	106	116
number of remitter out-migrants during last 365 days (per 1000 out-migrants)	594	15	228	451	22	164	570	16	217
average amount of remittance (Rs.00) during the last 365 days by out-migrants residing in India	134	60	130	277	134	263	150	78	146
average amount of remittance (Rs.00) during the last 365 days by out-migrants residing abroad	523	268	516	729	487	719	578	351	571

**Note:**

- Migrant household:** If the entire household, as was being enumerated had moved to the place of enumeration during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey, it was considered as a migrant household. If one member of the household had moved ahead of other members to the present household and others had joined later (but all of them during the reference year) such households were also considered as migrant households. Where some members of the household were born or married into households which had moved, during the last 365 days, the entire household was treated as migrated to the place of enumeration.
- Migrant:** A household member whose last usual place of residence (UPR), anytime in the past, was different from the present place of enumeration was considered as a migrant member in a household.
- Return Migration:** A phenomenon in which the migrants return back to their earlier usual place of residence is termed as *return migration*. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, the phenomenon of return migration was captured through a question, *whether the place of enumeration was usual place of residence (UPR) any time in the past*. Those who had answered in the affirmative, i.e., those migrants who had reported that the present place of enumeration was UPR any time in the past was considered as *return migrant*.
- Out-migrant:** Any former member of a household who left the household, any time in the past, for stay outside the village/ town was considered as out-migrant provided he/ she was alive on the date of survey.

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# Chapter One

## Introduction

### 1.0 The report in perspective

1.0.1 Mobility is an integral part of human existence. However, all types of human mobility are not migration. In NSS surveys, those movements which resulted in change of the usual place of residence (UPR)<sup>1</sup> of the individuals were treated as migration and a household member whose last usual place of residence (UPR) was different from the present place of enumeration was considered a migrant. Though social, cultural, political, personal and natural forces have a bearing on migration, viewing it as an economic phenomenon receives special attention. People may be motivated to change their place of residence because of lack of employment opportunities in the area where they are residing or in the hope of finding better opportunities elsewhere. Apart from migration of the household members, the other types of movements studied in this report are those which do not involve change of usual place of residence, but are short-term and seasonal in nature and predominantly resulting from employment related factors. Besides, this report also brings out in details features of the out-migrants<sup>2</sup> like their present place of residence, whether they are engaged in economic activities and remittances from the out-migrants as well as some particulars of household migration.

1.0.2 An all-India survey on the situation of employment and unemployment and migration particulars in India was carried out during NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round (July, 2007 to June, 2008). The collection of information on the employment and unemployment part of the schedule particulars was as a part of the annual series of the National Sample Survey Organisation (NSSO) which was started in NSS 60<sup>th</sup> round and repeated in NSS 62<sup>nd</sup> round. In this round, the scope of the survey on employment and unemployment was further widened with the collection of information on migration particulars of the households, of the household members and of the out-migrants. In this survey, a nationwide enquiry was conducted in a moderately large sample of households to provide estimates on various characteristics pertaining to employment and unemployment and migration in India and some characteristics associated with them at the national and state levels. Based on the data collected during the survey period, estimates pertaining to migration in India along with various characteristics associated with these have been presented in this report.

### 1.1 Background

1.1.1 *Sources of migration data:* Census of India is the single largest source of data on migration characteristics for the people of India. Various surveys conducted by the NSSO are also the important sources of migration data. To assess the volume and structure of migration in India, NSSO, starting with the 9<sup>th</sup> round (May-August, 1955), conducted a number of surveys to collect data on migration as part of its employment and unemployment enquiries. In the 9<sup>th</sup>, 11<sup>th</sup> (August, 1956 to January, 1957) and 12<sup>th</sup> rounds (March - August 1957) of survey, migration particulars were collected for the labour force population only. From the 13<sup>th</sup> round (September 1957 to May 1958) onwards, more detailed information on migration has been collected. In the 18<sup>th</sup> round, survey on migration was conducted on a much larger scale. In the NSS 28<sup>th</sup> round (October 1973 - June 1974) survey on birth, death, morbidity and disability, migration particulars of the usual members of the sample households were also collected. In

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<sup>1</sup> Usual place of residence: Usual place of residence (UPR) of a person was defined as a place (village/town) where the person had stayed continuously for a period of six months or more.

<sup>2</sup> Any former member of a household who left the household, any time in the past, for stay outside the village/ town was considered as out-migrant provided he/ she was alive on the date of survey.

the 38<sup>th</sup> round (January 1983 - December 1983), collection of migration data was integrated with the regular quinquennial survey on employment & unemployment. The same approach was followed during the 43<sup>rd</sup> round (July 1987 - June 1988) also. Data on migration was collected during the 49<sup>th</sup> round (January – June 1993) survey through the Schedule 1.2 which had a comprehensive coverage including, inter-alia, housing condition and migration in India. In the sixth quinquennial survey on employment and unemployment during NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round (July, 1999-June, 2000) information on migration particulars was collected for each household member of the sample household through the employment-unemployment schedule.

## 1.2 Scope of the present survey

1.2.1 *Subject coverage*: The 64<sup>th</sup> round (July 2007-June 2008) of NSS was earmarked for survey on 'Employment-Unemployment and Migration', 'Participation and Expenditure in Education' and 'Household Consumer Expenditure'. In this survey, information on various facets of employment and unemployment as well as on migration in India was collected through the employment-unemployment schedule (schedule 10.2). The facsimile of Schedule 10.2 used in the NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round is given in Appendix C.

1.2.2 *Items of enquiry*: In Schedule 10.2 of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round (July 2007 – June 2008) information was collected regarding the employment-unemployment characteristics and migration particulars.

1.2.2.1 NSSO collected data on employment-unemployment characteristics, based on which, estimates of employment and unemployment, measured in terms of three basic approaches, viz., usual status, current weekly status and current daily status can be obtained. The reference period for these approaches differ - it being 365 days preceding the date of survey for 'usual status', 7 days preceding the date of survey for 'current weekly status' and each day of the 7 days preceding the date of survey for 'current daily status'. The concepts used to collect data on employment-unemployment are similar to those used in the usual quinquennial rounds.

1.2.2.2 Regarding migration particulars, information was collected on household migration, out-migrants, migrants and seasonal short-term migrants. In the present survey, migration particulars of the households which have migrated to the place of enumeration during the last 365 days, such as location of last usual residence, pattern of migration and reason for migration, were collected. Particulars of out-migrants who migrated out to other village/ town, from the household, any time in the past, such as present place of residence, reason for migration, period since leaving the household, whether presently engaged in any economic activity, whether sent remittances, number of times and amount of remittances sent during last 365 days were collected. Information on the use of remittances received by the households during last 365 days from the members who migrated out any time in the past was also collected. From each of the sample migrants, information on reason for migration, period elapsed since migration, location of last usual place of residence, usual activity pursued at the time of migration, whether a return migrant, etc., was collected. In this survey, to assess the short duration movements of the people of India, for the household members who had stayed away, during the last 365 days, for employment or in search of employment for a period of 30 days to 6 months, number of spells of duration of 15 days or more, destination for longest spell and industry of work, if worked were collected.

1.2.3 *Geographical Coverage*: The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union *except* (i) Leh (Ladakh) and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir (for central sample), (ii) interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond five kilometres of the bus route and (iii) villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year.

### 1.3 The survey outline

1.3.1 *Method of data collection*: The survey used the recall-based interview method using a schedule for data collection from a sample of randomly selected households. The sample design on the basis of which the selection of households was made is stated in brief in the following sub-section.

1.3.2 *Period of survey and work programme*: The fieldwork of 64<sup>th</sup> round of NSSO started from 1<sup>st</sup> July, 2007 and continued till 30<sup>th</sup> June, 2008. As usual, the survey period of this round was divided into four sub-rounds, each with a duration of three months, the 1<sup>st</sup> sub-round period ranging from July to September, 2007, the 2<sup>nd</sup> sub-round period from October, 2007 to December, 2007, 3<sup>rd</sup> sub-round from January, 2008 to March, 2008 and 4<sup>th</sup> sub-round from April, 2008 to June, 2008. An equal number of sample villages/blocks (FSUs), as far as possible, were allotted for survey in each of these four sub-rounds.

### 1.4 Sampling design

1.4.1 *An outline of the sampling design*: A stratified multi-stage design was adopted for the 64<sup>th</sup> round survey. The first stage units (FSU) were the 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) in the rural sector and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. However, for the newly declared towns and out growths (OGs) in census 2001 for which UFS were not done, each individual town/ OG was considered as an FSU. The ultimate stage units (USU) were the households in both the sectors. In case of large FSUs, i.e., villages/ towns/ blocks requiring hamlet-group (hg)/ sub-block (sb) formation, one intermediate stage was the selection of two hgs/ sbs from each FSU. Details of the sample design and estimation procedure is given in Appendix B.

1.4.2 *Sample Size – first stage units*: At the all-India level, 12688 FSUs (7984 villages and 4704 urban blocks) was allocated for survey. The total number of sample FSUs was allocated to the States and UTs in proportion to population as per census 2001 subject to a minimum sample allocation to each State/ UT. While doing so, the resource availability in terms of number of field investigators was kept in mind. The State/ UT level sample size was allocated between rural and urban sectors in proportion to population as per *census 2001* with 1.5 weightage to urban sector subject to the restriction that urban sample size for bigger states like Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, etc., should not exceed the rural sample size. A minimum of 8 FSUs were allocated to each State/ U.T., separately, for rural and urban areas. Further, the State level allocation for both rural and urban sectors were adjusted marginally in a few cases to ensure that each stratum got a minimum allocation of 4 FSUs. Within each sector of a State/ UT, the respective sample size was allocated to the different strata in proportion to the stratum population as per census 2001. Allocations at stratum level were adjusted to a multiple of 4 with a minimum sample size of 4. Out of these 12688 FSUs allotted for survey, 12589 FSUs could be surveyed - 7921 in rural and 4668 in urban. Note that in the 64<sup>th</sup> round, a sample of 13600 FSUs (8304 villages and 5296 urban blocks) was also selected for survey by the state agencies (State sample) at the all-India level.

1.4.3. *Sample size – second stage units*: As is usual in the regular NSS rounds, most States and Union Territories participated in the survey: a ‘State sample’ was surveyed by State Government officials in addition to the ‘Central sample’ surveyed by NSSO. For Schedule 10.2, a sample of 10 households was planned for survey from each selected village and urban block. In the Central sample, 125578 households were actually surveyed – 79091 in rural areas and 46487 in urban areas. As regards the actual number of persons surveyed, it was 374294 in the rural sector and 197960 in the urban sector.

1.4.4 In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information was collected on household migration, migration particulars of the household members, short-term migration, out-migrants, remittances of out-migrants and use of such remittances by the households. Collection of such detailed information on migration was not attempted either in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round or in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round. Distinctive features were:

1. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information on household migration was collected as in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round but the same was not collected in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round.
2. In NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, information on out-migrants was collected but not in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round. However, collection of information on out-migrants, in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, was limited for only those who had migrated out of the household for stay outside the State during the last 5 years before the date of the survey provided he/she was alive and residing outside the State on the date of survey. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, any former member of a household who left the household, any time in the past, for stay outside the village/town was considered as out-migrant provided he/ she was alive on the date of survey and information was collected for such out-migrants.
3. Amount of remittances from out-migrants and use of such remittances by the recipient households were not recorded in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round.
4. In NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, no information was collected on *short-term migrants*<sup>3</sup>. In NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round, information on short-term migration was limited to only identifying those household members who, during last 365 days, had undertaken short-term movements for 60 days or more for employment related reasons. The scope, in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, of information on short-term movement of the household members was extended with the collection of information on those short-term movements which were undertaken during last 365 days for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment related purpose, including collection of information on destination during longest spell, industry of work, etc.
5. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round to ensure, adequate representation of sample for different categories of migrants, especially to collect information on remittances from out-migrants, short-term migration and migration for employment related reasons, suitable second stage stratifications (SSS) were made. The three SSS formed were as follows:

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SSS 1:	households having at least one out-migrant and received at least one remittance from him/ her during last 365 days
SSS 2:	remaining households having at least one other type of migrants, including temporary out-migrants, for employment purpose
SSS 3:	other households

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## 1.5 Contents of the Report

1.5.1 All the estimates presented in this report are based on the Central sample data only. This report deals, in some details, with the particulars of household migration. Various features of the migrants like, location of last place of residence, reason for migration, usual activity status

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<sup>3</sup> *Short-term migrants* have been defined, in this report, as those who had stayed away from the village/town for a period of 1 month or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days for employment or in search of employment.

at the time of migration, magnitude of rural-urban and urban-rural migration streams, whether a return migrant, etc., have been studied thereafter. Next, the short term and seasonal nature of the movements of the household members who had stayed away from the village/town for employment or in search of employment for a period of 30 days to 6 months during last 365 days, their destination during longest spell and industry of work, if worked have been studied. Details of the out-migrants, receipt of remittances by the households from the out-migrants and the use of such remittances have been dealt thereafter. The report gives the results generated at all-India level and some important results for different States/ Union Territories.

1.5.2 This report contains Six Chapters, including the present introductory chapter, and four appendices. Chapter Two states in detail the concepts and definitions of terms used in the survey in connection with the various items covered in this report. The main findings relating to the estimates given in this report are presented and discussed in Chapters Three to Six. To start with, Chapter Three is on household migration. Discussions on the migrants are presented in Chapters Four. The next chapter, viz. Chapter Five, deals with short-term migration. In Last Chapter, i.e., Chapter Six presents various features of out-migrants. The detailed tables forming the basis of this report are presented in Appendix A. Appendix B gives a fairly detailed description of the sample design and estimation procedure used for the survey and Appendix C gives a facsimile of the schedule canvassed in the survey. In Appendix D, the Projected Population as on 1st March 2007 and 1st March 2008 supplied by RGI Office have been presented along with those projected for 1st January 2008 using compound rate of growth. The projections have been given for, male and female, separately, for rural and urban for each State/U.T.

## 1.6 Plan for release of results

1.6.1 It was planned to bring out two reports on the basis of data collected in Schedule 10.2 (Employment & Unemployment and Migration particulars) of NSS 64<sup>th</sup>. The present report – second in the series of two reports - deals in some detail, with the various facets of *household migration, migrants, short-term migrants and out-migrants*. The report gives the results generated at all-India level and some important results for different States/Union Territories. The other report is ‘*Report No. 531: Employment and Unemployment Situation in India: July, 2007-June, 2008*, in which various aspects of employment and unemployment characteristics have been discussed.

## Chapter Two

### Concepts and Definitions

2.0 The concepts and definitions of some important terms used in the survey and relevant to this report are explained in the following paragraphs.

2.1 **Household:** A group of persons who normally lived together and took food from a common kitchen constituted a household. The adverb “normally” means that temporary visitors and guests (whose total period of stay in the household was expected to be less than 6 months) were excluded but temporary stay-aways (whose total period of absence from the household was expected to be less than 6 months) were included. Thus a child residing in a hostel for studies was excluded from the household of his/her parents, but a resident domestic servant or paying guest (but not just a tenant in the house) was included in the employer’s/host’s household. “Living together” was given more importance than “sharing food from a common kitchen” in drawing the boundaries of a household in case the two criteria were in conflict. However, in the special case of a person taking food with his family but sleeping elsewhere (say, in a shop or a different house) due to shortage of space, the household formed by such a person’s family members was taken to include the person also. Each inmate of a hotel, mess, boarding-lodging house, hostel, etc., was considered to be a single-member household except that a family living in a hotel (say) was considered one household only. The same principle was applicable for the residential staff of such establishments. The size of a household is the total number of persons in the household.

2.2 **Monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE):** For a household, this is the total consumer expenditure over all items divided by the household size and expressed on a per month (30 days) basis. A person’s MPCE is understood as that of the household to which he or she belongs.

2.2.1 It may be noted that some of the migration characteristics, in this report, have been studied with the ‘level of living’, of the household members. Thus, the distribution of population by ‘income level’ is considered as useful background information for the study of migration. As it is difficult to collect reliable income data, the NSSO, collects data on consumption expenditure in its surveys. In the present survey on *Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars (Schedule 10.2)*, data on consumption expenditure was collected through a separate work-sheet which was integrated with *Schedule 10.2* (see Appendix C). The work-sheet is an abridged version of the detailed schedule used for collecting information of household consumer expenditure in the *consumer expenditure survey*. The estimate of MPCE derived based on worksheet may not converge to the corresponding estimates derived through main enquiry schedules of household consumer expenditure (Schedule 1.0). The abridged work-sheet was used to reduce the respondent fatigue. Based on the abridged work-sheet, monthly per capita consumer expenditure was worked out for each sample household, which is expected to serve as a close proxy for income and facilitates ordering the households and persons thereof in the hierarchy of their level of living.

2.2.1.1 **Decile classes of MPCE:** The first decile of the distribution of MPCE over the population of any region or domain is the level of MPCE below which 10 per cent of the population lie, the second decile, the level below which 20 per cent of the population lie, and so on. Thus, the population can be divided into 10 “decile classes of MPCE” as follows: MPCE

up to the 1<sup>st</sup> decile, from 1<sup>st</sup> decile to the 2<sup>nd</sup> decile, from the 2<sup>nd</sup> decile to the 3<sup>rd</sup> decile, and so on. Study of migration characteristics in the decile classes help to portray the variation of such variables with variation in MPCE. In this round, decile classes are used in all-India tables and are formed separately for the rural and urban sector of India.

**2.2.1.2 Quintile classes of MPCE:** The population of any region or domain can be divided into five quintile classes of MPCE, where the 1<sup>st</sup> quintile of the distribution of MPCE means the level of MPCE below 20 per cent of the population lie, the second quintile, the level below which 40 per cent of the population lie, and so on. In this round quintiles are estimated separately for the distribution of MPCE in the rural and urban sector of each State/U.T.

**2.2.1.3 Procedure for collecting monthly per capita consumer expenditure (MPCE):** A worksheet was used for collection of information on household consumer expenditure in Schedule 10.2 to get a proxy for total household consumer expenditure, The approximate value of consumer expenditure obtained through the worksheet has been used for studying migration characteristics of the household members. The worksheet contained 19 different components of household consumer expenditure. Depending upon the type of item, either of the two reference periods viz., 30 days and 365 days, was used to record consumption of different groups of items. Conceptual framework and approach to record household consumer expenditure through the worksheet is similar to the one adopted for detailed household consumer surveys carried out by NSSO.

**2.3 General educational level:** A person was considered as literate if he/she could both read and write a simple message with understanding in at least one language. For all the individuals who were found to be literate, the general level of education was collected in terms of highest level of education successfully completed. Highest level of education successfully completed by each member of the household was decided by considering his/ her all general/ technical/ vocational educational level and was recorded in terms of 13 categories viz. (i) *not literate*, (ii) *literate without any schooling*, (iii) *literate without formal schooling*: (a) *Non-formal Education Courses (NFEC)/ Alternative Innovative Education Programme (AIEP)*, (b) *Total Literacy Campaign (TLC)/ Adult Literacy Centres (AEC)*, (c) *others*; literate with formal schooling including EGS: (iv) *below primary*, (v) *primary*, (vi) *upper primary/middle*, (vii) *secondary*, (viii) *higher secondary*, (ix) *diploma/certificate course*, (x) *graduate*, and (xi) *postgraduate and above*. The criterion for deciding primary, upper primary/ middle, secondary, etc., levels were the same that had been followed in the concerned states/union territories. The category 'diploma or certificate course' meant diploma or certificate courses in general education, technical education or vocational education, which was below graduation level. Diploma or certificate courses in general education, technical education or vocational education, which was equivalent to graduation level, was considered under the category 'graduate'. Similarly, diploma or certificate courses in general education, technical education or vocational education, which were equivalent to post-graduation level and above were considered under the category 'post-graduate and above'.

**2.4 Economic activity:** The entire spectrum of human activity falls into two categories – economic activities and non-economic activities. Any activity resulting in production of goods and services that add value to national product was considered as an economic activity for the survey on employment & unemployment and migration particulars. Such activities included production of all goods and services for market (i.e., for pay or profit) including those of government services, and, the production of primary commodities for own consumption and own account production of fixed assets.



2.4.1 The full spectrum of economic activities as defined in the UN system of National Accounts (1993) was not covered in the definition adopted for the NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round survey of Employment and Unemployment. Production of any good for own consumption is considered as economic activity by UN System of National Accounts (UNSNA 1993) but production of only primary goods for own consumption was considered as economic activity by NSSO. While the former considers activities like own account processing of primary products as economic activities, in the NSS surveys, processing of primary products for own consumption was not considered as economic activity.

2.4.2 The term 'economic activity' as defined in the employment and unemployment survey of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, therefore, included:

- (i) all the market activities performed for pay or profit which result in production of goods and services for exchange.
- (ii) of the non-market activities,
  - (a) all the activities relating to the primary sector (i.e. industry Divisions 01 to 14 of NIC-2004) which result in production (including free collection of uncultivated crops, forestry, firewood, hunting, fishing, mining, quarrying, etc.) of primary goods for own consumption
  - and
  - (b) activities relating to the own-account production of fixed assets, which include production of fixed assets includes construction of own houses, roads, wells, etc., and of machinery, tools, etc., for household enterprise and also construction of any private or community facilities free of charge. A person may be engaged in own account construction in the capacity of either a labourer or a supervisor.

As per the practice followed in earlier rounds, certain activities like prostitution, begging, etc., which though fetched earnings, were not considered as economic activities. Moreover, activity status of a person was judged irrespective of the situation whether such activity was carried out illegally in the form of smuggling or not.

2.5 **Activity status:** It is the activity situation in which a person was found during the reference period with regard to the person's participation in economic and non-economic activities. According to this, a person could be in one or a combination of the following three broad activity statuses during a reference period:

- (i) working or being engaged in economic activity (work) as defined above,
- (ii) being not engaged in economic activity (work) but either making tangible efforts to seek 'work' or being available for 'work' if 'work' is available and
- (iii) being not engaged in any economic activity (work) and also not available for 'work'.

Broad activity statuses mentioned in (i) and (ii) above are associated with 'being in labour force' and the last with 'not being in the labour force'. Within the labour force, broad activity status (i) and (ii) were associated with 'employment' and 'unemployment', respectively.

## 2.6 **Usual principal activity status:**

2.6.1 The usual activity status relates to the activity status of a person during the reference period of 365 days preceding the date of survey. The activity status on which a person spent relatively longer time (i.e., major time criterion) during the 365 days preceding the date of

survey was considered as the *usual principal activity status* of the person. To determine the broad usual principal activity status of a person, he/she was first categorised as belonging to the labour force or not during the reference period *on the basis of major time criterion*. Persons thus adjudged as not belonging to the labour force were assigned the broad activity status 'neither working nor available for work'. For persons belonging to the labour force, the broad activity status of either 'working' or 'not working but seeking and/or available for work' was ascertained based on the same criterion viz. relatively longer time spent in accordance with either of the two broad statuses within the labour force during the 365 days preceding the date of survey.

2.6.2 Each of the three broad usual activity statuses mentioned above was further sub-divided into several detailed activity categories. Within the broad usual activity status, the detailed usual activity status of a person pursuing more than one such activity was determined on the basis of the relatively longer time spent on such activities. The detailed usual principal activity categories used in the survey (along with the codes assigned to them as indicated in brackets) are stated below:

(1) working or being engaged in economic activities (*employed*):

- (a) worked in household enterprise (*self-employed*) as own account worker (11);
- (b) worked in household enterprise (*self-employed*) as employer (12);
- (c) worked as helper in household enterprises (*unpaid family worker*) (21);
- (d) worked as regular salaried/wage employee (31);
- (e) worked as casual wage labour (i) in public works (41), (ii) in other types of work (51);

(2) not engaged in work but seeking and/or available for work (*unemployed*) (81)

(3) not engaged in work and also not available for work (*not in labour force*):

- (a) attended educational institutions (91);
- (b) attended domestic duties only (92);
- (c) attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle-feed, etc.) sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use (93);
- (d) rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. (94);
- (e) not able to work due to disability (95);
- (f) beggars, prostitutes (96); and
- (g) others (97)

2.7 **Workers (or employed)**: Persons who were engaged in any economic activity or who, despite their attachment to economic activity, abstained from work for reason of illness, injury or other physical disability, bad weather, festivals, social or religious functions or other contingencies necessitating temporary absence from work, constituted workers. Unpaid helpers who assisted in the operation of an economic activity in the household farm or non-farm activities were also considered as workers. Relevant activity status codes within 11 to 51 were assigned for workers in the usual status. Workers were further categorized as *self-employed* (relevant activity status codes: 11, 12, 21), *regular salaried/wage employee* (relevant activity status codes: 31), and *casual wage labour* (relevant activity status codes: 41 and 51).

2.8 **Seeking or available for work (or unemployed)**: Persons who, owing to lack of work, had not worked but either sought work through employment exchanges, intermediaries, friends or relatives or by making applications to prospective employers or expressed their willingness or

availability for work under the prevailing conditions of work and remuneration, were considered as those 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed). Activity status code 81 was assigned for unemployed.

**2.9 Labour force:** Persons who were either 'working' (or employed) or 'seeking or available for work' (or unemployed) constituted the labour force. Persons with activity status codes 11 – 81 constituted the labour force.

**2.10 Not in labour force:** Persons who were neither 'working' nor 'seeking or available for work' for various reasons during the reference period were considered as 'not in labour force'. Persons under this category are students, those engaged in domestic duties, rentiers, pensioners, recipients of remittances, those living on alms, infirm or disabled persons, too young persons, prostitutes, etc. and casual labourers not working due to sickness. Activity status codes 91-95, 97 and 99 were for persons belonging to category 'not in labour force'.

**2.11 Self-employed:** Persons who operated their own farm or non-farm enterprises or were engaged independently in a profession or trade on own-account or with one or a few partners were deemed to be self-employed in household enterprises. The essential feature of the self-employed is that they have *autonomy* (decide how, where and when to produce) and *economic independence* (in respect of choice of market, scale of operation and finance) for carrying out their operation. The remuneration of the self-employed consists of a non-separable combination of two parts: a reward for their labour and profit of their enterprise. The combined remuneration is wholly determined by the revenue from sales after netting out value of purchased inputs used in production.

**2.11.1 Categories of self-employed persons:** Self-employed persons were categorised as follows:

- (i) **own-account workers:** those self-employed persons who operated their enterprises on their own account or with one or a few partners and who, during the reference period, by and large, ran their enterprise without hiring any labour. They could, however, have had unpaid helpers to assist them in the activity of the enterprise;
- (ii) **employers:** those self-employed persons who worked on their own account or with one or a few partners and, who, by and large, ran their enterprise by hiring labour; and
- (iii) **helpers in household enterprise:** those self-employed persons (mostly family members) who were engaged in their household enterprises, working full or part time and did not receive any regular salary or wages in return for the work performed. They did not run the household enterprise on their own but assisted the related person living in the same household in running the household enterprise.

**2.12 Regular wage/salaried employee:** These were persons who worked in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received salary or wages on a regular basis (i.e. not on the basis of daily or periodic renewal of work contract). This category included not only persons getting time wage but also persons receiving piece wage or salary and paid apprentices, both full time and part-time.

**2.13 Casual wage labourer:** A person who was casually engaged in others' farm or non-farm enterprises (both household and non-household) and, in return, received wages according to the terms of the daily or periodic work contract, was a casual wage labourer.

2.14 **Industry of the work activity:** To record the industry of work, the classification of NIC-2004 was used. Industry Divisions 96 and 97 of NIC-2004 were not used for the purpose of collection of information on industry of activity. The entire activities described under Division 97 are not under the production boundary of Indian System of National Accounts (ISNA) and are not also considered as economic activities in the NSS survey. A part of the activities under Division 96 (viz., hunting and gathering, farming and the production of shelter), which is within the production boundary of ISNA, is also considered as economic activities in NSS surveys and the industry of these undifferentiated activities will be judged in the usual manner as is done now, by considering the industry in which major time is spent. Thus, this part of activities got classified against the respective industries under divisions 01-14 relating to the primary sector or 45 relating to construction. The rest of Division 96 is outside the production boundary of ISNA and was not considered as economic activity for the NSS survey.

2.15 **Usual place of residence (UPR):** In this survey, usual place of residence (UPR) of a person was defined as a place (village/town) where the person had stayed continuously for a period of six months or more.

2.16 **Migrant:** A household member whose last usual place of residence (UPR), anytime in the past, was different from the present place of enumeration was considered as a migrant member in a household.

2.17 **Return Migration:** A phenomenon in which the migrants return back to their earlier usual place of residence is termed as *return migration*. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, the phenomenon of return migration was captured through a question, *whether the place of enumeration was usual place of residence (UPR) any time in the past*. Those who had answered in the affirmative, i.e., those migrants who had reported that the present place of enumeration was UPR any time in the past was considered as *return migrant*.

2.18 **Short-term migrants:** It may be noted that migration necessarily involves changes in the usual place of residence (UPR). However, there are another category of persons who do not change their UPR but undertake *short-term* movements. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information was collected regarding the *short-term* movements of the population, who had stayed away from the village/town for a period of 1 month or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days for employment or in search of employment. Thus, by definition of household and household members, such persons are considered as the members of the household from which they had stayed away for such short duration. Such persons have been referred to as *short-term migrants*.

2.19 **Destination of the short-term migrants:** Destination of the *short-term migrants* referred to as the place in which the *short-term migrant* had stayed for the longest period, considering all his *spells* of staying away. A period of staying away from the village/town for a period of 15 or more was termed as a *spell*.

2.20 **Industry of work of the short-term migrants:** For the *short-term migrants* who had worked (i.e., who were engaged in economic activities) during the period of staying away from the village/town, the industry of work (2-digit of NIC 2004) were recorded. In case *the short-term migrants* had worked in different industries (2-digit of NIC 2004), the code corresponding to the industry of the longest duration of work was recorded.

2.21 **Migrant household:** If the entire household, as was being enumerated had moved to the place of enumeration during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey, it was considered as a migrant household. If one member of the household had moved ahead of other members to the present household and others had joined later (but all of them during the reference year) such households were also considered as migrant households. Where some members of the household were born or married into households which had moved, during the last 365 days, the entire household was treated as migrated to the place of enumeration.

2.22 **Out-migrant:** Any former member of a household who left the household, any time in the past, for stay outside the village/ town was considered as out-migrant provided he/ she was alive on the date of survey.

2.23 **Reason for migration:** The reasons for migration, which are to be collected in codes, are as follows:

reason for migration	reason for migration
in search of employment	social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.)
in search of better employment	displacement by development project
business	acquisition of own house/ flat
to take up employment / better employment	housing problems
transfer of service/ contract	health care
proximity to place of work	post retirement
studies	marriage
natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.)	migration of parent/ earning member of the family
	others

Brief details of each of these reasons are given below:

(i) *In search of employment:* Persons, who were not already in employment at the time of leaving the last UPR, when migrated to another village/ town in search of employment were considered as migrated in search of employment.

(ii) *In search of better employment:* These included those persons who were employed at the time of leaving last UPR, but had come to the place of enumeration in search of better employment, in terms of emoluments, job satisfaction, etc..

(iii) *To take up employment / better employment:* The first two cases are different from this one because it related to persons who had come to the place of enumeration to *take up employment*. These persons were not in search of employment but were offered jobs or were offered better jobs than the one they were having at the time of leaving last UPR.

(iv) *Business:* Those who had migrated to start a new business or due to shifting of the existing business were considered as migrated for business.

(v) *Transfer of service/ contract:* Transfer of service/ contract included persons who as part of the employment contract or service liability migrate from one place of posting to another.

(vi) *Proximity to place of work*: This included persons who had moved in order to be nearer to their places of work. These were the people who moved to another village/ town with the explicit purpose of avoiding or reducing commuting to place of work or other similar reasons and formed a separate category from the persons who had migrated to *take up employment/ better employment*.

(vii) *Studies*: Students and others who had left their UPR for studies were classified under this category. If a person changed UPR to pursue his/her studies and at the same time looked for employment, which was the case in many occasions, the factor which was basic for his/her change of residence were considered.

(viii) *Natural disaster (earthquake, drought, flood, tsunami, etc.)*: Persons who had migrated due to natural disaster caused by earthquake, drought, flood, cyclone, tsunami, etc., were covered under this category.

(ix) *Social/ political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.)*: Migration arising out of social or political problems such as riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc. were included under this category.

(x) *Displacement by development project*: Sometime undertaking development projects, such as construction of dams, power plants, or starting a new factory, etc., might result in eviction of persons and those effected by such displacements may migrate to other village/ town. Such types of migration were included in this category.

(xi) *Acquisition of own house/ flat*: Persons who had moved to a place to stay in a house/ flat acquired by them were categorized in this category. Here again the reason for movement were directly attributable to the acquisition. Persons who on retirement moved to their own house, etc., were not included here.

(xii) *Housing problems*: Certain persons moved from metropolitan cities or large towns to nearby smaller towns or other areas due to the problems of getting suitable accommodation, poor amenities, or high rent, etc. Such persons were classified under this reason

(xiii) *Health care*: Persons sometimes moved from one place to another due to the availability of better medical facilities for treatment or conditions, unsuitable weather in the last UPR. They were covered under this reason.

(xiv) *Post retirement*: Sometimes after retirement, persons might leave UPR either to stay in their native place or in some other place chosen by him/ her. If the reason for migration was due to retirement from employment they were categorized here.

(xv) *Marriage*: A substantial number of women in India change their UPR after marriage. Person, whose change in UPR occurred exclusively due to marriage were covered here.

(xvi) *Migration of parent/ earning member of the family*: In many cases, the members were passive movers in the sense that they changed UPR because the parent or earning member changed UPR. Such migrants were categorized here.

(xvii) *Others*: Reasons for migration which could not be classified into any of the above categories were covered here.

**2.24 Nature of Movement:** The nature of movement of the migrants were recorded to find out whether the migration was temporary or permanent in nature. The migration was treated as a temporary, if the migrant intended to move again to the last usual place of residence or to any other place. If the migrant, in normal course, was likely to stay at the place of enumeration and did not plan to move out of the place of enumeration, it was treated as a permanent migration. Those who migrated temporarily, were further categorized in two groups, viz., those *with expected duration of stay less than 12 months* and those *with expected duration of stay 12 months or more*.

**2.25 Migration streams and internal migrants:** In the present survey, information on *location of last usual place of residence* was collected from each of the sample migrants, in terms of 7 categories, specifying, whether, he/she had migrated from the rural/urban areas, same district/other district, same State/other State or from other countries. It may be noted that migrants in any area may be (i) from within the State, (ii) from other States, or (iii) from another country. Total migrants considering the migration streams (i) and (ii) together constitute the volume of internal migrants.

**2.26 Migration Rate:** Migration rate, for any category of persons (say for rural or urban, male or female), has been estimated as the number of migrants belonging to that category per 1000 of persons in that category.

**2.27 Net migration:** Net migration for any region, may be defined as the difference between in-migration and out-migration. The number of net migrants per 1000 of population gives the net migration rate. For calculation of net migration of any State, in-migrants of that State were considered as those who migrated to the State either from any other State of India or from any other country, while the out-migrants from that State were those who was residing either in any other State in India or in another country. It may be noted that in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information on number of out-migrants from the selected households was collected. Thus, is it possible to get some idea about the magnitude of out-migrants to another country from the survey results of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round. However, since the information on out-migrants was collected from the selected households, in case a whole household had out-migrated (to any place in India or abroad), or the parent household from which some members had migrated out ceased to exist, information for such out-migrants could not be collected. The estimate of out-migration, thus collected from the selected households, are subject to underestimation.

**2.28 Remittances:** These are the transfers, either in cash or in kind, to the households by their former members who had migrated out. For the purpose of this survey, the former household members who had migrated out any time in the past were only considered and the transfers by them during the last 365 days were treated as remittances. However, if such transfers were in the form of loans, these were not considered as remittances. The valuation of the remittances received in kind were done by considering the market value of the kind remittance received by the household. If the cash remittances were in any foreign currency, exchange value of the cash remittances in Indian Rupee were arrived at to determine the amount of remittances. Moreover, amount of remittances were arrived at considering both of the remittances received through formally recorded channels as well as remittances sent through informal channels.

**2.29 Frequency of remittances:** Frequency of remittances referred to the number of times remittances were sent by the out-migrants during the last 365 days to their former households from which they had out-migrated.

## Chapter Three

### Household migration

#### 3.0. Introduction

3.0.1 As stated earlier in Chapter One, NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round was conducted during July 2007 to June 2008 (hereafter referred to as 2007-08), in which migration particulars were collected along with the information on employment and unemployment characteristics in Schedule 10.2 (*Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars*). The information relating to migration collected in this round can be broadly categorized into 4 groups. Firstly, those relating to household migration such as location of last residence, pattern of migration (temporary or permanent), reason for migration. Secondly, information for the out-migrants, like present place of residence of the out-migrant, reason for migration, period elapsed since leaving the erstwhile household, whether engaged in economic activities, frequency and amount of remittances sent during the last 365 days to the households by such former members who had migrated out. The information on the use of remittances received from the out-migrants by the households was also collected. Thirdly, detailed information on the migrants relating to the nature of movement, period elapsed since leaving the last usual place of residence (UPR), location of last UPR, usual activity status at the time of leaving last UPR, reason for migration, and whether a return migrant. Finally, for those who had stayed away from the village/town for 1 month or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days for employment or in search of employment (henceforth referred to as *short-term migrants*), destination during longest spell, industry of work etc.

3.0.2 Main findings regarding migration in India based on data collected on various aspects of migration, as stated above, are accordingly presented in the Chapter Three to Chapter Six. Characteristics of household migration is presented in this Chapter. Chapter Four presents various facets of migrants, including return migration. In Chapter Five, study of short-term migrants are made. Characteristics of out-migrants are discussed in Chapter Six. The estimates are given, separately, for India and its constituent States and Union Territories. The discussions are, however, centered on the all-India estimates. A comparison with the results from earlier surveys on migration conducted by NSSO is also given, whenever these are available.

3.0.3 *Use of estimated aggregates*: The estimates, in this report, are generally presented as ratios. However, the estimates of aggregates are also given in the margin of the detailed tables in the appendix. It may be noted that estimates of ratios are generally expected to be robust and the estimates of aggregates may be used only to combine the ratios but not for generating estimates of absolute numbers for a characteristic. To estimate an absolute number in any category, it is advisable to apply the survey estimates of ratios to the census population or projections<sup>1</sup>. It may also be noted that as the tables are generally presented as ‘per 1000 distribution’, the figures are rounded off. Thus, while using the ratios from the survey results, it is to be noted that the accuracy of these derived aggregates will be limited to the number of significant digits available in the ratio or percentage estimates presented in the report. The estimated aggregates, wherever possible, can be used to get ratios with more significant digits. The estimates presented in the report, in general, refer to the mid-point of the survey period (July 2007 – June 2008) of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, i.e., 01.01.2008.

<sup>1</sup> In Appendix D, the Projected Population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 supplied by RGI Office have been presented along with those projected for 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 using compound rate of growth. The projections have been given for, male and female, separately, for rural and urban for each State/U.T.



### 3.1 Household migration

3.1.0 Sometimes, instead of the member(s) of a household, the household itself may migrate from one place (village/town) to another (village/town) either in one go or in a phased manner. Thus, the households all whose members had moved to the place of enumeration in one go during the last 365 days were considered as migrant households. These apart, those households, whose members had moved to the place of enumeration in a phased manner but started and completed their journeys during the reference period were also considered as migrant households. In this Chapter various features of household migration which have been discussed are, magnitude of household migration, location from which the households have migrated and reasons for migration.

#### 3.1.1 Extent of household migration across MPCE levels

3.1.1.1 The Statement 3.1 gives the proportion (per 1000 households) of migrant household

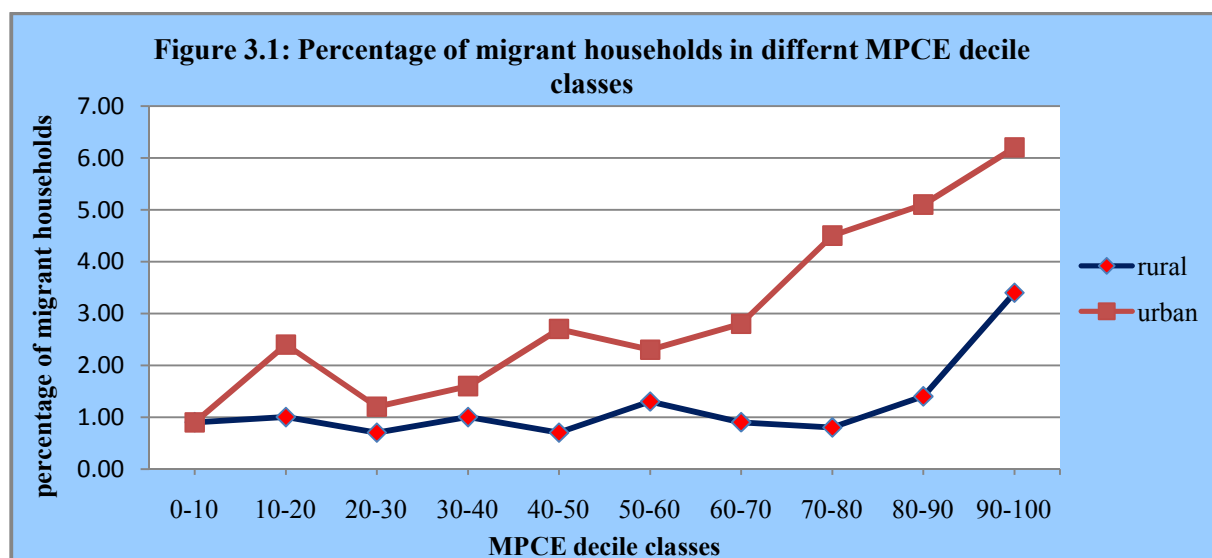
Statement 3.1: Number of migrant household per 1000 households in each MPCE decile class during the last 365 days preceding the date survey

all-India		
MPCE decile class	no. of migrant household per 1000 household	
	rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)
0-10	9	9
10-20	10	24
20-30	7	12
30-40	10	16
40-50	7	27
50-60	13	23
60-70	9	28
70-80	8	45
80-90	14	51
90-100	34	62
all classes	13	33

Ref: Table 4 of Appendix A

households in different MPCE decile classes have been presented in Figure 3.1.

separately for the rural and urban sectors for each MPCE decile class (refer para. 2.2 of Chapter 2) and in Statement 3.1.1, proportion (per 1000 households) of migrant households for each State/U.T. have been presented. During last 365 days, proportion of households migrated to the urban areas is significantly higher than that in rural areas. The proportion of households migrated to rural areas during the last 365 days, was very low, nearly 1 per cent and except the comparatively higher proportion of migrant households (nearly 3 per cent) in the top MPCE decile class, proportion of migrant household in all the other MPCE decile classes hovered around 1 per cent. In urban areas, on the other hand, the households migrated during the last 365 days constituted nearly 3 per cent of all urban households. In urban areas, generally, an increasing pattern of proportion of migrant households is observed, as one moves from lower decile classes to higher decile classes, with the highest percentage of migrant household observed in the top MPCE decile class (nearly 6 per cent). The percentage of migrant households in different MPCE decile classes have been presented in Figure 3.1.



**3.1.2 Migrant households in different social groups and changes over time**

Statement 3.2: Number of migrant household per 1000 households in each social group during NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round (Jan-Jun,1993) and 64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)

social group	rural		urban		rural+urban	
	49 <sup>th</sup> round (Jan-Jun,1993)	64 <sup>th</sup> round (Jul. 07-Jun. 08)	49 <sup>th</sup> round (Jan-Jun,1993)	64 <sup>th</sup> round (Jul. 07-Jun. 08)	49 <sup>th</sup> round (Jan-Jun,1993)	64 <sup>th</sup> round (Jul. 07-Jun. 08)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
ST	27	19	29	62	27	23
SC	9	11	21	28	11	14
OBC		12		34		17
Others	9	15 (13)	23	33 (33)	13	22 (20)
all	11	13	22	33	14	19

Note:1. Figures in parenthesis, against the household social group 'Others' gives the proportion of migrant household during NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round considering both the household social groups 'OBC' and 'Others', for comparison purpose.

2. Ref: Table 4 of Appendix A

3.1.2.1 Information on household migration was also collected in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round (January-June 1993). The proportion of migrant households for different social groups are available from NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round survey. In Statement 3.2, proportion (per 1000) of migrant households in different social groups are presented for NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round. It may be noted that in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, the households were classified in three social groups, viz., *Scheduled Tribe* (ST), *Scheduled Caste* (SC) and 'others' and there was no separate category of social group for *other backward class* (OBC), while in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, the social groups of the households were ST, SC, OBC and 'others'. Thus, while the proportion of migrant households for ST and SC are comparable between NSS 49<sup>th</sup> and 64<sup>th</sup> round, the same is not comparable for the social group 'others'. In Statement 3.2, for NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, besides the proportion of households belonging to different household social groups, the proportion of households belonging to 'others' including OBC has been calculated and given in parenthesis to present comparable figures with NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round.

3.1.2.2 It is seen from Statement 3.2 that, at the all-India level, in the urban areas, nearly 3 per cent households belonged to the migrant category as per NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, which was lower in 1993, nearly 2 per cent. In rural areas, on the other hand, not much difference in the magnitude of migrant households was observed during NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round and nearly 1 per cent of all rural households were classified as migrant households in both the time periods. However, it may be noted that the proportion of migrant household among ST in rural areas decreased from 3 per cent in 1993 to 2 per cent in 64<sup>th</sup> round, while for each of the remaining social groups the proportion of migrant household was nearly 1 per cent. In urban areas, during NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, among all the social groups, a very high proportion (nearly 6 per cent) of ST households were migrant and the proportion of migrant households in each of the remaining three social groups, were almost same (nearly 3 per cent each). It may be noted that, this feature was also observed in 1993, though the magnitude of migrant households across all the social groups were comparatively lower. In case of urban areas, the proportion of migrant households in 1993 were nearly 3 per cent among ST and 2 per cent among SC and others. In general, in both the time periods, the proportion of migrant households was higher among ST households than households belonging to the remaining social groups.

### 3.1.3 Location from which households migrated

3.1.3.1 In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information was collected about the *location of last usual place of residence*, (i.e., the place from which the household moved to the place of enumeration), of the migrant households to study the pattern of migration stream of the migrant households. In Statement 3.3, per 1000 distribution of the migrant households by the *location of last usual place of residence* has been presented. It may be seen from Statement 3.3 that the movement of the households were largely confined within the State with 78 percent of the migrant households in rural areas and 72 per cent of the migrant households in the urban areas in India had residence within the State. Moreover, the migration of households in both the rural and urban areas were dominated by the migration of households from rural areas. It may be seen that of all the migrant households in the rural areas, nearly 70 per cent had migrated from rural areas and 29 per cent migrated from urban areas and of all the migrant households

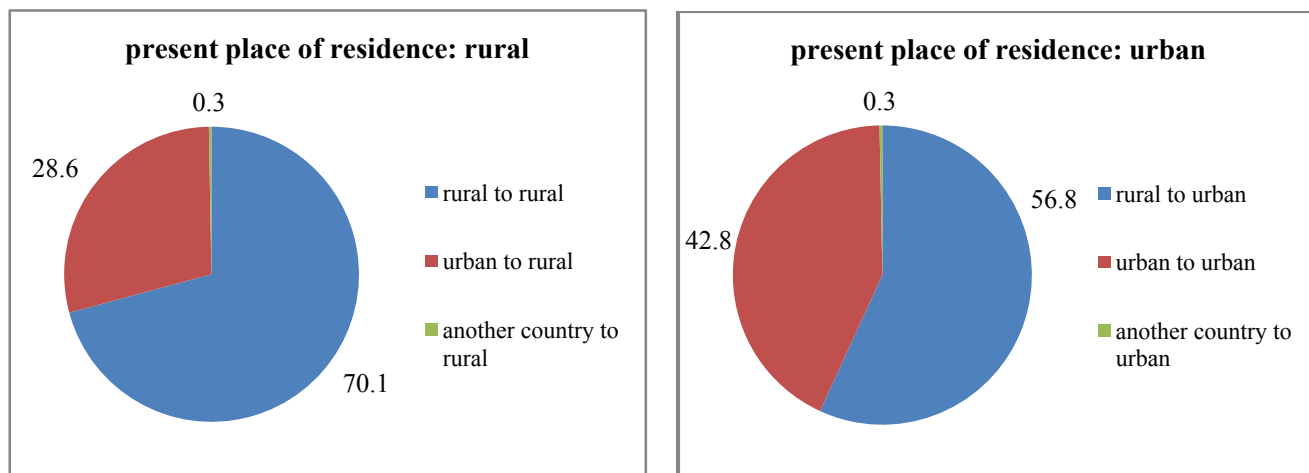
Statement 3.3: Distribution (per 1000) of migrant households by location of last usual place of residence

all-India location of last usual place of residence	present place of residence		
	rural	urban	anywhere in India
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1. rural areas of same state	610	433	520
2. urban areas of same state	171	289	231
sub-total (1 & 2): same state	780	722	751
3. rural areas of other states	91	135	113
4. urban areas of other states	115	139	127
sub-total (3 & 4): another state	206	274	241
sub-total (1 & 3) rural	701	568	633
sub-total (2 & 4) urban	286	428	358
other countries	3	3	3
all (incl. n.r.)	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 6 of Appendix A

in urban areas nearly 57 per cent had migrated from rural areas and 43 per cent had migrated from urban areas. Inter-state movements of the households were comparatively lower- nearly 21 per cent of the migrant households in the rural areas and 27 per cent of the migrant households in the urban areas had actually migrated from another State. It may be noted that insignificant proportion (less than 0.5 per cent) of households had reported to have migrated from another country. In the intra-state migration of the households, movement from rural areas far exceeded the movement from urban areas. Thus, nearly 60 per cent of the intra-state urban migrant households moved from the rural areas and the remaining 40 per cent migrated from urban areas. The situation for the intra-state rural migrant households displayed similar pattern, with 78 per cent of the migrant households in the rural areas migrated from rural areas and the remaining 22 per cent from the urban areas. However in case of inter-state migration of households, in the urban areas, both the rural and urban areas of other states contributed 50 per cent each of total migrant households and in the case of rural areas nearly 44 per cent of the migrants came from rural areas and 56 per cent came from urban areas of other States. In Figure 3.2, the percentage shares households migrated from rural areas, urban areas and from another country in the total migrant households have been presented separately for rural and urban areas.

**Figure 3.2: Percentage share of households migrated from rural, urban areas and from other countries**



### 3.1.4 Reason for household migration

Statement 3.4: Distribution (per 1000) of migrant households by reason for migration (2007-08)

**all-India**

Sr. reason for migration no.	present place of residence			
	rural	urban	anywhere in India	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>employment related reasons</b>				
1. in search of employment		168	202	185
2. in search of better employment		175	169	172
3. business		43	48	45
4. to take up employment/better employment		106	128	117
5. transfer of service/contract		48	105	77
6. proximity to place of work		12	13	12
<b>7. sub-total ( srl. 1 to 6)</b>		<b>552</b>	<b>665</b>	<b>608</b>
<b>8. studies</b>		<b>267</b>	<b>210</b>	<b>238</b>
<b>forced migration</b>				
9. natural disaster		13	2	7
10. social/political problem		7	2	5
11. displacement by development projects		4	15	10
<b>12. sub-total (srl. 9 to 11)</b>		<b>24</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>22</b>
<b>others</b>				
13. acquisition of own house/flat		24	30	27
14. housing problems		30	16	23
15. health care		4	9	7
16. post retirement		5	4	5
17. marriage		29	13	21
18. others		53	34	44
<b>19. sub-total (srl. 13 to 18)</b>		<b>145</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>127</b>
<b>20. all (incl. n.r.)</b>		<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>

Ref: Table 5 of Appendix A

3.1.4.1 For each household, which had migrated during the last 365 days, the reason for migration was ascertained and recorded. These reasons pertain only to the 1 per cent of the households migrated to the rural areas and 3 per cent of the households migrated to the urban areas, during the last 365 days. Such rarity of the event in the population, constrained further cross-classification of such households with other characteristics, such as 'reasons for migration' even at the all-India level for drawing valid inferences on the basis of the survey estimates. It may be noted that reason for household migration was collected in terms of 16 different reason codes. In Statement 3.4, per 1000 distribution of migrant households by reasons for migration has been presented separately for rural and urban areas. Of the different reasons listed under column 1 of the Statement, those in srl. nos. 1 to 6 are classified as '*employment related reasons*' and those listed in srl. nos. 9 to 11 (viz., natural disaster, social/political problem and displacement by development projects) have been classified, here, as '*forced migration*'. It may be seen that in both the rural and urban areas, majority of the households migrated for *employment related reasons*: in urban areas, for nearly 67 per cent of migrant households and for nearly 55 per cent of rural migrant households, the reason for migration was *employment related purpose*. It is observed that '*studies*' was cited as the reason for migration by nearly 27 per cent of rural migrant household and 21 per cent of urban migrant households. It has also been observed that *forced migration* took place for nearly 2 per cent of each of rural and urban migrant households.

Statement 3.1.1: Number of migrant household per 1000 households during the last 365 days preceding the date survey for each State/U.T

state/u.t./all-India	rural	urban	rural+urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	16	50	25
Arunachal Pradesh	39	42	40
Assam	12	60	18
Bihar	12	53	16
Chhattisgarh	19	37	22
Delhi	18	24	23
Goa	18	61	42
Gujarat	28	65	42
Haryana	3	20	8
Himachal Pradesh	50	53	50
Jammu & Kashmir	4	19	7
Jharkhand	8	34	13
Karnataka	10	45	22
Kerala	28	64	37
Madhya Pradesh	8	17	11
Maharashtra	16	29	22
Manipur	38	26	34
Meghalaya	5	11	6
Mizoram	9	32	19
Nagaland	14	61	26
Orissa	13	20	14
Punjab	14	28	19
Rajasthan	7	22	11
Sikkim	38	76	43
Tamil Nadu	15	28	20
Tripura	12	26	15
Uttarakhand	19	53	28
Uttar Pradesh	8	22	11
West Bengal	8	17	10
A & N Islands	42	47	44
Chandigarh	21	59	54
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	37	94	45
Daman & Diu	13	9	11
Lakshadweep	77	113	94
Puducherry	18	47	35
all-India	13	33	19

## Chapter Four

### Migrants

#### 4.1 Migrants

4.1.0 Migrants have been defined as those, for whom the last usual place of residence (UPR) is different from the present place of enumeration. In this survey, usual place of residence (UPR) of a person was defined as a place (village/town) where the person had stayed continuously for a period of six months or more. In this Chapter, the different features of the migrants have been presented. These are migration rate, migration streams, reason for migration, changes in activity status due to migration, etc. In this Chapter return migration has also been studied, which is defined as an event when the present place of enumeration of the migrant was the usual place of residence sometime in the past, indicating that a person who had migrated out from a UPR has returned back to such UPR.

#### 4.1.1 Migration rate

4.1.1.1 *Migration rate*, for any category of persons (say for rural or urban, male or female), has been estimated as the number of migrants belonging to that category per 1000 of persons in

Statement 4.1: Migration rate (per 1000 persons)  
(2007-08)

<b>all-India</b>			
category of persons	rural	urban	rural+urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
male	54	259	109
female	477	456	472
male +female	261	354	285

Ref: Table 20 of Appendix A

per cent) was far lower than the migration rate in the urban areas (35 per cent). Moreover, magnitude of male migration rate was far lower than female *migration rate*, in both the rural and urban areas. In the rural areas nearly 48 per cent of the females were migrants while the male *migration rate* was only 5 per cent, and in the urban areas, the male migration was nearly 26 per cent compared to female migration rate of 46 per cent. Nominal rural-urban differential was observed for female *migration rates*.

Statement 4.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants and 'all' persons for each category of persons

<b>all-India</b>		
category of persons	distribution of migrants (per 1000)	distribution of 'all' persons (per 1000)
(1)	(2)	(3)
rural male	72	377
rural female	602	360
rural male+female	673	737
urban male	124	137
urban female	203	127
urban male+female	327	263
all	1000	1000

Ref: Table 20 of Appendix A

that category. The estimated *migration rate*, at the all-India level, is presented in Statement 4.1, separately for rural and urban areas and the corresponding rates for the States/U.Ts. have been presented in Statement 4.1.1. It may be seen that at the all-India level, nearly 29 per cent of the persons were migrants with significant rural-urban and male-female differentials.

The *migration rate* in the rural areas (26 per cent) was far lower than the migration rate in the urban areas (35 per cent). Moreover, magnitude of male migration rate was far lower than female *migration rate*, in both the rural and urban areas. In the rural areas nearly 48 per cent of the females were migrants while the male *migration rate* was only 5 per cent, and in the urban areas, the male migration was nearly 26 per cent compared to female migration rate of 46 per cent. Nominal rural-urban differential was observed for female *migration rates*.

4.1.1.2 In Statement 4.2, the share of different categories of migrants and persons in the country is presented to have an understanding of the magnitude of migrants in different category of persons. It may be noted that 74 per cent of the persons of the country lived in rural areas but the share of rural areas in total migrants were about 67 per cent, while the urban areas shared nearly 26 per cent of the persons of the country but shared nearly 33 per cent of the migrants. It is seen that female migrants outnumbered their male counterparts in both the rural and urban areas: rural female shared nearly 36 per cent of the total population but the majority of migrants in the country were rural females (nearly 60 per cent) and similarly though urban females shared only 13 per cent

of the total population of the country, 20 per cent of the migrants in the country were urban females. Correspondingly, the rural male with 38 per cent share in total population accounted for only 7 per cent of migrants. However, urban males' share in migration was 12 per cent, commensurating to their 14 per cent share in total population.

#### 4.1.2 Changes in migration rate over time

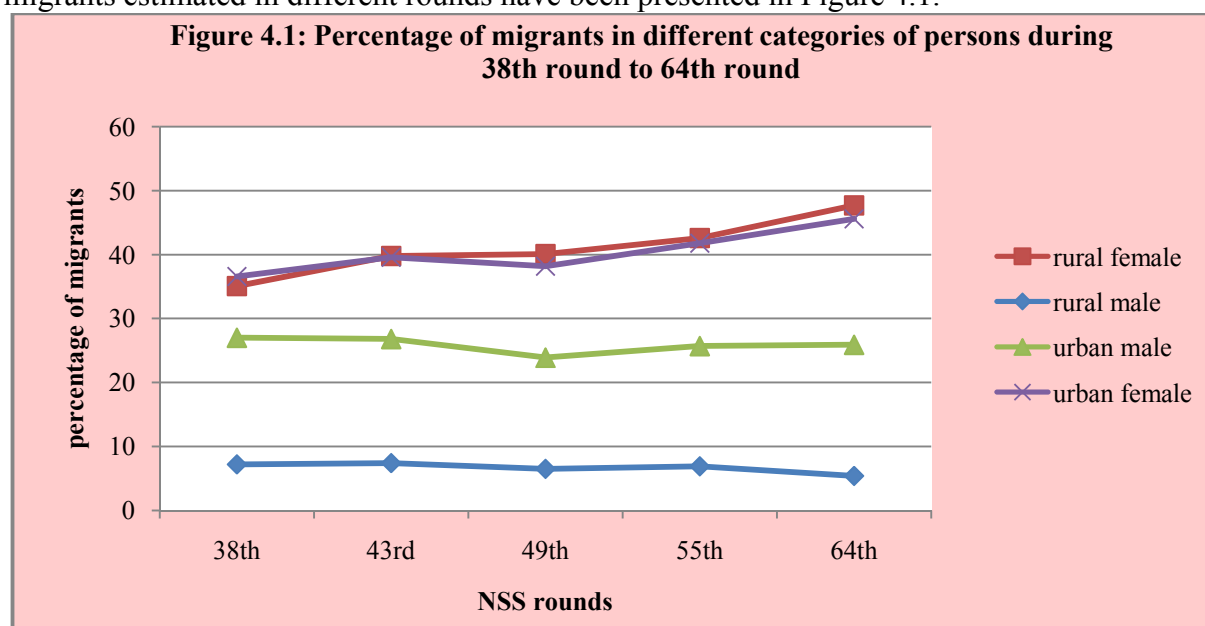
4.1.2.1 In Statement 4.3, migration rates, for all-India, in rural and urban areas have been presented for the period from 1983 to 2007-08. Collection of data on migration in the NSS quinquennial rounds 38<sup>th</sup>, 43<sup>rd</sup> and 55<sup>th</sup> rounds, was integrated with the employment and

Statement 4.3: Migration rates (per 1000 persons) obtained from different NSS rounds

round (year)	category of persons		
	male	female	persons
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<b>rural</b>			
64 <sup>th</sup> (July07-Jun-08)	54	477	261
55 <sup>th</sup> (July 1999 –June 2000)	69	426	244
49 <sup>th</sup> (Jan - June, 1993)	65	401	228
43 <sup>rd</sup> (July 1987 – June 88)	74	398	232
38 <sup>th</sup> (Jan - Dec, 1983)	72	351	209
<b>urban</b>			
64 <sup>th</sup> (July07-Jun-08)	259	456	354
55 <sup>th</sup> (July 1999 –June 2000)	257	418	334
49 <sup>th</sup> (Jan - June, 1993)	239	382	307
43 <sup>rd</sup> (July 1987 – June 88)	268	396	329
38 <sup>th</sup> (Jan - Dec, 1983)	270	366	316

Ref: Table 20 of Appendix A

the male migration rate has decreased by 2 percentage points from 7 per cent in 1983 to 5 per cent in 2007-08, while the migration rate for females has increased by 13 percentage points from 35 per cent in 1983 to 48 per cent in 2007-08. The similar trend has been observed in the urban areas, where the male migration rate has decreased by 1 percentage point from 27 per cent in 1983 to 26 per cent in 2007-08 while female migration rate has increased by 9 percentage points from 37 per cent in 1983 to 46 per cent in 2007-08. The percentage of migrants estimated in different rounds have been presented in Figure 4.1.





### 4.1.3 Migration rate for different social groups

Statement 4.4: Number of migrants per 1000 persons of each social group for each category of persons during 2007-08

social group	category of persons					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>55<sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000)</b>						
scheduled tribe	56	357	204	282	411	345
scheduled caste	64	434	244	225	393	305
other backward class	65	428	242	237	417	323
others	81	443	259	276	426	347
all (incl. n.r.)	69	426	244	257	418	334
<b>64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)</b>						
scheduled tribe	47	440	238	288	430	356
scheduled caste	49	482	260	235	447	337
other backward class	51	468	255	230	437	331
others	68	506	281	290	477	379
all (incl. n.r.)	54	477	261	259	456	354

Ref: Table 20.1 of Appendix A

4.1.3.1 *Migration rates among social groups during 2007-08*: Migration rates for each of the social groups in India for NSS 55<sup>th</sup> and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> rounds are presented in Statement 4.4. It may be noted that during 2007-08, the migration rate in the rural areas was the lowest among the scheduled tribe (ST), nearly 24 per cent, and it was the highest among those classified in the social group as 'others', nearly 28 per cent. In urban areas, on the other hand the migration rate was lowest among *other backward class* (OBC) nearly 33 per cent, and it was highest among those classified in the social group 'others', nearly 38 per cent. Considerable gender differential was found to exist in the migration rates across all the social groups in both the rural and urban areas, with male migration rate far lower than female migration rate. It is seen, in rural areas, male and female migration rates were lowest among the ST: it was nearly 5 per cent for males and 44 per cent for the females. On the other hand, migration rates, for both males and females, in rural areas, were highest among the 'others' category: it was 7 per cent for males and 51 per cent for females. In the urban areas, male migration rate was lowest among the *other backward class*, nearly 23 per cent, and it was highest among the ST and 'others' (29 per cent each). On the other hand, female migration rate was lowest among the ST (43 per cent) and it was highest among the 'others' (48 per cent).

4.1.3.2 *Changes in the migration rates among social groups in during 1999-2000 and 2007-08*: The migration rates in 1999-2000 and 2007-08, among the different social groups in rural India display similar pattern. Like the situation observed in 2007-08, in 1999-2000 also the migration rate in the rural areas was lowest among the ST, nearly 20 per cent compared to about 24 per cent in 2007-08 and it was highest among 'others', 26 per cent as against 28 per cent in 2007-08. It is found that in 1999-2000, the migration rate of males, in rural areas, was lowest among ST, nearly 6 per cent and it was highest among the 'others', (8 per cent). On the other hand, the migration rates among females, in rural areas, was lowest among ST (36 per cent) and it was highest among 'others' (44 per cent). In urban areas, some changes in the pattern of migration rate were observed during 1999-2000 and 2007-08. It is seen that migration rate was lowest among SC in 1999-2000 (31 per cent) but was lowest among OBC in 2007-08 (33 per cent), while it was highest among 'others', in both the periods (35 per cent in 1999-2000 and 38 per cent in 2007-08). In 1999-2000 the migration rate among urban males was lowest for SC (23 per cent), while in 2007-08 it was lowest for OBC (23 per cent).

However for urban males in these two time periods, the migration rate was highest among ST and *others* (28 per cent each in 1999-2000 and 29 per cent each in 2007-08). For females in urban areas, the migration rate was lowest among SC in 1999-2000 (39 per cent), while in 2007-08 it was lowest for ST (43 per cent). The migration rate for urban females for '*others*' was highest in both the periods (48 per cent in 2007-08 and 43 per cent in 1999-2000).

#### 4.1.4 Migration rates across different MPCE levels

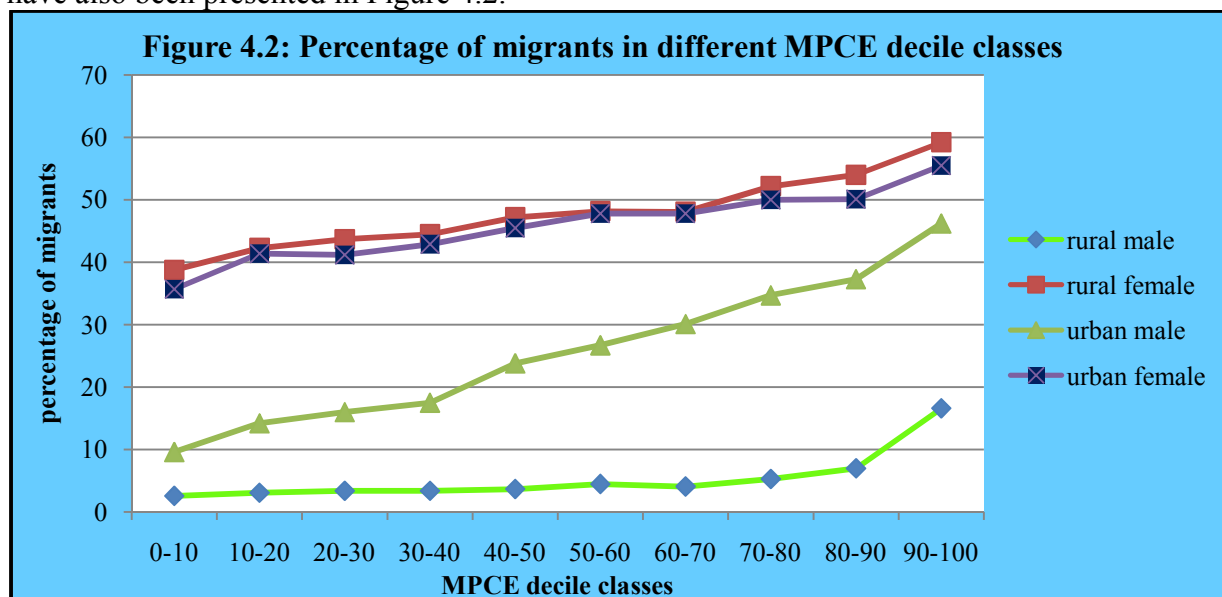
Statement 4.5: Migration rates for different MPCE decile class and per 1000 distribution of migrants by decile classes during 2007-08

<b>all-India</b>						
MPCE decile class	migration rate			per 1000 distribution of migrants		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(4)
<b>rural</b>						
0-10	26	388	209	46	84	80
10-20	31	423	227	55	91	87
20-30	34	437	235	61	93	90
30-40	34	445	237	62	94	91
40-50	37	472	250	67	99	96
50-60	45	482	257	83	100	99
60-70	41	481	252	77	99	97
70-80	53	522	279	99	108	107
80-90	70	540	294	132	111	113
90-100	166	592	366	318	119	140
all groups	54	477	261	1000	1000	1000
<b>urban</b>						
0-10	96	357	229	35	83	65
10-20	142	414	277	54	93	78
20-30	160	412	284	60	93	80
30-40	175	429	298	67	94	84
40-50	238	455	342	92	100	97
50-60	267	478	368	104	104	104
60-70	301	478	385	118	103	109
70-80	347	500	419	136	108	118
80-90	373	501	432	148	106	122
90-100	462	555	505	186	116	143
all groups	259	456	354	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 25 of Appendix A

4.1.4.1 To study the mobility of persons at different 'levels of living', the proportion of migrants (per 1000 of persons) in different MPCE decile classes are presented in Statement 4.5 for all-India and for different quintile class for each State/U.T. in Statement 4.5.1. The Statement 4.5 also provides, the share of the total migrants in different MPCE decile classes, at all-India and the share of the total migrants in different MPCE quintile classes for each State/U.T. are presented in Statement 4.5.2. The migration rate was found to be lowest for bottom MPCE decile class in both rural and urban areas and there is an increasing trend in rate of migration with the increase in level of living, with the migration rate attaining a peak in the top decile class. Thus, the migration rate, for rural males, was lowest for the bottom MPCE decile class (nearly 3 per cent) and it was highest in the top decile class (17 per cent). For rural females, migration rate was lowest in the bottom decile class (39 per cent) attaining highest point (59 per cent) in top decile class. The same trend is observed for urban males and females: for males the migration rate for the bottom decile class was 10 per cent which reached to 46 per cent in top decile class and for urban females the migration rate for the bottom decile and top

decile class were 36 per cent and 56 per cent, respectively. It follows from the Statement that, bottom decile class shared nearly 8 per cent of the migrants in rural areas and 7 per cent of the migrants in urban areas, whereas the top decile class shared nearly 14 per cent of the migrants in both rural and urban areas. The percentage of migrants in different MPCE decile classes have also been presented in Figure 4.2.



#### 4.1.5. Migrants and their level of general education

Statement 4.6: Migration rate (per 1000) by broad level of general education during 2007-08

##### all-India

category of persons	general educational level					
	not literate	literate and up to middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
rural male	38	51	83	222	143	54
rural female	562	366	503	610	628	477
rural male+female	349	188	229	334	276	261
urban male	167	229	307	430	382	259
urban female	472	397	513	563	560	456
urban male+female	348	308	397	468	452	354
rural+urban male	60	93	173	344	299	109
rural+urban female	547	374	508	583	576	472
rural+urban male+female	349	218	302	413	397	285

Ref: Table 21 of Appendix A

4.1.5.1 In Statement 4.6, migration rate is presented for persons with different levels of general education. Migration rate for males in both rural and urban areas, generally, had shown an increasing trend with the increase in the educational level of the persons. It may be seen that for rural males, migration rate was lowest (nearly 4 per cent) among the 'not literates', nearly 22 per cent among those with level of education 'diploma/certificate' and it was nearly 14 per cent among those with educational level 'graduate and above'. For urban males also, the pattern of migration rate was similar to the rural males: it was lowest for among the not literates (17 per cent), which increased to 43 per cent and 38 per cent for those with educational level 'diploma/certificate' and 'graduate or above' level, respectively. For females, in both rural and urban areas, on the other hand, migration rate was lowest among those with level of education 'literate and up to middle': 37 per cent among rural females and 40 per cent among

urban females in this level of education. The female migration rates for the 'not literates' in rural and urban areas were significantly higher: 56 per cent in the rural and 47 per cent in the urban areas. However, except such rates observed among 'not literates' and those with level of education 'literate and up to middle', among the females in both the rural and urban areas, migration rate had shown increasing trend with the increase in education level. Migration rates for females in both rural and urban areas were significantly high among those with education level 'graduate and above' (63 per cent among rural females and 56 per cent among urban females). Among those with education level 'diploma/certificate', migration rate was 61 per cent for rural females and 56 per cent for urban females.

Statement 4.6(a): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level during 2007-08

### all-India

category of persons	general educational level						
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
rural male	233	156	333	187	24	66	1000
rural female	592	95	225	71	3	13	1000
rural male+female	554	102	236	84	5	19	1000
urban male	117	100	289	265	39	189	1000
urban female	298	89	279	211	12	110	1000
urban male+female	230	93	283	231	22	140	1000
rural+urban male	160	121	305	236	33	144	1000
rural+urban female	518	94	238	107	6	37	1000
rural+urban male+female	448	99	251	132	11	58	1000

Ref: Table 21 of Appendix A

4.1.5.2 In Statement 4.6(a) gives the distribution of migrants by level of general education. It is seen that among the migrants in the rural areas a large proportion were 'not literates' (nearly 55 per cent) whereas in the urban areas nearly 23 per cent were 'not literates'. A higher percentage of the male migrants in both the rural and urban areas, had attained higher educational level than the female migrants. In rural areas, the proportion of migrants with educational level 'secondary and above' was nearly 28 per cent among male and nearly 9 per cent among females, while among the urban males and females, nearly 49 per cent and 33 per cent, respectively, had educational level 'secondary and above'. It may be seen that nearly 19 per cent of the urban male migrants and 11 per cent of the urban female migrants had the educational level *graduate and above*.

### 4.1.6 Nature of movement of the migrants

4.1.6.1 In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information on the nature of movement of the migrants were collected to find out whether the migration was *temporary* or *permanent* in nature. The migration was treated as *temporary*, if the migrant intended to move again to the last usual place of residence or to any other place. If the migrant, in the normal course, was likely to stay at the place of enumeration and did not plan to move out of the place of enumeration, it was treated as a *permanent* migration. Thus, 'nature of movement' of the household members, is not a reflection of the period elapsed since they migrated, but depicts the intention of the migrants either to migrate out of the present place of enumeration sometime in the future or to stay permanently at the place of enumeration in the normal course. Those who migrated temporarily were further categorized in two groups, viz., *with expected duration of stay (at the place of enumeration) less than 12 months* and those *with expected duration of stay (at the place of enumeration) 12 months or more*. In Statement 4.7, distribution migrants by nature of movement, at the all-India level have been presented and in Statement 4.7.1, the corresponding distribution has been presented for each State/U.T.

4.1.6.2 It is seen from Statement 4.7 that, at the all-India level, for nearly 91 per cent of the migrants, the movements were permanent in nature. Substantial rural-urban differential was observed in the nature of movements, with a higher proportion of the rural migrants moved permanently (nearly 95 per cent) compared to urban migrants (nearly 83 per cent of the urban migrants were permanent). The nature of movement was likely to be permanent in most cases of female migrants compared to male migrants in both the rural and urban areas: nearly 97 per cent of the rural female migrants and 89 per cent of the urban female migrants moved permanently whereas for male migrants in both the rural and urban areas nearly 73 per cent moved permanently. It may be noted that among those who had moved temporarily, majority of them did not intend to move out of the present place of residence within a year. Thus, in rural areas, nearly 25 per cent of male migrants and nearly 3 per cent of female migrants had moved with expected duration of stay in the present place of enumeration for 12 months or more and among urban migrants nearly 26 per cent of male migrants and 11 per cent of female migrants were expected to stay at the place of enumeration for 12 months or more.

all-India category of migrants	nature of movement			all (incl. n.r.)
	temporary with duration of stay		permanent	
	less than 12 months	12 months of more		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
rural male	17	253	728	1000
rural female	1	27	972	1000
rural person	3	51	946	1000
urban male	8	264	727	1000
urban female	3	112	885	1000
urban person	4	170	825	1000
rural+urban male	11	260	728	1000
rural+urban female	1	48	950	1000
rural+urban male+female	3	90	906	1000

Ref: Table 25 of Appendix A

#### 4.1.7 Migration streams

4.1.7.1 In the present survey, information on *location of last usual place of residence* was collected from each of the sample migrants, in terms of 7 categories, specifying, whether, he/she had migrated from the rural/urban areas, same district/other district, same State/other State or from other countries. It may be noted that migrants in any area may be (i) from within the State, (ii) from other States, or (iii) from another country. Total migrants considering the migration streams (i) and (ii) together constitute the volume of *internal migrants*.

4.1.7.2 *Migration by location of last usual place of residence*: In Statement 4.8, per 1000 distribution of migrants by *location of usual place of residence* has been presented, for all-India, for each category of migrants and the results for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 4.8.1. It may be seen that in both the rural and urban areas, nearly 99 per cent of the migrants were *internal migrants*. It is observed that most of the migrants were from the rural areas irrespective of whether the present usual place of residence is rural area or urban area. Thus, among the migrants in the rural areas, nearly 91 per cent migrated from the rural areas and 8 per cent had migrated from the urban areas, whereas among the migrants in the urban areas, nearly 59 per cent migrated from the rural areas and 40 per cent migrated from urban areas. Moreover, inter-district and inter-State migration was relatively less frequent as compared to intra-district and intra-State migration among all categories of migrants except among male migrants in urban areas for whom inter-district migration was most frequent. Intra-state and also the intra-district migration was more prominent among migrants in rural areas than among migrants in urban areas. It can be seen that among the rural migrants, nearly 94 per cent had migrated from within the State and nearly 5 per cent had moved from other

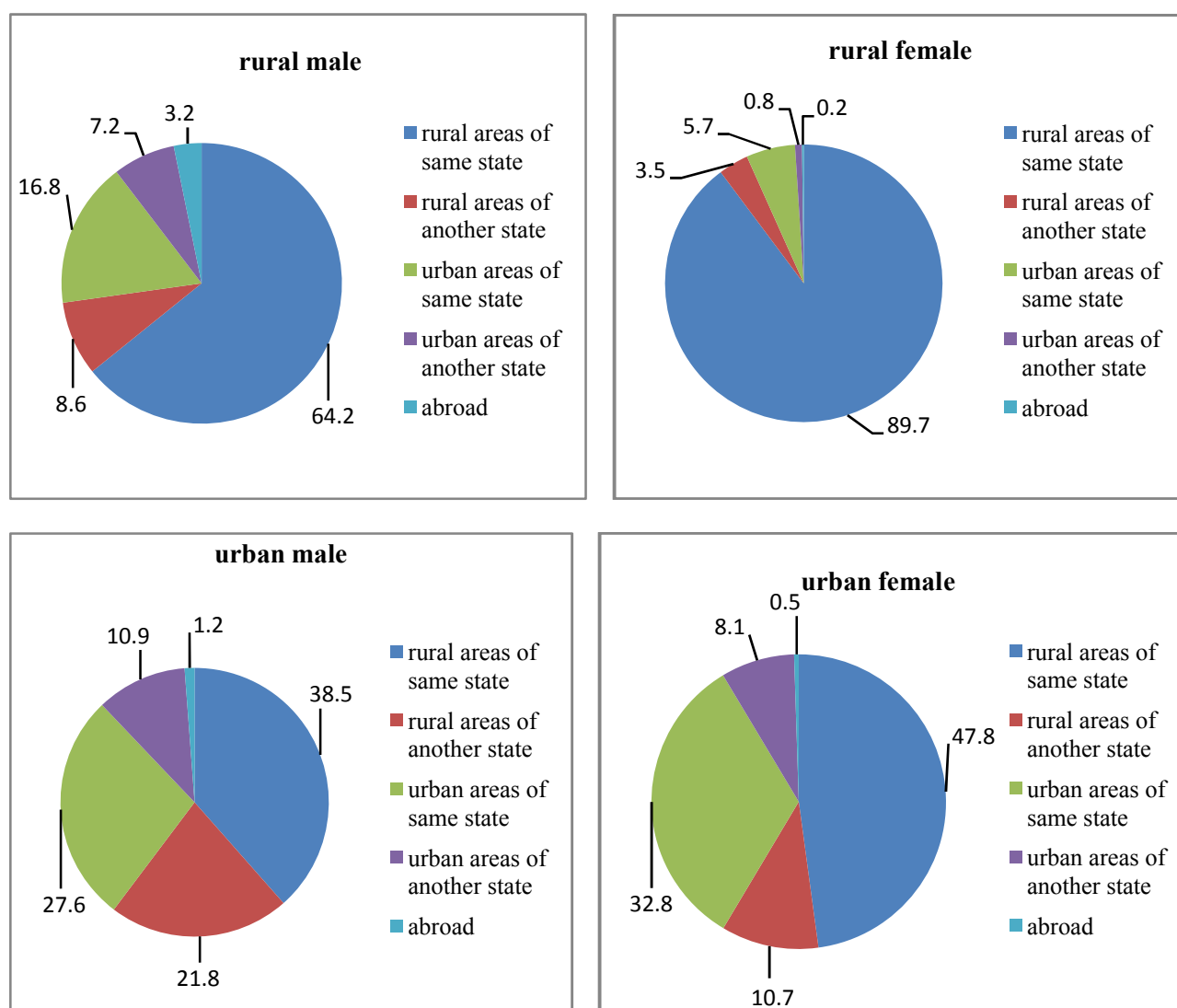
States of India, and for the urban migrants nearly 75 per cent had migrated from within the State and 24 per cent had migrated from other States. The distribution of the migrants by location of last residence has been presented graphically in Figure 4.3.

Statement 4.8: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each category of persons during 2007-08

category of migrants	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
rural male	462	180	86	77	91	72	32	1000
rural female	683	214	35	36	21	8	2	1000
rural person	659	211	40	41	28	15	6	1000
urban male	197	188	218	79	197	109	12	1000
urban female	272	206	107	132	196	81	5	1000
urban person	244	199	149	112	196	91	8	1000

Ref: Table 25 of Appendix A

Figure 4.3: Percentage distribution of migrants by location of last residence



4.1.7.3 *Rural-urban migration streams*: Statement 4.9 presents the distribution of internal migrants, at the all-India level, by four types of migration streams, namely, rural-to-rural, rural-to-urban, urban-to-rural and urban-to-urban for NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round and the corresponding figures estimated for NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 4.9.1. During 2007-08, rural-to-rural migration was the most dominant migration stream, accounting for nearly 62 per cent of the total internal migrants, followed by rural-to-urban migration stream, which shared nearly 20 per cent of the total internal migrants. The share of urban-to-urban migration stream stood at 13 per cent, while urban-to-rural migration stream shared merely 6 per cent of total internal migrants. However, the pattern displayed by male migrants are distinct from that of female migrants. For male migrants, rural-to-urban migration stream was the most dominant one which shared nearly 39 per cent of total male internal migrants, while for female rural-to-rural migration stream shared nearly 70 per cent of the total internal female migrants. For males, the urban-to-urban migration stream shared nearly one-fourth of the total internal male migrants, while for female it was nearly one-tenth. The variation in the shares of the four types of migration streams, for males and females combined, in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> compared to those in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000) is insignificant. However, some changes, in the shares of the migrations streams for male migrants have been observed in 2007-08 compared to that in 1999-2000. It may be seen that the shares of rural-to-rural migration for males has decreased and the shares of rural-to-urban migration has increased in 2007-08 from those of 1999-2000. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, the share of rural-to-rural migration for males has decreased by nearly 5 percentage points from 32 per cent in 1999-2000 and the shares of rural-to-urban migration has increased by nearly 5 percentage points in 2007-08 from 34 per cent in 1999-2000.

Statement 4.9: Distribution (per 1000) of internal migrants over the four types of rural-urban migration streams as per NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round

category of migrants	migration stream				
	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
<b>NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000)</b>					
male	323	107	344	226	1000
female	703	52	144	101	1000
person	618	64	188	129	1000
<b>NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)</b>					
male	272	89	390	248	1000
female	700	49	148	103	1000
person	617	57	195	131	1000

Ref: Table 25 of Appendix A

4.1.7.4 *Migration in urban areas from rural areas*: Having observed the shares of the four

Statement 4.10: Number of persons migrated from rural areas to urban areas per 1000 migrants in urban areas as per NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round

category of migrants	55 <sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000)	64 <sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)
(1)	(2)	(3)
male	592	603
female	581	585
person	586	592

Ref: Table 25 of Appendix A

The dominance of migrants from rural areas to the urban areas was also observed from the survey

results of NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round and the magnitude of the share of migrants in urban areas from rural areas as estimated in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round was almost of the same order though marginally higher than those estimated from NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round.

Statement 4.11: Distribution (per 1000) of internal migrants by last usual place of residence for each component of rural-urban migration streams during 1999-2000 and 2007-08

migration stream	last usual place of residence			all
	within state		between states	
	same district	different districts		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>55<sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000)</b>				
rural-to-rural	753	201	46	1000
rural-to-urban	438	365	196	1000
urban-to-rural	465	335	200	1000
urban-to-urban	366	435	199	1000
<b>64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-2008)</b>				
rural-to-rural	724	232	44	1000
rural-to-urban	412	336	252	1000
urban-to-rural	488	338	175	1000
urban-to-urban	279	492	229	1000

Ref: Table 25 of Appendix A

to-rural migration stream was dominated by intra-district migration (72 per cent) and nearly 96 per cent in the rural-to-rural migration was through intra-State migration. For other categories of migration streams too, the share of intra-State migrants was dominant though lower compared to rural-to-rural migration stream: 75 per cent for rural-to-urban, 83 per cent for urban-to-rural and 77 per cent for urban-to-urban migration streams. The pattern observed in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round is also broadly similar to that observed in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round with some minor increase in rural-to-urban and urban to urban migration through inter-State migration in 2007-08. The increase was 5 percentage points for rural-to-urban migration stream and 3 percentage points for urban-to-urban migration stream in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round from the corresponding shares observed in 55<sup>th</sup> round.

#### 4.1.8 Reason for migration

4.1.8.1 For each migrant, the reason for migration was ascertained and recorded in terms of 17 different reason codes. In Statement 4.12, per 1000 distribution of migrants by reasons for migration has been presented for all-India and the corresponding figures for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 4.12.1. It may be seen that, of the different reasons listed under column 1 of the Statement, those in srl. nos. 1 to 6 are classified as '*employment related reasons*' and those listed in srl. nos. 9 to 11 (viz., natural disaster, social/political problem and displacement by development projects) have been classified here as '*forced migration*'.

4.1.8.2 *Reason for migration for different categories of migrants*: It is seen from Statement 4.12, that the reasons for migration for males and females showed distinct pattern. For females in both rural and urban areas, the reason for the bulk of the migrants was *marriage*: for 91 per cent of rural female migrants and 61 per cent of the urban female migrants the reason was *marriage*. For urban females, *migration of parent/earning member of the family*, was the next major reason for migration after *marriage*, accounting for nearly 29 per cent of total urban female migrants. The reason for migration for the male migrant, on the other hand, was dominated by *employment related reasons*, in both the rural and urban areas. Nearly 29 per cent of rural male migrants and 56 per cent of urban male migrants had migrated due to *employment related reasons*. The *migration of parent/earning member of the family* also significantly induced male migration in both the rural and urban areas: for, nearly 22 per cent



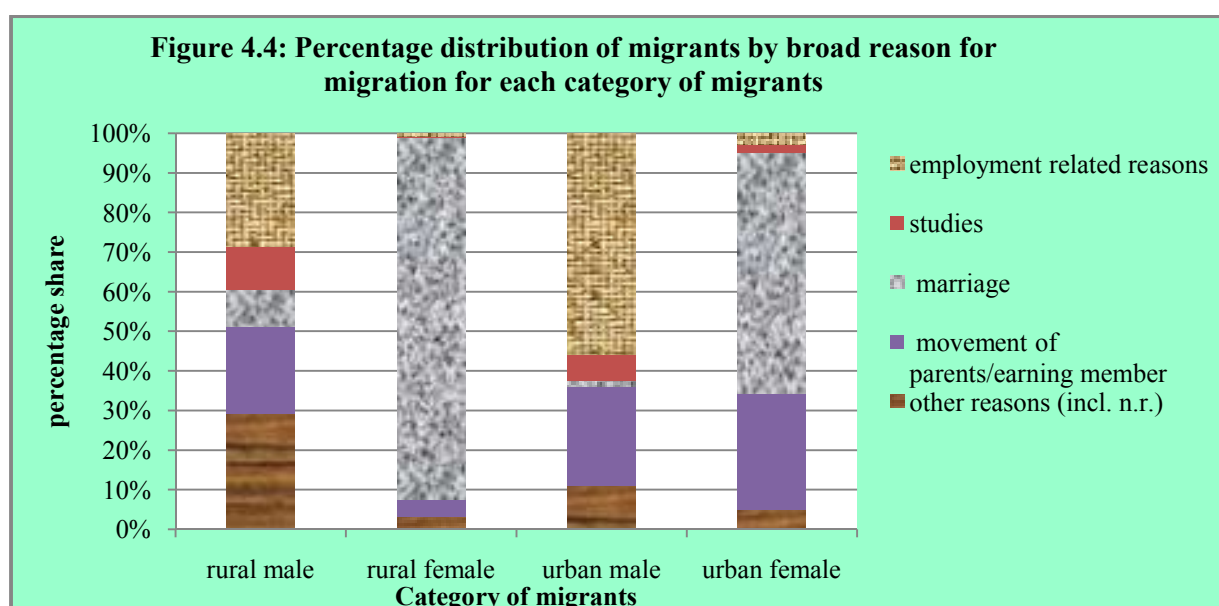
of rural male migrants and 25 per cent of urban male migrants, *migration of parent/earning member of the family* was the reason for migration. *Study* as a reason for migration also accounted for nearly 11 per cent of rural male migrants and 7 per cent of urban male migrants. In Figure 4.4, the percentage share of each of the broad reasons for migration have been presented.

Statement 4.12: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration during 2007-08

**all-India**

sr. no.	reason for migration	rural			urban			rural+urban		
		male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
<b>employment related reasons</b>										
1.	in search of employment	46	1	6	151	6	61	112	3	24
2.	in search of better employment	96	2	12	165	6	66	139	3	30
3.	business	17	0	2	30	1	12	25	0	5
4.	to take up employment/better employment	81	2	10	133	9	56	114	3	25
5.	transfer of service/contract	36	1	4	68	3	28	56	1	12
6.	proximity to place of work	10	1	2	10	2	5	10	1	3
7.	<b>sub-total (srl. 1 to 6)</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>99</b>
8.	<b>studies</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>24</b>
<b>forced migration</b>										
9.	natural disaster	12	1	2	2	1	1	6	1	2
10.	social/political problem	24	2	5	7	3	4	13	2	5
11.	displacement by development projects	6	0	1	4	1	2	5	1	1
12.	<b>sub-total (srl. 9 to 11)</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>8</b>
13.	acquisition of own house/flat	42	3	7	34	9	18	37	4	11
14.	housing problems	39	3	7	16	6	10	24	4	8
15.	health care	11	1	2	4	2	2	7	1	2
16.	post retirement	26	0	3	7	0	3	14	0	3
17.	marriage	94	912	825	14	608	383	44	836	681
18.	migration of parent/earning member of the family	221	44	63	252	294	278	241	107	134
19.	others	122	17	28	34	22	26	66	18	27
20.	<b>sub-total (srl. 13 to 19)</b>	<b>555</b>	<b>980</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>941</b>	<b>720</b>	<b>433</b>	<b>970</b>	<b>866</b>
21.	<b>all (incl. n.r.)</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>

Ref: Table 22 of Appendix A



Statement 4.13: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration during 1993, 1999-2000 and 2007-08

reason for migration (1)	migrated in			
	rural areas		urban areas	
	male (2)	female (3)	male (4)	female (5)
<b>49<sup>th</sup> round (1993)</b>				
employment related reasons	477	83	415	49
studies	41	11	180	70
marriage	23	616	9	317
movement of parents/earning member	208	237	283	495
other reasons (incl. n.r.)	251	53	113	69
all	1000	1000	1000	1000
<b>55<sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000)</b>				
employment related reasons	303	10	519	30
studies	53	4	62	13
marriage	94	888	16	585
movement of parents/earning member	260	63	270	310
other reasons (incl. n.r.)	290	35	133	62
all	1000	1000	1000	1000
<b>64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)</b>				
employment related reasons	286	7	557	27
studies	107	5	68	22
marriage	94	912	14	608
movement of parents/earning member	221	44	252	294
other reasons (incl. n.r.)	292	32	109	49
all	1000	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 22 of Appendix A

4.1.8.3 *Changes in the reason for migration over different rounds:* In Statement 4.13, distribution of migrants by broad reasons for migration have been presented for NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round (1993), NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round (1999-2000) and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08). It is seen from the estimates obtained from these three NSS rounds that for females, the prominent reason for migration was *marriage* and the estimates obtained in these three periods hinted at increasing share of the reason, *marriage* in total female migrants: in 1993, it was estimated that nearly 62 per cent of the rural female migrants had migrated for *marriage*, the share had jumped to 89 per cent in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round and further increased to 91 per cent in 64<sup>th</sup> round while for urban female migrants the shares during these three time periods were 32 per cent, 59 per cent and 61 per cent respectively. Such substantial increase (nearly 30 percentage points) of the reason *marriage* in the share of female migrants is found to be in tandem with a corresponding reduction in the share of the reason *movement of parents/ earning member* during these periods. It is seen that the share of the reason *movement of parents/ earning member* in total female migrant in rural areas has reduced from 24 per cent in 49<sup>th</sup> round to 6 per cent in 55<sup>th</sup> round which further dropped by 2 percentage points in 2007-08 and for the urban females the share reduced from 50 per cent during 49<sup>th</sup> round to 29 per cent in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round. The reduction of the share of *employment related reasons* in total female migration is also visible during this three NSS rounds. For rural females the share of *employment related reasons* for

migration had dropped from 8 per cent in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round to about 1 per cent in both 55<sup>th</sup> and 64<sup>th</sup> rounds, while for urban females the share of *employment related reasons* for migration has dropped from around 5 per cent in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round to about 3 per cent in both 55<sup>th</sup> and 64<sup>th</sup> rounds. In case of male migrants of rural and urban areas the reasons for migration obtained during NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, 55<sup>th</sup> round and 64<sup>th</sup> round has shown distinct characteristics. It revealed the reduced importance of *employment related reasons* for rural male migration and increasing importance of *employment related reasons* for urban male migrants. The share of *employment related reasons* in total rural male migration had reduced from 48 per cent estimated in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round to 30 per cent in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round which further dropped to 29 per cent in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, while for urban male migrants the trend reversed, with the share of *employment related reasons* increased from 42 per cent in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round to 52 per cent in NSS 55<sup>th</sup> round which further increased to 56 per cent in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round.

Statement 4.14: Distribution (per 1000) of internal migrants by reason for migration for each of the rural - urban migration streams during 2007-08

reason for migration	male				female			
	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
(1)								
1. in search of employment	51	34	197	81	1	3	8	4
2. in search of better employment	105	76	208	98	1	4	7	5
3. business	14	25	27	36	0	2	1	0
4. to take up employment/better employment	82	85	138	127	1	7	7	11
5. transfer of service/contract	30	54	30	128	0	3	2	5
6. proximity to place of work	9	13	9	14	1	2	2	3
<b>sub-total (employment related reasons)</b>	<b>291</b>	<b>288</b>	<b>609</b>	<b>482</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>27</b>
7. marriage	122	21	16	12	926	742	628	585
8. movement of parents/earning member	237	184	228	289	36	154	282	311
9. studies	105	125	78	53	5	12	25	19
10. other reasons (incl. n.r.)	244	382	69	164	29	73	40	57
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 22 of Appendix A

4.1.8.4 *Reason for migration separately for each of the migration streams:* For each of the migration streams, viz, rural-to-rural, rural-to-urban, urban-to-rural and urban-to-urban, the reasons for migration has been studied here. The Statement 4.14 gives the per 1000 distribution of internal migrants by reason for migration for each of the migration streams at the all-india level. The Statement reveals that in case of male migrants, the two migration streams, viz., rural-to-urban and urban-to-urban were basically driven by *employment related reasons* (61 per cent of the migrants from rural-to-urban and 48 per cent of the urban-to-urban migrants are for *employment related reasons*) and even between these two migration streams, rural-to-urban migrations were prominently for *employment related reasons*. Though, *employment related reasons* were also dominating factors for males in rural-to-rural and urban-to-rural migration, the shares of *employment related reasons* were of moderate order: 29 per cent each these two migration streams. It may be noted that for the male migrants in the four types of migration streams, the *movement of parents/earning member* was also one of the significant contributing factors for migration, the share being 24 per cent for rural-to-rural, 18 per cent for urban-to-rural, 23 per cent for rural-to-urban and 29 per cent for urban-to-urban migration. The pattern observed in the reason for migration, in the four types of migration streams for females were

quite different from that in case of male migrants. Nearly 93 per cent of the females in rural-to-rural migration had migrated for *marriage*. It is observed that, for females, *marriage* remained the prime factor for migration for the other three migration streams also, viz., for urban-to-rural (74 per cent), for rural-to-urban (63 per cent) and for urban-to-urban (59 per cent), though in these cases of migration streams the share of the reason *movement of parents/earning member* for migration was also quite significant: it being 15 per cent for urban-to-rural migration, 28 per cent for rural-to-urban migration and 31 per cent for urban-to-urban migration.

#### 4.1.9 Changes in activity status with migration

4.1.9.1 In the NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round survey on Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars, details of *activity status* of all the persons were collected. The *activity status* is broadly defined as the activity situation in which a person was found during the reference period with regard to the person's participation in economic and non-economic activities. Besides the *activity status* of the person obtained during the reference period, the *usual principal activity status* of the migrants before migration was also collected in this survey. This has enabled a comparison in the shifts or changes in *usual principal activity status* of the migrants for two situations, i.e., activity status before migration and activity status after migration.

Statement 4.15: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for different categories of migrants during 2007-08

usual principal activity status	category of migrants					
	male		female		person	
	before migration	after migration	before migration	after migration	before migration	after migration
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>rural</b>						
self-employed	159	266	94	173	101	183
regular employees	141	154	5	15	19	30
casual labour	208	205	103	139	114	145
worker	508	625	202	327	234	359
unemployed	39	15	5	4	9	5
not in labour force	451	361	792	669	756	637
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
<b>urban</b>						
self-employed	169	224	31	53	83	118
regular employees	183	390	19	59	81	185
casual labour	113	82	31	31	62	50
worker	464	697	81	142	226	353
unemployed	132	16	7	5	55	9
not in labour force	402	287	910	853	718	638
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000
<b>rural+ urban</b>						
self-employed	165	240	78	143	95	161
regular employees	168	304	8	26	39	81
casual labour	148	127	85	111	97	114
worker	480	671	171	280	232	356
unemployed	98	15	6	4	24	6
not in labour force	420	315	822	716	743	637
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Note: In column 1, all includes the 'n.r.' cases of usual activity status before migration

Ref: Table 26 of Appendix A

4.1.9.2 In Statement 4.15, the distribution of migrants in different broad *usual principal activity status* have been presented at the all-India level for two situations, i.e., before migration and after migration. The State/U.T. level results have been presented in Statement 4.15.1. It is seen that in both the rural and urban areas and for both the males and females, after migration, the share of persons who were *not in labour force* has declined. For males in rural areas, the share of persons *not in labour force* declined by 9 percentage points (from 45 per cent before migration to 36 per cent after migration) and for females in rural areas the decline was nearly 12 percentage points (from 79 per cent before migration to 67 per cent after migration). For urban areas the decline in respect of males and females were 11 percentage points (from 40 per cent before migration to 29 per cent after migration) and 6 percentage points (from 91 per cent before migration to 85 per cent after migration), respectively. It is observed that the shares of *unemployed* males in both rural and urban areas, which were significant before migration, got reduced after migration while the share of *unemployed* females in the rural as well as in the urban areas remained almost negligible both for before and after migration. The share of *unemployed* in rural males, which was 4 per cent before migration, reduced to nearly 2 per cent after migration and for urban males the share of *unemployed* declined from 13 per cent to nearly 2 per cent. A higher percentage of the persons were found to be engaged in *economic activities* (i.e., *workers*) after migration: for males the percentage of *workers* increased from 51 per cent before migration to 63 per cent after migration in rural areas and from 46 per cent to 70 per cent in urban areas, while for females it increased from 20 per cent to 33 per cent in rural areas and from 8 per cent to 14 per cent in urban areas. The structure of the *workforce* has also undergone changes after migration. The discernable shifts in the shares of different statuses in employment, viz, *self-employed*, *regular employees* and *casual labours* are evident. It is seen that for rural males, *self-employment* had emerged as main recourse to employment after migration, accounting nearly 27 per cent of migrants while the shares of *regular employees* and *casual labours* remained almost stable, in both before and after migration. In case of urban males, on the other hand, besides an increase in the share of *self-employment* after migration, the percentage of *regular wage/salaried employees* also has shown a quantum jump and *casual labour* as a means of employment has reduced in importance after migration. It is seen that the percentage of *self-employment* in total urban male migrants has increased from 17 per cent before migration to 22 per cent after migration and the share of *regular employees* has increased from 18 per cent to 39 per cent. For females in rural areas, on the other hand, the shares of *self-employment* as well as *casual labour* as means of employment have increased after migration: the increase was from 9 per cent to 17 per cent in *self-employment* and from 10 per cent to 14 per cent in *casual labour*. For females in the urban areas, both the shares of *self-employment* and *regular employees* have increased after migration while the share of *casual labour* in total migrant after migration has remained at the same level as that of before migration: the share of *self-employment* has increased from 3 per cent to 5 per cent, for *regular employees* the increase was from 2 per cent to 6 per cent and for *casual labour* it remained static at 3 per cent.

#### 4.1.10 Return migration

4.1.10.1 A phenomenon in which the migrants return to their earlier usual place of residence, from which they had migrated sometime in the past, is termed as *return migration*. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, the phenomenon of return migration was captured through a question to the migrants, *whether the place of enumeration was usual place of residence (UPR) any time in the past*. Those who had answered in the affirmative, i.e., those migrants who had reported that the present place of enumeration was UPR any time in the past were considered as *return migrant*. Information on *return migration* was also collected in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round survey. The rate of *return migration* has been calculated as the number of return migrant per 1000 of migrant.

4.1.10.2 In Statement 4.16, proportion (per 1000) of return migrants per 1000 migrants has been presented for all-India level for NSS 49<sup>th</sup> and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round. The results for NSS 64<sup>th</sup>

round for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 4.16.1. It is seen that for both rural and urban areas, the rate of return migration was almost of the same order: 12 per cent for rural areas and 11 per cent in the urban areas.

Statement 4.16: Number of return migrants per 1000 migrants as per NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round (Jan-June 1993) and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)

<b>all-India</b>		
category of persons	rural	
	NSS 49 <sup>th</sup> round	NSS 64 <sup>th</sup> round
(1)	(2)	(3)
<b>rural</b>		
male	196	237
female	43	106
person	65	120
<b>urban</b>		
male	61	117
female	49	104
person	54	109
<b>rural+urban</b>		
male	122	161
female	44	106
person	62	116

Ref: Table 27 of Appendix A

*related reasons*, the chances of returning to their earlier usual place of residence are higher<sup>2</sup>. It may be seen that the rate of *return migration* estimated from NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round was on the lower side for all categories of persons. In NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, the rate of *return migration* for rural male was 20 per cent which increased to 24 per cent during 64<sup>th</sup> round and for rural female the rate increased from 4 per cent to 11 per cent during this period. In the urban areas also, the rate of *return migration* has increased significantly, for males, from 6 per cent in 49<sup>th</sup> round to 12 per cent in 64<sup>th</sup> round and for females it increased from 5 per cent in 49<sup>th</sup> round to 10 per cent in NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round.

Statement 4.17: Distribution (per 1000) of return migrants by different types of migration streams during NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round (Jan-June 1993) and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round (2007-08)

<b>all-India</b>							
category of return migrants	migration stream						
	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban	another country to rural	another country to urban	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
<b>NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round</b>							
male	261	443	119	147	20	10	1000
female	571	173	118	132	2	3	1000
person	432	294	118	139	10	6	1000
<b>NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round</b>							
male	245	266	247	199	30	13	1000
female	674	74	141	105	3	3	1000
person	558	126	170	131	10	5	1000

Ref: Table 27 of Appendix A

*return migrants*, had returned to the rural areas from rural areas and the share of urban-to-rural,

4.1.10.3 *Return migration for different types of migration streams*: In Statement 4.17, per 1000 distribution of *return migrants*, at the all-India level, have been presented for the different types of migration streams, for NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round and NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round. It may be seen that as per the estimates obtained from NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, two-thirds of the female

<sup>2</sup> The absolute number of female return migrants are high as compared to male return migrants (ref: Table 27 of Appendix) both in rural and urban sector. This may be seen in conjunction with the phenomenon of high incidence of migration of females as compared to males: female migrants account for nearly 81 per cent of total migrants.

rural-to-urban and urban-to-urban streams were 7 per cent 14 per cent and 11 per cent, respectively. The share of female *return migrants* from another country, to either rural or urban areas, was negligible. Compared to the pattern of return migration for females, for male *return migrants*, each of the migration streams, viz., rural-to-rural, urban-to-rural and rural-to-urban, shared nearly one-fourth of the *return migrants* and the migration stream, urban-to-urban shared nearly one-fifth of the total male *return migrants*. Nearly 3 per cent of the male return migrants had returned from another country to the rural areas and nearly 1 per cent had returned from another country to the urban areas. While the situation obtained from the survey results of NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round were broadly similar to those of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, the shares of some of the migration streams in *return migration* had changed. In 49<sup>th</sup> round also, for females, more than half (nearly 57 per cent) of the *return migrants* had returned from rural areas to rural areas and for males the share of urban-to-rural stream in total male return migration was nearly 44 per cent. In 64<sup>th</sup> round, the share of urban-to-rural return migration for males and females reduced by 18 and 10 per cent points respectively from that in 49<sup>th</sup> round. Correspondingly, the rural-to-urban return migration increased across the categories.

Statement 4.18: Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by period since migrated  
**all-India**

period since migrated (years)	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0	107	25	42	67	39	50	89	28	44
1	67	43	48	65	51	57	66	45	51
2	161	53	76	91	71	79	129	57	77
3	68	47	52	69	41	52	69	46	52
4	64	41	46	75	56	64	69	45	51
5	56	39	43	72	56	62	63	44	49
6-9	136	106	112	143	124	132	140	110	118
10-15	154	172	168	161	154	157	157	168	165
16 and above	186	474	413	257	409	347	219	457	393
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

4.1.10.4 In Statement 4.18, distribution of return migrants by *period since migrated* is presented. Period since migrated is intrinsically the number of years for which the return migrant had stayed in the present place of residence without further change of usual place of residence. Viewed in that perspective, it is reflective of the period of continuous stay of the return migrants in the present place of residence without further migration. However, it is to be noted that, the periods reflect the situation in a cross section of time. Since, for those who had returned back in a particular time period in the past, *period since migrated* will only extend up to the time of the survey. Thus, for those who had returned 16 years back and did not undertake any further migration, they will be considered as returned 16 years back while for those who had returned 2 years ago but will not migrate again are classified as returned back 2 years ago.

4.1.10.5 It may be seen that for each of the shorter duration of stay in the present place, say for those with less than 6 years, comparatively higher percentage of males had stayed in the present place without further migration compared to female counterparts in both the rural and urban areas. However, for longer duration of stay, say, for 16 years and above, the results show that nearly 47 per cent of the rural female return migrants and 41 per cent of the urban female return migrants had stayed in the present place of residence, which was comparatively higher than the percentage of male return migrants. For male return migrants the figures was 19 per cent and 26 per cent respectively.

Statement 4.1.1: Migration rate (per 1000 persons) for each State/U.T.

<b>rural</b>			
state/u.t./all-India	male	female	male+female
( 1 )	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	88	473	282
Arunachal Pradesh	11	5	8
Assam	26	227	120
Bihar	12	379	189
Chhattisgarh	70	531	295
Delhi	282	407	339
Goa	120	296	212
Gujarat	53	572	299
Haryana	41	593	298
Himachal Pradesh	153	592	378
Jammu & Kashmir	24	329	174
Jharkhand	10	308	156
Karnataka	80	474	273
Kerala	195	459	333
Madhya Pradesh	30	533	268
Maharashtra	98	572	329
Manipur	6	5	6
Meghalaya	38	29	33
Mizoram	107	114	110
Nagaland	62	92	76
Orissa	43	511	280
Punjab	74	571	312
Rajasthan	46	541	288
Sikkim	195	414	300
Tamil Nadu	79	354	220
Tripura	57	163	110
Uttarakhand	151	539	344
Uttar Pradesh	26	501	256
West Bengal	45	512	272
A & N Islands	508	562	533
Chandigarh	710	628	672
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	237	566	372
Daman & Diu	484	536	503
Lakshadweep	320	239	281
Puducherry	139	356	242
all-India	54	477	261



Statement 4.1.1: Migration rate (per 1000 persons) for each State/U.T.

<b>urban</b>			
state/u.t./all-India	male	female	male+female
( 1 )	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	333	467	400
Arunachal Pradesh	38	27	33
Assam	223	327	270
Bihar	208	497	345
Chhattisgarh	330	590	452
Delhi	431	422	427
Goa	323	429	377
Gujarat	276	465	365
Haryana	279	576	417
Himachal Pradesh	455	618	532
Jammu & Kashmir	97	281	186
Jharkhand	178	341	253
Karnataka	265	383	324
Kerala	258	428	348
Madhya Pradesh	160	523	336
Maharashtra	356	493	421
Manipur	10	26	18
Meghalaya	42	47	44
Mizoram	189	223	206
Nagaland	320	329	325
Orissa	324	567	442
Punjab	223	565	379
Rajasthan	240	495	362
Sikkim	536	729	627
Tamil Nadu	176	316	247
Tripura	112	201	156
Uttarakhand	397	594	486
Uttar Pradesh	165	471	310
West Bengal	233	482	353
A & N Islands	513	530	521
Chandigarh	544	521	533
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	528	656	579
Daman & Diu	254	406	323
Lakshadweep	392	215	303
Puducherry	206	402	305
all-India	259	456	354

Statement 4.1.1: Migration rate (per 1000 persons) for each State/U.T.

<b>rural+urban</b>			
state/u.t./all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	155	471	314
Arunachal Pradesh	17	9	13
Assam	45	236	134
Bihar	31	390	204
Chhattisgarh	112	540	320
Delhi	420	421	420
Goa	237	370	306
Gujarat	135	533	323
Haryana	106	588	330
Himachal Pradesh	181	594	391
Jammu & Kashmir	37	320	176
Jharkhand	39	313	172
Karnataka	140	443	289
Kerala	210	452	337
Madhya Pradesh	61	531	284
Maharashtra	205	540	367
Manipur	7	10	9
Meghalaya	38	32	35
Mizoram	143	164	153
Nagaland	121	148	134
Orissa	83	519	302
Punjab	124	569	334
Rajasthan	92	531	305
Sikkim	233	448	336
Tamil Nadu	121	338	232
Tripura	66	169	117
Uttarakhand	215	551	379
Uttar Pradesh	55	495	267
West Bengal	90	505	291
A & N Islands	510	552	529
Chandigarh	563	533	549
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	278	578	401
Daman & Diu	419	488	447
Lakshadweep	352	228	291
Puducherry	176	383	277
all-India	109	472	285

Statement 4.5.1: Migration rate (Per 1000 persons) in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>rural male</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	60	77	75	69	156	88
Arunachal Pradesh	10	1	2	19	24	11
Assam	39	24	26	14	29	26
Bihar	12	10	10	13	14	12
Chhattisgarh	57	51	88	70	80	70
Delhi	329	341	151	344	255	282
Goa	58	91	30	80	345	120
Gujarat	21	34	34	48	122	53
Haryana	52	24	59	33	37	41
Himachal Pradesh	36	68	109	143	393	153
Jammu & Kashmir	8	22	29	25	35	24
Jharkhand	4	5	8	9	24	10
Karnataka	30	38	61	66	197	80
Kerala	118	123	167	225	338	195
Madhya Pradesh	23	14	15	32	65	30
Maharashtra	48	59	76	86	213	98
Manipur	7	3	2	7	14	6
Meghalaya	12	15	26	51	83	38
Mizoram	122	125	81	51	155	107
Nagaland	27	35	40	66	143	62
Orissa	18	25	47	48	74	43
Punjab	40	61	41	87	135	74
Rajasthan	32	23	39	42	90	46
Sikkim	85	86	128	179	487	195
Tamil Nadu	57	40	59	72	165	79
Tripura	64	45	49	52	72	57
Uttarakhand	41	75	110	172	327	151
Uttar Pradesh	15	21	19	31	41	26
West Bengal	31	32	43	53	66	45
A & N Islands	405	496	532	502	615	508
Chandigarh	805	515	667	813	735	709
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	41	0	5	330	735	237
Daman & Diu	86	445	454	827	451	485
Lakshadweep	256	132	200	471	563	318
Puducherry	15	49	173	186	245	139

Statement 4.5.1: Migration rate (Per 1000 persons) in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>rural female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					all
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	419	410	475	491	574	473
Arunachal Pradesh	5	0	13	0	6	5
Assam	234	255	244	167	238	227
Bihar	316	370	369	406	440	379
Chhattisgarh	417	489	581	580	602	531
Delhi	555	327	427	354	326	407
Goa	294	340	189	335	318	296
Gujarat	499	515	538	638	685	572
Haryana	512	565	581	640	676	593
Himachal Pradesh	474	542	594	640	721	592
Jammu & Kashmir	287	301	222	364	488	329
Jharkhand	186	281	305	339	430	308
Karnataka	405	452	478	477	566	474
Kerala	310	430	453	535	572	459
Madhya Pradesh	461	498	526	564	625	533
Maharashtra	463	542	567	605	701	572
Manipur	10	1	3	1	10	5
Meghalaya	6	13	20	23	84	29
Mizoram	111	100	146	52	159	114
Nagaland	65	43	61	90	196	92
Orissa	427	497	531	528	577	511
Punjab	466	570	580	606	644	571
Rajasthan	436	495	552	593	640	541
Sikkim	302	378	340	418	640	414
Tamil Nadu	331	290	357	386	411	354
Tripura	194	116	161	143	202	163
Uttarakhand	427	499	514	605	677	539
Uttar Pradesh	417	461	494	532	608	501
West Bengal	432	476	506	542	611	512
A & N Islands	550	417	593	560	688	562
Chandigarh	659	685	640	569	517	627
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	452	434	586	603	824	566
Daman & Diu	500	411	515	778	603	536
Lakshadweep	147	71	135	385	464	240
Puducherry	152	433	391	396	457	356

Statement 4.5.1: Migration rate (Per 1000 persons) in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

state/u.t. (1)	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	248	249	274	276	362	282
Arunachal Pradesh	7	1	7	10	16	8
Assam	129	135	128	88	124	120
Bihar	163	190	181	202	207	189
Chhattisgarh	242	274	317	322	321	295
Delhi	441	335	278	349	284	339
Goa	194	231	110	199	331	212
Gujarat	260	268	275	318	374	299
Haryana	274	280	309	309	316	298
Himachal Pradesh	272	311	353	399	553	378
Jammu & Kashmir	151	159	129	185	246	174
Jharkhand	94	144	148	167	227	156
Karnataka	222	246	257	273	367	273
Kerala	220	288	314	385	459	333
Madhya Pradesh	235	252	253	283	317	268
Maharashtra	261	300	312	340	434	329
Manipur	8	2	2	4	12	6
Meghalaya	9	14	23	38	84	33
Mizoram	118	113	112	51	158	110
Nagaland	46	39	50	78	168	76
Orissa	234	261	285	294	324	280
Punjab	261	296	292	340	371	312
Rajasthan	237	261	281	309	350	288
Sikkim	192	228	232	288	560	300
Tamil Nadu	201	172	210	229	288	220
Tripura	131	81	107	95	134	110
Uttarakhand	249	296	311	380	484	344
Uttar Pradesh	213	237	252	267	309	256
West Bengal	233	252	267	285	325	272
A & N Islands	471	462	561	529	653	533
Chandigarh	715	605	659	719	663	673
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	219	192	241	447	767	372
Daman & Diu	280	428	469	816	505	503
Lakshadweep	205	106	162	425	517	279
Puducherry	88	238	273	284	331	242

Statement 4.5.1: Migration rate (Per 1000 persons) in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>urban male</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	256	275	337	350	442	333
Arunachal Pradesh	29	71	17	25	40	38
Assam	158	152	155	223	420	223
Bihar	58	111	155	301	422	208
Chhattisgarh	230	222	248	326	575	330
Delhi	350	388	422	516	464	431
Goa	74	182	316	280	752	323
Gujarat	198	269	264	304	336	276
Haryana	251	204	339	287	318	279
Himachal Pradesh	174	309	351	654	711	455
Jammu & Kashmir	67	35	58	130	195	97
Jharkhand	10	100	183	274	309	178
Karnataka	58	157	255	316	509	265
Kerala	149	146	176	372	432	258
Madhya Pradesh	57	85	149	183	316	160
Maharashtra	153	266	372	463	508	356
Manipur	0	2	0	50	0	10
Meghalaya	24	26	11	67	83	42
Mizoram	128	127	173	187	349	189
Nagaland	332	261	199	412	404	320
Orissa	131	180	282	393	605	324
Punjab	168	172	250	260	267	223
Rajasthan	125	184	220	279	374	240
Sikkim	531	458	671	271	672	536
Tamil Nadu	96	120	180	196	284	176
Tripura	82	71	118	116	176	112
Uttarakhand	155	313	389	487	611	397
Uttar Pradesh	60	120	82	162	390	165
West Bengal	139	187	233	281	319	233
A & N Islands	358	353	536	769	582	512
Chandigarh	386	405	647	460	759	544
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	344	526	667	690	412	529
Daman & Diu	106	295	275	340	259	255
Lakshadweep	115	214	200	516	862	391
Puducherry	262	199	92	266	182	206

Statement 4.5.1: Migration rate (Per 1000 persons) in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>urban female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					all
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	410	397	460	555	518	467
Arunachal Pradesh	29	35	15	23	36	27
Assam	316	284	241	328	472	327
Bihar	373	398	429	583	695	497
Chhattisgarh	621	421	593	580	749	590
Delhi	414	443	406	428	420	422
Goa	271	303	467	380	737	429
Gujarat	378	447	493	494	525	465
Haryana	516	597	564	528	697	576
Himachal Pradesh	428	612	611	757	760	618
Jammu & Kashmir	200	217	254	292	444	281
Jharkhand	161	257	353	470	488	341
Karnataka	305	321	363	408	533	383
Kerala	248	340	409	568	600	428
Madhya Pradesh	411	497	523	572	626	523
Maharashtra	446	471	494	519	539	493
Manipur	8	0	0	57	61	26
Meghalaya	41	11	31	75	77	46
Mizoram	144	190	225	165	381	223
Nagaland	308	330	250	423	321	329
Orissa	473	567	593	545	675	567
Punjab	499	561	553	577	634	565
Rajasthan	422	480	496	530	559	495
Sikkim	721	615	732	769	774	728
Tamil Nadu	252	317	354	306	353	316
Tripura	185	123	265	192	246	202
Uttarakhand	318	635	601	701	777	594
Uttar Pradesh	340	438	457	517	616	471
West Bengal	409	447	508	507	546	482
A & N Islands	417	473	527	664	538	529
Chandigarh	297	558	592	610	619	521
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	571	550	833	692	696	661
Daman & Diu	267	304	400	477	647	409
Lakshadweep	32	156	37	320	652	216
Puducherry	335	464	339	458	440	402

Statement 4.5.1: Migration rate (Per 1000 persons) in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>urban male+female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	336	337	398	449	479	400
Arunachal Pradesh	29	55	18	24	40	33
Assam	231	213	194	267	443	270
Bihar	205	248	285	433	554	345
Chhattisgarh	449	314	405	444	643	452
Delhi	381	414	415	480	446	427
Goa	173	244	393	334	744	377
Gujarat	290	356	369	385	422	365
Haryana	378	381	452	398	479	417
Himachal Pradesh	310	465	478	693	733	532
Jammu & Kashmir	136	121	151	205	318	186
Jharkhand	83	175	256	361	390	253
Karnataka	184	244	309	361	520	324
Kerala	203	250	301	474	516	348
Madhya Pradesh	237	285	336	362	461	336
Maharashtra	298	364	430	489	522	421
Manipur	4	1	0	54	30	18
Meghalaya	32	18	22	69	80	44
Mizoram	135	157	198	176	366	206
Nagaland	318	296	224	418	365	325
Orissa	309	366	432	470	636	442
Punjab	316	346	387	408	439	379
Rajasthan	276	324	357	404	452	362
Sikkim	629	520	712	525	719	626
Tamil Nadu	177	218	268	253	318	247
Tripura	131	96	190	154	210	156
Uttarakhand	240	450	483	585	681	486
Uttar Pradesh	201	273	259	326	494	310
West Bengal	281	312	354	388	431	353
A & N Islands	386	407	529	717	563	521
Chandigarh	336	475	624	531	705	533
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	443	525	732	691	526	582
Daman & Diu	185	289	330	404	409	323
Lakshadweep	54	183	115	421	769	302
Puducherry	300	326	226	347	325	305



Statement 4.5.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>rural male</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	131	171	172	162	364	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	178	15	32	338	437	1000
Assam	305	178	192	100	225	1000
Bihar	195	158	174	223	249	1000
Chhattisgarh	157	140	268	196	240	1000
Delhi	237	218	111	243	191	1000
Goa	90	140	50	151	570	1000
Gujarat	77	127	127	186	483	1000
Haryana	249	117	280	166	188	1000
Himachal Pradesh	45	89	145	186	536	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	67	179	231	216	307	1000
Jharkhand	87	90	171	179	473	1000
Karnataka	72	93	157	160	517	1000
Kerala	119	122	174	234	350	1000
Madhya Pradesh	150	89	100	214	448	1000
Maharashtra	94	117	155	174	460	1000
Manipur	214	75	55	225	431	1000
Meghalaya	61	74	147	275	443	1000
Mizoram	224	238	155	94	289	1000
Nagaland	85	114	134	205	462	1000
Orissa	83	116	227	223	352	1000
Punjab	103	170	115	233	378	1000
Rajasthan	136	97	176	185	406	1000
Sikkim	85	89	129	193	504	1000
Tamil Nadu	138	96	151	187	427	1000
Tripura	219	156	169	192	265	1000
Uttarakhand	50	94	145	235	475	1000
Uttar Pradesh	115	164	143	252	326	1000
West Bengal	131	139	193	240	297	1000
A & N Islands	163	211	196	204	226	1000
Chandigarh	166	134	172	269	259	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	37	1	5	262	695	1000
Daman & Diu	31	160	192	439	179	1000
Lakshadweep	179	86	113	296	325	1000
Puducherry	20	69	258	285	367	1000

Statement 4.5.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>rural female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					all
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	184	177	199	202	237	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	189	0	536	17	257	1000
Assam	202	231	213	152	202	1000
Bihar	173	203	191	214	219	1000
Chhattisgarh	166	191	212	218	213	1000
Delhi	324	151	220	158	147	1000
Goa	226	250	121	201	202	1000
Gujarat	185	184	190	214	226	1000
Haryana	180	195	201	212	213	1000
Himachal Pradesh	169	184	198	219	231	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	182	183	142	211	282	1000
Jharkhand	122	188	190	215	285	1000
Karnataka	179	195	194	208	224	1000
Kerala	138	192	194	230	247	1000
Madhya Pradesh	177	195	195	211	223	1000
Maharashtra	172	193	195	212	228	1000
Manipur	414	27	135	15	409	1000
Meghalaya	41	95	130	155	579	1000
Mizoram	202	173	251	95	280	1000
Nagaland	145	95	129	205	426	1000
Orissa	174	193	202	209	222	1000
Punjab	178	190	198	215	218	1000
Rajasthan	168	189	197	217	229	1000
Sikkim	152	184	165	191	307	1000
Tamil Nadu	192	170	200	213	226	1000
Tripura	246	145	206	164	238	1000
Uttarakhand	172	195	190	216	226	1000
Uttar Pradesh	170	187	200	207	237	1000
West Bengal	175	189	196	207	233	1000
A & N Islands	195	153	199	197	257	1000
Chandigarh	286	263	196	145	110	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	183	159	198	221	239	1000
Daman & Diu	242	192	173	181	212	1000
Lakshadweep	136	49	120	364	331	1000
Puducherry	97	253	217	231	202	1000

Statement 4.5.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>rural male+female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	176	176	195	196	257	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	181	11	170	250	388	1000
Assam	214	225	210	146	205	1000
Bihar	174	202	191	214	220	1000
Chhattisgarh	165	185	219	216	216	1000
Delhi	285	181	170	197	167	1000
Goa	189	220	102	188	301	1000
Gujarat	175	179	185	212	250	1000
Haryana	185	189	207	208	211	1000
Himachal Pradesh	144	165	187	212	292	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	174	183	148	212	283	1000
Jharkhand	121	184	190	214	291	1000
Karnataka	163	180	189	200	268	1000
Kerala	133	173	188	231	276	1000
Madhya Pradesh	175	188	189	211	237	1000
Maharashtra	160	181	189	207	263	1000
Manipur	297	55	88	138	422	1000
Meghalaya	52	83	140	224	501	1000
Mizoram	213	205	203	94	285	1000
Nagaland	120	103	131	205	441	1000
Orissa	167	187	204	210	232	1000
Punjab	169	188	188	217	238	1000
Rajasthan	165	181	195	215	243	1000
Sikkim	130	152	153	192	373	1000
Tamil Nadu	183	157	191	208	261	1000
Tripura	239	148	197	171	245	1000
Uttarakhand	145	173	180	221	281	1000
Uttar Pradesh	167	186	197	209	241	1000
West Bengal	172	185	196	210	238	1000
A & N Islands	179	182	197	200	241	1000
Chandigarh	218	190	182	215	195	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	128	100	126	236	410	1000
Daman & Diu	113	172	185	338	192	1000
Lakshadweep	161	71	116	325	328	1000
Puducherry	74	197	229	248	252	1000

Statement 4.5.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>urban male</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	148	164	202	215	271	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	153	396	95	133	223	1000
Assam	141	134	134	210	382	1000
Bihar	57	106	149	292	396	1000
Chhattisgarh	119	131	155	199	396	1000
Delhi	150	171	200	254	224	1000
Goa	46	115	195	162	482	1000
Gujarat	133	187	195	236	249	1000
Haryana	176	152	232	213	228	1000
Himachal Pradesh	70	122	155	327	326	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	130	73	122	281	394	1000
Jharkhand	10	109	215	317	349	1000
Karnataka	43	112	191	243	411	1000
Kerala	111	111	134	291	353	1000
Madhya Pradesh	68	109	177	239	406	1000
Maharashtra	82	148	208	264	297	1000
Manipur	0	27	10	964	0	1000
Meghalaya	132	118	49	344	358	1000
Mizoram	133	145	185	195	342	1000
Nagaland	209	172	124	240	256	1000
Orissa	76	113	176	235	400	1000
Punjab	155	158	226	226	235	1000
Rajasthan	100	158	173	224	346	1000
Sikkim	210	164	291	79	256	1000
Tamil Nadu	106	138	209	217	329	1000
Tripura	147	126	208	208	312	1000
Uttarakhand	70	174	189	242	324	1000
Uttar Pradesh	69	145	100	199	487	1000
West Bengal	109	161	217	247	267	1000
A & N Islands	155	149	189	283	224	1000
Chandigarh	116	151	258	164	311	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	118	215	287	224	156	1000
Daman & Diu	85	200	228	271	217	1000
Lakshadweep	49	108	92	287	465	1000
Puducherry	263	192	82	310	154	1000

Statement 4.5.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>urban female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	182	174	195	232	217	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	214	241	121	162	261	1000
Assam	203	182	146	187	283	1000
Bihar	148	161	173	231	287	1000
Chhattisgarh	260	137	196	194	212	1000
Delhi	214	223	190	185	187	1000
Goa	125	144	215	186	331	1000
Gujarat	177	200	209	193	220	1000
Haryana	185	202	219	188	207	1000
Himachal Pradesh	163	207	214	185	231	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	153	152	176	199	320	1000
Jharkhand	100	158	194	264	283	1000
Karnataka	162	178	193	209	259	1000
Kerala	122	162	195	257	264	1000
Madhya Pradesh	165	197	201	206	231	1000
Maharashtra	189	194	202	206	209	1000
Manipur	56	0	0	457	487	1000
Meghalaya	172	50	153	274	352	1000
Mizoram	131	165	189	150	365	1000
Nagaland	185	193	152	280	190	1000
Orissa	179	197	207	199	218	1000
Punjab	175	195	194	206	229	1000
Rajasthan	183	194	202	223	198	1000
Sikkim	252	123	212	205	208	1000
Tamil Nadu	164	198	227	193	219	1000
Tripura	181	124	263	195	237	1000
Uttarakhand	124	211	189	236	240	1000
Uttar Pradesh	153	188	195	212	252	1000
West Bengal	186	184	192	205	232	1000
A & N Islands	149	164	219	285	184	1000
Chandigarh	140	212	216	236	197	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	218	151	192	233	206	1000
Daman & Diu	141	163	184	252	260	1000
Lakshadweep	19	171	39	279	493	1000
Puducherry	184	205	180	198	233	1000

Statement 4.5.2: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants in different MPCE quintile class for each State/U.T.

<b>urban male+female</b>						
state/u.t.	MPCE quintile class					
	0-20	20-40	40-60	60-80	80-100	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	168	170	198	225	240	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	176	337	105	144	237	1000
Assam	175	160	140	197	328	1000
Bihar	119	144	165	250	321	1000
Chhattisgarh	205	135	180	196	284	1000
Delhi	179	194	196	223	208	1000
Goa	92	132	206	176	395	1000
Gujarat	159	195	203	211	232	1000
Haryana	182	184	223	197	214	1000
Himachal Pradesh	121	169	187	249	274	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	147	131	161	221	339	1000
Jharkhand	66	140	202	284	309	1000
Karnataka	114	151	192	223	321	1000
Kerala	118	144	173	269	295	1000
Madhya Pradesh	141	175	195	214	274	1000
Maharashtra	142	173	205	232	248	1000
Manipur	40	8	3	603	347	1000
Meghalaya	153	82	104	307	355	1000
Mizoram	132	156	187	171	354	1000
Nagaland	197	182	138	260	223	1000
Orissa	140	166	196	213	286	1000
Punjab	169	183	204	213	231	1000
Rajasthan	154	182	192	224	249	1000
Sikkim	233	142	248	148	230	1000
Tamil Nadu	144	177	220	201	258	1000
Tripura	169	125	243	200	264	1000
Uttarakhand	100	195	189	239	277	1000
Uttar Pradesh	130	176	168	208	318	1000
West Bengal	160	176	201	219	244	1000
A & N Islands	152	156	203	284	206	1000
Chandigarh	127	178	239	196	259	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	163	186	244	228	179	1000
Daman & Diu	117	178	203	260	241	1000
Lakshadweep	38	130	73	284	475	1000
Puducherry	210	201	147	236	206	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**rural male**

state/u.t./ all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay		permanent	all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	4	328	668	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	40	760	80	1000
Assam	27	159	814	1000
Bihar	30	164	792	1000
Chhattisgarh	32	244	714	1000
Delhi	6	240	753	1000
Goa	11	636	353	1000
Gujarat	22	213	764	1000
Haryana	2	113	885	1000
Himachal Pradesh	13	472	515	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	18	364	617	1000
Jharkhand	0	138	836	1000
Karnataka	6	471	523	1000
Kerala	21	140	839	1000
Madhya Pradesh	12	120	858	1000
Maharashtra	19	293	688	1000
Manipur	286	694	20	1000
Meghalaya	0	310	690	1000
Mizoram	0	61	939	1000
Nagaland	17	785	165	1000
Orissa	12	421	567	1000
Punjab	10	301	689	1000
Rajasthan	14	268	718	1000
Sikkim	2	516	480	1000
Tamil Nadu	7	209	784	1000
Tripura	2	219	779	1000
Uttarakhand	13	268	719	1000
Uttar Pradesh	41	172	787	1000
West Bengal	24	134	841	1000
A & N Islands	3	254	741	1000
Chandigarh	0	231	769	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	440	560	1000
Daman & Diu	0	10	990	1000
Lakshadweep	18	582	400	1000
Puducherry	26	117	853	1000
all-India	17	253	728	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**rural female**

state/u.t./ all-India	nature of movement				all (incl. n.r.)
	temporary with duration of stay		permanent		
	less than 12 months	12 months of more			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	
Andhra Pradesh	0	50	950	1000	
Arunachal Pradesh	0	421	526	1000	
Assam	0	9	991	1000	
Bihar	0	18	979	1000	
Chhattisgarh	5	41	953	1000	
Delhi	5	116	879	1000	
Goa	0	179	821	1000	
Gujarat	1	19	980	1000	
Haryana	1	12	987	1000	
Himachal Pradesh	0	63	937	1000	
Jammu & Kashmir	1	14	985	1000	
Jharkhand	0	4	996	1000	
Karnataka	1	43	956	1000	
Kerala	9	47	944	1000	
Madhya Pradesh	0	12	988	1000	
Maharashtra	2	47	951	1000	
Manipur	0	800	171	1000	
Meghalaya	0	243	739	1000	
Mizoram	0	63	937	1000	
Nagaland	18	435	532	1000	
Orissa	0	27	972	1000	
Punjab	0	20	980	1000	
Rajasthan	1	18	981	1000	
Sikkim	1	243	755	1000	
Tamil Nadu	2	37	962	1000	
Tripura	0	59	937	1000	
Uttarakhand	4	40	956	1000	
Uttar Pradesh	1	15	984	1000	
West Bengal	0	21	979	1000	
A & N Islands	0	167	834	1000	
Chandigarh	0	188	812	1000	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	90	910	1000	
Daman & Diu	0	10	990	1000	
Lakshadweep	0	500	500	1000	
Puducherry	8	12	980	1000	
all-India	1	27	972	1000	



Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**rural male+ female**

state/u.t./ all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	1	93	906	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	29	667	203	1000
Assam	3	27	970	1000
Bihar	1	23	973	1000
Chhattisgarh	8	66	924	1000
Delhi	6	173	822	1000
Goa	3	302	695	1000
Gujarat	3	37	960	1000
Haryana	1	19	980	1000
Himachal Pradesh	3	144	853	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	2	39	959	1000
Jharkhand	0	8	991	1000
Karnataka	2	107	891	1000
Kerala	12	73	915	1000
Madhya Pradesh	1	18	980	1000
Maharashtra	5	84	911	1000
Manipur	167	738	83	1000
Meghalaya	0	282	711	1000
Mizoram	0	62	938	1000
Nagaland	18	580	378	1000
Orissa	1	57	942	1000
Punjab	1	55	944	1000
Rajasthan	2	38	960	1000
Sikkim	1	336	663	1000
Tamil Nadu	3	67	930	1000
Tripura	1	100	896	1000
Uttarakhand	6	90	904	1000
Uttar Pradesh	3	24	974	1000
West Bengal	2	30	967	1000
A & N Islands	2	211	787	1000
Chandigarh	0	212	788	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	221	779	1000
Daman & Diu	0	10	990	1000
Lakshadweep	11	558	442	1000
Puducherry	14	44	942	1000
all-India	3	51	946	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**urban male**

state/u.t./all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	14	180	806	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	22	891	0	1000
Assam	6	459	535	1000
Bihar	8	388	602	1000
Chhattisgarh	0	387	613	1000
Delhi	1	276	723	1000
Goa	8	503	489	1000
Gujarat	7	199	794	1000
Haryana	9	227	764	1000
Himachal Pradesh	6	648	346	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	4	593	404	1000
Jharkhand	3	600	397	1000
Karnataka	4	272	724	1000
Kerala	23	285	692	1000
Madhya Pradesh	3	325	671	1000
Maharashtra	5	156	839	1000
Manipur	222	778	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	753	208	1000
Mizoram	5	290	694	1000
Nagaland	0	846	146	1000
Orissa	0	584	416	1000
Punjab	10	309	681	1000
Rajasthan	10	269	721	1000
Sikkim	0	772	228	1000
Tamil Nadu	18	186	796	1000
Tripura	39	289	669	1000
Uttarakhand	25	412	521	1000
Uttar Pradesh	7	431	562	1000
West Bengal	3	202	795	1000
A & N Islands	0	425	575	1000
Chandigarh	0	508	492	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	385	615	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	1000	1000
Lakshadweep	37	630	333	1000
Puducherry	78	175	745	1000
all-India	8	264	727	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**urban female**

state/u.t./all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	1	108	891	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	36	857	0	1000
Assam	2	180	818	1000
Bihar	1	134	860	1000
Chhattisgarh	2	270	728	1000
Delhi	0	144	856	1000
Goa	2	193	805	1000
Gujarat	0	75	925	1000
Haryana	0	75	925	1000
Himachal Pradesh	0	291	709	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	1	113	886	1000
Jharkhand	0	258	741	1000
Karnataka	3	140	857	1000
Kerala	15	147	838	1000
Madhya Pradesh	3	92	904	1000
Maharashtra	3	87	910	1000
Manipur	61	939	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	826	186	1000
Mizoram	0	230	761	1000
Nagaland	0	767	225	1000
Orissa	0	272	727	1000
Punjab	0	69	931	1000
Rajasthan	1	74	924	1000
Sikkim	0	631	374	1000
Tamil Nadu	5	95	899	1000
Tripura	22	279	699	1000
Uttarakhand	16	209	759	1000
Uttar Pradesh	4	108	888	1000
West Bengal	0	77	922	1000
A & N Islands	0	330	674	1000
Chandigarh	0	395	605	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	184	803	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	988	1000
Lakshadweep	0	667	333	1000
Puducherry	1	83	916	1000
all-India	3	112	885	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**urban male+female**

state/u.t./all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	6	138	855	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	27	878	14	1000
Assam	4	307	689	1000
Bihar	3	215	778	1000
Chhattisgarh	1	315	683	1000
Delhi	0	217	782	1000
Goa	5	324	671	1000
Gujarat	3	125	872	1000
Haryana	3	129	868	1000
Himachal Pradesh	3	452	545	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	2	242	756	1000
Jharkhand	1	389	609	1000
Karnataka	3	194	803	1000
Kerala	18	196	787	1000
Madhya Pradesh	3	150	846	1000
Maharashtra	4	118	878	1000
Manipur	98	902	0	1000
Meghalaya	0	780	195	1000
Mizoram	2	257	732	1000
Nagaland	1	806	185	1000
Orissa	0	389	610	1000
Punjab	3	146	851	1000
Rajasthan	4	141	854	1000
Sikkim	0	692	305	1000
Tamil Nadu	10	127	863	1000
Tripura	29	283	689	1000
Uttarakhand	20	299	653	1000
Uttar Pradesh	5	198	797	1000
West Bengal	1	119	878	1000
A & N Islands	0	380	620	1000
Chandigarh	0	457	543	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	293	701	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	1000	1000
Lakshadweep	24	643	333	1000
Puducherry	28	114	859	1000
all-India	4	170	825	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**rural+urban male**

state/u.t./all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	10	240	749	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	31	823	42	1000
Assam	17	301	682	1000
Bihar	16	312	666	1000
Chhattisgarh	17	312	665	1000
Delhi	1	274	725	1000
Goa	9	531	460	1000
Gujarat	11	203	787	1000
Haryana	7	195	798	1000
Himachal Pradesh	11	514	475	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	12	472	516	1000
Jharkhand	2	505	488	1000
Karnataka	5	349	646	1000
Kerala	21	182	797	1000
Madhya Pradesh	6	247	742	1000
Maharashtra	9	194	797	1000
Manipur	263	724	13	1000
Meghalaya	0	383	606	1000
Mizoram	3	195	797	1000
Nagaland	7	820	155	1000
Orissa	6	511	483	1000
Punjab	10	306	684	1000
Rajasthan	12	268	720	1000
Sikkim	2	582	415	1000
Tamil Nadu	14	194	791	1000
Tripura	13	239	748	1000
Uttarakhand	19	337	624	1000
Uttar Pradesh	20	335	645	1000
West Bengal	11	175	813	1000
A & N Islands	2	313	684	1000
Chandigarh	0	468	532	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	425	575	1000
Daman & Diu	0	8	992	1000
Lakshadweep	18	609	364	1000
Puducherry	61	156	785	1000
all-India	11	260	728	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**rural+urban female**

state/u.t./all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	0	65	934	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	21	681	213	1000
Assam	0	30	969	1000
Bihar	0	32	965	1000
Chhattisgarh	4	80	916	1000
Delhi	0	142	858	1000
Goa	1	188	811	1000
Gujarat	1	37	963	1000
Haryana	1	28	971	1000
Himachal Pradesh	0	82	917	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	1	29	970	1000
Jharkhand	0	48	952	1000
Karnataka	1	71	928	1000
Kerala	10	70	920	1000
Madhya Pradesh	1	31	967	1000
Maharashtra	2	62	936	1000
Manipur	40	891	59	1000
Meghalaya	0	381	605	1000
Mizoram	0	166	830	1000
Nagaland	9	610	369	1000
Orissa	0	63	937	1000
Punjab	0	36	964	1000
Rajasthan	1	30	969	1000
Sikkim	1	311	689	1000
Tamil Nadu	3	60	937	1000
Tripura	4	103	890	1000
Uttarakhand	7	81	908	1000
Uttar Pradesh	1	34	965	1000
West Bengal	0	33	966	1000
A & N Islands	0	217	782	1000
Chandigarh	0	367	633	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	105	895	1000
Daman & Diu	0	11	989	1000
Lakshadweep	0	571	429	1000
Puducherry	4	55	941	1000
all-India	1	48	950	1000

Statement 4.7.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by nature of movements for each State/U.T

**rural+urban male+female**

state/u.t./all-India	nature of movement			
	temporary with duration of stay			all (incl. n.r.)
	less than 12 months	12 months of more	permanent	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	3	108	889	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	28	783	98	1000
Assam	3	79	918	1000
Bihar	2	55	941	1000
Chhattisgarh	7	122	870	1000
Delhi	1	215	784	1000
Goa	4	317	679	1000
Gujarat	3	73	924	1000
Haryana	2	57	941	1000
Himachal Pradesh	3	181	817	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	2	77	921	1000
Jharkhand	0	101	898	1000
Karnataka	2	139	859	1000
Kerala	13	103	884	1000
Madhya Pradesh	1	55	942	1000
Maharashtra	4	100	895	1000
Manipur	136	819	40	1000
Meghalaya	0	382	606	1000
Mizoram	1	180	813	1000
Nagaland	9	708	270	1000
Orissa	1	124	875	1000
Punjab	2	89	909	1000
Rajasthan	2	67	931	1000
Sikkim	1	409	589	1000
Tamil Nadu	6	94	900	1000
Tripura	7	141	849	1000
Uttarakhand	10	156	825	1000
Uttar Pradesh	3	66	931	1000
West Bengal	2	56	942	1000
A & N Islands	1	267	732	1000
Chandigarh	0	423	577	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	236	764	1000
Daman & Diu	0	8	992	1000
Lakshadweep	11	594	389	1000
Puducherry	22	87	890	1000
all-India	3	90	906	1000

Table 4.8.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	641	138	35	90	76	18	2	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	300	10	140	416	64	25	1	1000
Assam	773	133	28	18	31	17	0	1000
Bihar	607	160	70	52	46	61	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	496	195	107	58	36	85	9	1000
Delhi	0	6	647	0	109	237	0	1000
Goa	284	0	468	6	110	131	2	1000
Gujarat	376	154	239	148	68	12	2	1000
Haryana	230	239	241	17	95	165	13	1000
Himachal Pradesh	325	71	67	140	130	216	51	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	316	157	60	239	169	58	0	1000
Jharkhand	564	288	2	58	13	50	0	1000
Karnataka	377	199	59	59	223	84	0	1000
Kerala	464	175	50	90	54	74	93	1000
Madhya Pradesh	588	210	18	91	42	46	0	1000
Maharashtra	447	260	68	82	110	31	3	1000
Manipur	323	310	142	0	90	131	0	1000
Meghalaya	412	240	35	91	78	129	0	1000
Mizoram	456	174	84	37	49	1	200	1000
Nagaland	150	133	116	230	324	38	4	1000
Orissa	586	128	39	55	65	127	0	1000
Punjab	236	136	280	72	106	78	92	1000
Rajasthan	544	191	63	52	51	85	14	1000
Sikkim	393	210	199	44	34	42	77	1000
Tamil Nadu	412	211	34	85	158	61	39	1000
Tripura	460	27	214	19	0	1	254	1000
Uttarakhand	288	212	166	126	90	109	9	1000
Uttar Pradesh	385	214	100	65	65	151	20	1000
West Bengal	506	101	35	43	97	61	155	1000
A & N Islands	481	102	232	102	53	12	18	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	718	0	0	208	75	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	36	0	901	2	0	61	0	1000
Daman & Diu	51	0	486	107	0	356	0	1000
Lakshadweep	341	0	52	562	0	45	0	1000
Puducherry	225	8	537	7	0	218	5	1000
all-India	462	180	86	77	91	72	32	1000



Table 4.8.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	782	125	21	46	21	4	1	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	742	91	33	31	39	5	0	1000
Assam	732	216	5	32	12	1	2	1000
Bihar	682	244	22	30	14	4	1	1000
Chhattisgarh	736	174	46	22	8	12	1	1000
Delhi	0	110	551	0	198	141	0	1000
Goa	690	48	89	36	71	66	0	1000
Gujarat	722	183	21	57	16	1	0	1000
Haryana	314	447	161	23	27	28	0	1000
Himachal Pradesh	807	101	29	31	11	13	7	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	835	100	13	25	26	1	0	1000
Jharkhand	515	415	22	22	19	6	0	1000
Karnataka	694	187	46	40	25	8	0	1000
Kerala	686	151	27	82	23	24	6	1000
Madhya Pradesh	676	215	39	44	18	6	0	1000
Maharashtra	673	212	28	46	37	4	0	1000
Manipur	847	27	14	0	98	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	240	392	162	77	34	95	0	1000
Mizoram	465	190	64	59	71	1	150	1000
Nagaland	459	109	83	144	196	6	3	1000
Orissa	816	143	13	16	10	3	0	1000
Punjab	501	318	74	40	46	17	3	1000
Rajasthan	716	178	57	26	15	8	0	1000
Sikkim	468	242	140	39	30	19	59	1000
Tamil Nadu	637	225	12	47	60	16	3	1000
Tripura	745	65	70	42	3	1	63	1000
Uttarakhand	681	115	114	42	23	23	2	1000
Uttar Pradesh	641	275	30	28	15	7	3	1000
West Bengal	754	168	18	30	12	4	12	1000
A & N Islands	484	123	243	72	62	7	9	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	792	0	0	142	66	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	676	30	253	1	0	41	0	1000
Daman & Diu	227	0	551	70	0	152	0	1000
Lakshadweep	323	0	41	611	0	24	0	1000
Puducherry	199	34	582	78	0	107	0	1000
all-India	683	214	35	36	21	8	2	1000

Table 4.8.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	761	127	23	53	29	6	1	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	421	33	111	311	57	20	1	1000
Assam	736	207	7	30	14	3	2	1000
Bihar	680	242	23	31	15	6	0	1000
Chhattisgarh	707	177	53	26	11	21	2	1000
Delhi	0	63	595	0	158	184	0	1000
Goa	581	35	191	28	81	84	0	1000
Gujarat	690	180	41	66	21	2	0	1000
Haryana	308	432	167	22	32	38	1	1000
Himachal Pradesh	712	95	37	53	34	54	15	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	799	104	17	40	36	5	0	1000
Jharkhand	517	411	22	24	18	7	0	1000
Karnataka	647	189	48	42	55	19	0	1000
Kerala	624	158	34	84	31	38	30	1000
Madhya Pradesh	671	215	38	46	19	9	0	1000
Maharashtra	638	219	34	52	48	8	0	1000
Manipur	540	193	89	0	93	77	0	1000
Meghalaya	339	305	89	85	59	114	0	1000
Mizoram	460	182	74	48	60	1	175	1000
Nagaland	329	119	97	180	250	20	3	1000
Orissa	798	141	15	19	14	12	0	1000
Punjab	469	296	99	44	53	25	14	1000
Rajasthan	702	179	57	28	18	14	2	1000
Sikkim	443	231	160	41	32	27	65	1000
Tamil Nadu	597	222	16	54	77	24	10	1000
Tripura	671	55	107	36	2	1	112	1000
Uttarakhand	594	136	126	60	38	42	4	1000
Uttar Pradesh	628	272	34	30	18	14	4	1000
West Bengal	733	162	20	31	20	9	24	1000
A & N Islands	483	112	237	87	57	9	14	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	750	0	0	179	71	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	436	18	496	1	0	48	0	1000
Daman & Diu	119	0	512	93	0	276	0	1000
Lakshadweep	334	0	47	583	0	36	0	1000
Puducherry	207	26	569	56	0	141	1	1000
all-India	659	211	40	41	28	15	6	1000

Table 4.8.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	377	281	39	56	207	38	2	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	101	19	412	11	152	163	0	1000
Assam	277	343	133	41	180	26	0	1000
Bihar	530	190	21	48	145	62	3	1000
Chhattisgarh	208	114	296	66	197	109	9	1000
Delhi	6	4	589	36	143	212	9	1000
Goa	116	106	213	96	19	419	32	1000
Gujarat	264	158	291	62	142	74	10	1000
Haryana	127	99	476	40	96	152	10	1000
Himachal Pradesh	267	240	171	44	164	91	21	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	208	181	186	74	131	216	4	1000
Jharkhand	212	239	96	29	311	112	0	1000
Karnataka	163	231	148	59	204	192	2	1000
Kerala	266	209	53	214	111	101	46	1000
Madhya Pradesh	221	185	116	94	288	92	5	1000
Maharashtra	118	193	268	76	230	103	11	1000
Manipur	85	494	13	0	404	4	0	1000
Meghalaya	193	304	168	48	117	119	1	1000
Mizoram	251	225	38	105	296	62	20	1000
Nagaland	156	182	221	28	354	41	3	1000
Orissa	241	242	73	93	272	77	3	1000
Punjab	71	54	519	40	137	144	35	1000
Rajasthan	446	183	110	38	131	70	23	1000
Sikkim	257	78	219	21	66	356	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	228	237	54	146	259	68	7	1000
Tripura	498	84	91	138	22	9	157	1000
Uttarakhand	98	40	301	78	77	357	10	1000
Uttar Pradesh	195	299	89	89	237	87	2	1000
West Bengal	84	183	223	170	218	71	49	1000
A & N Islands	164	136	337	49	0	290	24	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	565	0	0	430	5	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	807	0	0	193	0	1000
Daman & Diu	75	0	444	0	119	360	1	1000
Lakshadweep	620	0	78	163	0	139	0	1000
Puducherry	98	3	434	81	63	281	41	1000
all-India	197	188	218	79	197	109	12	1000

Table 4.8.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	444	243	24	100	156	33	0	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	52	20	373	40	112	263	1	1000
Assam	409	244	66	80	182	18	0	1000
Bihar	429	253	16	91	167	39	2	1000
Chhattisgarh	287	151	188	77	217	80	0	1000
Delhi	6	7	562	41	182	190	8	1000
Goa	289	120	149	163	34	242	1	1000
Gujarat	303	225	120	128	172	49	2	1000
Haryana	136	214	264	53	159	166	8	1000
Himachal Pradesh	403	178	120	53	118	116	12	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	394	130	63	259	86	67	2	1000
Jharkhand	133	164	167	35	331	171	0	1000
Karnataka	266	219	102	103	188	120	2	1000
Kerala	474	173	17	197	82	50	8	1000
Madhya Pradesh	272	217	61	136	230	71	1	1000
Maharashtra	205	213	142	102	247	86	5	1000
Manipur	70	496	0	122	313	0	0	1000
Meghalaya	241	264	92	34	252	115	1	1000
Mizoram	236	256	16	165	255	63	9	1000
Nagaland	195	213	157	88	305	30	3	1000
Orissa	417	180	50	90	191	71	0	1000
Punjab	181	154	103	164	255	138	5	1000
Rajasthan	368	171	59	142	169	89	3	1000
Sikkim	311	178	102	27	149	226	5	1000
Tamil Nadu	291	273	29	155	206	44	1	1000
Tripura	455	99	127	225	22	16	56	1000
Uttarakhand	133	128	200	81	84	348	1	1000
Uttar Pradesh	252	249	54	192	196	55	1	1000
West Bengal	226	169	88	216	216	53	32	1000
A & N Islands	214	132	332	42	0	251	30	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	520	0	0	480	0	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	134	5	584	8	0	269	0	1000
Daman & Diu	136	0	405	2	116	338	2	1000
Lakshadweep	722	0	0	218	0	60	0	1000
Puducherry	82	45	518	88	42	216	8	1000
all-India	272	206	107	132	196	81	5	1000

Table 4.8.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last usual place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	last usual place of residence in							
	rural areas of			urban areas of			other countries	all (incl. n.r.)
	same state		other states	same state		other states		
	same district	other district		same district	other district			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Andhra Pradesh	416	259	30	81	177	35	1	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	83	19	397	22	137	201	1	1000
Assam	349	289	96	62	181	22	0	1000
Bihar	461	233	18	77	160	46	2	1000
Chhattisgarh	257	136	230	72	210	91	4	1000
Delhi	6	5	577	38	160	202	9	1000
Goa	216	114	176	135	28	317	14	1000
Gujarat	288	198	189	102	160	59	5	1000
Haryana	133	173	340	48	136	161	9	1000
Himachal Pradesh	342	206	143	49	139	105	16	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	344	143	97	209	98	107	2	1000
Jharkhand	163	193	140	33	323	149	0	1000
Karnataka	224	224	121	85	194	149	2	1000
Kerala	401	185	29	203	92	68	21	1000
Madhya Pradesh	259	209	75	126	244	76	2	1000
Maharashtra	166	204	198	90	240	94	8	1000
Manipur	74	495	4	87	339	1	0	1000
Meghalaya	219	283	128	40	188	117	1	1000
Mizoram	242	242	26	137	274	63	14	1000
Nagaland	176	198	189	58	330	35	3	1000
Orissa	351	203	59	91	221	73	1	1000
Punjab	146	122	236	124	218	140	15	1000
Rajasthan	395	175	77	106	156	82	10	1000
Sikkim	287	132	155	24	111	285	3	1000
Tamil Nadu	269	261	38	152	225	52	3	1000
Tripura	471	93	114	193	22	13	93	1000
Uttarakhand	118	89	245	80	81	352	5	1000
Uttar Pradesh	236	263	64	164	207	64	1	1000
West Bengal	178	174	134	200	217	59	38	1000
A & N Islands	187	134	335	45	0	272	27	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	545	0	0	452	3	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	61	2	706	4	0	228	0	1000
Daman & Diu	110	0	422	1	118	348	2	1000
Lakshadweep	656	0	50	183	0	111	0	1000
Puducherry	87	31	490	86	49	238	19	1000
all-India	244	199	149	112	196	91	8	1000

Statement 4.9.1: Distribution (per 1000) of internal migrants by the four types of rural-urban migration streams during for each State/U.T.

<b>male</b>					
state/u.t./all-India	migration streams				all
	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban	
( 1 )	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	333	76	413	178	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	264	287	287	161	1000
Assam	492	35	357	117	1000
Bihar	285	54	492	169	1000
Chhattisgarh	421	95	302	182	1000
Delhi	32	17	575	375	1000
Goa	166	54	350	430	1000
Gujarat	191	57	541	211	1000
Haryana	201	78	511	209	1000
Himachal Pradesh	370	389	168	74	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	281	247	272	199	1000
Jharkhand	177	25	436	361	1000
Karnataka	247	142	333	279	1000
Kerala	534	169	165	133	1000
Madhya Pradesh	311	69	325	295	1000
Maharashtra	220	63	420	297	1000
Manipur	514	135	203	149	1000
Meghalaya	581	251	118	50	1000
Mizoram	328	40	333	300	1000
Nagaland	159	238	343	260	1000
Orissa	336	110	309	245	1000
Punjab	269	106	417	208	1000
Rajasthan	312	73	465	150	1000
Sikkim	632	95	152	122	1000
Tamil Nadu	252	116	331	301	1000
Tripura	659	20	257	64	1000
Uttarakhand	356	173	217	254	1000
Uttar Pradesh	260	104	372	264	1000
West Bengal	273	86	332	310	1000
A & N Islands	545	111	224	120	1000
Chandigarh	105	30	491	373	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	684	47	215	53	1000
Daman & Diu	444	384	90	82	1000
Lakshadweep	200	300	345	155	1000
Puducherry	279	82	356	283	1000
all-India	272	89	390	248	1000

Statement 4.9.1: Distribution (per 1000) of internal migrants by the four types of rural-urban migration streams during for each State/U.T.

state/u.t./all-India	migration streams				all
	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	680	52	191	77	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	405	48	286	262	1000
Assam	836	40	90	35	1000
Bihar	835	43	85	36	1000
Chhattisgarh	798	34	105	63	1000
Delhi	49	25	539	387	1000
Goa	291	61	363	285	1000
Gujarat	632	51	206	111	1000
Haryana	679	57	164	101	1000
Himachal Pradesh	864	51	60	25	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	800	43	92	64	1000
Jharkhand	790	39	79	92	1000
Karnataka	662	52	168	118	1000
Kerala	674	101	150	74	1000
Madhya Pradesh	710	52	132	105	1000
Maharashtra	581	55	205	159	1000
Manipur	307	30	376	287	1000
Meghalaya	605	155	144	97	1000
Mizoram	290	53	336	321	1000
Nagaland	311	164	300	224	1000
Orissa	830	25	94	51	1000
Punjab	611	71	140	178	1000
Rajasthan	748	38	128	85	1000
Sikkim	738	78	110	74	1000
Tamil Nadu	527	74	237	162	1000
Tripura	759	39	145	56	1000
Uttarakhand	692	66	115	127	1000
Uttar Pradesh	765	41	108	86	1000
West Bengal	744	37	109	110	1000
A & N Islands	592	99	216	93	1000
Chandigarh	107	19	454	420	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	811	35	111	43	1000
Daman & Diu	543	157	161	139	1000
Lakshadweep	211	352	310	127	1000
Puducherry	317	72	398	213	1000
all-India	700	49	148	103	1000

Statement 4.9.1: Distribution (per 1000) of internal migrants by the four types of rural-urban migration streams during for each State/U.T.

state/u.t./all-India	migration streams				all
	rural to rural	urban to rural	rural to urban	urban to urban	
( 1 )	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
Andhra Pradesh	595	58	245	102	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	305	203	281	211	1000
Assam	774	39	138	50	1000
Bihar	792	44	117	47	1000
Chhattisgarh	731	45	140	84	1000
Delhi	40	21	559	381	1000
Goa	245	59	358	339	1000
Gujarat	535	52	280	133	1000
Haryana	598	60	223	119	1000
Himachal Pradesh	755	126	84	36	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	744	65	111	79	1000
Jharkhand	718	37	121	123	1000
Karnataka	561	74	208	157	1000
Kerala	635	120	154	91	1000
Madhya Pradesh	666	54	154	127	1000
Maharashtra	477	58	267	199	1000
Manipur	394	80	303	223	1000
Meghalaya	593	208	128	71	1000
Mizoram	307	47	335	311	1000
Nagaland	241	198	320	240	1000
Orissa	763	36	123	77	1000
Punjab	547	77	192	184	1000
Rajasthan	682	44	179	95	1000
Sikkim	700	83	125	92	1000
Tamil Nadu	458	85	261	197	1000
Tripura	735	34	173	58	1000
Uttarakhand	595	97	144	164	1000
Uttar Pradesh	711	47	136	105	1000
West Bengal	674	44	142	139	1000
A & N Islands	568	105	220	107	1000
Chandigarh	106	25	475	394	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	758	40	155	47	1000
Daman & Diu	489	285	121	105	1000
Lakshadweep	207	330	330	134	1000
Puducherry	305	75	385	236	1000
all-India	617	57	195	131	1000



Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**rural male**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	315	188	8	76	225	186	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	663	127	9	0	0	54	1000
Assam	163	36	380	84	182	148	1000
Bihar	77	20	52	475	78	254	1000
Chhattisgarh	318	71	9	51	242	297	1000
Delhi	676	0	0	6	203	114	1000
Goa	578	72	0	19	80	251	1000
Gujarat	452	98	40	78	203	120	1000
Haryana	251	47	21	143	244	259	1000
Himachal Pradesh	299	105	25	53	107	406	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	417	38	104	121	63	225	1000
Jharkhand	156	58	0	460	49	230	1000
Karnataka	171	295	26	110	239	157	1000
Kerala	177	17	6	89	220	487	1000
Madhya Pradesh	330	125	36	109	222	145	1000
Maharashtra	386	155	17	39	262	136	1000
Manipur	542	124	0	0	331	0	1000
Meghalaya	224	48	20	423	217	54	1000
Mizoram	406	12	16	20	417	71	1000
Nagaland	522	157	5	0	219	89	1000
Orissa	242	247	33	116	103	252	1000
Punjab	380	69	74	71	207	186	1000
Rajasthan	334	82	41	88	213	235	1000
Sikkim	570	67	0	8	214	141	1000
Tamil Nadu	259	90	30	59	299	241	1000
Tripura	171	35	454	22	149	165	1000
Uttarakhand	381	51	23	48	289	207	1000
Uttar Pradesh	230	18	56	170	189	315	1000
West Bengal	174	53	152	96	237	285	1000
A & N Islands	304	34	72	47	329	214	1000
Chandigarh	875	5	0	0	109	11	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	726	0	0	0	244	31	1000
Daman & Diu	732	0	0	12	202	53	1000
Lakshadweep	374	0	0	0	489	137	1000
Puducherry	286	159	49	3	235	269	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>286</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>42</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>221</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**rural female**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	13	16	1	840	92	34	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	219	168	0	450	0	29	1000
Assam	3	0	24	873	45	20	1000
Bihar	1	0	3	963	3	18	1000
Chhattisgarh	11	9	0	879	52	32	1000
Delhi	6	0	0	482	422	89	1000
Goa	4	68	0	673	208	47	1000
Gujarat	8	4	4	928	42	13	1000
Haryana	3	5	1	951	25	11	1000
Himachal Pradesh	11	13	4	886	50	34	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	2	0	5	963	6	23	1000
Jharkhand	4	0	3	978	1	10	1000
Karnataka	6	6	5	895	59	27	1000
Kerala	11	5	0	713	153	113	1000
Madhya Pradesh	6	2	2	950	22	11	1000
Maharashtra	16	11	8	867	73	24	1000
Manipur	14	107	0	183	386	0	1000
Meghalaya	74	0	0	495	352	37	1000
Mizoram	186	35	15	169	457	44	1000
Nagaland	79	25	4	500	356	27	1000
Orissa	3	10	2	946	18	18	1000
Punjab	4	0	3	928	45	15	1000
Rajasthan	4	3	3	943	26	19	1000
Sikkim	36	54	0	670	200	34	1000
Tamil Nadu	12	8	2	828	113	36	1000
Tripura	0	4	126	738	75	53	1000
Uttarakhand	3	3	1	838	127	25	1000
Uttar Pradesh	1	2	3	962	14	13	1000
West Bengal	2	4	5	920	37	23	1000
A & N Islands	31	21	51	391	462	45	1000
Chandigarh	6	0	0	271	690	33	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	9	727	247	17	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	614	334	52	1000
Lakshadweep	141	0	0	16	678	166	1000
Puducherry	20	0	0	722	199	60	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>912</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**rural male+female**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	60	42	2	722	112	58	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	541	138	7	123	0	46	1000
Assam	23	4	66	781	61	34	1000
Bihar	4	1	5	948	6	26	1000
Chhattisgarh	48	16	1	779	75	63	1000
Delhi	310	0	0	266	323	101	1000
Goa	161	69	0	496	174	102	1000
Gujarat	50	13	7	849	57	23	1000
Haryana	21	9	3	892	41	28	1000
Himachal Pradesh	70	31	8	721	61	107	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	31	3	12	904	10	38	1000
Jharkhand	9	2	3	961	2	18	1000
Karnataka	32	49	8	778	86	46	1000
Kerala	57	9	2	539	172	217	1000
Madhya Pradesh	26	9	4	900	34	19	1000
Maharashtra	72	33	8	741	102	41	1000
Manipur	324	117	0	76	354	0	1000
Meghalaya	160	28	12	454	274	47	1000
Mizoram	296	24	16	95	437	57	1000
Nagaland	264	80	4	290	299	52	1000
Orissa	19	28	4	883	25	36	1000
Punjab	50	8	12	823	65	35	1000
Rajasthan	31	9	6	873	41	37	1000
Sikkim	217	59	0	447	205	70	1000
Tamil Nadu	57	22	7	693	146	71	1000
Tripura	44	12	211	552	94	83	1000
Uttarakhand	87	14	6	664	163	66	1000
Uttar Pradesh	14	3	5	922	23	30	1000
West Bengal	17	8	18	850	54	47	1000
A & N Islands	169	28	61	217	395	130	1000
Chandigarh	502	3	0	117	359	20	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	272	0	6	454	246	22	1000
Daman & Diu	448	0	0	247	253	53	1000
Lakshadweep	276	0	0	7	568	149	1000
Puducherry	102	48	15	504	210	123	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>825</b>	<b>63</b>	<b>47</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	566	81	21	15	247	64	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	716	63	2	0	48	31	1000
Assam	597	69	30	12	157	111	1000
Bihar	361	212	58	15	294	48	1000
Chhattisgarh	521	23	4	15	356	73	1000
Delhi	604	31	21	1	242	98	1000
Goa	631	28	15	0	174	153	1000
Gujarat	629	48	4	8	291	19	1000
Haryana	586	21	19	17	279	76	1000
Himachal Pradesh	532	194	1	17	159	97	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	486	33	69	24	215	115	1000
Jharkhand	517	137	0	9	235	95	1000
Karnataka	601	86	0	11	207	93	1000
Kerala	331	26	14	101	241	288	1000
Madhya Pradesh	453	139	4	18	327	53	1000
Maharashtra	615	54	5	6	212	103	1000
Manipur	237	23	0	0	729	0	1000
Meghalaya	510	211	0	2	149	55	1000
Mizoram	468	52	26	9	359	55	1000
Nagaland	626	79	7	0	206	61	1000
Orissa	605	66	10	14	253	46	1000
Punjab	678	10	46	14	186	61	1000
Rajasthan	529	101	14	18	296	40	1000
Sikkim	589	4	10	0	286	112	1000
Tamil Nadu	520	46	9	16	237	171	1000
Tripura	463	8	194	0	211	101	1000
Uttarakhand	499	107	1	0	320	32	1000
Uttar Pradesh	477	101	3	25	316	74	1000
West Bengal	485	44	20	16	236	200	1000
A & N Islands	534	10	11	7	282	155	1000
Chandigarh	573	197	4	10	206	9	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	697	0	0	0	300	3	1000
Daman & Diu	642	0	0	0	307	41	1000
Lakshadweep	642	58	0	11	210	78	1000
Puducherry	183	140	42	107	339	187	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>557</b>	<b>68</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>252</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**urban female**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	52	27	10	435	442	31	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	210	24	0	298	181	83	1000
Assam	82	28	47	514	234	81	1000
Bihar	23	49	19	625	248	21	1000
Chhattisgarh	39	26	0	618	287	25	1000
Delhi	25	0	6	314	603	49	1000
Goa	66	23	2	531	317	61	1000
Gujarat	19	14	4	573	375	12	1000
Haryana	5	4	9	617	317	40	1000
Himachal Pradesh	51	85	0	541	259	54	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	27	12	18	779	111	37	1000
Jharkhand	37	7	0	599	319	36	1000
Karnataka	56	43	0	580	282	37	1000
Kerala	49	35	1	588	206	119	1000
Madhya Pradesh	11	11	1	755	184	25	1000
Maharashtra	26	23	2	551	340	50	1000
Manipur	89	487	0	0	359	56	1000
Meghalaya	328	110	0	205	210	59	1000
Mizoram	162	69	16	129	540	56	1000
Nagaland	165	51	9	321	389	62	1000
Orissa	13	40	5	626	268	46	1000
Punjab	19	14	10	763	162	25	1000
Rajasthan	28	4	3	675	268	17	1000
Sikkim	97	167	0	310	377	51	1000
Tamil Nadu	30	28	5	623	256	53	1000
Tripura	79	49	69	448	275	80	1000
Uttarakhand	13	17	1	476	432	42	1000
Uttar Pradesh	4	28	2	738	201	22	1000
West Bengal	23	11	11	668	223	63	1000
A & N Islands	11	16	24	305	618	25	1000
Chandigarh	39	101	2	360	487	9	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	10	0	0	388	578	23	1000
Daman & Diu	10	5	0	594	315	74	1000
Lakshadweep	54	150	0	0	731	64	1000
Puducherry	10	72	10	600	234	74	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>608</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**urban male+female**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	266	50	15	260	361	45	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	524	48	1	113	99	51	1000
Assam	319	47	39	285	199	95	1000
Bihar	130	101	32	431	263	29	1000
Chhattisgarh	226	25	2	384	314	43	1000
Delhi	347	18	15	140	402	76	1000
Goa	305	25	7	307	256	99	1000
Gujarat	265	28	4	345	341	16	1000
Haryana	215	10	13	402	304	54	1000
Himachal Pradesh	268	134	0	305	214	73	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	149	17	32	576	139	58	1000
Jharkhand	221	57	0	373	287	59	1000
Karnataka	280	61	0	347	251	58	1000
Kerala	149	32	6	418	218	178	1000
Madhya Pradesh	120	42	1	574	219	32	1000
Maharashtra	291	37	3	308	283	74	1000
Manipur	131	354	0	0	466	40	1000
Meghalaya	414	158	0	109	181	57	1000
Mizoram	301	61	20	74	458	56	1000
Nagaland	397	65	8	161	298	63	1000
Orissa	236	49	7	396	263	47	1000
Punjab	228	13	21	524	170	36	1000
Rajasthan	201	38	7	449	278	25	1000
Sikkim	318	93	4	169	335	79	1000
Tamil Nadu	203	34	6	411	250	95	1000
Tripura	219	34	114	285	252	88	1000
Uttarakhand	229	57	1	264	382	37	1000
Uttar Pradesh	136	48	1	539	233	37	1000
West Bengal	181	22	14	445	228	108	1000
A & N Islands	295	13	17	144	436	96	1000
Chandigarh	332	154	3	168	333	10	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	385	0	0	176	426	13	1000
Daman & Diu	280	3	0	341	312	60	1000
Lakshadweep	434	91	0	7	396	73	1000
Puducherry	69	95	20	435	269	112	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>40</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>383</b>	<b>278</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**rural+urban male**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	464	125	16	40	238	115	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	687	96	6	0	23	43	1000
Assam	368	52	214	50	170	130	1000
Bihar	265	146	56	171	221	118	1000
Chhattisgarh	417	48	6	34	297	191	1000
Delhi	607	30	19	1	240	98	1000
Goa	619	37	12	4	153	175	1000
Gujarat	585	60	13	25	269	45	1000
Haryana	493	28	19	52	269	128	1000
Himachal Pradesh	353	126	19	44	119	333	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	450	36	87	75	135	172	1000
Jharkhand	443	121	0	102	196	124	1000
Karnataka	434	167	11	49	219	117	1000
Kerala	221	20	8	93	226	430	1000
Madhya Pradesh	406	134	16	53	288	88	1000
Maharashtra	551	83	8	15	226	114	1000
Manipur	435	89	0	0	470	0	1000
Meghalaya	273	76	17	351	205	54	1000
Mizoram	442	35	22	14	383	61	1000
Nagaland	585	110	6	0	211	73	1000
Orissa	443	146	21	59	186	138	1000
Punjab	561	33	57	37	194	109	1000
Rajasthan	454	94	25	45	264	114	1000
Sikkim	575	51	3	6	232	132	1000
Tamil Nadu	420	62	17	32	260	198	1000
Tripura	256	27	379	15	167	146	1000
Uttarakhand	437	78	13	25	304	124	1000
Uttar Pradesh	385	70	22	78	269	163	1000
West Bengal	364	47	71	47	236	231	1000
A & N Islands	383	26	51	33	313	193	1000
Chandigarh	615	169	3	9	192	10	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	718	0	0	0	259	23	1000
Daman & Diu	718	0	0	10	220	51	1000
Lakshadweep	506	29	0	6	351	107	1000
Puducherry	219	147	45	70	303	216	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>456</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>44</b>	<b>241</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**rural+urban female**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	24	19	4	732	185	33	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	215	82	0	359	108	61	1000
Assam	13	4	27	828	69	27	1000
Bihar	3	6	5	922	33	18	1000
Chhattisgarh	16	12	0	836	91	31	1000
Delhi	25	0	6	326	590	52	1000
Goa	45	38	1	581	279	56	1000
Gujarat	12	7	3	815	148	14	1000
Haryana	4	5	4	862	102	18	1000
Himachal Pradesh	16	19	4	856	67	36	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	5	2	7	935	22	26	1000
Jharkhand	8	2	3	913	55	15	1000
Karnataka	21	16	4	805	123	29	1000
Kerala	20	12	0	685	165	114	1000
Madhya Pradesh	8	4	2	903	61	14	1000
Maharashtra	20	15	5	752	171	33	1000
Manipur	63	355	0	63	369	37	1000
Meghalaya	134	26	0	426	318	42	1000
Mizoram	172	56	16	144	509	51	1000
Nagaland	124	38	6	406	373	46	1000
Orissa	5	14	2	899	55	22	1000
Punjab	9	5	5	875	82	18	1000
Rajasthan	9	3	3	886	78	19	1000
Sikkim	47	74	0	607	231	38	1000
Tamil Nadu	20	16	3	747	170	42	1000
Tripura	16	13	115	680	114	59	1000
Uttarakhand	6	6	1	749	202	30	1000
Uttar Pradesh	3	7	3	919	50	15	1000
West Bengal	6	6	6	864	79	31	1000
A & N Islands	25	20	42	364	511	38	1000
Chandigarh	35	88	2	348	514	13	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2	0	8	674	298	18	1000
Daman & Diu	4	2	0	608	328	58	1000
Lakshadweep	103	64	0	9	701	122	1000
Puducherry	15	44	6	647	220	68	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>836</b>	<b>107</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1000</b>



Statement 4.12.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each state/u.t.

**rural+urban male+female**

state/u.t./ all-India	reason for migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	131	45	6	562	198	53	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	533	92	4	118	51	49	1000
Assam	77	12	60	688	87	46	1000
Bihar	24	17	9	863	48	27	1000
Chhattisgarh	87	18	1	691	128	59	1000
Delhi	345	17	13	147	397	78	1000
Goa	261	38	5	364	232	100	1000
Gujarat	138	19	6	640	175	20	1000
Haryana	86	9	6	724	131	37	1000
Himachal Pradesh	92	44	8	671	79	103	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	54	5	15	841	35	41	1000
Jharkhand	61	16	2	818	72	28	1000
Karnataka	122	53	6	620	146	51	1000
Kerala	80	14	4	510	183	207	1000
Madhya Pradesh	53	18	3	808	86	24	1000
Maharashtra	173	35	7	538	187	57	1000
Manipur	222	241	0	36	412	21	1000
Meghalaya	211	54	9	384	255	50	1000
Mizoram	299	46	19	82	450	56	1000
Nagaland	338	72	6	218	298	59	1000
Orissa	63	32	4	785	72	38	1000
Punjab	118	10	16	710	104	35	1000
Rajasthan	78	17	5	756	106	34	1000
Sikkim	238	66	1	390	232	72	1000
Tamil Nadu	122	28	7	564	193	82	1000
Tripura	83	17	190	492	129	84	1000
Uttarakhand	133	27	5	538	232	56	1000
Uttar Pradesh	43	14	5	829	73	31	1000
West Bengal	62	12	17	735	104	64	1000
A & N Islands	211	23	46	193	409	119	1000
Chandigarh	355	133	3	161	336	11	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	296	0	5	398	282	21	1000
Daman & Diu	409	1	0	268	267	55	1000
Lakshadweep	350	43	0	7	487	114	1000
Puducherry	81	77	18	460	247	116	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>99</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>681</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**rural male**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	117	100	274	490	28	482	1000	197	144	236	576	16	408	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	238	296	94	629	78	262	1000	254	418	97	770	93	137	1000
Assam	277	51	161	488	39	473	1000	424	77	148	649	66	284	1000
Bihar	97	89	199	385	23	585	1000	302	23	261	587	17	396	1000
Chhattisgarh	124	82	290	495	22	482	1000	321	102	294	717	0	283	1000
Delhi	173	260	103	536	215	249	1000	272	459	24	755	20	224	1000
Goa	75	207	299	581	81	338	1000	176	375	182	734	0	266	1000
Gujarat	120	101	210	431	143	426	1000	169	235	303	706	3	291	1000
Haryana	170	185	134	489	26	485	1000	278	168	167	614	12	374	1000
Himachal Pradesh	141	370	92	604	13	383	1000	283	227	75	586	8	405	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	131	372	145	648	64	288	1000	352	232	151	734	0	265	1000
Jharkhand	117	49	181	347	111	543	1000	293	155	263	710	5	285	1000
Karnataka	118	61	229	408	38	554	1000	177	130	196	503	7	489	1000
Kerala	138	255	250	642	28	329	1000	242	140	258	640	36	324	1000
Madhya Pradesh	190	85	224	500	11	458	1000	263	105	194	562	5	434	1000
Maharashtra	125	145	189	459	28	513	1000	225	208	177	609	11	380	1000
Manipur	123	330	194	648	88	195	1000	117	320	198	634	102	263	1000
Meghalaya	272	102	267	641	92	268	1000	399	185	223	808	14	178	1000
Mizoram	342	110	96	548	3	449	1000	608	127	34	768	1	231	1000
Nagaland	105	305	6	416	121	461	1000	122	397	32	552	213	236	1000
Orissa	125	146	205	476	56	468	1000	264	128	156	547	11	441	1000
Punjab	221	160	96	478	38	485	1000	225	268	165	658	16	326	1000
Rajasthan	190	130	198	517	30	452	1000	283	115	223	622	5	373	1000
Sikkim	248	251	53	552	134	313	1000	198	447	98	744	9	248	1000
Tamil Nadu	120	160	281	562	38	401	1000	228	172	220	619	22	359	1000
Tripura	331	39	134	504	55	432	1000	402	79	228	710	32	258	1000
Uttarakhand	213	225	126	564	44	392	1000	315	285	100	700	8	293	1000
Uttar Pradesh	252	134	132	518	25	457	1000	462	80	132	674	10	317	1000
West Bengal	241	72	220	533	38	427	1000	341	71	255	668	10	323	1000
A & N Islands	138	214	216	569	91	341	1000	241	328	180	749	8	244	1000
Chandigarh	198	54	158	410	442	147	1000	226	490	175	891	0	109	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	324	94	67	485	271	244	1000	132	557	54	743	0	256	1000
Daman & Diu	88	441	39	568	194	237	1000	32	782	8	821	0	179	1000
Lakshadweep	81	305	43	429	62	509	1000	70	289	179	538	53	409	1000
Puducherry	125	122	234	481	160	359	1000	69	536	148	752	75	173	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>141</b>	<b>208</b>	<b>508</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>266</b>	<b>154</b>	<b>205</b>	<b>625</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>361</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**rural female**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	128	6	343	477	2	521	1000	225	19	328	572	2	426	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	0	140	31	171	39	731	1000	0	157	36	193	39	768	1000
Assam	34	3	6	43	23	935	1000	72	39	43	154	1	845	1000
Bihar	6	1	42	49	0	945	1000	80	3	95	177	0	823	1000
Chhattisgarh	188	1	205	395	2	601	1000	391	9	262	662	0	338	1000
Delhi	1	16	5	22	0	978	1000	0	37	7	44	0	956	1000
Goa	7	8	41	56	0	944	1000	36	7	58	101	2	898	1000
Gujarat	127	3	122	251	1	748	1000	169	11	154	336	1	664	1000
Haryana	55	5	4	64	0	936	1000	177	12	22	210	0	790	1000
Himachal Pradesh	317	14	3	334	14	651	1000	499	36	8	542	16	442	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	24	5	0	29	0	971	1000	39	25	0	65	0	935	1000
Jharkhand	139	0	32	172	1	825	1000	303	10	75	389	0	611	1000
Karnataka	128	4	179	312	1	688	1000	250	15	269	535	0	465	1000
Kerala	23	50	43	116	88	795	1000	70	63	67	201	52	747	1000
Madhya Pradesh	68	1	138	207	0	789	1000	216	9	224	450	0	550	1000
Maharashtra	132	7	239	378	2	621	1000	246	18	274	538	2	460	1000
Manipur	127	0	0	127	14	832	1000	127	0	0	127	14	859	1000
Meghalaya	322	12	9	343	19	638	1000	295	82	48	425	0	575	1000
Mizoram	363	41	1	405	2	580	1000	469	52	10	531	0	469	1000
Nagaland	293	65	0	358	15	626	1000	292	63	0	355	82	563	1000
Orissa	65	1	106	173	2	825	1000	124	7	125	257	1	743	1000
Punjab	34	5	2	41	0	958	1000	31	21	22	73	1	925	1000
Rajasthan	325	1	25	350	1	649	1000	318	12	63	393	6	601	1000
Sikkim	232	35	21	288	26	686	1000	340	90	35	464	8	527	1000
Tamil Nadu	73	16	267	357	13	631	1000	208	28	283	520	8	472	1000
Tripura	36	13	21	70	145	782	1000	56	21	45	123	85	793	1000
Uttarakhand	300	6	5	311	1	688	1000	331	20	11	361	7	632	1000
Uttar Pradesh	41	0	13	54	1	945	1000	117	7	50	174	0	826	1000
West Bengal	19	2	27	49	2	946	1000	31	22	54	107	3	891	1000
A & N Islands	27	27	21	75	18	908	1000	58	64	26	148	27	824	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	14	74	0	88	0	912	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1000	96	3	2	100	0	901	1000
Daman & Diu	1	5	0	5	0	995	1000	17	36	69	122	0	878	1000
Lakshadweep	0	141	0	141	29	830	1000	23	156	0	179	146	675	1000
Puducherry	0	14	182	196	0	804	1000	81	49	211	341	11	649	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>94</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>202</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>792</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>139</b>	<b>327</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>669</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**rural male+female**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	126	21	332	479	6	515	1000	221	39	314	572	4	424	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	173	254	77	504	67	390	1000	184	347	81	612	78	310	1000
Assam	63	8	24	95	25	881	1000	113	44	55	212	9	780	1000
Bihar	9	4	47	60	1	934	1000	87	4	100	190	1	809	1000
Chhattisgarh	181	11	216	407	5	587	1000	383	20	266	669	0	331	1000
Delhi	79	127	49	255	98	647	1000	123	228	15	366	9	625	1000
Goa	26	62	110	198	22	780	1000	74	106	92	271	2	727	1000
Gujarat	126	12	130	268	14	718	1000	169	32	169	370	1	629	1000
Haryana	63	18	14	95	2	903	1000	184	23	33	240	1	760	1000
Himachal Pradesh	282	85	20	387	14	598	1000	456	74	21	550	14	435	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	32	31	10	73	5	922	1000	62	40	11	113	0	888	1000
Jharkhand	138	2	37	178	5	816	1000	303	15	82	399	0	601	1000
Karnataka	127	13	187	326	6	668	1000	239	33	258	530	1	469	1000
Kerala	55	107	101	263	72	665	1000	117	85	121	324	48	629	1000
Madhya Pradesh	75	6	143	224	1	770	1000	219	15	223	457	0	543	1000
Maharashtra	131	28	231	390	6	604	1000	242	47	259	549	4	448	1000
Manipur	125	194	114	432	58	459	1000	121	187	116	424	66	510	1000
Meghalaya	293	64	158	515	61	424	1000	356	141	149	646	8	346	1000
Mizoram	353	75	48	476	2	515	1000	537	89	22	648	0	351	1000
Nagaland	214	165	3	382	60	557	1000	221	203	13	438	137	426	1000
Orissa	70	12	114	196	6	798	1000	135	16	128	279	2	720	1000
Punjab	57	24	14	95	5	900	1000	54	52	40	146	3	851	1000
Rajasthan	314	11	39	364	3	633	1000	314	21	76	412	6	583	1000
Sikkim	237	108	31	377	63	560	1000	291	211	57	559	8	433	1000
Tamil Nadu	82	42	269	393	17	590	1000	212	53	273	538	11	451	1000
Tripura	112	20	50	182	122	692	1000	146	36	93	275	71	654	1000
Uttarakhand	281	54	32	367	10	623	1000	328	78	30	436	7	557	1000
Uttar Pradesh	52	7	19	78	2	920	1000	135	11	54	200	1	799	1000
West Bengal	38	8	44	91	5	902	1000	57	26	71	155	3	842	1000
A & N Islands	83	121	119	324	54	622	1000	150	197	104	451	17	532	1000
Chandigarh	113	31	90	234	252	514	1000	134	311	100	545	0	455	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	122	35	25	182	102	716	1000	109	211	21	342	0	659	1000
Daman & Diu	54	271	24	349	118	533	1000	25	491	31	548	0	452	1000
Lakshadweep	47	236	25	308	48	644	1000	50	233	104	387	92	521	1000
Puducherry	38	47	198	283	49	669	1000	77	197	191	466	30	504	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>101</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>234</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>145</b>	<b>359</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**urban male**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	174	153	201	528	84	388	1000	235	347	126	707	12	281	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	292	350	38	681	52	196	1000	284	452	53	790	1	209	1000
Assam	226	158	66	451	137	412	1000	239	411	47	698	23	279	1000
Bihar	245	146	38	429	36	528	1000	253	239	20	512	20	468	1000
Chhattisgarh	64	236	114	414	75	510	1000	134	448	72	654	11	335	1000
Delhi	170	161	59	390	259	351	1000	263	441	59	763	9	228	1000
Goa	55	214	82	350	219	430	1000	240	411	112	764	1	234	1000
Gujarat	217	143	198	558	56	385	1000	246	374	93	712	11	276	1000
Haryana	213	177	68	459	146	395	1000	148	519	47	715	8	276	1000
Himachal Pradesh	194	219	50	462	37	500	1000	165	373	72	610	17	372	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	154	298	84	536	65	398	1000	181	342	88	610	2	387	1000
Jharkhand	212	194	10	417	103	481	1000	161	314	133	608	23	369	1000
Karnataka	167	189	133	489	141	370	1000	202	463	72	737	18	245	1000
Kerala	128	325	175	628	48	325	1000	204	270	165	640	35	325	1000
Madhya Pradesh	147	152	91	390	71	529	1000	190	313	84	588	23	389	1000
Maharashtra	148	196	112	456	171	373	1000	218	455	78	750	11	238	1000
Manipur	70	171	84	325	66	610	1000	70	236	84	390	0	610	1000
Meghalaya	29	173	194	396	128	418	1000	154	240	260	654	27	319	1000
Mizoram	252	244	54	550	29	421	1000	176	391	98	665	33	302	1000
Nagaland	164	230	7	401	202	389	1000	165	442	36	642	34	324	1000
Orissa	160	191	68	419	169	412	1000	208	401	34	645	39	316	1000
Punjab	126	157	130	413	279	308	1000	199	502	86	787	19	194	1000
Rajasthan	186	164	59	410	71	519	1000	275	304	74	654	18	329	1000
Sikkim	208	342	0	550	155	295	1000	212	557	2	771	34	195	1000
Tamil Nadu	153	249	156	558	126	316	1000	257	372	110	739	7	254	1000
Tripura	148	324	126	597	138	264	1000	232	494	89	815	14	171	1000
Uttarakhand	150	254	96	500	55	405	1000	215	344	60	618	27	355	1000
Uttar Pradesh	208	145	49	402	67	531	1000	193	327	57	578	17	405	1000
West Bengal	148	204	83	435	197	368	1000	258	352	92	702	24	273	1000
A & N Islands	144	307	144	595	88	316	1000	97	528	132	758	0	242	1000
Chandigarh	146	160	124	430	150	420	1000	170	298	105	573	58	370	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	94	82	47	223	502	275	1000	146	569	2	716	1	283	1000
Daman & Diu	182	224	24	431	255	314	1000	260	371	44	675	7	317	1000
Lakshadweep	4	417	156	577	92	330	1000	100	525	77	702	17	282	1000
Puducherry	82	123	235	439	117	443	1000	165	214	219	599	26	376	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>169</b>	<b>183</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>464</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>402</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>390</b>	<b>82</b>	<b>697</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>287</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**urban female**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	61	16	111	188	7	805	1000	88	78	61	226	3	771	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	25	127	0	152	0	814	1000	12	178	0	188	0	811	1000
Assam	18	17	8	42	20	938	1000	57	64	14	135	2	863	1000
Bihar	11	3	13	27	0	968	1000	28	22	16	66	1	932	1000
Chhattisgarh	38	9	115	162	4	828	1000	50	49	88	189	0	811	1000
Delhi	2	12	1	15	9	976	1000	6	44	5	55	1	944	1000
Goa	20	52	8	80	11	909	1000	71	123	25	219	1	781	1000
Gujarat	25	14	23	61	1	938	1000	41	48	28	116	1	882	1000
Haryana	26	13	3	42	0	958	1000	71	67	8	145	5	850	1000
Himachal Pradesh	94	38	0	132	19	849	1000	87	118	13	218	13	769	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	4	47	0	52	0	948	1000	22	77	1	101	0	899	1000
Jharkhand	42	1	2	45	4	951	1000	59	16	51	126	1	874	1000
Karnataka	35	21	43	99	7	894	1000	52	105	52	208	5	787	1000
Kerala	23	79	9	112	97	790	1000	39	102	37	179	66	756	1000
Madhya Pradesh	23	13	34	69	3	917	1000	91	39	40	170	0	830	1000
Maharashtra	29	30	40	99	5	895	1000	53	63	37	151	4	844	1000
Manipur	0	89	0	89	0	911	1000	0	89	0	89	0	911	1000
Meghalaya	163	51	145	359	4	630	1000	128	242	83	452	1	547	1000
Mizoram	267	34	4	306	19	675	1000	253	94	5	350	32	617	1000
Nagaland	108	29	0	137	61	803	1000	77	97	0	174	52	774	1000
Orissa	22	12	7	41	15	943	1000	44	56	17	118	17	866	1000
Punjab	5	28	3	35	2	963	1000	20	78	8	106	1	894	1000
Rajasthan	71	6	15	92	2	906	1000	68	42	20	129	2	869	1000
Sikkim	3	49	0	52	1	947	1000	51	227	0	278	43	680	1000
Tamil Nadu	46	36	68	150	7	843	1000	93	90	65	246	7	748	1000
Tripura	54	33	11	99	212	678	1000	53	84	1	138	138	724	1000
Uttarakhand	73	10	5	88	0	896	1000	50	56	8	114	2	884	1000
Uttar Pradesh	18	4	3	25	0	975	1000	32	26	7	65	2	933	1000
West Bengal	20	17	8	45	8	945	1000	32	67	13	113	3	885	1000
A & N Islands	18	18	16	51	11	938	1000	2	89	16	107	20	874	1000
Chandigarh	20	38	17	75	15	910	1000	48	84	22	154	5	841	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	37	0	0	37	6	958	1000	62	44	0	106	0	894	1000
Daman & Diu	1	9	3	13	0	987	1000	54	15	17	86	0	913	1000
Lakshadweep	48	55	0	102	56	842	1000	48	77	0	125	76	799	1000
Puducherry	23	22	19	64	31	905	1000	36	82	2	120	30	851	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>910</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>53</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>142</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>853</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**urban male+female**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	108	73	149	330	39	630	1000	149	190	88	427	7	566	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	190	265	24	479	32	431	1000	181	348	33	561	1	438	1000
Assam	113	81	34	228	73	699	1000	140	222	29	391	11	597	1000
Bihar	86	49	21	155	12	828	1000	100	91	17	208	7	785	1000
Chhattisgarh	48	97	115	260	31	705	1000	83	204	82	369	4	627	1000
Delhi	95	95	33	224	148	627	1000	149	265	35	450	5	545	1000
Goa	34	120	39	194	99	707	1000	142	244	62	449	1	550	1000
Gujarat	102	66	94	261	23	716	1000	122	180	54	356	5	638	1000
Haryana	93	72	27	191	52	756	1000	98	229	22	350	6	645	1000
Himachal Pradesh	139	120	23	281	27	692	1000	122	234	39	395	15	591	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	45	115	23	182	18	800	1000	64	148	25	237	1	761	1000
Jharkhand	107	75	5	187	42	771	1000	98	130	82	310	9	681	1000
Karnataka	89	89	80	258	62	680	1000	113	252	60	424	10	565	1000
Kerala	60	165	67	292	80	627	1000	97	161	82	340	55	605	1000
Madhya Pradesh	53	47	48	148	20	822	1000	115	106	50	273	6	722	1000
Maharashtra	82	104	72	259	79	662	1000	126	237	55	418	7	575	1000
Manipur	20	112	24	156	19	825	1000	20	131	24	175	0	825	1000
Meghalaya	100	109	168	377	63	530	1000	140	241	167	547	13	439	1000
Mizoram	260	130	27	417	24	559	1000	218	229	47	494	32	474	1000
Nagaland	136	129	4	269	131	597	1000	121	269	18	408	43	549	1000
Orissa	74	79	30	183	73	744	1000	106	185	24	315	25	660	1000
Punjab	43	69	43	156	90	753	1000	77	213	33	324	6	670	1000
Rajasthan	111	60	30	201	26	773	1000	138	132	38	309	7	683	1000
Sikkim	96	182	0	278	71	651	1000	124	377	1	501	39	460	1000
Tamil Nadu	84	111	98	293	48	659	1000	150	188	80	417	7	575	1000
Tripura	88	139	53	281	185	527	1000	118	234	33	385	93	522	1000
Uttarakhand	107	119	45	271	24	677	1000	123	184	31	339	13	649	1000
Uttar Pradesh	71	43	16	130	19	851	1000	76	110	21	207	6	785	1000
West Bengal	64	81	34	178	73	748	1000	110	164	41	314	10	676	1000
A & N Islands	86	174	85	345	53	602	1000	53	327	79	459	9	532	1000
Chandigarh	89	105	76	270	89	641	1000	114	202	67	383	34	582	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	68	45	26	138	277	585	1000	108	331	1	439	0	560	1000
Daman & Diu	78	100	12	190	109	701	1000	142	166	29	337	3	660	1000
Lakshadweep	20	288	101	408	79	513	1000	81	365	50	496	38	466	1000
Puducherry	43	56	91	190	60	750	1000	79	126	75	281	28	692	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>83</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>62</b>	<b>226</b>	<b>55</b>	<b>718</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>118</b>	<b>185</b>	<b>50</b>	<b>353</b>	<b>9</b>	<b>638</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	151	131	231	513	61	426	1000	219	264	170	654	13	333	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	264	322	67	654	65	230	1000	269	435	76	780	49	172	1000
Assam	253	102	116	471	85	444	1000	337	236	100	671	46	283	1000
Bihar	195	127	92	414	32	548	1000	270	166	102	538	19	443	1000
Chhattisgarh	95	156	206	456	48	495	1000	231	268	188	686	5	308	1000
Delhi	170	166	61	397	257	346	1000	263	442	58	763	10	228	1000
Goa	59	212	129	400	190	410	1000	227	403	127	757	1	242	1000
Gujarat	193	133	201	527	77	395	1000	227	340	145	711	9	280	1000
Haryana	201	179	87	467	112	420	1000	185	421	81	686	10	304	1000
Himachal Pradesh	153	335	82	570	19	411	1000	256	261	75	592	10	398	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	142	337	116	595	65	340	1000	271	284	121	676	1	322	1000
Jharkhand	192	164	46	402	104	494	1000	188	281	160	629	20	352	1000
Karnataka	148	139	171	457	101	442	1000	193	334	120	646	14	340	1000
Kerala	135	275	228	638	34	328	1000	232	177	232	640	36	323	1000
Madhya Pradesh	164	127	141	432	48	502	1000	217	235	125	577	16	406	1000
Maharashtra	142	182	134	457	131	412	1000	220	386	106	711	11	278	1000
Manipur	105	275	156	535	80	340	1000	100	290	158	549	67	385	1000
Meghalaya	231	114	255	599	98	293	1000	357	195	230	782	17	202	1000
Mizoram	290	188	71	549	18	433	1000	355	281	72	708	19	272	1000
Nagaland	141	260	7	407	170	418	1000	148	424	35	607	105	289	1000
Orissa	145	171	129	444	119	437	1000	234	280	89	602	26	372	1000
Punjab	163	158	117	438	185	377	1000	210	411	117	736	18	246	1000
Rajasthan	188	151	112	451	56	493	1000	278	232	131	641	13	346	1000
Sikkim	238	274	39	551	140	309	1000	202	476	73	751	15	234	1000
Tamil Nadu	141	216	203	559	93	348	1000	246	296	151	694	13	293	1000
Tripura	278	121	132	531	79	384	1000	353	199	188	740	27	232	1000
Uttarakhand	183	239	112	533	49	398	1000	267	314	81	660	17	323	1000
Uttar Pradesh	225	141	80	445	51	504	1000	292	236	85	613	14	373	1000
West Bengal	184	153	136	473	136	391	1000	291	244	155	689	19	292	1000
A & N Islands	140	246	191	578	90	332	1000	191	397	164	752	5	243	1000
Chandigarh	154	144	129	427	192	381	1000	178	326	115	619	50	332	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	262	91	62	415	333	252	1000	136	560	40	736	1	263	1000
Daman & Diu	104	404	37	545	205	251	1000	70	712	14	796	1	203	1000
Lakshadweep	43	360	99	502	77	421	1000	85	406	128	618	35	346	1000
Puducherry	97	122	234	454	132	413	1000	131	328	193	652	43	304	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>165</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>148</b>	<b>480</b>	<b>98</b>	<b>420</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>127</b>	<b>671</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>315</b>	<b>1000</b>



Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban female**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	110	9	281	399	3	597	1000	188	34	256	479	2	519	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	15	132	13	160	15	781	1000	7	169	14	190	15	794	1000
Assam	32	5	6	43	22	935	1000	70	43	38	152	1	848	1000
Bihar	7	1	39	46	0	948	1000	73	6	85	164	0	835	1000
Chhattisgarh	163	2	190	356	3	639	1000	335	16	233	583	0	417	1000
Delhi	2	13	2	16	8	976	1000	6	43	5	54	1	945	1000
Goa	15	36	19	71	7	921	1000	58	82	37	177	1	822	1000
Gujarat	94	6	90	191	1	809	1000	128	23	114	265	1	734	1000
Haryana	47	7	4	58	0	942	1000	148	26	18	192	1	806	1000
Himachal Pradesh	298	16	2	316	14	668	1000	464	43	7	514	16	470	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	21	12	0	33	0	967	1000	36	33	0	70	0	929	1000
Jharkhand	122	1	27	150	2	847	1000	262	11	71	344	0	655	1000
Karnataka	101	9	140	251	2	747	1000	193	42	207	441	2	557	1000
Kerala	23	56	36	115	90	794	1000	63	72	61	196	55	749	1000
Madhya Pradesh	57	4	113	174	1	820	1000	186	16	180	383	0	617	1000
Maharashtra	95	15	166	276	3	721	1000	176	34	187	396	3	601	1000
Manipur	44	58	0	102	5	884	1000	44	58	0	102	5	893	1000
Meghalaya	284	22	41	347	15	636	1000	254	120	57	432	0	568	1000
Mizoram	304	37	3	343	13	639	1000	335	78	6	419	20	561	1000
Nagaland	196	46	0	242	39	719	1000	179	81	0	260	66	674	1000
Orissa	59	3	92	154	4	842	1000	112	14	110	237	3	760	1000
Punjab	25	12	2	40	1	960	1000	27	39	17	84	1	915	1000
Rajasthan	271	2	23	295	1	704	1000	264	18	54	336	5	658	1000
Sikkim	192	38	17	246	22	732	1000	289	114	29	431	14	554	1000
Tamil Nadu	63	24	187	274	10	715	1000	162	52	196	410	8	582	1000
Tripura	39	17	19	75	158	762	1000	55	34	37	125	95	779	1000
Uttarakhand	244	7	5	256	0	740	1000	262	28	10	301	5	694	1000
Uttar Pradesh	36	1	11	48	1	951	1000	100	11	42	153	1	847	1000
West Bengal	19	6	23	48	4	946	1000	31	31	46	108	3	889	1000
A & N Islands	24	24	19	67	15	917	1000	40	72	23	136	25	839	1000
Chandigarh	17	33	15	65	13	922	1000	44	83	19	146	4	850	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	6	0	0	6	1	993	1000	91	9	0	100	0	900	1000
Daman & Diu	1	6	1	7	0	993	1000	28	30	53	111	0	889	1000
Lakshadweep	21	104	0	124	40	835	1000	34	122	0	155	116	729	1000
Puducherry	14	19	82	115	19	866	1000	54	69	83	205	22	773	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>171</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>26</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>280</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>716</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.15.1: Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by their usual principal activity status before and after migration for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban male+female**

State/U.T./all-India	usual activity status before migration							usual activity status after migration						
	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all (incl. n.r.)	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	120	39	268	427	18	555	1000	196	91	235	522	5	473	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	182	260	49	491	49	411	1000	183	348	56	585	38	376	1000
Assam	72	22	26	120	34	847	1000	118	77	49	246	9	745	1000
Bihar	21	11	43	75	3	916	1000	89	18	86	194	2	805	1000
Chhattisgarh	151	30	193	374	11	613	1000	316	61	224	602	1	397	1000
Delhi	95	97	34	226	145	629	1000	148	263	34	445	6	550	1000
Goa	32	103	60	195	76	729	1000	122	203	71	395	1	604	1000
Gujarat	116	34	115	265	18	717	1000	150	93	121	364	3	633	1000
Haryana	74	36	18	128	19	853	1000	154	94	29	277	3	720	1000
Himachal Pradesh	265	89	21	374	15	610	1000	416	93	23	532	14	454	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	34	47	13	94	7	899	1000	62	61	13	137	0	864	1000
Jharkhand	131	20	29	180	14	805	1000	253	43	82	378	3	620	1000
Karnataka	113	41	148	301	27	672	1000	193	113	185	491	5	504	1000
Kerala	56	121	93	270	74	656	1000	113	103	112	327	49	623	1000
Madhya Pradesh	69	17	116	203	6	784	1000	190	40	174	405	2	593	1000
Maharashtra	108	64	157	329	40	631	1000	188	136	164	488	5	507	1000
Manipur	70	151	67	288	37	650	1000	68	158	68	294	31	674	1000
Meghalaya	254	73	160	487	61	446	1000	312	161	153	626	9	364	1000
Mizoram	297	108	35	440	15	542	1000	345	174	37	555	20	425	1000
Nagaland	170	145	3	318	100	579	1000	165	240	16	421	84	495	1000
Orissa	70	26	97	193	19	787	1000	129	50	107	286	6	707	1000
Punjab	52	41	25	118	37	845	1000	63	112	37	212	4	783	1000
Rajasthan	258	25	36	319	9	671	1000	266	51	66	384	6	611	1000
Sikkim	208	123	25	357	64	579	1000	257	245	45	547	15	438	1000
Tamil Nadu	83	73	191	347	31	622	1000	184	115	184	483	9	508	1000
Tripura	107	46	51	204	136	655	1000	140	81	80	300	76	624	1000
Uttarakhand	226	74	36	337	15	640	1000	263	111	31	405	9	586	1000
Uttar Pradesh	56	16	18	91	6	903	1000	121	35	46	202	2	797	1000
West Bengal	46	29	41	116	25	858	1000	72	65	63	200	5	795	1000
A & N Islands	84	139	108	331	54	615	1000	118	240	96	453	15	532	1000
Chandigarh	93	94	78	265	112	624	1000	117	217	72	406	29	564	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	111	37	25	173	137	690	1000	109	235	17	362	0	638	1000
Daman & Diu	59	232	21	313	116	571	1000	52	417	31	500	1	499	1000
Lakshadweep	34	260	60	355	63	582	1000	65	296	78	438	67	495	1000
Puducherry	41	53	131	225	56	719	1000	78	153	119	350	29	621	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>39</b>	<b>97</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>743</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>114</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>637</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 4.16.1: Number of return migrants per 1000 migrants during for each State/U.T.

**rural**

State/u.t./ all-India	category of out-migrants		
	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	127	100	104
Arunachal Pradesh	531	483	518
Assam	245	169	178
Bihar	311	200	203
Chhattisgarh	412	141	174
Delhi	448	394	418
Goa	102	47	62
Gujarat	120	138	137
Haryana	313	23	44
Himachal Pradesh	399	119	175
Jammu & Kashmir	509	19	54
Jharkhand	153	94	96
Karnataka	304	87	119
Kerala	341	137	194
Madhya Pradesh	70	94	92
Maharashtra	203	115	128
Manipur	469	214	363
Meghalaya	107	26	73
Mizoram	128	136	132
Nagaland	527	428	469
Orissa	259	78	92
Punjab	141	36	49
Rajasthan	250	45	61
Sikkim	27	18	21
Tamil Nadu	321	196	218
Tripura	126	157	149
Uttarakhand	178	144	152
Uttar Pradesh	312	95	107
West Bengal	120	83	87
A & N Islands	129	147	138
Chandigarh	24	37	30
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	10	6	7
Daman & Diu	103	0	63
Lakshadweep	802	783	794
Puducherry	361	344	349
<b>all-India</b>	<b>237</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>120</b>

Statement 4.16.1: Number of return migrants per 1000 migrants during for each State/U.T.

**urban**

State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	74	73	74
Arunachal Pradesh	284	192	249
Assam	175	93	130
Bihar	57	95	83
Chhattisgarh	128	87	103
Delhi	256	241	249
Goa	106	41	69
Gujarat	61	116	94
Haryana	63	42	50
Himachal Pradesh	193	103	144
Jammu & Kashmir	267	68	122
Jharkhand	26	23	24
Karnataka	101	106	104
Kerala	259	125	172
Madhya Pradesh	134	111	117
Maharashtra	116	111	113
Manipur	980	443	598
Meghalaya	171	169	170
Mizoram	224	150	184
Nagaland	290	267	278
Orissa	68	76	73
Punjab	71	60	64
Rajasthan	80	35	51
Sikkim	0	1	1
Tamil Nadu	158	159	159
Tripura	189	127	150
Uttarakhand	194	182	188
Uttar Pradesh	74	80	78
West Bengal	125	130	129
A & N Islands	111	104	108
Chandigarh	40	76	57
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	5	2
Daman & Diu	27	31	29
Lakshadweep	416	447	427
Puducherry	273	451	391
<b>all-India</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>104</b>	<b>109</b>

Statement 4.16.1: Number of return migrants per 1000 migrants during for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban**

State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	95	93	93
Arunachal Pradesh	413	309	379
Assam	212	160	169
Bihar	143	187	184
Chhattisgarh	276	132	158
Delhi	265	252	259
Goa	105	43	67
Gujarat	76	131	119
Haryana	133	28	46
Himachal Pradesh	350	118	171
Jammu & Kashmir	395	27	67
Jharkhand	52	82	78
Karnataka	180	92	114
Kerala	317	134	188
Madhya Pradesh	109	98	99
Maharashtra	140	113	121
Manipur	647	364	486
Meghalaya	118	60	92
Mizoram	184	145	163
Nagaland	383	343	362
Orissa	153	78	88
Punjab	98	44	55
Rajasthan	145	43	58
Sikkim	20	15	17
Tamil Nadu	220	181	191
Tripura	144	151	149
Uttarakhand	186	154	163
Uttar Pradesh	162	92	100
West Bengal	123	94	99
A & N Islands	123	134	128
Chandigarh	38	71	53
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7	6	6
Daman & Diu	90	9	55
Lakshadweep	611	639	622
Puducherry	304	410	375
<b>all-India</b>	<b>161</b>	<b>106</b>	<b>116</b>

## Chapter Five

### Short-term Migrants

#### 5.1 Short-term migrants

5.1.0 The discussion in Chapter Four was on migration and various features associated with the migrants. It may be noted that migration necessarily involves changes in the usual place of residence (UPR). However, there are another category of persons who do not change their UPR but undertake *short-term* movements. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information was collected regarding the *short-term* movements of the population, who had stayed away from the village/town for a period of 1 month or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days *for employment or in search of employment*. Thus, by definition of household and household members, such persons were considered as the members of the household from which they had stayed away for such short duration. In this Chapter, such persons have been referred to as *short-term migrants* and the discussion is centred around the magnitude of such *short-term migration* (i.e., *short-term migration rate*), seasonality in the *short-term migration*, destination of the *short-term migrants*, usual activity status of those undertaking *short-term migration* and industry of work for those who worked during *short-term migration*. It may be noted that for the purpose of determining the period of staying away only those periods were considered for which the household member had stayed away continuously for a period of 15 days or more. A period of staying away for a period of 15 days or more was termed as a spell. The destination of the *short-term migrant* meant the place in which the *short-term migrant* had stayed, during the period of his/her staying away, for the longest period, considering all the spells. The industry of work referred to the industry (2-digit of NIC-2004) in which the *short-term migrant* had worked for the longest duration.

#### 5.1.1 Short-term migration rate

5.1.1.1 In Statement 5.1, *short-term migration rate* for each MPCE decile class has been presented. The short-term migration rates for each State/U.T. has been presented in Statement

Statement 5.1: Number of persons who stayed away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment per 1000 persons for each MPCE decile class during 2007-08

MPCE decile class	category of persons					
	rural			urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
0-10	45	10	27	10	1	5
10-20	39	9	24	11	1	6
20-30	37	7	22	9	2	5
30-40	32	5	18	6	1	4
40-50	32	6	19	5	1	3
50-60	26	4	16	4	1	3
60-70	21	3	12	6	2	4
70-80	22	3	13	6	1	4
80-90	16	3	9	5	1	3
90-100	14	2	8	3	1	2
all classes	28	5	17	6	1	4

Ref: Table 15 of Appendix A

5.1.1. It may be seen that, a very small proportion of persons, in both the rural and urban areas had undertaken *short-term migration* and it was mainly the males who had undertaken *short-term migration*. At the all-India level the rate of *short-term migration* was 1.7 per cent in the rural areas and almost negligible (much less than 1 per cent) in the urban areas.

Moreover, in the rural areas, the rate was nearly 3 per cent for the males and less than 1 per cent for females. Since those who had undertaken *short-term migration* was considered for employment related purposes only, the gradual decrease in the rate of *short-term migration* with the increase in MPCE, shows that persons with lower MPCE undertook *short-term migration* as one of the livelihood strategies in higher degrees compared to those who had higher MPCE. The results presented in the subsequent Statements, such as seasonality in short-term migration, destination during longest spell, usual activity status of those undertook short-term migration and industry of work, are required to be interpreted with due caution considering the rarity of the event of *short-term migration* in the population as seen from the rates given in Statement 5.1.

5.1.1.2 *Seasonality in short-term migration*: To study the seasonality in the *short-term migration*, in Statement 5.2, the rates of *short-term migration* in all the four sub-rounds of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round are presented. However, since the information on short-term movements were collected with a reference period of last 6 months, the sub-rounds did actually overlap but the extent of the periods of overlap gradually diminished with the progression of survey period. For example, the period of overlap between sub-round I and sub-round II may range from 6 months to 3 months, between sub-round I and sub-round III, the period of overlap may vary from 3 months to no overlap and there is no period of overlap between sub-round I and sub-round IV. From Statement 5.2 it is observed that the rate of short-term migration did not vary significantly over different sub-rounds.

Statement 5.2: Number of persons who stayed away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment per 1000 persons for each sub-round during 2007-08

#### all-India

category of short-term migrants	sub-round I (July 2007 – Sep 2007)	sub-round II (Oct 2007 – Dec 2007)	sub-round III (Jan 2008- Mar 2008)	sub-round IV (Apr 2008- Jun 2008)	whole round
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
rural male	29	27	26	30	28
rural female	6	5	5	5	5
rural male+female	18	16	15	18	17
urban male	8	5	7	5	6
urban female	2	1	1	1	1
urban male+female	5	3	4	3	4
rural+urban male	23	21	21	24	22
rural+urban female	5	4	4	4	4
rural+urban male+female	14	13	13	14	13

Ref: Table 18 of Appendix A

#### 5.1.2 Destination of the short-term migrants

5.1.2.1 As has been mentioned earlier, the place where the *short-term migrant* had stayed for the longest period considering all his spells of staying away from the village/town during last 365 days is termed as the destination of the *short-term migrant*. In Statement 5.3, the distribution of the short-term migrants by destination during longest spell has been presented. Since the event of short-term migration was found to be a rare phenomenon in the population, and more so for the persons in the urban areas than in the rural areas, the results are required to be interpreted with caution and the discussion has been restricted to the rural areas only. It is seen that majority of the *short-term migrants*, had moved within the same State. Among short term migrants, for 51 per cent of rural male and 69 per cent of rural female the destination was the same state. Moreover, a higher percentage of rural male *short-term migrants*, had moved to the urban areas compared to their female counterparts. The destination was urban areas for

nearly 72 per cent for male short-term migrants from rural areas, and for nearly 42 per cent for female short-term migrants from rural areas the destination was urban areas.

Statement 5.3: Distribution (per 1000) of persons staying away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during longest spell during 2007-08

<b>all-India</b>									
destination during longest spell	rural			urban			rural+urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(5)	(6)	(7)
<b>same district:</b>									
rural	83	189	99	111	254	133	85	194	102
urban	92	51	86	148	81	138	96	54	90
<b>same state but another district:</b>									
rural	114	256	135	60	89	64	110	244	130
urban	221	195	217	293	341	301	226	206	223
<b>another state:</b>									
rural	80	133	88	78	32	71	80	126	87
urban	403	171	368	262	200	252	392	173	359
<b>another country</b>	6	1	5	47	3	40	9	1	8
<b>all</b>	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 19 of Appendix A

### 5.1.3 Usual principal activity status of the short-term migrants

5.1.3.1 To answer the question, 'what is the usual activity of those undertaking short-term migrations?', the usual principal activity of the short-term migrants have to be studied. In Statement 5.4, the per 1000 distribution of the *short-term migrants* by different usual principal activity status has been presented. As has been mentioned earlier, the event of undertaking short-term migration being a rare phenomenon in the population, more so in urban areas than in rural areas, the results are required to be interpreted with caution and hence the discussion has been restricted to the rural areas only. It is seen that majority of the *short-term migrants* among both the rural males and females, were workers in the usual principal activity status: nearly 94 of rural male *short-term migrants* and nearly 75 per cent of the female *short-term migrants* were workers. Moreover, in the rural areas, for both males and females *short-term migrants*, more than half were *casual workers* in their usual principal activity status. The share of the rural *self-employed* males in total short-term male migration was also significant, nearly 32 per cent, and rural females who were *out of labour force* in the usual principal activity status, shared nearly 24 per cent of the total short-term female migration.

Statement 5.4: Distribution (per 1000) of the persons who stayed away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by different usual principal activity status

<b>all-India</b>						
usual principal activity status	rural			urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(2)	(3)	(4)
self-employed	323	144	296	294	90	263
regular employees	52	17	47	225	231	226
casual labour	564	585	567	335	180	311
worker	939	746	910	854	502	800
unemployed	31	10	28	80	54	76
not in labour force	30	235	61	57	377	106
<b>all</b>	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 19 of Appendix A



**5.1.4 Industry of work of the short-term migrants**

5.1.4.1 As has been mentioned earlier, for the short-term migrants who had worked (i.e., who were engaged in economic activity) during the period of staying away from the village/town, the industry of work (2-digit of NIC 2004) were recorded which related to the longest duration of work.

Statement 5.5: Distribution (per 1000) of persons staying away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked by industry of work during 2007-08

<b>all-India</b>						
broad industry division of work (1)	rural			urban		
	male (2)	female (3)	person (4)	male (5)	female (6)	person (7)
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	200	453	236	112	206	126
mining & quarrying (10-14)	13	8	13	7	3	6
manufacturing (15-37)	172	139	168	261	255	260
electricity, water and gas (40-41)	1	3	2	3	5	4
construction (45)	429	336	416	278	108	252
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	83	10	73	200	76	181
transport (60-64)	66	5	57	58	3	49
other services (65-99)	35	46	37	82	344	122
non-agriculture (10-99)	800	547	764	888	794	874
all (01-99)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000

Ref: Table 17 of Appendix A

of work. In Statement 5.5, distribution of the short-term migrants, who had worked (henceforth referred to as *short-term migrant workers*), over different industries have been given. Here also the discussion has been restricted to the short-term migrant workers from rural areas only. It may be noted that *construction* (NIC 2004 code 45), *agriculture* (NIC 2004 codes 01-05) and *manufacturing* (NIC 2004 codes 15-37) together absorbed nearly 80 per cent of all male and 93 per cent of female *short-term migrant workers* from rural areas. Of all the rural male *short-term migrant workers* nearly 43 were engaged in *construction* while *agriculture* and *manufacturing* employed nearly 20 per cent and 17 per cent of male *short-term migrant workers*, respectively. Nearly 45 per cent of female *short-term migrant workers* were engaged in *agriculture*, while *construction* and *manufacturing* employed 34 per cent and 14 per cent of female *short-term migrant workers*, respectively.

Statement 5.1.1: Number of persons who stayed away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment for each State/U.T

**rural**

State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	20	8	14
Arunachal Pradesh	25	10	18
Assam	20	2	12
Bihar	57	1	30
Chhattisgarh	23	9	17
Delhi	2	2	2
Goa	19	1	9
Gujarat	43	24	34
Haryana	6	2	4
Himachal Pradesh	10	0	5
Jammu & Kashmir	26	1	13
Jharkhand	46	6	26
Karnataka	17	6	11
Kerala	9	1	5
Madhya Pradesh	39	11	26
Maharashtra	16	8	12
Manipur	7	3	5
Meghalaya	24	1	13
Mizoram	7	1	4
Nagaland	41	18	30
Orissa	22	5	13
Punjab	7	8	7
Rajasthan	25	5	15
Sikkim	6	1	4
Tamil Nadu	18	5	11
Tripura	4	2	3
Uttarakhand	8	0	4
Uttar Pradesh	25	1	14
West Bengal	44	4	24
A & N Islands	9	1	5
Chandigarh	0	0	0
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0
Daman & Diu	20	0	13
Lakshadweep	8	0	4
Puducherry	12	10	11
<b>all-India</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>17</b>

Statement 5.1.1: Number of persons who stayed away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment for each State/U.T

**urban**

State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	3	0	2
Arunachal Pradesh	22	9	16
Assam	23	2	14
Bihar	14	1	7
Chhattisgarh	3	2	3
Delhi	6	2	4
Goa	5	1	3
Gujarat	7	2	5
Haryana	3	0	1
Himachal Pradesh	2	0	1
Jammu & Kashmir	13	1	7
Jharkhand	2	0	1
Karnataka	8	1	4
Kerala	5	1	3
Madhya Pradesh	9	1	5
Maharashtra	3	1	2
Manipur	6	0	3
Meghalaya	4	2	3
Mizoram	9	3	6
Nagaland	66	28	47
Orissa	8	0	4
Punjab	3	1	2
Rajasthan	6	2	4
Sikkim	0	0	0
Tamil Nadu	11	3	7
Tripura	9	6	7
Uttarakhand	3	0	1
Uttar Pradesh	6	0	3
West Bengal	9	2	6
A & N Islands	5	0	2
Chandigarh	0	0	0
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2	0	1
Daman & Diu	4	0	2
Lakshadweep	2	0	1
Puducherry	4	1	3
<b>all-India</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>

Statement 5.1.1: Number of persons who stayed away from home for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment for each State/U.T

**rural+urban**

State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	15	6	10
Arunachal Pradesh	24	10	18
Assam	20	2	12
Bihar	53	1	28
Chhattisgarh	20	8	14
Delhi	5	2	4
Goa	11	1	6
Gujarat	30	16	23
Haryana	5	1	3
Himachal Pradesh	9	0	5
Jammu & Kashmir	23	1	12
Jharkhand	38	5	22
Karnataka	14	4	9
Kerala	8	1	4
Madhya Pradesh	32	9	21
Maharashtra	10	5	8
Manipur	6	2	4
Meghalaya	21	1	11
Mizoram	8	2	5
Nagaland	47	20	34
Orissa	20	4	12
Punjab	5	5	5
Rajasthan	21	4	13
Sikkim	6	1	3
Tamil Nadu	15	4	9
Tripura	5	3	4
Uttarakhand	7	0	4
Uttar Pradesh	21	1	12
West Bengal	35	4	20
A & N Islands	8	1	4
Chandigarh	0	0	0
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0
Daman & Diu	15	0	9
Lakshadweep	5	0	3
Puducherry	8	5	6
<b>all-India</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>13</b>

## Chapter Six

### Out-Migrants

#### 6.1 Out-migrants

6.1.0 In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, from each of the selected household, information about out-migration of the erstwhile household members were collected. Thus, information in cases of out-migration of entire household from a village/town, could not be collected in this survey. Any former member of the households who had left the household, any time in the past, for stay outside the village/town, was considered as out-migrant, provided he/she was alive as on the date of survey. For all such former members of the household, information was collected regarding present place of residence, reason for out-migration, whether engaged in economic activities, amount of remittances sent during last 365 days by such out-migrants to their former households, etc. Besides these, information on the purpose for which remittances, sent by the out-migrants, were used by the receiving households was also collected. It needs to be mentioned that the amount of remittances used for different purposes was not collected, but information on the purposes for which such remittances were used only was collected. In this Chapter, various features associated with the out-migrants, amount of remittances sent by such out-migrants, use of remittances, etc., have been studied. It may be noted that in NSS 49<sup>th</sup> round, information on out-migration was collected only for those who had left the household for stay outside the State during the last 5 years before the date of survey. Thus, the results from these two rounds are not comparable and hence have not been presented.

##### 6.1.1 Rate of out-migration

6.1.1.1 The rate of out-migration has been defined as number of out-migrants per 1000 of persons. In Statement 6.1, the rate of out-migration per 1000 persons, as per NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, at

Statement 6.1: Number of out-migrant per 1000 persons

<b>all-India</b>			
category of out migrants.	rural	urban	rural+urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
male	92	51	81
female	166	110	152
person	128	79	115

Ref: Table 10 of Appendix A

the all-India level has been given and the corresponding rates for each State/U.T have been given in Statement 6.1.1. It is seen that out-migration rate for males was nearly 9 per cent from rural areas and 5 per cent from urban areas. The rates for females were much higher compared to males in both the rural and urban areas. It was 17 per cent among rural females and 11 per cent

among urban females. It may be noted that the rates of out-migration are considerably different from the migration rates discussed earlier. The estimates of out-migrants and migrants are likely to be divergent on many counts. Firstly, due to the exclusion of those out-migrants for which the entire household had migrated. Secondly, in cases the parent household from which the out-migration of member (s) has taken place, ceased to exist for some reason, the out-migration status of the former members could not be determined. Thirdly, those who had migrated out any time in the past but had subsequently returned back to the same household, are migrants in that household but are not out-migrants. In these three instances, though the information on out-migration of the member (s) could not be collected, such members will be treated as migrants, if resided in India, and as such the estimates of migrants will be higher than the estimates of out-migrant. On the other hand, when some members migrate out from a household to take up residence in another country, they are considered as out-migrants but not migrants in India, because they are at present residing in another country.

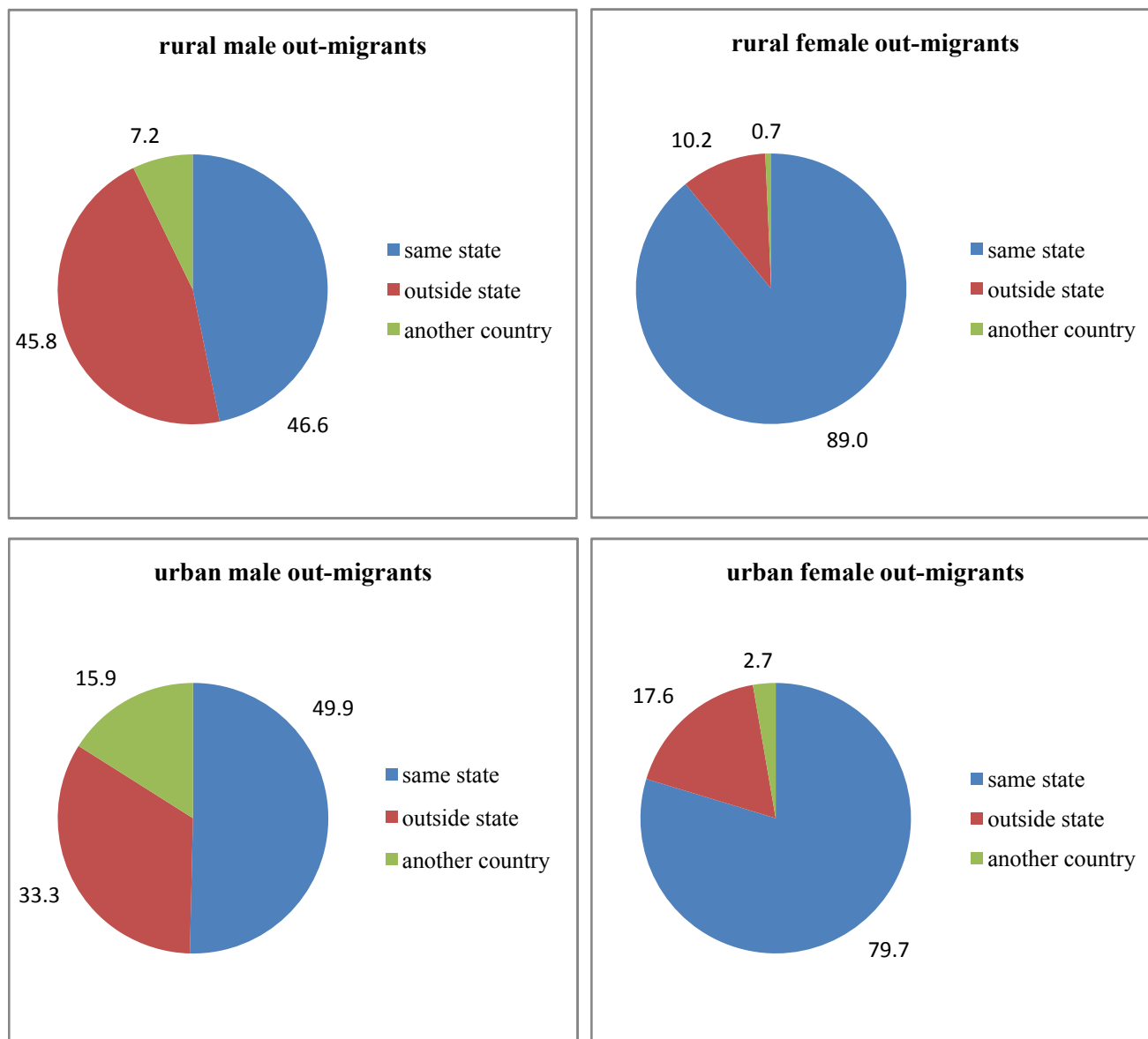
**6.1.2 Present place of residence of the out-migrants**

6.1.2.1 For each of the out-migrants from the selected households information was collected regarding the present place of residence of the out-migrant. In Statement 6.2, the distribution of the out-migrants by present place of residence has been presented at the all-India level and the corresponding results for each State/U.T have been presented in Statement 6.2.1. It may be seen that a relatively higher percentage of female out-migrants, from both the rural and urban areas, took up residence within the State, and chances of rural female out-migrants moving out to another State were even remote: 89 per cent for rural female out-migrants and 80 per cent for urban female out-migrants had residence within the State. Moreover, for female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas, their present place of residence were predominantly within the same district. In case of female out-migrants, it is observed that the present place of residence for 61 per cent of out-migrants from rural areas and 43 per cent of out-migrants from urban areas was within the same district. In comparison to the situation for female out-migrants, the present place of residence were more diverse for the male out-migrants of both the rural and urban areas. It is seen that the rural male out-migrants were almost equally dispersed in both the State from which they had migrated out as well as outside that State (nearly 46 per cent in each of these two types of places). Though half of the urban male out-migrants were concentrated within the State from, 33 per cent of them had residence in a State different from the one from which they had out-migrated. Another, notable feature of the male out-migrants is taking up residence in another country. Nearly 7 per cent of the male out-migrants from the rural areas and 16 per cent from urban areas, had taken up residence in another country. The percentage distribution of different categories of out-migrants in different places of residence has been given in Figure 6.1.

Statement 6.2: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence

<b>all-India</b>							
category of out- migrant	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
	rural						
male	173	293	466	458	924	72	1000
female	614	276	890	102	992	7	1000
person	452	282	734	233	967	31	1000
	urban						
male	143	356	499	333	832	159	1000
female	425	372	797	176	973	27	1000
person	332	367	699	228	926	71	1000
	rural + urban						
male	168	303	471	438	909	86	1000
female	578	294	873	116	988	11	1000
person	430	298	728	232	960	38	1000

Ref: Table 10 of Appendix A

**Figure 6.1: Percentage distribution of out-migrants in different places of residence**

### 6.1.3 Reason for out-migration

6.1.3.1 Information on the reason for out-migration was collected for each of the out-migrants of the selected households. The per 1000 distribution of the out-migrants, by reason for out-migration, is presented in Statement 6.3 at the all-India level and in Statement 6.3.1, the corresponding distribution for broad reasons is presented for each State/U.T. Majority of the male out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas had migrated out for *employment related reasons* which accounted for nearly 80 per cent of the out-migrants from the rural areas and 71 per cent of the out-migrants from the urban areas. For female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas, the reason for out-migration was predominantly for *marriage*, which accounted for nearly 84 per cent of female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas. It is found that a significantly higher proportion of males from both the rural and urban areas had migrated out for *study* compared to the female out-migrants. For study nearly 8 per cent of males had out-migrated from rural areas and 14 per cent from urban areas while the corresponding share for females was 2 per cent and 3 per cent in rural and urban areas respectively.

Statement 6.3: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by reason for migration

**all-India**

sr. no.	reason for migration	rural			urban			rural+urban		
		male	female	person	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
<b>employment related reasons</b>										
1.	in search of employment	198	7	77	129	5	46	186	6	71
2.	in search of better employment	210	5	81	138	5	49	198	5	75
3.	business	22	1	8	29	0	10	23	1	9
4.	to take up employment/ better employment	336	9	129	347	14	124	338	10	128
5.	transfer of service/ contract	25	0	9	59	2	21	30	1	12
6.	proximity to place of work	8	1	4	8	1	3	8	1	3
<b>7.</b>	<b>sub-total (srl. 1 to 6)</b>	<b>799</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>298</b>
<b>8.</b>	<b>studies</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>48</b>
<b>forced migration</b>										
9.	natural disaster	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10.	social/political problem	1	1	1	3	0	1	1	1	1
11.	displacement by development projects	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0
<b>12.</b>	<b>sub-total (srl. 9 to 11)</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>1</b>
13.	acquisition of own house/flat	5	1	2	13	1	5	6	1	3
14.	housing problems	6	1	3	14	3	7	7	2	4
15.	health care	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1
16.	post retirement	0	0	0	2	0	1	0	0	0
17.	marriage	11	843	537	22	846	573	13	843	543
18.	migration of parent/earning member of the family	76	95	88	59	75	70	73	91	85
19.	others	18	10	13	29	10	16	19	10	14
<b>20.</b>	<b>sub-total (srl. 13 to 19)</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>950</b>	<b>644</b>	<b>140</b>	<b>935</b>	<b>673</b>	<b>119</b>	<b>947</b>	<b>650</b>
<b>21.</b>	<b>all (incl. n.r.)</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>	<b>1000</b>

Ref: Table 11 of Appendix A

**6.1.4 Engagement in economic activities and remittances sent by the out-migrants**

6.1.4.1 In the discussion of reasons for out-migration, it transpired that employment related purpose was the guiding factor for out-migration for male. In this context, the engagement in economic activities by the out-migrants have been studied. Since remittances sent by the out-migrants to their former households is understood to play a vital role in improving the livelihoods of the households, the issue of remittances sent by the out-migrants to the households from which they had migrated out is also discussed.



Statement 6.4: Number of economically active<sup>1</sup> out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) and number of remitter out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) separately for each place of residence

**all-India**

category of out-migrants	number of economically active out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants)			number of remitter out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants)		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants			present place of residence of the out-migrants		
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
rural male	798	945	807	578	822	594
rural female	217	448	219	14	132	15
rural male+female	422	873	435	213	721	228
urban male	732	926	757	411	686	451
urban female	110	374	117	20	91	22
urban male+female	294	785	328	136	535	164
rural+urban male	788	939	798	552	780	570
rural+urban female	197	413	200	15	113	16
rural+urban male+female	399	843	416	199	658	217

Ref: Table 14 of Appendix A

6.1.4.2 *Proportion of economically active out-migrants*: In Statement 6.4, proportion of out-migrants (per 1000 of out-migrants) presently engaged economic activities as well as proportion of out-migrants sending remittances per 1000 out migrants have been presented at the all-India level, separately, for the out-migrants residing in India and abroad. In Statement 6.4.1 the number of out-migrants engaged in economic activities per 1000 out-migrants have been presented for each State/U.T. and in Statement 6.4.2 number of out-migrants sending remittances per 1000 out-migrants for each State/U.T. have been presented. It is seen that among the out-migrants residing abroad a higher percentage were engaged in economic activities for all categories of out-migrants compared to those out-migrants residing in India. In case of rural male out-migrants, residing abroad, nearly 95 per cent were engaged in economic activities compared to 80 per cent of those residing in India and for male out-migrants from urban areas nearly 93 per cent of those residing abroad were engaged in economic activities compared to 73 per cent of those residing in India. In comparison with male out-migrants, for female out-migrants it is observed that, from both the rural and urban areas, a considerably lower proportion were engaged in economic activities. However, among those who were residing abroad the proportion engaged in economic activities were still higher compared to those residing in India. The lower proportion of female out-migrants in economic activities can largely be explained by the fact that the females migrate out predominantly due to *marriage* and not for *employment related reasons*. It is seen that nearly 45 per cent of the females out-migrants from rural areas residing abroad were engaged in economic activities compared to 22 per cent of those residing in India and in case of female out-migrants from urban areas, nearly 37 per cent of those residing abroad were engaged in economic activities compared to 11 per cent among those residing in India.

6.1.4.3 *Proportion of remitter out-migrants*: Statement 6.4 also gives the proportion of out-migrants who had sent remittances during the last 365 days. It is seen that higher proportion of male out-migrants residing abroad had sent remittances to their former households compared to those out-migrants who were residing in India. This phenomenon is observed for females

<sup>1</sup> The *out-migrants* presently engaged in economic activities were considered economically active out-migrants.

also, though the proportion of female out-migrants who had sent remittances during the last 365 days was considerably less. Among the male out-migrants from the rural areas and residing abroad, nearly 82 per cent had sent remittances during the last 365 days, while only 58 per cent of those residing in India had sent remittances. For male out-migrants from the urban areas, nearly 69 per cent of those residing abroad had sent remittances compared to only 41 per cent of those residing in India. For female out-migrants residing in India, only 1 per cent of those migrated out from rural areas and 2 per cent of those out-migrated from urban areas had sent remittances. However, among the female out-migrants residing abroad, nearly 13 per cent of those migrated out from rural areas and 9 per cent of those migrated out from urban areas had sent remittances during the last 365 days. Thus, a higher percentage of the out-migrants were engaged in economic activities but the percentage of out-migrants sending remittances were not that high. This holds for all categories of out-migrants.

*6.1.4.4 Status of engagement in economic activities and sending remittances by the out-migrants:* In Statement 6.5, per 1000 distribution of the out-migrants by their status of engagement economic activities and sending remittances during the last 365 days, to their former households, have been presented. It is seen that the instances of out-migrants, who were not engaged in economic activities, but sending remittances were rare and remitters were, predominantly, those out-migrants who were engaged in economic activities. It is evident from the Statement, that the practice of sending remittances to the former households were more prevalent among the out-migrants who were engaged in economic activities and were residing abroad compared to those out-migrants who were residing in India and engaged in economic activities. It may be inferred from the Statement, that among the male out-migrants from rural areas and residing in India, who were engaged in economic activities, nearly, 72 per cent had sent remittances, while nearly 85 per cent of those who were engaged in economic activities and residing abroad had sent remittances. On the other hand, only 56 per cent of the male out-migrants from the urban areas and residing in India who were engaged in economic activities had sent remittances, while nearly 74 of those who were engaged in economic activities and residing abroad had sent remittances. These results also show that, compared to the male out-migrants from the rural areas, the practice of sending remittances by the male out-migrants from the urban areas, who were engaged in economic activities, to their former households, was found to be less prevalent. Moreover, compared to their male counterparts, comparatively lesser percentage of the female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas and engaged in economic activities had sent remittances. Nearly 5 per cent and 25 per cent of the female out-migrants from rural areas who were engaged in economic activities and residing in India and abroad, respectively, had sent remittances. Among the female out-migrants from the urban areas, nearly 9 per cent of those who were engaged in economic activities and residing in India had sent remittances while 20 per cent of those who were engaged in economic activities and residing in abroad had sent remittances. It is seen that among the out-migrants residing in India and not engaged in economic activities, the proportion of those sending remittances were almost negligible around 1 per cent for both males and females.

Statement 6.5: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by status of engagement in economic activity and sending remittance separately for each place of residence

category of out-migrants	present place of residence of the out-migrant								all (incl. n.r.)	
	India				another country					
	engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity			
	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	
<b>rural</b>										
male	530	208	3	175	58	10	1	3	1000	
female	10	205	4	755	1	3	0	4	1000	
person	202	206	4	541	22	5	0	3	1000	
<b>urban</b>										
male	339	270	3	216	109	38	0	11	1000	
female	10	96	9	850	2	8	1	16	1000	
person	119	154	7	640	37	18	0	14	1000	
<b>rural + urban</b>										
male	499	218	3	181	67	14	1	4	1000	
female	10	185	5	773	1	4	0	6	1000	
person	187	197	4	559	25	7	0	5	1000	

Ref: Table 13.1 of Appendix A

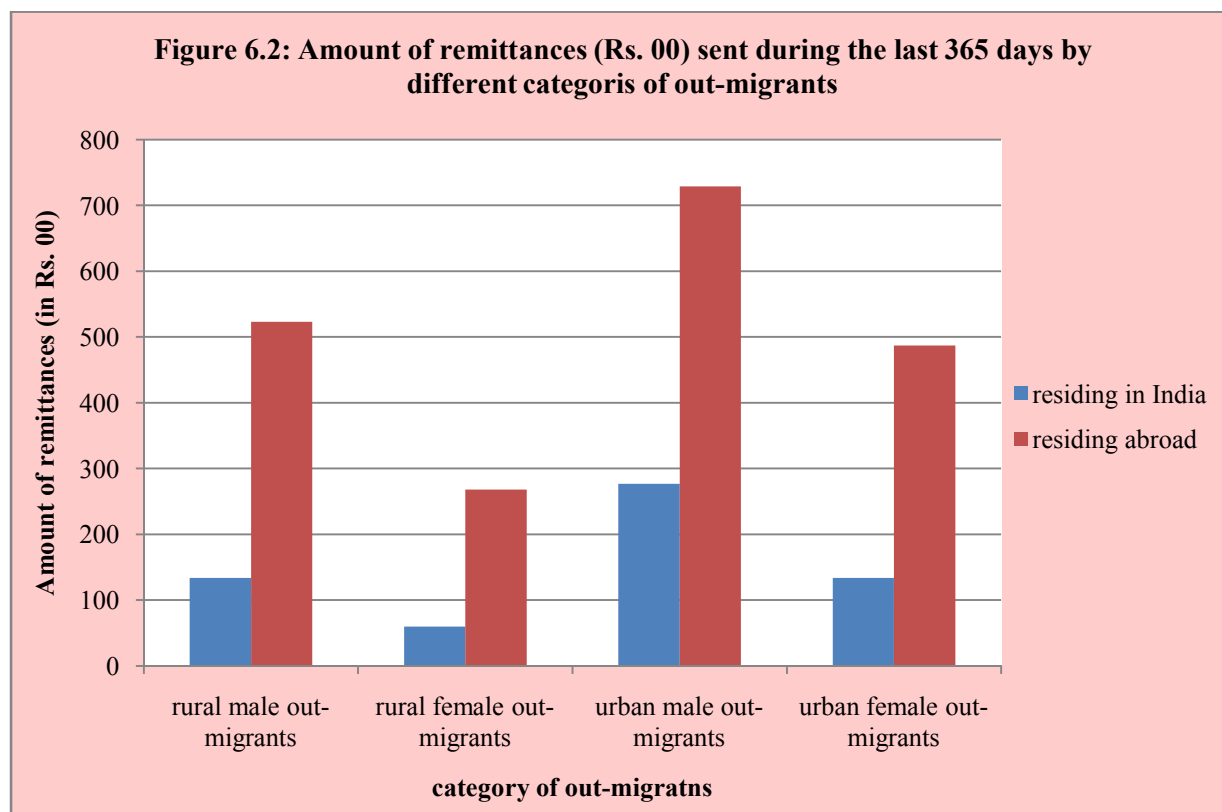
6.1.4.5 *Frequency and amount of remittances*: The discussions in the previous paragraphs were restricted basically to the three aspects of the out-migrants, viz., their present place of residence, engagement in economic activities and status of sending remittances. The *Human Development Report 2009, Overcoming barriers: Human mobility and development* has noted that 'moving generally brings benefits, most directly in the form of remittances sent to immediate family members'. Thus, a proper perspective of the economic benefits received by the households from the out-migrants from those households necessitates study of the frequency of remittances and amount of remittances sent by the out-migrants. Statement 6.6 provides details on, the average number of time remittances sent by the out-migrants to their former households and amount of remittances sent (in Rs. 00) by the out-migrants during the last 365 days, at the all-India level and the corresponding results for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 6.6.1. The frequency of remittance is the average number of times the household had received remittance from the out-migrants during the last 365 days and the amount of remittance is the average amount of remittance received by the households, during the last 365 days, from its out-migrants- summed across the frequency. The frequency of remittances reveals the regularity with which remittances are received by the households. It is seen that on an average a male out-migrant from rural areas, irrespective of whether the place of residence is in India or abroad, had sent nearly 5 remittances during the last 365 days. The female out-migrants from the rural areas and residing in India had sent 4 remittances compared to 3 remittances sent by those residing abroad. The frequency of remittances, for both the male and female out-migrants, from the urban areas are slightly higher. The male out-migrants from the urban areas had sent nearly 6 remittances, irrespective of whether they are residing in India or abroad. The female out-migrants from the urban areas and residing in India, on the other hand, had sent on an average 5 remittances compared to 3 remittances sent by those residing

abroad. The amount of remittances sent by the out-migrants residing abroad were substantially higher than the amount sent by those residing in India. On an average, during the last 365 days, a male out-migrant from rural areas and residing abroad had sent 4 times the amount of remittances sent by an out-migrant residing in India: while on an average nearly Rs. 52,000 was remitted by those residing abroad, the amount was nearly Rs. 13,000 for those residing in India. It is, also, observed that the out-migrants from the urban areas had remitted higher amount, during the last 365 days, to their former households compared to those from rural areas. On an average a male out-migrant from the urban areas, and residing abroad, had remitted nearly Rs. 73,000, during the last 365 days, which was higher by nearly Rs. 21,000 of the amount remitted by a male out-migrant from rural areas and residing abroad. Compared to this, the average amount remitted by a male out-migrant from the urban areas and residing in India was nearly Rs. 28,000, more than double the amount remitted by a male out-migrant from rural areas and residing in India. The amount of remittances from the female out-migrants from both the rural and urban areas was lower compared to their male counterparts, irrespective of whether the female out-migrants are residing in India or abroad. Moreover, on an average a female out-migrant from the rural areas, irrespective of whether the present place of residence is in India or abroad, had sent nearly half of the amount which was sent by a male out-migrant from the rural areas. A female out-migrant from the urban areas and residing in India also remitted nearly half of the amount remitted by a male counterpart. The amount of remittance was nearly two-third from the female out-migrants from the urban areas and residing abroad compared to those remitted by the male out-migrants from the urban areas and residing abroad. The average amount of remittances sent (Rs. 00) by the out-migrants during the last 365 days has been presented graphically in Figure 6.2.

Statement 6.6: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence

<b>all-India</b>							
category of out-migrant	present place of residence of the out-migrant						
	India		another country		all		
	frequency of remittances (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittances (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittances (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	
	rural						
male	5	134	5	523	5	172	
female	4	60	3	268	4	73	
person	5	130	5	516	5	168	
	urban						
male	6	277	6	729	6	389	
female	5	134	3	487	5	174	
person	6	263	6	719	6	369	
	rural+urban						
male	5	150	5	578	5	201	
female	4	78	3	351	4	98	
person	5	146	5	571	5	196	

Ref: Table 14 of Appendix A



### 6.1.5 Amount of remittances received by households from its former members (out-migrants) and use of such remittances

6.1.5.1 The discussions about out-migration in the previous paragraphs were restricted to only the various features of the out-migrants, viz., their place of residence, status of engagement in economic activities, frequency and amount of remittances sent. However, out-migration can be viewed as a phenomenon from the perspective of the economics of recipient households. For this the study of incidence of out-migration from the households, proportion of households receiving remittances, amount of remittances received and purpose for which remittances are used is also facilitated by the survey results.

6.1.5.2 *Incidence of out-migration and of receipt of remittances:* In Statement 6.7, the proportion of households reporting out-migrants per 1000 households, proportion of households receiving remittance per 1000 households reporting out-migration and average amount of remittances (Rs.00) received per reporting households have been presented at the all-India level for each MPCE decile class, and the corresponding results for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 6.7.1. It is seen that nearly 30 per cent of rural households had reported out-migration of its former members and nearly 19 per cent of urban households had reported out-migration. However, out-migration of the household members to abroad was found to be more prevalent among the urban households than among the rural households. From nearly 5 per cent of the rural households, which had reported out-migration, some member(s) had migrated out to another country, while it was for nearly 9 per cent of the urban households which had reported out-migration of its members. The incidence of out-migration of the household members from the rural households is seen to be increasing with the increase in MPCE. Nearly 21 per cent of the rural households of the bottom MPCE decile class had reported out-migration of its members which increased to nearly 42 per cent of the households in the top MPCE class. In the urban areas, on the other hand, percentage of households reporting out-migration of its members did not vary much with the MPCE: it was nearly 19 per

cent in the case of the households in bottom decile class and nearly 22 per cent of the households in the top decile class. However, it is worth noting that in both the rural and the urban areas, the percentage of households reporting out-migration of its members to abroad have, in general, have shown an increasing trend with the increase in MPCE. Thus, among the

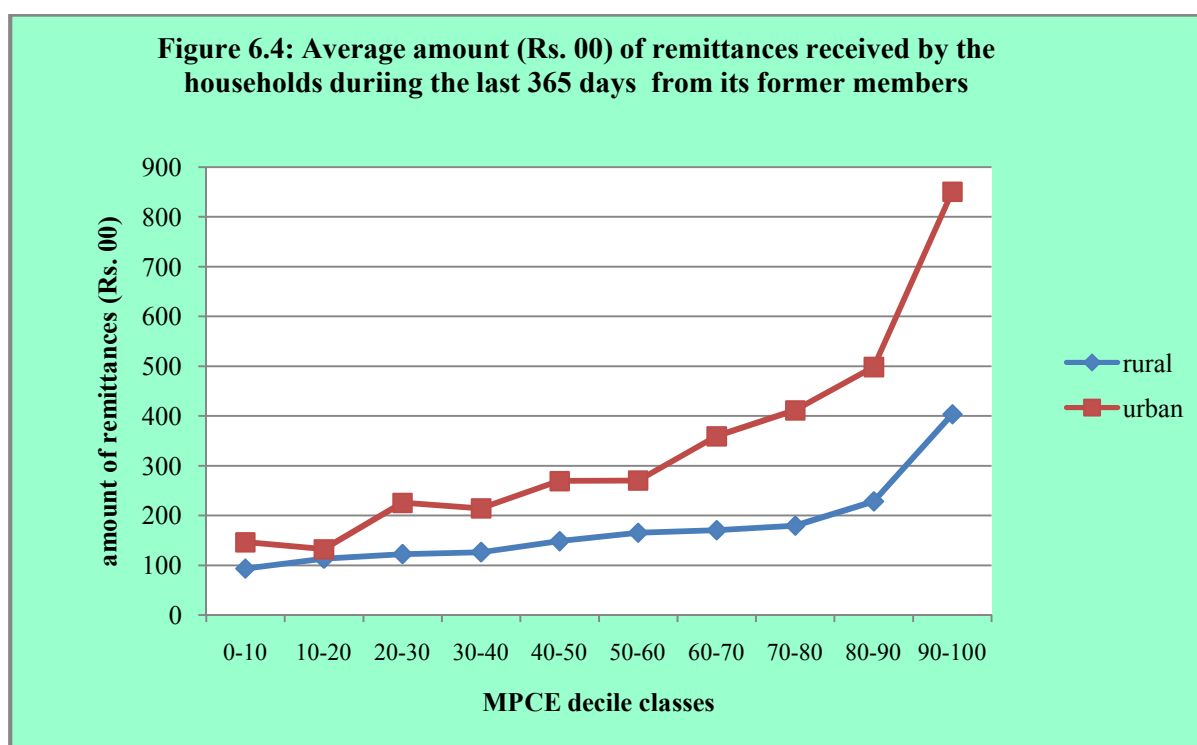
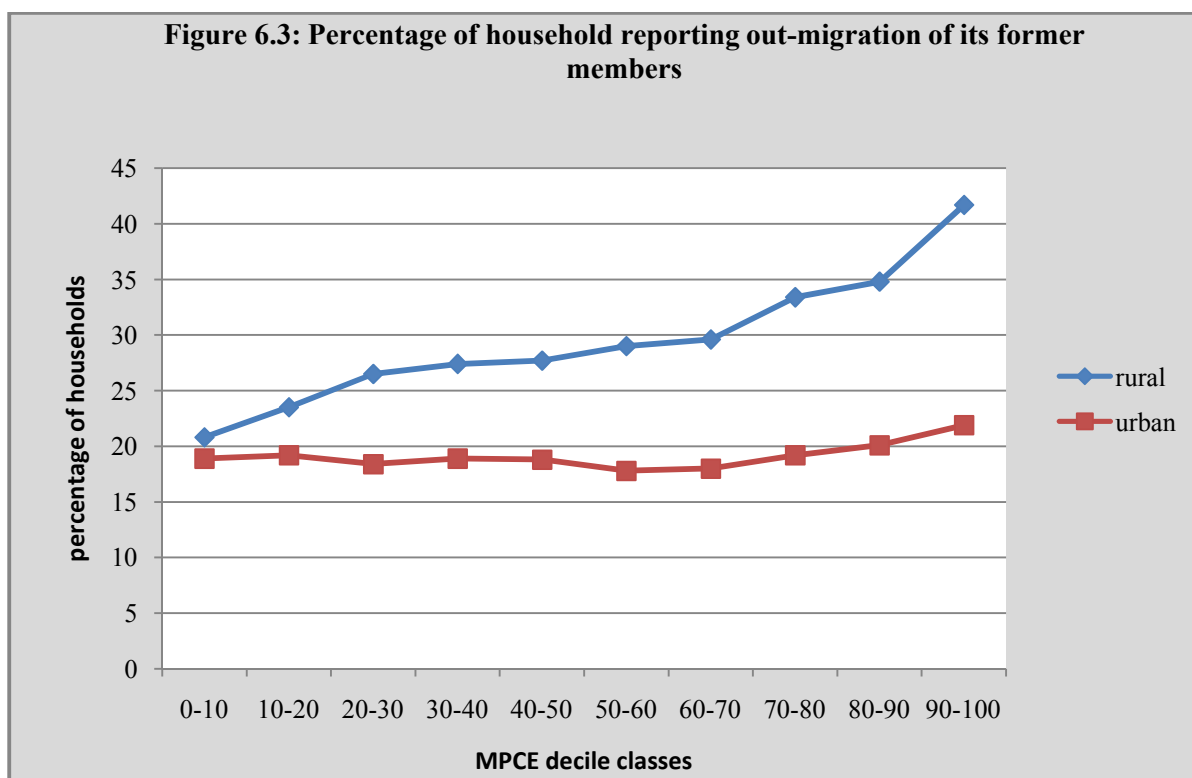
Statement 6.7: Proportion of households reporting out-migrants, reporting receipt of remittance and average remittance received (Rs.)

<b>all-India</b>				
MPCE decile classes	no. of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 household	no. of households reporting out-migrant to another country per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	no. of households received remittance per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	average amount of remittance received (Rs. 00) per reporting household
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>rural</b>				
0-10	208	10	362	93
10-20	235	22	368	113
20-30	265	13	351	122
30-40	274	31	373	126
40-50	277	27	392	148
50-60	290	29	355	165
60-70	296	33	354	170
70-80	334	44	349	179
80-90	348	55	350	228
90-100	417	117	385	403
all groups	304	49	365	207
<b>urban</b>				
0-10	189	29	191	146
10-20	192	14	187	132
20-30	184	41	209	225
30-40	189	38	185	214
40-50	188	60	224	269
50-60	178	69	208	270
60-70	180	62	257	359
70-80	192	77	219	411
80-90	201	107	293	498
90-100	219	259	314	850
all groups	193	93	240	436

Ref: Table 7 of Appendix A

MPCE decile classes also did not show any significant differences. However, in urban areas, the percentage of households which had received remittances from its former members during the last 365 had increased significantly with the increase in MPCE: it was 19 per cent in the case of households in the bottom MPCE decile class which increased to nearly 31 per cent in the top MPCE decile class. Significant differences were observed in the amount of remittances received by the households from its former members in the rural and urban areas. In the rural areas, on an average the households received nearly Rs. 21,000 as remittances, during the last 365 days, from the members out-migrated from the households, while in the urban areas, the households received nearly double of that amount (Rs. 44,0000 from its former members during this period. The households in lower MPCE decile classes received significantly smaller amount as remittances, during the last 365 days, compared to the households in the higher MPCE decile classes. Average amount of remittances received, during the last 365 days, from

the out-migrants was nearly Rs. 9,000 for the rural households in the bottom MPCE decile class, which increased more than four-fold to Rs. 40,000 for the households in the top MPCE decile class. In the urban areas, the average amount of remittances received, during the last 365 days, by the households in the bottom MPCE classes was nearly Rs. 15,000 which increased nearly six-fold to reach Rs. 85,000 for the households in the top MPCE decile class. In Figures, 6.3 and 6.4, the percentage of households reporting out-migrants of its members and average amount of remittances (Rs. 00) received, for each MPCE decile classes, respectively, have been presented.



Statement 6.8: Average household consumer expenditure (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households (per 1000) receiving remittance and average amount of remittance received per households for each household social group

**all-India**

type of estimate	household social group					all (incl. n.r.)
	ST	SC	OBC	Others		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	
<b>rural</b>						
average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household (Rs)	30446	31990	38045	45770	37735	
average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household receiving remittance (Rs)	34949	33560	41471	47843	41466	
proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households	50	95	124	130	111	
average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household	714	1424	2654	3187	2297	
average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household reporting receipt of remittance	14271	15052	21343	24611	20737	
<b>urban</b>						
average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household (Rs)	53386	48970	56302	78887	65405	
average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household receiving remittance (Rs)	74459	52090	66120	97603	79556	
proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households	35	28	53	47	46	
average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household	1157	695	2004	2508	2017	
average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household reporting receipt of remittance	32792	24554	37502	53466	43589	

Ref: Table 9 of Appendix A



6.1.5.3 *Household consumer expenditure and receipt of remittances:* In Statement 6.8, average household consumer expenditure per household as well as average household consumer expenditure per ‘remittances receiving household’ have been presented along with proportion of households receiving remittances and average amount of remittances received for each social group. The State/U.T. level results have been presented in Statement 6.8.1. It is to be noted that the information on the amount of remittances received by the households from its former members refers to those remittances which were received during the last 365 days, while, for calculation of MPCE, household consumer expenditure was collected in the worksheet of Schedule 10.2 in two reference periods, viz. last 365 day for the items, medical (institutional), education, clothing, bedding & footwear and durable goods and last 30 days for the remaining items. To make a broad comparison of the amount of remittances received by the households during the last 365 days with that of average household consumer expenditure, the average monthly household consumer expenditure, as derived from the worksheet, has been multiplied by a factor of 12 and is termed as average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days (AHCE). Moreover, it is to be noted that in the comparison, the household size has not been factored in since remittance is viewed as received by the households as a single unit and not distributable among the different members. It is seen from the Statement that, considerable differences in the proportion of households receiving remittances existed among different social groups. In the rural areas, the proportion of households reporting receipt of remittances was the least for ST (5 per cent) and highest for household categorized as ‘others’ (13 per cent), while in the urban areas, the proportion of households reporting receipt of remittances was the least for SC (3 per cent) and highest for OBC and ‘others’ (5 per cent each). It is also observed that AHCE per household, of the remittance recipient households across all the household social groups, were considerably higher than the AHCE per household, of the corresponding social group, considering all households. In both rural and urban areas, among the households reporting receipt of remittances, those categorized as ‘others’ had received highest average amount of remittances per household (nearly Rs. 24,600 in rural areas and Rs. 53,000 in urban areas). Among the households reporting receipt of remittances, lowest average amount of remittances received per household was by ST households in the rural areas (nearly Rs.14,000) and by SC households in the urban areas (nearly Rs. 24,500).

6.1.5.4 *Use of remittances:* The *Human Development Report 2009, Overcoming barriers: Human mobility and development* has noted that ‘financial remittances are vital in improving the livelihoods of millions of people in developing countries. Many empirical studies have confirmed the positive contribution of international remittances to household welfare, nutrition, food, health and living conditions in places of origin.’ The households which had received remittances, during the last 365 days, from the out-migrant members, may put the remittances to one or more uses. In the 64<sup>th</sup> round survey on *Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars*, from each of the remittances recipient household, information on the purposes for which such remittances were used were collected. Since a household may use the remittances for more than one purpose, for each household, information on the use of remittances was collected for at most three such purposes according to the descending order of the amount used. 12 purposes were identified for collection of information on the use of remittances, to study the pattern in the use of remittances by the recipient households. In Statement 6.9, the proportion of household using remittances received from the out-migrants for specific purposes have been presented at the all-India level and the corresponding results for each State/U.T. have been presented in Statement 6.9.1. It is seen that household consumer expenditure in both rural and urban areas, was the prime use of the remittances, with nearly 95 per cent of the households in the rural areas and 93 per cent of the households in the urban areas reporting use of the remittances for household consumer expenditure purpose. Moreover, among all the components of household consumer expenditure a very higher proportion of the

households (76 per cent in the rural areas and 71 per in the urban areas) had reported use 'on food items'. A significant proportion of households in both the rural and urban areas had used the remittances for 'health care': 38 per cent of the rural households and 36 per cent of the urban households. 'Education of household members' also featured as one of the main uses of remittances (nearly 31 per cent of the rural households and 34 per cent of the urban households reported use for 'Education of household members'). The next important purpose for which remittances were used was for 'debt repayment' for rural households (10 per cent of the rural households had reported use for debt repayment) and 'saving/investment' for the urban households (nearly 13 per cent of the urban household had used the remittance for 'saving/investment').

Statement 6.9: Proportion of households (per 1000) using remittance received from out-migrants for specific purpose

<b>all-India</b>				
sr. no.	purpose for which remittance	rural	urban	rural+urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
<b>for household consumer expenditure</b>				
1.	on food items	756	713	750
2.	education of household members	305	335	310
3.	household durable	203	189	201
4.	marriage and other ceremonies	48	36	46
5.	health care	377	355	374
6.	other items of household consumer expenditure	455	427	451
<b>7.</b>	<b>sub-total (: srl. 1 to 6)</b>	<b>948</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>946</b>
8.	for improving housing condition	91	64	87
9.	debt repayment	103	90	102
10.	financing working capital	11	10	11
11.	initiating new entrepreneurial activity	3	2	3
13.	saving/investment	54	126	64
14.	others	56	54	56
19.	any (incl. n.r.)	1000	1000	1000
no. of hhds. reporting receipt of remittance per 1000 hhds.		111	46	92

Ref: Table 8 of Appendix A

## 6.2 Net migration

6.2.1 *Net migration* for any region, considering all the periods of migration, may be defined as the difference between in-migration and out-migration. The number of *net migrants* per 1000 of population gives the *net migration* rate. Net migration has been derived for all-India and for each State/U.T. Thus, for calculation of net migration, estimates of in-migration and out-migration have to be derived. It may be noted that, for determining *net migration* of a State, in-migrants of the State were considered as those who migrated to that State either from any other State of India or from any other country, while the out-migrants from that State may reside either in any other State in India or in another country. In NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, information on number of out-migrants from the selected households was collected, along with some related characteristics, such as age, sex, whether engaged in economic activities, amount of remittances sent, along with the present place of residence of the out-migrant. Thus, it is possible to get some idea about the magnitude of out-migrants to another country from the survey results of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round. However, since the information on out-migrants was collected from the selected households, in case a whole household had out-migrated (to any place in India or abroad), or the parent household from which some members had migrated out has ceased to exist, information for such out-migrants could not be collected. The estimate of out-migration thus collected from the households is subject to underestimation. Considering

the possibility of underestimation of the out-migrants, the estimates of net migration has been obtained by the following methods:

1. For any State, the number of in-migrants in that State has been determined as the number of migrants in that State who have migrated from any other State or other countries. The number of in-migrants, thus, was determined in relation to last UPR. It may be noted that only when the last UPR is outside India, they were considered as in-migrants from other countries.
2. Next, the number of out-migrant from a State to any other State in India has been determined as those who reported themselves as migrants in other States with this State as their last UPR.
3. Out-migrants from a State to another country have been determined as those who were out-migrants from the selected households and were residing in another country.
4. For determining the net migration in India, total number of in-migrants in India from abroad is determined as those migrants whose last UPR was another country and out-migrants as those who had migrated out from the selected households and are at present residing in another country.

6.2.2 In Statement 6.10, NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round survey estimates of the in-migrants in India from

Statement 6.10: Net migration rate (per 1000 of population), considering all the periods of migration, for India as estimated from NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round results

**India**

type of estimate	estimates in 2007-08
(1)	(2)
population (00)	10092595
in-migrants from abroad <sup>2</sup> (00)	18155
out-migrants to abroad (00)	44421
net migration (00)	-26266
net migration rate (per 1000)	-2.60

Ref: Table 10 and 24 of Appendix A

other countries and the out-migrants from India to other countries have been presented along with the net migration rate. The net migration rates for each State/U.T have been presented in Statement 6.10.1. It is seen that out-migrants to abroad as per NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round estimates from India was much higher than in-migrants from abroad to India, resulting in negative net migration rate of -0.26 per cent.

<sup>2</sup> The estimates of in-migrants from abroad obtained by NSSO using the concept of usual place of residence and by Census using the concept of place of last residence may not be strictly comparable.

Statement 6.1.1: Number of out-migrant per 1000 persons for each State/U.T.

<b>rural</b>			
State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	99	173	136
Arunachal Pradesh	51	21	37
Assam	43	49	46
Bihar	108	65	87
Chhattisgarh	44	93	68
Delhi	1	70	33
Goa	45	33	39
Gujarat	56	205	126
Haryana	51	338	185
Himachal Pradesh	208	324	268
Jammu & Kashmir	56	115	85
Jharkhand	56	29	43
Karnataka	80	157	117
Kerala	233	302	269
Madhya Pradesh	39	146	89
Maharashtra	93	244	166
Manipur	51	21	37
Meghalaya	35	20	28
Mizoram	43	38	41
Nagaland	63	83	73
Orissa	112	107	110
Punjab	62	170	114
Rajasthan	104	240	170
Sikkim	70	93	81
Tamil Nadu	105	111	108
Tripura	35	33	34
Uttarakhand	166	207	186
Uttar Pradesh	116	191	152
West Bengal	69	179	122
A & N Islands	128	179	152
Chandigarh	2	3	2
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	17	54	32
Daman & Diu	28	52	37
Lakshadweep	144	95	120
Puducherry	69	20	46
<b>all-India</b>	<b>92</b>	<b>166</b>	<b>128</b>

Statement 6.1.1: Number of out-migrant per 1000 persons for each State/U.T.

<b>urban</b>			
State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	59	94	76
Arunachal Pradesh	39	11	26
Assam	38	45	41
Bihar	62	48	55
Chhattisgarh	37	106	69
Delhi	5	44	22
Goa	45	37	41
Gujarat	37	117	75
Haryana	33	236	127
Himachal Pradesh	88	245	162
Jammu & Kashmir	30	79	54
Jharkhand	58	34	47
Karnataka	39	60	50
Kerala	215	247	232
Madhya Pradesh	30	95	61
Maharashtra	42	124	81
Manipur	36	23	30
Meghalaya	23	14	18
Mizoram	58	43	50
Nagaland	55	49	52
Orissa	73	94	83
Punjab	34	109	68
Rajasthan	62	199	128
Sikkim	138	133	135
Tamil Nadu	73	58	65
Tripura	47	30	38
Uttarakhand	63	106	82
Uttar Pradesh	50	126	86
West Bengal	42	154	96
A & N Islands	61	78	68
Chandigarh	34	62	47
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	14	31	21
Daman & Diu	61	97	78
Lakshadweep	212	87	149
Puducherry	86	28	57
<b>all-India</b>	<b>51</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>79</b>

Statement 6.1.1: Number of out-migrant per 1000 persons for each State/U.T.

<b>rural+urban</b>			
State/u.t./ all-India	male	female	male+female
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	88	151	120
Arunachal Pradesh	49	19	34
Assam	42	49	45
Bihar	104	63	84
Chhattisgarh	43	95	69
Delhi	4	46	23
Goa	45	35	40
Gujarat	49	173	107
Haryana	46	310	169
Himachal Pradesh	197	318	258
Jammu & Kashmir	52	109	80
Jharkhand	56	30	44
Karnataka	67	125	95
Kerala	229	288	260
Madhya Pradesh	37	133	83
Maharashtra	72	196	132
Manipur	48	21	35
Meghalaya	33	19	26
Mizoram	50	40	45
Nagaland	61	75	68
Orissa	107	105	106
Punjab	52	151	99
Rajasthan	94	230	161
Sikkim	78	97	87
Tamil Nadu	91	88	90
Tripura	37	32	35
Uttarakhand	139	184	161
Uttar Pradesh	102	178	139
West Bengal	62	173	116
A & N Islands	105	146	124
Chandigarh	30	56	42
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	17	51	31
Daman & Diu	38	68	50
Lakshadweep	174	91	133
Puducherry	78	25	52
<b>all-India</b>	<b>81</b>	<b>152</b>	<b>115</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	320	439	759	141	899	88	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	532	273	805	177	982	1	1000
Assam	251	471	722	277	999	1	1000
Bihar	50	72	122	852	974	23	1000
Chhattisgarh	324	328	652	344	996	4	1000
Delhi	0	0	0	605	605	122	1000
Goa	345	68	413	302	715	285	1000
Gujarat	298	607	906	63	969	30	1000
Haryana	128	234	362	574	936	64	1000
Himachal Pradesh	207	240	447	537	985	14	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	203	330	533	455	988	12	1000
Jharkhand	172	129	301	686	987	13	1000
Karnataka	312	487	799	179	978	20	1000
Kerala	205	157	362	212	574	421	1000
Madhya Pradesh	327	405	732	262	994	2	1000
Maharashtra	277	618	895	91	986	14	1000
Manipur	189	447	635	363	998	2	1000
Meghalaya	358	386	744	233	977	22	1000
Mizoram	350	444	794	206	1000	0	1000
Nagaland	277	539	816	183	999	1	1000
Orissa	150	251	401	586	988	6	1000
Punjab	116	149	265	249	515	485	1000
Rajasthan	201	240	441	500	941	56	1000
Sikkim	426	282	708	268	976	24	1000
Tamil Nadu	160	481	641	195	836	164	1000
Tripura	337	283	619	318	937	61	1000
Uttarakhand	136	228	364	628	992	1	1000
Uttar Pradesh	79	185	264	700	964	32	1000
West Bengal	145	356	501	482	983	14	1000
A & N Islands	479	411	890	105	996	4	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	749	749	251	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	205	591	796	186	982	18	1000
Daman & Diu	82	9	91	398	489	511	1000
Lakshadweep	700	0	700	300	1000	0	1000
Puducherry	391	7	398	477	875	125	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>173</b>	<b>293</b>	<b>466</b>	<b>458</b>	<b>924</b>	<b>72</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	661	253	914	74	989	7	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	807	139	946	54	1000	0	1000
Assam	633	331	965	35	1000	0	1000
Bihar	502	283	785	210	996	4	1000
Chhattisgarh	646	248	894	96	991	4	1000
Delhi	314	17	332	668	1000	0	1000
Goa	774	56	830	146	976	24	1000
Gujarat	667	287	954	38	992	8	1000
Haryana	333	424	756	242	998	2	1000
Himachal Pradesh	735	132	867	129	996	4	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	845	114	958	39	997	3	1000
Jharkhand	431	333	764	234	998	2	1000
Karnataka	624	274	898	101	999	1	1000
Kerala	657	193	849	103	953	46	1000
Madhya Pradesh	653	286	939	58	997	1	1000
Maharashtra	614	341	955	44	999	1	1000
Manipur	448	279	727	273	1000	0	1000
Meghalaya	480	440	921	79	1000	0	1000
Mizoram	605	343	947	53	1000	0	1000
Nagaland	609	365	974	24	999	1	1000
Orissa	675	215	890	109	1000	0	1000
Punjab	562	313	875	74	949	49	1000
Rajasthan	629	257	886	113	999	1	1000
Sikkim	467	376	844	138	982	18	1000
Tamil Nadu	569	366	935	57	992	7	1000
Tripura	705	204	908	90	998	2	1000
Uttarakhand	590	125	715	280	995	1	1000
Uttar Pradesh	551	304	855	139	993	5	1000
West Bengal	778	172	950	46	995	4	1000
A & N Islands	615	167	783	217	1000	0	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	926	926	74	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	343	551	895	105	1000	0	1000
Daman & Diu	323	10	334	544	878	122	1000
Lakshadweep	874	0	874	126	1000	0	1000
Puducherry	862	0	862	138	1000	0	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>614</b>	<b>276</b>	<b>890</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>992</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1000</b>



Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	538	320	858	98	956	36	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	605	237	843	144	987	0	1000
Assam	444	400	845	155	999	1	1000
Bihar	211	148	359	623	982	17	1000
Chhattisgarh	539	275	814	179	992	4	1000
Delhi	308	17	325	667	992	2	1000
Goa	536	63	599	232	831	169	1000
Gujarat	581	361	942	44	986	13	1000
Haryana	302	395	698	291	989	11	1000
Himachal Pradesh	535	173	708	284	992	8	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	629	186	815	179	994	6	1000
Jharkhand	259	197	456	535	991	9	1000
Karnataka	516	348	863	128	991	8	1000
Kerala	470	178	648	148	796	201	1000
Madhya Pradesh	579	313	892	105	997	1	1000
Maharashtra	518	420	938	57	995	5	1000
Manipur	259	401	660	338	999	1	1000
Meghalaya	401	405	806	179	985	14	1000
Mizoram	465	398	863	137	1000	0	1000
Nagaland	461	442	904	95	999	1	1000
Orissa	409	233	643	351	993	3	1000
Punjab	436	267	703	123	826	173	1000
Rajasthan	495	252	747	234	981	18	1000
Sikkim	449	334	783	197	979	21	1000
Tamil Nadu	375	420	795	123	918	81	1000
Tripura	512	245	757	209	966	32	1000
Uttarakhand	386	171	558	436	994	1	1000
Uttar Pradesh	365	257	623	359	982	16	1000
West Bengal	595	225	820	172	992	7	1000
A & N Islands	555	276	830	168	998	2	1000
Chandigarh	0	0	0	858	858	142	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	299	564	863	131	994	6	1000
Daman & Diu	206	10	216	473	689	311	1000
Lakshadweep	768	0	768	232	1000	0	1000
Puducherry	489	6	495	406	901	99	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>452</b>	<b>282</b>	<b>734</b>	<b>233</b>	<b>967</b>	<b>31</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	218	418	637	191	827	170	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	165	411	576	404	980	20	1000
Assam	89	531	620	354	974	26	1000
Bihar	52	202	254	709	963	23	1000
Chhattisgarh	224	292	516	386	902	21	1000
Delhi	58	422	480	337	817	113	1000
Goa	8	23	31	310	341	659	1000
Gujarat	185	388	573	195	768	230	1000
Haryana	59	342	401	492	893	107	1000
Himachal Pradesh	153	243	396	537	932	68	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	204	341	545	388	933	67	1000
Jharkhand	18	269	287	645	932	68	1000
Karnataka	115	471	586	207	794	206	1000
Kerala	260	106	366	208	574	421	1000
Madhya Pradesh	100	467	567	384	951	49	1000
Maharashtra	208	464	672	173	845	130	1000
Manipur	101	372	473	504	977	22	1000
Meghalaya	120	413	532	461	993	7	1000
Mizoram	205	589	793	204	997	3	1000
Nagaland	79	507	586	411	997	3	1000
Orissa	64	327	391	562	953	47	1000
Punjab	120	257	377	265	642	339	1000
Rajasthan	121	371	492	362	854	146	1000
Sikkim	434	126	561	221	781	219	1000
Tamil Nadu	109	487	596	213	809	181	1000
Tripura	244	274	518	466	985	11	1000
Uttarakhand	84	156	240	634	874	125	1000
Uttar Pradesh	76	309	385	563	947	51	1000
West Bengal	126	322	448	473	921	57	1000
A & N Islands	149	220	370	628	998	2	1000
Chandigarh	4	9	13	545	558	442	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	427	427	114	541	459	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	286	286	714	1000
Lakshadweep	184	14	198	676	874	88	1000
Puducherry	16	145	161	379	540	460	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>356</b>	<b>499</b>	<b>333</b>	<b>832</b>	<b>159</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	441	391	832	100	932	68	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	198	298	496	504	1000	0	1000
Assam	372	477	849	132	981	19	1000
Bihar	243	431	675	321	996	4	1000
Chhattisgarh	495	250	746	254	1000	0	1000
Delhi	27	355	382	604	986	14	1000
Goa	622	22	645	261	906	94	1000
Gujarat	429	443	873	77	950	50	1000
Haryana	235	301	536	454	990	10	1000
Himachal Pradesh	427	231	657	317	975	25	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	726	133	859	130	989	11	1000
Jharkhand	126	329	455	540	995	5	1000
Karnataka	401	382	783	159	942	58	1000
Kerala	702	148	850	97	948	52	1000
Madhya Pradesh	349	493	841	145	986	11	1000
Maharashtra	407	444	851	115	967	33	1000
Manipur	300	223	524	471	994	5	1000
Meghalaya	363	178	541	432	973	27	1000
Mizoram	411	445	856	137	992	8	1000
Nagaland	437	354	791	209	1000	0	1000
Orissa	409	330	739	242	981	19	1000
Punjab	405	291	696	245	941	59	1000
Rajasthan	515	319	835	155	990	10	1000
Sikkim	437	70	507	351	858	142	1000
Tamil Nadu	394	480	875	100	974	26	1000
Tripura	246	264	511	489	1000	0	1000
Uttarakhand	282	170	452	547	999	1	1000
Uttar Pradesh	416	398	813	181	994	5	1000
West Bengal	450	345	795	196	991	6	1000
A & N Islands	161	142	302	698	1000	0	1000
Chandigarh	73	0	73	674	747	253	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	297	341	638	343	981	19	1000
Daman & Diu	331	26	357	494	851	149	1000
Lakshadweep	760	0	760	240	1000	0	1000
Puducherry	357	4	362	390	751	249	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>425</b>	<b>372</b>	<b>797</b>	<b>176</b>	<b>973</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	355	402	756	135	892	107	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	172	389	561	423	984	16	1000
Assam	228	504	732	245	977	23	1000
Bihar	131	296	427	550	976	15	1000
Chhattisgarh	418	262	680	292	972	6	1000
Delhi	30	363	393	573	966	26	1000
Goa	290	23	313	288	600	400	1000
Gujarat	364	429	793	109	902	98	1000
Haryana	210	306	517	459	976	24	1000
Himachal Pradesh	348	234	583	380	963	37	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	574	193	768	205	973	27	1000
Jharkhand	54	289	342	610	952	47	1000
Karnataka	288	417	705	178	883	117	1000
Kerala	509	130	639	146	784	213	1000
Madhya Pradesh	286	486	772	205	977	21	1000
Maharashtra	353	449	803	131	934	60	1000
Manipur	175	317	492	492	984	16	1000
Meghalaya	211	324	536	450	986	14	1000
Mizoram	294	527	820	175	995	5	1000
Nagaland	247	436	682	316	999	1	1000
Orissa	253	329	582	386	968	32	1000
Punjab	327	282	609	251	860	135	1000
Rajasthan	416	332	748	207	956	44	1000
Sikkim	436	100	536	281	816	184	1000
Tamil Nadu	237	484	721	162	883	111	1000
Tripura	245	270	515	475	991	7	1000
Uttarakhand	200	164	364	583	947	52	1000
Uttar Pradesh	312	371	683	297	980	19	1000
West Bengal	377	340	717	259	976	18	1000
A & N Islands	155	180	335	664	999	1	1000
Chandigarh	46	3	50	624	674	326	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	180	375	555	254	809	191	1000
Daman & Diu	189	15	204	405	609	391	1000
Lakshadweep	352	10	362	549	911	62	1000
Puducherry	99	111	210	382	592	408	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>332</b>	<b>367</b>	<b>699</b>	<b>228</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>71</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	301	435	736	150	886	103	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	468	297	765	216	981	4	1000
Assam	237	476	713	283	997	3	1000
Bihar	50	80	130	844	974	23	1000
Chhattisgarh	310	323	633	350	983	6	1000
Delhi	57	414	471	342	813	113	1000
Goa	151	42	193	307	500	500	1000
Gujarat	266	545	812	101	912	87	1000
Haryana	115	255	370	558	928	72	1000
Himachal Pradesh	205	240	445	537	982	16	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	203	331	534	448	982	18	1000
Jharkhand	144	154	299	678	977	23	1000
Karnataka	274	484	758	184	943	55	1000
Kerala	217	146	363	211	574	421	1000
Madhya Pradesh	283	417	700	286	986	11	1000
Maharashtra	261	581	841	111	952	42	1000
Manipur	171	432	603	391	994	6	1000
Meghalaya	332	389	721	257	979	20	1000
Mizoram	275	518	794	205	998	2	1000
Nagaland	236	532	769	230	998	2	1000
Orissa	142	258	400	584	984	10	1000
Punjab	117	173	290	253	543	453	1000
Rajasthan	189	260	449	478	928	70	1000
Sikkim	428	251	679	259	938	62	1000
Tamil Nadu	142	483	625	201	827	170	1000
Tripura	317	281	598	349	947	50	1000
Uttarakhand	130	220	350	629	979	15	1000
Uttar Pradesh	79	198	277	685	962	34	1000
West Bengal	142	350	492	481	973	21	1000
A & N Islands	414	373	787	209	996	4	1000
Chandigarh	4	9	13	546	559	441	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	181	572	754	178	932	68	1000
Daman & Diu	45	5	49	347	396	604	1000
Lakshadweep	421	7	428	504	932	48	1000
Puducherry	163	91	254	417	671	329	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>168</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>471</b>	<b>438</b>	<b>909</b>	<b>86</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	624	276	901	79	979	17	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	735	158	893	107	1000	0	1000
Assam	612	343	955	43	998	2	1000
Bihar	484	294	777	218	996	4	1000
Chhattisgarh	621	248	869	123	992	3	1000
Delhi	60	316	376	611	987	13	1000
Goa	685	36	721	214	935	65	1000
Gujarat	608	326	934	48	981	19	1000
Haryana	312	398	711	286	996	4	1000
Himachal Pradesh	716	138	854	141	995	5	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	829	116	946	51	996	4	1000
Jharkhand	376	333	709	288	997	3	1000
Karnataka	588	292	879	110	990	10	1000
Kerala	666	184	850	102	952	47	1000
Madhya Pradesh	601	322	922	73	995	3	1000
Maharashtra	562	367	929	62	991	9	1000
Manipur	407	263	670	329	998	1	1000
Meghalaya	467	409	876	121	997	3	1000
Mizoram	509	393	902	94	996	4	1000
Nagaland	583	363	946	53	999	1	1000
Orissa	644	229	872	125	997	3	1000
Punjab	525	308	833	114	947	52	1000
Rajasthan	607	269	876	121	997	3	1000
Sikkim	463	331	794	170	964	36	1000
Tamil Nadu	521	398	918	69	987	12	1000
Tripura	634	213	847	152	999	1	1000
Uttarakhand	549	131	680	315	996	1	1000
Uttar Pradesh	531	318	849	145	993	5	1000
West Bengal	710	208	918	77	994	4	1000
A & N Islands	536	163	699	301	1000	0	1000
Chandigarh	72	0	72	676	748	252	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	339	533	873	126	998	2	1000
Daman & Diu	327	18	346	518	864	136	1000
Lakshadweep	825	0	825	175	1000	0	1000
Puducherry	531	3	534	303	837	163	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>116</b>	<b>988</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.2.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrant by present place of residence for each State/U.T

State/u.t./ all-India	present place of residence						
	same state		same state (col.2 + col.3)	out- side the state	within the country (col. 4+ col. 5)	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
	within same district	another district					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	506	334	841	105	945	48	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	536	262	798	189	986	3	1000
Assam	426	409	835	162	998	2	1000
Bihar	206	157	363	618	982	16	1000
Chhattisgarh	520	273	792	197	989	4	1000
Delhi	60	327	386	583	969	23	1000
Goa	393	39	433	265	697	303	1000
Gujarat	526	379	904	61	965	35	1000
Haryana	283	377	661	326	986	14	1000
Himachal Pradesh	524	177	701	289	990	9	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	622	187	809	182	991	9	1000
Jharkhand	222	214	436	548	984	16	1000
Karnataka	477	360	836	136	973	26	1000
Kerala	478	168	646	148	794	204	1000
Madhya Pradesh	527	344	871	122	993	5	1000
Maharashtra	477	427	904	76	980	18	1000
Manipur	241	382	623	372	995	5	1000
Meghalaya	380	396	776	209	985	14	1000
Mizoram	378	463	841	156	997	3	1000
Nagaland	423	441	864	134	999	1	1000
Orissa	393	243	636	355	991	6	1000
Punjab	411	270	681	153	834	164	1000
Rajasthan	480	267	747	229	976	23	1000
Sikkim	447	294	740	211	951	49	1000
Tamil Nadu	332	440	772	135	907	91	1000
Tripura	462	250	712	259	971	28	1000
Uttarakhand	363	170	533	455	988	7	1000
Uttar Pradesh	358	272	630	351	982	16	1000
West Bengal	553	247	800	188	989	9	1000
A & N Islands	481	258	739	259	998	2	1000
Chandigarh	46	3	49	626	675	325	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	288	546	834	142	977	23	1000
Daman & Diu	198	12	210	440	650	350	1000
Lakshadweep	558	5	563	392	955	31	1000
Puducherry	248	71	319	391	709	291	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>430</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>728</b>	<b>232</b>	<b>960</b>	<b>38</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**rural male**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	621	239	1	12	94	31	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	745	177	0	15	6	27	1000
Assam	949	14	1	8	25	3	1000
Bihar	881	25	0	6	58	22	1000
Chhattisgarh	718	80	0	11	158	26	1000
Delhi	1000	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Goa	832	122	0	0	25	0	1000
Gujarat	733	103	1	21	128	11	1000
Haryana	704	65	0	38	165	26	1000
Himachal Pradesh	778	130	0	6	39	32	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	905	6	4	7	40	35	1000
Jharkhand	826	89	0	0	64	11	1000
Karnataka	763	132	17	5	49	28	1000
Kerala	735	53	2	25	61	124	1000
Madhya Pradesh	702	129	1	21	100	18	1000
Maharashtra	731	114	3	13	104	22	1000
Manipur	771	180	1	4	12	28	1000
Meghalaya	516	350	4	103	0	17	1000
Mizoram	795	174	0	27	0	4	1000
Nagaland	741	237	0	12	0	11	1000
Orissa	872	45	0	6	58	15	1000
Punjab	831	59	0	20	48	39	1000
Rajasthan	802	81	1	6	84	21	1000
Sikkim	611	346	0	11	9	22	1000
Tamil Nadu	844	93	0	18	34	11	1000
Tripura	902	27	1	25	21	18	1000
Uttarakhand	844	50	0	6	84	11	1000
Uttar Pradesh	825	44	0	6	97	17	1000
West Bengal	894	32	0	16	18	39	1000
A & N Islands	463	196	0	14	133	182	1000
Chandigarh	1000	0	0	0	0	0	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	758	0	0	0	241	0	1000
Daman & Diu	791	159	0	0	50	0	1000
Lakshadweep	684	109	0	0	86	121	1000
Puducherry	509	200	66	224	0	0	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>799</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1000</b>



Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**rural female**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	26	74	0	768	121	9	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	262	327	0	331	41	39	1000
Assam	21	4	1	871	93	0	1000
Bihar	13	11	1	784	185	4	1000
Chhattisgarh	110	11	0	707	141	21	1000
Delhi	0	0	0	1000	0	0	1000
Goa	174	24	0	679	97	0	1000
Gujarat	11	17	4	863	94	10	1000
Haryana	9	13	2	922	43	9	1000
Himachal Pradesh	18	36	3	843	85	11	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	0	1	0	954	31	13	1000
Jharkhand	137	121	0	525	191	22	1000
Karnataka	52	26	6	846	49	20	1000
Kerala	45	30	3	771	94	57	1000
Madhya Pradesh	20	19	0	866	81	7	1000
Maharashtra	37	22	0	847	83	10	1000
Manipur	270	274	0	271	141	43	1000
Meghalaya	392	542	1	56	9	0	1000
Mizoram	224	233	3	523	10	7	1000
Nagaland	106	52	1	824	10	7	1000
Orissa	22	42	0	785	129	18	1000
Punjab	16	11	8	913	39	12	1000
Rajasthan	11	13	0	878	88	9	1000
Sikkim	52	212	0	682	25	29	1000
Tamil Nadu	50	39	0	830	70	10	1000
Tripura	54	5	0	838	64	35	1000
Uttarakhand	16	34	0	795	145	8	1000
Uttar Pradesh	9	10	1	835	131	11	1000
West Bengal	13	2	0	947	24	9	1000
A & N Islands	68	248	0	396	251	37	1000
Chandigarh	157	0	0	843	0	0	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	507	493	0	1000
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	888	112	0	1000
Lakshadweep	301	91	0	73	345	190	1000
Puducherry	84	0	0	917	0	0	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>23</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>95</b>	<b>12</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**rural male+female**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	241	133	1	496	111	16	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	616	217	0	99	15	30	1000
Assam	480	9	1	444	59	2	1000
Bihar	569	20	0	284	103	15	1000
Chhattisgarh	313	34	0	476	146	22	1000
Delhi	19	0	0	981	0	0	1000
Goa	539	78	0	303	57	0	1000
Gujarat	179	37	3	667	102	10	1000
Haryana	112	21	1	791	61	11	1000
Himachal Pradesh	307	72	2	525	67	18	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	305	3	2	635	34	20	1000
Jharkhand	596	100	0	176	107	15	1000
Karnataka	299	63	10	555	49	22	1000
Kerala	330	39	3	462	80	85	1000
Madhya Pradesh	176	44	0	673	85	9	1000
Maharashtra	235	48	1	609	89	13	1000
Manipur	635	206	1	77	47	33	1000
Meghalaya	472	418	3	87	3	11	1000
Mizoram	537	200	1	251	5	5	1000
Nagaland	388	134	1	463	5	9	1000
Orissa	453	44	0	391	93	16	1000
Punjab	244	25	6	661	41	20	1000
Rajasthan	258	34	0	605	86	12	1000
Sikkim	304	272	0	380	18	25	1000
Tamil Nadu	427	65	0	444	53	10	1000
Tripura	497	16	1	413	42	26	1000
Uttarakhand	388	41	0	441	118	9	1000
Uttar Pradesh	330	24	0	509	118	14	1000
West Bengal	266	10	0	679	22	17	1000
A & N Islands	244	225	0	226	198	100	1000
Chandigarh	480	0	0	520	0	0	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	240	0	0	346	413	0	1000
Daman & Diu	386	77	0	455	82	0	1000
Lakshadweep	535	102	0	28	187	148	1000
Puducherry	421	158	52	369	0	0	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>308</b>	<b>43</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>537</b>	<b>88</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**urban male**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	593	288	0	33	42	41	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	623	204	0	50	62	33	1000
Assam	807	76	0	5	12	97	1000
Bihar	822	112	1	7	23	27	1000
Chhattisgarh	684	156	76	0	58	23	1000
Delhi	306	14	0	243	9	428	1000
Goa	921	42	0	0	18	19	1000
Gujarat	600	215	13	50	79	31	1000
Haryana	680	185	0	27	80	28	1000
Himachal Pradesh	633	221	2	28	60	55	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	784	72	0	79	39	26	1000
Jharkhand	651	239	0	31	73	2	1000
Karnataka	797	113	0	15	28	42	1000
Kerala	698	70	2	49	92	88	1000
Madhya Pradesh	772	148	0	1	69	6	1000
Maharashtra	590	160	4	23	63	159	1000
Manipur	881	101	0	0	18	0	1000
Meghalaya	751	201	0	42	0	7	1000
Mizoram	849	106	0	4	18	14	1000
Nagaland	722	274	0	0	2	0	1000
Orissa	775	149	0	9	38	26	1000
Punjab	598	193	46	16	123	23	1000
Rajasthan	694	163	2	5	111	15	1000
Sikkim	187	538	0	0	119	155	1000
Tamil Nadu	851	87	0	17	18	20	1000
Tripura	723	261	0	0	13	3	1000
Uttarakhand	743	144	0	0	82	29	1000
Uttar Pradesh	747	136	0	10	75	29	1000
West Bengal	734	50	9	17	40	147	1000
A & N Islands	319	347	0	151	24	159	1000
Chandigarh	727	107	0	0	120	31	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	681	0	0	0	264	55	1000
Daman & Diu	796	156	0	12	37	0	1000
Lakshadweep	751	222	0	0	26	0	1000
Puducherry	700	282	0	0	4	14	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>710</b>	<b>143</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>59</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**urban female**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	37	84	0	787	75	15	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	291	340	0	64	249	56	1000
Assam	37	34	0	859	48	16	1000
Bihar	17	100	0	782	98	4	1000
Chhattisgarh	24	29	0	884	55	6	1000
Delhi	3	4	0	982	5	8	1000
Goa	32	0	0	722	247	0	1000
Gujarat	24	28	0	830	94	17	1000
Haryana	6	21	0	944	25	1	1000
Himachal Pradesh	26	60	0	867	44	2	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	15	8	0	927	48	3	1000
Jharkhand	163	114	0	429	288	7	1000
Karnataka	31	37	0	848	63	19	1000
Kerala	34	41	0	757	148	19	1000
Madhya Pradesh	14	29	0	850	103	2	1000
Maharashtra	28	34	2	838	68	29	1000
Manipur	172	382	0	402	38	2	1000
Meghalaya	297	296	0	389	0	3	1000
Mizoram	380	104	0	458	48	6	1000
Nagaland	146	213	0	630	11	0	1000
Orissa	92	48	0	748	86	25	1000
Punjab	17	51	9	849	65	8	1000
Rajasthan	11	20	0	886	70	11	1000
Sikkim	13	288	0	438	239	22	1000
Tamil Nadu	54	54	0	807	81	3	1000
Tripura	76	240	0	612	67	4	1000
Uttarakhand	27	36	0	764	159	13	1000
Uttar Pradesh	17	17	0	872	72	18	1000
West Bengal	31	15	3	894	42	12	1000
A & N Islands	89	347	0	303	169	92	1000
Chandigarh	124	0	0	606	251	19	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	19	0	0	770	210	0	1000
Daman & Diu	123	0	0	850	28	0	1000
Lakshadweep	10	382	0	397	92	119	1000
Puducherry	154	31	0	745	26	45	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>27</b>	<b>34</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>846</b>	<b>75</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**urban male+female**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	252	163	0	495	62	25	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	560	229	0	52	97	38	1000
Assam	432	55	0	423	30	58	1000
Bihar	492	107	1	325	54	18	1000
Chhattisgarh	213	65	22	632	56	11	1000
Delhi	37	5	0	896	6	57	1000
Goa	512	23	0	332	123	10	1000
Gujarat	175	78	3	623	90	21	1000
Haryana	100	44	0	816	33	5	1000
Himachal Pradesh	199	106	1	627	48	18	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	238	26	0	681	46	9	1000
Jharkhand	489	197	0	163	144	3	1000
Karnataka	335	67	0	519	49	29	1000
Kerala	325	53	1	448	124	49	1000
Madhya Pradesh	205	59	0	635	95	3	1000
Maharashtra	180	68	3	616	67	64	1000
Manipur	618	206	0	150	25	1	1000
Meghalaya	580	237	0	172	0	6	1000
Mizoram	647	105	0	200	31	10	1000
Nagaland	454	245	0	295	6	0	1000
Orissa	400	94	0	415	64	25	1000
Punjab	176	89	19	623	81	12	1000
Rajasthan	185	56	1	664	80	12	1000
Sikkim	106	423	0	202	174	93	1000
Tamil Nadu	493	72	0	371	46	12	1000
Tripura	476	253	0	233	34	4	1000
Uttarakhand	324	81	0	447	127	20	1000
Uttar Pradesh	239	53	0	609	73	21	1000
West Bengal	190	23	4	696	42	42	1000
A & N Islands	201	347	0	229	98	124	1000
Chandigarh	358	41	0	371	200	24	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	277	0	0	469	231	21	1000
Daman & Diu	412	67	0	491	32	0	1000
Lakshadweep	535	269	0	116	45	35	1000
Puducherry	565	220	0	183	9	21	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>253</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>573</b>	<b>70</b>	<b>30</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban male**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	615	248	1	15	84	32	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	723	182	0	21	15	28	1000
Assam	937	20	1	8	24	11	1000
Bihar	877	30	0	6	56	21	1000
Chhattisgarh	714	90	11	9	144	26	1000
Delhi	320	14	0	239	9	420	1000
Goa	883	76	0	0	21	11	1000
Gujarat	696	134	4	29	114	18	1000
Haryana	699	88	0	36	149	26	1000
Himachal Pradesh	773	134	0	7	39	33	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	894	13	4	14	40	34	1000
Jharkhand	793	116	0	6	66	9	1000
Karnataka	772	128	14	7	45	30	1000
Kerala	727	56	2	30	68	116	1000
Madhya Pradesh	716	132	1	17	94	17	1000
Maharashtra	697	125	3	15	94	54	1000
Manipur	791	165	1	3	13	23	1000
Meghalaya	542	334	3	97	0	16	1000
Mizoram	821	139	0	15	9	10	1000
Nagaland	736	245	0	9	0	9	1000
Orissa	861	55	0	6	56	16	1000
Punjab	779	89	11	19	64	36	1000
Rajasthan	784	93	1	6	88	19	1000
Sikkim	527	384	0	9	31	49	1000
Tamil Nadu	845	91	0	18	29	14	1000
Tripura	865	77	1	20	20	14	1000
Uttarakhand	833	61	0	5	84	13	1000
Uttar Pradesh	818	54	0	7	95	19	1000
West Bengal	869	35	1	17	21	56	1000
A & N Islands	435	226	0	41	111	178	1000
Chandigarh	729	106	0	0	119	31	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	749	0	0	0	244	6	1000
Daman & Diu	793	157	0	6	44	0	1000
Lakshadweep	721	170	0	0	54	56	1000
Puducherry	625	250	26	88	3	8	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>783</b>	<b>89</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>73</b>	<b>33</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban female**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	28	75	0	771	113	10	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	265	329	0	299	66	41	1000
Assam	22	7	1	870	89	1	1000
Bihar	13	18	1	784	178	4	1000
Chhattisgarh	97	14	0	737	126	18	1000
Delhi	3	3	0	984	4	7	1000
Goa	90	10	0	705	185	0	1000
Gujarat	14	20	3	855	94	12	1000
Haryana	9	14	1	927	40	7	1000
Himachal Pradesh	18	38	3	844	82	9	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	2	2	0	951	33	12	1000
Jharkhand	142	120	0	508	208	20	1000
Karnataka	48	28	5	847	51	20	1000
Kerala	43	32	2	768	105	49	1000
Madhya Pradesh	18	21	0	863	85	5	1000
Maharashtra	33	25	0	845	79	15	1000
Manipur	243	305	0	308	112	31	1000
Meghalaya	380	513	1	96	8	0	1000
Mizoram	301	169	1	491	29	6	1000
Nagaland	112	77	1	794	10	6	1000
Orissa	28	43	0	781	124	19	1000
Punjab	16	20	8	899	45	12	1000
Rajasthan	10	15	0	880	84	10	1000
Sikkim	46	223	0	646	57	27	1000
Tamil Nadu	52	43	0	823	73	8	1000
Tripura	58	42	0	803	65	31	1000
Uttarakhand	18	34	0	790	147	9	1000
Uttar Pradesh	9	11	1	840	123	11	1000
West Bengal	16	5	1	936	28	10	1000
A & N Islands	71	265	0	380	237	46	1000
Chandigarh	124	0	0	607	249	19	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	2	0	0	529	469	0	1000
Daman & Diu	64	0	0	868	68	0	1000
Lakshadweep	175	217	0	213	236	160	1000
Puducherry	130	20	0	804	17	29	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.3.1: Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for out- migration for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban male+female**

State/u.t./ all-India	reason for out-migration						
	employment related reasons	studies	forced migration	marriage	movement of parent/ earning member	others	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	241	138	0	496	103	18	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	607	219	0	92	28	31	1000
Assam	477	13	1	442	57	6	1000
Bihar	565	25	0	286	100	15	1000
Chhattisgarh	296	39	4	501	132	20	1000
Delhi	37	4	0	905	5	50	1000
Goa	522	46	0	320	96	6	1000
Gujarat	177	47	3	656	99	12	1000
Haryana	110	25	1	796	56	10	1000
Himachal Pradesh	300	74	2	530	66	19	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	298	6	1	641	35	19	1000
Jharkhand	576	117	0	173	113	12	1000
Karnataka	304	63	8	549	49	24	1000
Kerala	328	42	1	459	89	78	1000
Madhya Pradesh	181	47	0	667	87	8	1000
Maharashtra	221	53	1	611	83	26	1000
Manipur	629	206	1	93	43	24	1000
Meghalaya	486	398	3	96	3	10	1000
Mizoram	592	152	1	225	18	8	1000
Nagaland	401	154	1	433	5	8	1000
Orissa	447	49	0	393	90	18	1000
Punjab	229	40	9	652	50	18	1000
Rajasthan	245	38	0	616	85	12	1000
Sikkim	270	298	0	349	45	37	1000
Tamil Nadu	447	67	0	422	51	12	1000
Tripura	494	61	0	379	40	21	1000
Uttarakhand	380	46	0	442	119	11	1000
Uttar Pradesh	318	27	0	522	112	14	1000
West Bengal	252	13	1	682	26	22	1000
A & N Islands	234	248	0	227	180	106	1000
Chandigarh	359	41	0	372	199	24	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	244	0	0	358	396	2	1000
Daman & Diu	398	72	0	473	57	0	1000
Lakshadweep	536	186	0	72	116	91	1000
Puducherry	510	197	20	254	6	13	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>298</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>543</b>	<b>85</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>1000</b>



Statement 6.4.1: Number of economically active out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	male			female			male+female		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants								
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	629	936	653	415	778	416	487	916	501
Arunachal Pradesh	480	578	475	275	0	275	425	578	422
Assam	872	1000	872	56	0	56	460	1000	460
Bihar	871	848	869	83	0	82	585	769	588
Chhattisgarh	745	1000	746	657	1000	660	686	1000	689
Delhi	1000	1000	727	0	0	0	12	1000	14
Goa	765	973	824	123	1000	144	429	974	521
Gujarat	743	951	749	250	636	253	362	802	368
Haryana	711	960	727	108	191	108	192	851	200
Himachal Pradesh	759	845	760	267	478	268	453	731	455
Jammu & Kashmir	932	1000	932	1	0	1	312	675	314
Jharkhand	790	915	792	283	0	282	619	842	621
Karnataka	779	1000	781	328	1000	329	482	1000	485
Kerala	745	945	826	183	550	199	350	892	459
Madhya Pradesh	705	936	704	362	971	363	440	959	440
Maharashtra	751	997	755	388	143	387	491	886	492
Manipur	535	1000	536	219	0	219	449	1000	449
Meghalaya	615	0	601	417	0	417	545	0	536
Mizoram	593	0	593	351	0	351	483	0	483
Nagaland	654	0	653	403	1000	404	515	546	515
Orissa	843	938	839	190	0	190	519	883	518
Punjab	756	917	834	15	479	38	146	827	263
Rajasthan	809	985	817	309	0	308	459	953	468
Sikkim	588	497	585	195	182	195	372	346	371
Tamil Nadu	826	982	851	249	137	248	498	946	534
Tripura	886	990	891	101	0	100	499	966	514
Uttarakhand	845	1000	839	185	0	184	481	385	478
Uttar Pradesh	819	956	821	54	126	54	349	782	356
West Bengal	911	867	907	84	252	85	320	614	322
A & N Islands	620	1000	622	148	0	148	358	1000	359
Chandigarh	1000	1000	1000	90	1000	157	394	1000	480
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	1000	1000	1000	380	0	380	574	1000	576
Daman & Diu	881	707	792	0	0	0	305	564	386
Lakshadweep	805	0	805	301	0	301	609	0	609
Puducherry	700	967	733	91	0	91	558	967	599
<b>all-India</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>945</b>	<b>807</b>	<b>217</b>	<b>448</b>	<b>219</b>	<b>422</b>	<b>873</b>	<b>435</b>

Statement 6.4.1: Number of economically active out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	male			female			male+female		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants								
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	586	830	626	194	157	192	335	570	360
Arunachal Pradesh	586	0	575	261	0	261	524	0	515
Assam	803	1000	808	78	1000	96	446	1000	459
Bihar	830	937	822	94	0	94	522	826	523
Chhattisgarh	763	499	699	172	0	172	328	488	322
Delhi	854	336	736	56	176	58	134	258	136
Goa	761	987	910	17	526	65	245	937	522
Gujarat	652	913	711	37	294	50	176	681	226
Haryana	669	645	666	90	387	93	164	548	173
Himachal Pradesh	680	530	670	253	71	249	371	309	369
Jammu & Kashmir	788	985	801	113	84	113	301	732	313
Jharkhand	649	1000	673	165	0	164	482	965	505
Karnataka	815	992	851	133	771	171	375	925	439
Kerala	714	949	810	134	299	142	319	860	434
Madhya Pradesh	768	983	778	140	97	139	295	621	301
Maharashtra	663	887	675	121	496	133	254	728	281
Manipur	735	635	732	137	1000	141	509	677	512
Meghalaya	701	1000	703	526	1000	539	636	1000	641
Mizoram	728	137	726	356	1000	361	568	705	569
Nagaland	643	1000	644	348	0	348	505	1000	505
Orissa	754	885	759	127	397	132	405	721	415
Punjab	550	927	668	174	604	199	250	824	326
Rajasthan	679	909	712	141	16	140	262	758	284
Sikkim	334	78	278	229	52	204	283	69	244
Tamil Nadu	862	982	875	125	299	129	497	912	541
Tripura	711	1000	711	90	0	90	472	1000	474
Uttarakhand	750	990	778	110	0	110	355	980	388
Uttar Pradesh	747	942	756	43	623	46	250	879	263
West Bengal	822	982	814	92	670	96	248	897	258
A & N Islands	553	1000	553	106	0	106	323	1000	324
Chandigarh	745	681	717	188	316	220	367	508	413
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	512	1000	736	0	357	7	134	960	292
Daman & Diu	661	931	854	219	61	195	308	742	478
Lakshadweep	730	1000	726	129	0	129	537	1000	552
Puducherry	550	882	703	99	399	173	410	810	573
<b>all-India</b>	<b>732</b>	<b>926</b>	<b>757</b>	<b>110</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>117</b>	<b>294</b>	<b>785</b>	<b>328</b>

Statement 6.4.1: Number of economically active out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) for each State/U.T.

<b>rural+urban</b>									
State/U.T/all-India	male			female			male+female		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants								
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	621	904	648	380	369	378	462	783	477
Arunachal Pradesh	499	79	493	273	0	273	441	79	437
Assam	866	1000	867	58	1000	59	459	1000	460
Bihar	868	853	867	84	0	83	581	773	584
Chhattisgarh	747	753	739	574	991	577	630	880	630
Delhi	856	350	736	49	176	51	121	265	123
Goa	764	983	874	63	597	98	337	945	521
Gujarat	721	922	738	199	409	203	318	716	332
Haryana	703	868	715	104	308	105	187	742	194
Himachal Pradesh	756	790	757	266	354	267	448	639	450
Jammu & Kashmir	917	994	918	15	30	15	311	697	314
Jharkhand	766	960	770	262	0	261	595	907	600
Karnataka	785	994	794	298	795	303	465	943	477
Kerala	739	946	823	173	494	188	344	885	453
Madhya Pradesh	717	977	719	324	355	324	415	691	416
Maharashtra	732	914	735	322	472	323	434	758	439
Manipur	574	735	575	196	1000	197	462	757	463
Meghalaya	625	37	612	430	1000	431	555	113	548
Mizoram	662	137	661	353	1000	356	526	705	526
Nagaland	652	310	651	395	1000	395	513	623	513
Orissa	835	914	831	183	344	183	507	797	507
Punjab	702	919	797	52	512	76	170	827	278
Rajasthan	791	961	801	276	12	275	424	883	434
Sikkim	546	206	524	200	107	196	359	166	349
Tamil Nadu	838	982	859	215	234	215	498	933	536
Tripura	848	991	853	99	0	99	494	968	507
Uttarakhand	835	991	832	175	0	175	465	927	467
Uttar Pradesh	812	954	814	52	199	53	336	797	344
West Bengal	897	917	893	86	372	87	306	721	309
A & N Islands	607	1000	608	141	0	141	351	1000	353
Chandigarh	747	682	718	187	318	220	367	509	414
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	968	1000	970	348	357	348	540	969	550
Daman & Diu	808	829	820	112	35	101	306	662	431
Lakshadweep	767	1000	762	227	0	227	574	1000	580
Puducherry	627	894	715	95	399	145	482	830	583
<b>all-India</b>	<b>788</b>	<b>939</b>	<b>798</b>	<b>197</b>	<b>413</b>	<b>200</b>	<b>399</b>	<b>843</b>	<b>416</b>

Statement 6.4.2: Number of remitter out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	male			female			male+female		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants								
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	238	680	274	11	403	14	88	646	107
Arunachal Pradesh	430	1000	423	151	0	151	355	1000	350
Assam	727	176	726	9	0	9	365	176	364
Bihar	789	891	791	55	0	55	523	809	528
Chhattisgarh	447	741	448	35	1000	39	172	920	175
Delhi	1000	1000	1000	0	0	0	12	1000	19
Goa	337	915	502	60	406	68	192	883	308
Gujarat	377	728	388	1	122	2	87	442	92
Haryana	500	817	520	1	0	1	72	701	78
Himachal Pradesh	639	620	638	10	0	10	248	428	249
Jammu & Kashmir	850	1000	852	0	0	0	284	675	287
Jharkhand	713	915	715	69	0	69	496	842	499
Karnataka	458	913	465	18	1000	19	168	923	174
Kerala	360	818	552	56	154	60	146	729	263
Madhya Pradesh	378	639	378	3	0	3	88	219	89
Maharashtra	457	841	462	18	291	18	142	769	145
Manipur	471	1000	472	115	0	115	373	1000	374
Meghalaya	465	0	456	241	0	241	385	0	380
Mizoram	418	0	418	83	0	83	267	0	267
Nagaland	411	0	411	150	0	150	266	0	266
Orissa	708	917	705	17	0	17	365	864	366
Punjab	521	712	614	3	62	6	94	578	177
Rajasthan	613	934	630	3	0	3	186	904	199
Sikkim	346	282	344	21	142	23	167	215	168
Tamil Nadu	499	906	566	36	127	36	236	872	287
Tripura	826	644	816	37	0	37	437	628	444
Uttarakhand	696	1000	691	9	0	9	317	385	315
Uttar Pradesh	642	897	649	4	2	5	251	709	258
West Bengal	732	829	731	11	26	11	217	498	219
A & N Islands	255	1000	258	29	0	29	129	1000	131
Chandigarh	641	1000	731	0	1000	74	214	1000	326
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	171	363	174	0	0	0	53	363	55
Daman & Diu	656	598	626	0	0	0	227	478	305
Lakshadweep	516	0	516	111	0	111	358	0	358
Puducherry	242	967	333	117	0	117	213	967	288
<b>all-India</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>822</b>	<b>594</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>132</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>213</b>	<b>721</b>	<b>228</b>

Statement 6.4.2: Number of remitter out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	male			female			male+female		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants								
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	231	568	287	26	50	28	100	368	128
Arunachal Pradesh	545	0	534	284	0	284	495	0	487
Assam	685	1000	693	46	394	52	371	755	379
Bihar	714	638	704	105	661	107	459	640	459
Chhattisgarh	365	477	340	16	0	16	109	467	109
Delhi	188	336	192	2	0	2	20	171	24
Goa	613	980	855	17	109	26	200	886	474
Gujarat	223	261	231	2	41	4	52	179	65
Haryana	453	574	466	3	65	4	60	384	68
Himachal Pradesh	405	82	383	10	85	12	119	83	118
Jammu & Kashmir	707	941	723	8	45	9	203	689	216
Jharkhand	555	905	579	110	0	110	402	873	424
Karnataka	358	594	407	18	21	18	138	421	171
Kerala	277	820	505	47	231	57	121	739	253
Madhya Pradesh	419	384	417	4	9	4	106	230	109
Maharashtra	284	413	293	8	64	9	76	271	87
Manipur	715	667	713	108	511	110	486	649	488
Meghalaya	682	1000	685	332	1000	349	552	1000	559
Mizoram	352	137	351	113	1000	120	249	705	252
Nagaland	472	1000	473	251	0	251	368	1000	369
Orissa	588	599	589	34	280	39	280	492	287
Punjab	266	595	373	5	108	11	58	440	109
Rajasthan	416	716	460	2	0	2	96	594	118
Sikkim	57	9	47	4	0	3	31	6	26
Tamil Nadu	499	881	563	55	283	61	279	819	338
Tripura	691	1000	696	32	0	32	437	1000	442
Uttarakhand	468	900	521	9	0	9	185	891	222
Uttar Pradesh	475	897	496	16	61	17	151	732	163
West Bengal	533	922	544	39	49	39	144	684	153
A & N Islands	329	1000	330	79	0	79	200	1000	201
Chandigarh	260	365	306	10	6	9	90	195	124
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	289	304	296	0	357	7	76	307	120
Daman & Diu	483	731	660	16	61	23	110	586	296
Lakshadweep	573	763	568	0	0	0	389	763	402
Puducherry	444	664	545	73	283	126	328	607	442
<b>all-India</b>	<b>411</b>	<b>686</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>20</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>22</b>	<b>136</b>	<b>535</b>	<b>164</b>

Statement 6.4.2: Number of remitter out-migrants (per 1000 out-migrants) for each State/U.T.

<b>rural+urban</b>									
State/U.T/all-India	male			female			male+female		
	present place of residence of the out-migrants								
	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)	India	another country	all (incl. n.r.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	237	646	276	13	170	16	90	539	111
Arunachal Pradesh	450	137	442	167	0	167	377	137	372
Assam	724	750	724	12	394	13	365	636	366
Bihar	785	877	786	59	49	59	519	799	524
Chhattisgarh	436	611	433	32	991	35	162	814	164
Delhi	200	350	207	2	0	2	19	180	23
Goa	445	964	705	35	154	43	196	885	405
Gujarat	340	379	343	1	68	3	79	254	85
Haryana	491	746	510	2	39	2	69	587	76
Himachal Pradesh	630	526	628	10	26	10	241	352	242
Jammu & Kashmir	835	976	838	1	16	1	275	681	278
Jharkhand	685	909	691	76	0	76	479	859	486
Karnataka	442	686	454	18	125	19	163	542	173
Kerala	341	819	541	54	171	60	141	731	261
Madhya Pradesh	386	417	386	3	6	3	91	228	92
Maharashtra	420	521	421	15	79	16	126	364	130
Manipur	518	757	519	113	511	113	398	736	400
Meghalaya	489	37	480	252	1000	254	404	113	400
Mizoram	384	137	384	98	1000	101	258	705	259
Nagaland	424	310	424	166	0	165	284	170	284
Orissa	697	775	694	19	243	20	356	666	357
Punjab	454	692	560	3	74	7	86	552	162
Rajasthan	585	864	604	3	0	3	170	793	184
Sikkim	298	93	285	19	60	20	147	79	144
Tamil Nadu	499	897	565	41	220	43	249	852	303
Tripura	796	660	790	36	0	36	437	645	444
Uttarakhand	672	904	671	9	0	9	301	846	303
Uttar Pradesh	625	897	633	6	11	6	238	713	246
West Bengal	702	869	702	17	32	17	203	569	206
A & N Islands	269	1000	272	37	0	37	142	1000	144
Chandigarh	263	367	309	10	8	9	91	197	126
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	179	318	188	0	357	1	55	320	61
Daman & Diu	598	671	642	8	35	12	173	537	300
Lakshadweep	545	763	544	63	0	63	373	763	380
Puducherry	341	709	462	91	283	123	273	654	384
<b>all-India</b>	<b>552</b>	<b>780</b>	<b>570</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>113</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>199</b>	<b>658</b>	<b>217</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

**rural male**

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	6	104	4	396	5	167
Arunachal Pradesh	4	133	2	537	4	134
Assam	7	127	2	800	7	127
Bihar	5	124	6	342	5	130
Chhattisgarh	4	67	1	10	4	67
Delhi	4	163	4	420	4	205
Goa	10	1132	9	2122	9	1647
Gujarat	3	96	3	462	3	117
Haryana	7	309	6	1090	7	387
Himachal Pradesh	7	193	2	352	6	195
Jammu & Kashmir	8	377	4	357	8	376
Jharkhand	6	192	5	312	6	194
Karnataka	6	95	7	452	6	109
Kerala	7	229	6	574	7	444
Madhya Pradesh	5	87	4	254	5	88
Maharashtra	5	90	6	335	5	96
Manipur	8	305	6	279	8	305
Meghalaya	10	280	0	0	10	280
Mizoram	6	208	0	0	6	208
Nagaland	4	144	0	0	4	144
Orissa	5	116	4	233	5	117
Punjab	7	416	4	1014	5	753
Rajasthan	5	213	3	431	5	231
Sikkim	7	232	3	232	7	232
Tamil Nadu	7	122	5	390	7	192
Tripura	8	196	4	410	8	206
Uttarakhand	5	143	7	764	5	143
Uttar Pradesh	4	108	3	308	4	117
West Bengal	7	124	4	386	6	128
A & N Islands	8	220	5	600	8	227
Chandigarh	12	820	5	843	9	828
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7	240	6	720	7	258
Daman & Diu	4	494	3	589	4	540
Lakshadweep	8	238	0	0	8	238
Puducherry	10	124	10	591	10	294
<b>all-India</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>523</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>172</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	4	47	3	262	3	92
Arunachal Pradesh	4	91	0	0	4	91
Assam	3	154	0	0	3	154
Bihar	2	24	0	0	2	24
Chhattisgarh	3	37	1	15	3	35
Delhi	0	0	0	0	0	0
Goa	12	2424	1	70	10	2088
Gujarat	7	79	3	332	5	196
Haryana	5	246	0	0	5	246
Himachal Pradesh	5	123	0	0	5	123
Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	0	0
Jharkhand	3	93	0	0	3	93
Karnataka	5	55	4	150	4	61
Kerala	4	72	3	253	4	93
Madhya Pradesh	4	42	0	0	4	55
Maharashtra	4	31	4	100	4	32
Manipur	5	203	0	0	5	203
Meghalaya	10	140	0	0	10	140
Mizoram	6	122	0	0	6	122
Nagaland	2	71	0	0	2	71
Orissa	5	36	0	0	5	36
Punjab	4	139	3	816	3	501
Rajasthan	4	130	0	0	4	130
Sikkim	6	130	1	61	5	123
Tamil Nadu	7	75	5	160	7	77
Tripura	6	161	0	0	6	161
Uttarakhand	5	143	0	0	5	143
Uttar Pradesh	4	55	2	200	4	54
West Bengal	6	62	2	21	6	62
A & N Islands	2	63	0	0	2	63
Chandigarh	0	0	4	500	4	500
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lakshadweep	9	93	0	0	9	93
Puducherry	4	35	0	0	4	35
<b>all-India</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>60</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>268</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>73</b>



Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

**rural male+female**

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	5	99	4	385	5	161
Arunachal Pradesh	4	129	2	537	4	129
Assam	7	127	2	800	7	127
Bihar	5	121	6	342	5	126
Chhattisgarh	4	63	1	14	4	62
Delhi	4	163	4	420	4	205
Goa	10	1343	9	2062	9	1690
Gujarat	4	96	3	445	3	119
Haryana	7	308	6	1090	7	385
Himachal Pradesh	7	191	2	352	6	193
Jammu & Kashmir	8	377	4	357	8	376
Jharkhand	6	187	5	312	6	189
Karnataka	6	92	7	415	6	106
Kerala	6	187	6	565	6	397
Madhya Pradesh	5	86	4	254	5	87
Maharashtra	5	84	6	324	5	90
Manipur	8	296	6	279	8	296
Meghalaya	10	248	0	0	10	248
Mizoram	6	196	0	0	6	196
Nagaland	4	121	0	0	4	121
Orissa	5	114	4	233	5	115
Punjab	7	409	4	1010	5	747
Rajasthan	5	213	3	431	5	231
Sikkim	7	225	3	178	7	224
Tamil Nadu	7	118	5	389	7	184
Tripura	8	194	4	410	8	204
Uttarakhand	5	143	7	764	5	143
Uttar Pradesh	4	108	3	308	4	117
West Bengal	7	122	4	378	6	126
A & N Islands	7	201	5	600	7	207
Chandigarh	12	820	4	732	9	782
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7	240	6	720	7	258
Daman & Diu	4	494	3	589	4	540
Lakshadweep	8	220	0	0	8	220
Puducherry	9	112	10	591	9	272
<b>all-India</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>130</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>516</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>168</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

**urban male**

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	6	271	6	1013	6	521
Arunachal Pradesh	4	197	0	0	4	197
Assam	6	225	2	196	6	224
Bihar	6	218	5	4463	6	306
Chhattisgarh	6	175	2	817	6	194
Delhi	6	387	3	2527	5	810
Goa	7	527	9	1698	9	1412
Gujarat	5	227	4	743	5	361
Haryana	9	521	5	982	8	582
Himachal Pradesh	7	360	4	733	7	366
Jammu & Kashmir	7	494	3	398	7	486
Jharkhand	6	321	7	341	6	323
Karnataka	7	327	7	584	7	405
Kerala	7	282	7	626	7	517
Madhya Pradesh	5	235	3	528	5	249
Maharashtra	6	262	7	1068	6	409
Manipur	8	424	6	513	8	426
Meghalaya	11	473	12	1700	11	486
Mizoram	8	372	12	120	8	372
Nagaland	4	162	10	200	4	162
Orissa	6	278	3	950	6	310
Punjab	8	437	4	869	6	671
Rajasthan	6	388	4	613	6	439
Sikkim	11	409	12	350	11	406
Tamil Nadu	8	257	6	661	7	372
Tripura	10	381	4	336	10	379
Uttarakhand	8	450	5	318	7	422
Uttar Pradesh	6	215	6	442	6	236
West Bengal	7	292	6	529	7	343
A & N Islands	7	327	2	500	7	328
Chandigarh	5	827	6	3503	5	2237
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5	494	4	997	5	731
Daman & Diu	7	967	7	1029	7	1016
Lakshadweep	4	340	2	245	4	329
Puducherry	10	546	7	616	9	585
<b>all-India</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>277</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>729</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>389</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	6	151	4	582	6	203
Arunachal Pradesh	1	120	0	0	1	120
Assam	4	173	1	60	4	157
Bihar	2	23	1	12	2	23
Chhattisgarh	2	276	0	0	2	276
Delhi	2	265	0	0	2	265
Goa	4	480	3	900	4	648
Gujarat	4	264	2	217	3	241
Haryana	5	139	2	750	4	253
Himachal Pradesh	4	193	1	1820	3	483
Jammu & Kashmir	8	347	2	500	8	356
Jharkhand	5	282	0	0	5	282
Karnataka	6	228	7	704	6	261
Kerala	3	53	3	400	3	126
Madhya Pradesh	5	238	1	400	5	242
Maharashtra	4	88	5	402	4	159
Manipur	7	308	2	439	7	311
Meghalaya	6	199	5	880	6	251
Mizoram	7	345	2	370	6	347
Nagaland	3	67	0	0	3	67
Orissa	4	178	4	200	4	181
Punjab	9	880	3	1097	5	1004
Rajasthan	7	205	0	0	7	205
Sikkim	5	98	0	0	5	98
Tamil Nadu	6	166	2	510	6	207
Tripura	6	98	0	0	6	98
Uttarakhand	4	183	0	0	4	183
Uttar Pradesh	3	66	7	653	3	78
West Bengal	7	156	3	430	7	158
A & N Islands	2	90	0	0	2	90
Chandigarh	10	382	7	750	9	449
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	3	950	3	950
Daman & Diu	5	700	7	314	6	545
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0
Puducherry	8	655	8	731	8	698
<b>all-India</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>134</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>487</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>174</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

**urban male+female**

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	6	251	6	990	6	478
Arunachal Pradesh	4	188	0	0	4	188
Assam	6	222	2	167	6	219
Bihar	6	200	4	3920	5	279
Chhattisgarh	5	186	2	817	5	203
Delhi	6	377	3	2527	5	775
Goa	7	524	9	1687	9	1393
Gujarat	5	228	4	697	5	355
Haryana	8	505	5	967	8	567
Himachal Pradesh	7	350	2	1267	7	374
Jammu & Kashmir	7	490	3	400	7	482
Jharkhand	6	317	7	341	6	319
Karnataka	7	319	7	586	7	396
Kerala	6	220	7	616	6	467
Madhya Pradesh	5	235	3	526	5	248
Maharashtra	6	249	7	1004	6	389
Manipur	8	415	6	507	8	417
Meghalaya	10	412	7	1128	10	431
Mizoram	8	367	3	354	7	367
Nagaland	4	132	10	200	4	132
Orissa	6	271	4	807	6	300
Punjab	8	469	4	887	6	696
Rajasthan	6	384	4	613	6	436
Sikkim	10	392	12	350	10	390
Tamil Nadu	8	248	6	655	7	358
Tripura	10	373	4	336	10	371
Uttarakhand	8	442	5	318	7	416
Uttar Pradesh	6	204	6	445	6	225
West Bengal	7	263	6	528	7	307
A & N Islands	6	279	2	500	6	280
Chandigarh	5	794	6	3460	5	2158
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	5	494	4	994	5	739
Daman & Diu	7	936	7	1013	7	996
Lakshadweep	4	340	2	245	4	329
Puducherry	10	553	7	624	9	593
<b>all-India</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>263</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>719</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>369</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban male**

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	6	132	5	561	5	235
Arunachal Pradesh	4	147	2	537	4	147
Assam	7	135	2	239	7	135
Bihar	5	129	5	513	5	139
Chhattisgarh	4	79	1	319	4	81
Delhi	6	371	3	2404	5	754
Goa	9	805	9	1795	9	1483
Gujarat	4	116	4	607	4	163
Haryana	8	346	5	1066	7	422
Himachal Pradesh	7	197	2	362	7	199
Jammu & Kashmir	8	387	3	373	8	386
Jharkhand	6	210	6	328	6	213
Karnataka	6	125	7	534	6	159
Kerala	7	238	7	585	7	459
Madhya Pradesh	5	117	3	473	5	121
Maharashtra	5	115	6	770	5	149
Manipur	8	337	6	429	8	338
Meghalaya	10	309	12	1700	10	310
Mizoram	7	285	12	120	7	285
Nagaland	4	148	10	200	4	148
Orissa	5	129	3	480	5	133
Punjab	7	420	4	994	5	741
Rajasthan	5	231	3	480	5	256
Sikkim	7	237	4	240	7	237
Tamil Nadu	7	167	5	488	7	254
Tripura	9	231	4	405	8	238
Uttarakhand	5	165	5	336	5	169
Uttar Pradesh	4	117	3	329	4	127
West Bengal	7	143	5	452	7	154
A & N Islands	8	246	5	590	8	251
Chandigarh	5	827	6	3477	5	2216
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7	268	5	923	7	343
Daman & Diu	5	621	5	850	5	765
Lakshadweep	6	292	2	245	6	289
Puducherry	10	392	8	611	9	503
<b>all-India</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>150</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>201</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

**rural+urban female**

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	4	80	3	324	4	125
Arunachal Pradesh	3	97	0	0	3	97
Assam	4	159	1	60	3	155
Bihar	2	24	1	12	2	24
Chhattisgarh	3	58	1	15	2	54
Delhi	2	265	0	0	2	265
Goa	10	1889	2	571	8	1581
Gujarat	6	150	3	286	4	214
Haryana	5	209	2	750	5	249
Himachal Pradesh	5	127	1	1820	5	149
Jammu & Kashmir	8	347	2	500	8	356
Jharkhand	3	142	0	0	3	142
Karnataka	5	81	4	235	5	92
Kerala	4	69	3	297	4	100
Madhya Pradesh	4	82	1	400	4	95
Maharashtra	4	38	5	326	4	51
Manipur	6	231	2	439	6	233
Meghalaya	9	149	5	880	9	158
Mizoram	6	249	2	370	6	254
Nagaland	3	70	0	0	3	70
Orissa	4	66	4	200	4	70
Punjab	6	401	3	924	4	687
Rajasthan	4	145	0	0	4	145
Sikkim	6	130	1	61	5	122
Tamil Nadu	6	108	3	429	6	128
Tripura	6	152	0	0	6	152
Uttarakhand	5	149	0	0	5	149
Uttar Pradesh	4	59	6	581	4	63
West Bengal	6	107	2	198	6	108
A & N Islands	2	73	0	0	2	73
Chandigarh	10	382	6	692	9	451
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	3	950	3	950
Daman & Diu	5	700	7	314	6	545
Lakshadweep	9	93	0	0	9	93
Puducherry	6	327	8	731	7	480
<b>all-India</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>78</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>351</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>98</b>

Statement 6.6.1: Frequency of remittances (no.) and amount of remittance (Rs.00) by out-migrants during the last 365 days preceding the date of survey separately for each place of residence for each State/U.T.

State/U.T/all-India	present place of residence of the out-migrants					
	India		another country		all (incl. n.r.)	
	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)	frequency of remittance (no.)	remittance per out-migrant (Rs. 00)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	5	127	4	544	5	225
Arunachal Pradesh	4	141	2	537	4	142
Assam	7	135	2	203	7	135
Bihar	5	125	5	510	5	135
Chhattisgarh	4	76	1	122	4	77
Delhi	5	363	3	2404	5	726
Goa	9	924	9	1774	9	1488
Gujarat	4	117	4	572	4	165
Haryana	7	343	5	1061	7	418
Himachal Pradesh	7	195	2	399	6	198
Jammu & Kashmir	8	387	3	374	8	386
Jharkhand	6	206	6	328	6	210
Karnataka	6	122	7	516	6	155
Kerala	6	193	6	576	6	411
Madhya Pradesh	5	116	3	473	5	121
Maharashtra	5	108	6	735	5	140
Manipur	8	328	6	430	8	329
Meghalaya	10	273	7	1128	10	276
Mizoram	7	279	3	354	7	280
Nagaland	4	124	10	200	4	124
Orissa	5	127	4	459	5	131
Punjab	7	419	4	992	5	739
Rajasthan	5	230	3	480	5	255
Sikkim	7	230	3	186	7	229
Tamil Nadu	7	162	5	487	7	245
Tripura	8	228	4	405	8	235
Uttarakhand	5	165	5	336	5	168
Uttar Pradesh	4	116	3	329	4	126
West Bengal	7	141	5	447	7	152
A & N Islands	7	221	5	590	7	226
Chandigarh	5	795	6	3421	6	2135
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	7	268	5	924	7	347
Daman & Diu	5	623	5	842	5	760
Lakshadweep	6	280	2	245	6	278
Puducherry	10	387	8	618	9	501
<b>all-India</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>146</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>571</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>196</b>

Statement 6.7.1: Proportion (per 1000) of households reporting out-migrant, receipt of remittance and average remittance received (Rs.) for each State/U.T

<b>rural</b>				
state/u.t./all-India	no. of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 household	no. of households reporting out-migrant to another country per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	no. of households received remittance per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	average amount of remittance received (Rs.00) per reporting household
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	267	60	163	199
Arunachal Pradesh	146	1	419	140
Assam	156	1	471	142
Bihar	258	24	745	151
Chhattisgarh	160	3	277	82
Delhi	124	3	24	205
Goa	108	188	384	2065
Gujarat	300	18	143	151
Haryana	412	21	158	445
Himachal Pradesh	499	16	464	232
Jammu & Kashmir	236	11	462	444
Jharkhand	136	4	668	220
Karnataka	276	12	241	140
Kerala	509	344	449	512
Madhya Pradesh	243	2	139	101
Maharashtra	354	9	227	121
Manipur	143	2	437	317
Meghalaya	95	20	479	278
Mizoram	176	0	294	205
Nagaland	205	3	387	146
Orissa	285	4	518	138
Punjab	274	253	311	835
Rajasthan	374	36	382	281
Sikkim	194	28	262	249
Tamil Nadu	233	123	401	225
Tripura	97	43	586	231
Uttarakhand	409	2	519	188
Uttar Pradesh	391	25	437	147
West Bengal	311	10	324	149
A & N Islands	311	4	195	292
Chandigarh	6	111	218	1355
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	63	14	140	258
Daman & Diu	124	373	382	543
Lakshadweep	346	0	529	270
Puducherry	136	129	329	310
<b>all-India</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>207</b>



Statement 6.7.1: Proportion (per 1000) of households reporting out-migrant, receipt of remittance and average remittance received (Rs.) for each State/U.T

<b>urban</b>				
state/u.t./all-India	no. of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 household	no. of households reporting out-migrant to another country per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	no. of households received remittance per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	average amount of remittance received (Rs.00) per reporting household
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
Andhra Pradesh	173	132	181	558
Arunachal Pradesh	92	18	531	200
Assam	118	27	481	242
Bihar	168	18	614	334
Chhattisgarh	188	10	157	230
Delhi	65	17	33	793
Goa	111	518	595	1786
Gujarat	193	104	95	399
Haryana	324	31	115	603
Himachal Pradesh	274	63	212	411
Jammu & Kashmir	160	34	338	526
Jharkhand	127	64	585	361
Karnataka	133	136	212	474
Kerala	438	354	400	596
Madhya Pradesh	162	24	167	294
Maharashtra	200	69	131	442
Manipur	107	14	552	458
Meghalaya	60	18	626	476
Mizoram	220	6	281	380
Nagaland	150	2	465	156
Orissa	185	43	400	383
Punjab	153	153	175	787
Rajasthan	286	65	218	513
Sikkim	249	305	39	450
Tamil Nadu	154	147	427	424
Tripura	101	9	571	389
Uttarakhand	214	85	348	442
Uttar Pradesh	235	33	251	267
West Bengal	231	26	211	353
A & N Islands	171	1	257	333
Chandigarh	81	343	216	2366
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	55	205	202	739
Daman & Diu	218	356	373	1098
Lakshadweep	355	55	511	486
Puducherry	135	391	555	713
<b>all-India</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>436</b>

Statement 6.8.1: Average household consumer expenditure (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households (per 1000) receiving remittance and average amount of remittance received per household during 2007-08

**rural**

state/u.t./all-India	average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household (Rs)	average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household receiving remittance (Rs)	proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households	average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household	average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household reporting receipt of remittance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	31031	30104	44	867	19892
Arunachal Pradesh	46431	56048	61	855	13951
Assam	44163	44651	74	1050	14243
Bihar	31913	33943	192	2907	15148
Chhattisgarh	30565	32042	44	363	8209
Delhi	69526	112838	3	61	20467
Goa	47334	86195	42	8578	206477
Gujarat	44531	39410	43	651	15147
Haryana	58500	68384	65	2894	44454
Himachal Pradesh	51335	55943	232	5373	23163
Jammu & Kashmir	55735	71121	109	4846	44427
Jharkhand	32794	37889	91	1990	21961
Karnataka	34451	36778	66	929	13977
Kerala	55746	62646	229	11719	51212
Madhya Pradesh	33205	34565	34	340	10084
Maharashtra	39429	39060	80	975	12127
Manipur	44112	50059	62	1971	31650
Meghalaya	48852	54524	45	1262	27803
Mizoram	57315	64766	52	1061	20542
Nagaland	70989	75666	79	1161	14634
Orissa	26708	31959	147	2040	13848
Punjab	62684	85016	85	7127	83527
Rajasthan	44334	49605	143	4008	28059
Sikkim	43233	46332	51	1265	24889
Tamil Nadu	30380	29567	93	2099	22504
Tripura	36453	45640	57	1310	23128
Uttarakhand	45527	42435	212	3992	18826
Uttar Pradesh	39006	41694	171	2504	14677
West Bengal	32915	34591	101	1501	14877
A & N Islands	60976	68458	61	1772	29163
Chandigarh	40627	311595	1	176	135461
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	45165	32257	9	229	25849
Daman & Diu	75635	83021	47	2572	54269
Lakshadweep	64341	74478	183	4948	27047
Puducherry	36107	48390	45	1390	30961
<b>all-India</b>	<b>37735</b>	<b>41466</b>	<b>111</b>	<b>2297</b>	<b>20737</b>

Statement 6.8.1: Average household consumer expenditure (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households (per 1000) receiving remittance and average amount of remittance received per household during 2007-08

**urban**

state/u.t./all-India	average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household (Rs)	average household consumer expenditure during last 365 days per household receiving remittance (Rs)	proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households	average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household	average amount (Rs.) of remittance received during last 365 days per household reporting receipt of remittance
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(4)
Andhra Pradesh	60783	85626	31	1750	55797
Arunachal Pradesh	57177	72841	49	979	20048
Assam	64857	72427	57	1378	24240
Bihar	53488	62203	103	3449	33350
Chhattisgarh	56723	63612	29	676	23001
Delhi	78352	107233	2	166	79309
Goa	72105	82349	66	11788	178574
Gujarat	70665	74111	18	736	39900
Haryana	75126	91458	37	2237	60277
Himachal Pradesh	69208	77053	58	2388	41091
Jammu & Kashmir	80253	95316	54	2854	52578
Jharkhand	58871	81798	74	2675	36075
Karnataka	69266	81746	28	1339	47421
Kerala	71776	77582	175	10451	59617
Madhya Pradesh	56199	69004	27	794	29373
Maharashtra	76863	85205	26	1155	44151
Manipur	49964	54903	59	2696	45836
Meghalaya	64978	92524	37	1782	47583
Mizoram	95696	102838	62	2355	37988
Nagaland	94205	105498	70	1082	15556
Orissa	62484	77942	74	2822	38278
Punjab	73450	102351	27	2110	78681
Rajasthan	70424	74446	63	3211	51328
Sikkim	51413	60130	10	432	44987
Tamil Nadu	54741	64808	66	2798	42411
Tripura	60259	71167	58	2239	38924
Uttarakhand	64265	144879	74	3289	44173
Uttar Pradesh	56642	61812	59	1580	26690
West Bengal	61186	134571	49	1723	35304
A & N Islands	78673	75209	44	1462	33299
Chandigarh	102283	167213	17	4131	236566
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	81003	120562	11	828	73884
Daman & Diu	85785	92174	81	8919	109774
Lakshadweep	79806	91213	182	8830	48623
Puducherry	56477	106888	75	5352	71283
<b>all-India</b>	<b>65405</b>	<b>79556</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>2017</b>	<b>43589</b>

Statement 6.9.1: Proportion of households (per 1000) using remittance for specific purpose for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	purpose for which remittance was used (code*)														
	01	02	03	04	05	06	01 to 06	07	08	10	11	12	19	any	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
Andhra Pradesh	729	142	53	30	377	275	871	105	243	28	11	78	23	1000	
Arunachal Pradesh	655	568	326	44	319	344	881	72	35	0	0	7	154	1000	
Assam	725	212	305	55	401	399	955	106	35	6	1	46	63	1000	
Bihar	757	232	301	45	372	500	931	96	59	15	2	43	109	1000	
Chhattisgarh	609	289	166	88	349	532	903	88	22	30	2	16	71	1000	
Delhi	1000	614	222	0	113	122	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	
Goa	814	240	226	0	354	203	906	0	62	0	0	546	0	1000	
Gujarat	749	109	211	37	404	468	923	88	53	8	5	79	103	1000	
Haryana	714	552	295	43	431	361	953	57	28	28	0	80	59	1000	
Himachal Pradesh	896	369	91	79	501	562	984	35	14	0	1	46	41	1000	
Jammu & Kashmir	809	582	325	61	207	635	985	114	18	0	0	65	30	1000	
Jharkhand	784	431	276	23	389	480	971	75	53	1	0	18	27	1000	
Karnataka	757	151	223	75	386	400	953	90	176	30	10	35	32	1000	
Kerala	776	328	74	42	416	355	947	71	242	0	6	82	30	1000	
Madhya Pradesh	706	279	207	52	500	337	933	101	54	2	3	27	49	1000	
Maharashtra	734	183	146	32	454	491	974	75	36	24	2	49	39	1000	
Manipur	672	548	236	35	176	625	896	64	55	11	5	82	142	1000	
Meghalaya	844	558	246	0	497	451	988	24	0	4	0	40	44	1000	
Mizoram	963	565	452	0	288	358	988	54	5	0	0	35	21	1000	
Nagaland	571	356	313	20	149	548	929	16	38	9	0	27	247	1000	
Orissa	741	207	185	113	210	472	927	160	143	12	2	49	96	1000	
Punjab	660	325	270	64	212	345	880	110	176	24	6	133	56	1000	
Rajasthan	787	312	197	53	84	481	928	96	150	2	4	82	85	1000	
Sikkim	675	371	145	15	89	355	883	173	33	0	0	222	56	1000	
Tamil Nadu	809	186	79	35	353	420	886	47	299	6	2	88	22	1000	
Tripura	842	373	128	15	553	522	941	11	23	6	3	3	73	1000	
Uttarakhand	883	394	146	23	313	560	944	80	6	0	0	81	56	1000	
Uttar Pradesh	722	455	235	48	485	472	984	81	60	11	1	36	40	1000	
West Bengal	817	259	197	16	360	463	974	127	68	4	1	52	28	1000	
A & N Islands	875	369	309	31	203	462	992	120	3	0	0	191	0	1000	
Chandigarh	244	489	0	489	244	733	733	0	0	0	0	267	0	1000	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	791	378	413	75	32	32	898	35	64	0	0	0	38	1000	
Daman & Diu	720	403	264	0	163	435	720	76	139	0	0	395	0	1000	
Lakshadweep	882	316	0	0	159	761	968	0	276	0	0	36	32	1000	
Puducherry	915	587	357	22	304	586	1000	43	17	34	0	21	0	1000	
<b>all-India</b>	<b>756</b>	<b>305</b>	<b>203</b>	<b>48</b>	<b>377</b>	<b>455</b>	<b>948</b>	<b>91</b>	<b>103</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>1000</b>	

Note: \*: **use of remittances**: for household consumer expenditure: on food items – 01, education of household members- 02, household durable –03, marriage and other ceremonies – 04, health care- 05, others items on household consumer expenditure- 06; for improving housing condition (major repairs, purchase of land and buildings, etc.)- 07, debt repayment- 08, financing working capital – 10, initiating new entrepreneurial activity – 11, saving/investment – 12, others – 19.

Statement 6.9.1: Proportion of households (per 1000) using remittance for specific purpose for each State/U.T.

Out- migrants

State/U.T./all-India	purpose for which remittance was used													
	01	02	03	04	05	06	01 to 06	07	08	10	11	12	19	any
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	540	252	154	28	290	295	825	117	76	33	1	265	50	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	458	527	296	49	408	353	818	11	16	0	0	11	184	1000
Assam	631	221	254	116	420	351	922	50	27	8	3	98	140	1000
Bihar	594	339	298	33	273	405	879	75	42	3	2	32	133	1000
Chhattisgarh	637	385	136	63	397	514	895	122	51	0	5	23	77	1000
Delhi	850	409	456	0	196	320	953	0	0	0	0	93	82	1000
Goa	878	459	179	0	193	443	981	0	39	0	0	314	85	1000
Gujarat	676	233	239	32	350	505	893	49	32	12	5	164	69	1000
Haryana	654	431	257	30	400	403	924	55	22	3	0	97	64	1000
Himachal Pradesh	792	423	146	21	375	565	975	81	0	5	0	31	65	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	815	453	282	71	156	633	940	126	11	1	0	163	28	1000
Jharkhand	501	435	321	67	323	512	930	79	46	5	0	66	40	1000
Karnataka	769	320	189	30	439	471	951	27	38	0	1	122	29	1000
Kerala	808	348	72	21	381	356	962	41	290	0	2	118	28	1000
Madhya Pradesh	703	397	293	39	351	418	937	40	17	2	2	106	75	1000
Maharashtra	734	347	169	31	357	430	967	35	48	26	1	80	54	1000
Manipur	695	642	118	22	93	551	972	35	174	14	88	266	113	1000
Meghalaya	659	546	281	5	470	380	968	28	0	0	9	169	104	1000
Mizoram	933	640	443	9	220	439	980	37	14	0	0	25	14	1000
Nagaland	514	419	391	5	300	599	964	27	19	7	0	22	193	1000
Orissa	655	219	131	74	294	355	866	215	157	2	0	172	57	1000
Punjab	708	278	271	64	227	372	903	51	47	4	5	193	101	1000
Rajasthan	783	375	151	66	137	441	902	53	57	8	9	157	80	1000
Sikkim	860	587	244	0	230	656	1000	93	0	0	0	106	0	1000
Tamil Nadu	716	251	147	28	419	424	927	63	153	14	1	207	46	1000
Tripura	803	475	166	3	527	529	965	19	6	0	0	4	27	1000
Uttarakhand	868	524	145	6	242	375	959	28	3	23	0	26	70	1000
Uttar Pradesh	725	438	263	20	389	534	970	44	14	3	3	85	34	1000
West Bengal	743	271	187	61	443	399	936	103	59	13	1	44	45	1000
A & N Islands	715	422	178	0	125	420	756	129	0	52	0	195	59	1000
Chandigarh	547	437	436	304	131	355	843	76	39	36	43	235	18	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	452	208	611	0	510	243	905	74	25	0	0	497	95	1000
Daman & Diu	614	76	78	29	170	575	697	108	59	30	0	651	0	1000
Lakshadweep	491	117	518	69	100	705	1000	77	95	0	0	398	68	1000
Puducherry	846	625	223	68	389	231	981	16	36	0	0	64	22	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>713</b>	<b>335</b>	<b>189</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>355</b>	<b>427</b>	<b>930</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>90</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>126</b>	<b>54</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.9.1: Proportion of households (per 1000) using remittance for specific purpose for each State/U.T.

State/U.T./all-India	purpose for which remittance was used													
	01	02	03	04	05	06	01 to 06	07	08	10	11	12	19	any
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	689	165	74	30	359	279	861	108	208	29	9	117	29	1000
Arunachal Pradesh	614	559	320	45	338	346	867	59	31	0	0	8	160	1000
Assam	717	213	300	61	403	395	952	101	34	6	1	50	69	1000
Bihar	748	238	301	44	366	494	928	95	58	14	2	42	111	1000
Chhattisgarh	612	301	162	85	355	530	902	92	25	26	2	17	72	1000
Delhi	864	427	435	0	189	303	957	0	0	0	0	85	75	1000
Goa	857	387	194	0	246	364	956	0	47	0	0	391	57	1000
Gujarat	733	136	217	36	393	476	916	80	49	9	5	97	95	1000
Haryana	702	529	287	40	425	369	947	56	27	23	0	83	60	1000
Himachal Pradesh	893	371	92	78	498	563	983	37	13	0	1	45	42	1000
Jammu & Kashmir	809	568	320	62	201	635	980	115	18	0	0	75	30	1000
Jharkhand	738	431	283	30	379	485	965	76	51	2	0	25	29	1000
Karnataka	759	182	217	67	395	413	953	78	151	24	8	51	31	1000
Kerala	783	332	74	38	409	355	950	65	251	0	5	90	30	1000
Madhya Pradesh	706	303	225	49	469	354	934	88	46	2	2	43	54	1000
Maharashtra	734	215	151	32	435	479	973	68	38	25	2	55	42	1000
Manipur	678	573	205	32	154	605	916	56	87	12	27	131	135	1000
Meghalaya	815	556	251	1	492	440	985	24	0	3	1	61	53	1000
Mizoram	948	602	448	5	254	398	984	45	9	0	0	30	18	1000
Nagaland	558	371	331	16	184	560	937	19	34	9	0	26	235	1000
Orissa	734	208	180	110	217	463	922	165	144	12	2	59	92	1000
Punjab	667	317	270	64	215	349	883	101	156	21	6	142	63	1000
Rajasthan	787	320	192	55	91	477	925	91	138	2	5	91	85	1000
Sikkim	681	377	148	15	94	365	886	171	32	0	0	218	54	1000
Tamil Nadu	777	209	103	33	376	421	900	53	248	9	1	130	31	1000
Tripura	834	393	135	13	548	523	946	12	20	5	2	3	64	1000
Uttarakhand	881	408	146	21	305	539	946	74	5	2	0	75	57	1000
Uttar Pradesh	722	453	238	46	476	477	983	78	56	10	1	41	39	1000
West Bengal	806	261	195	23	373	454	968	124	67	5	1	51	31	1000
A & N Islands	828	385	271	22	180	450	923	123	2	15	0	192	17	1000
Chandigarh	544	437	432	306	133	359	842	75	39	36	43	236	17	1000
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	728	346	450	61	120	71	899	42	57	0	0	92	48	1000
Daman & Diu	671	253	179	13	166	500	710	90	102	14	0	513	0	1000
Lakshadweep	692	219	252	33	130	734	984	38	188	0	0	212	49	1000
Puducherry	866	614	263	55	364	336	987	24	30	10	0	51	16	1000
<b>all-India</b>	<b>750</b>	<b>310</b>	<b>201</b>	<b>46</b>	<b>374</b>	<b>451</b>	<b>946</b>	<b>87</b>	<b>102</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>64</b>	<b>56</b>	<b>1000</b>

Statement 6.10.1: Net migration rate (per 1000 of population) for each State/U.T.

State/u.t.	type of estimate					
	in-migrant (00)	out- migrant (00) to another state	out- migration to abroad (00)	net migration (00) (col2- col. 3-col.4)	population (00)	net migration rate
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	10153	12324	4374	-6545	752758	-9
Arunachal Pradesh	53	268	1	-216	10739	-20
Assam	1070	2282	27	-1239	249966	-5
Bihar	5505	47077	1046	-42618	755017	-56
Chhattisgarh	9651	3193	67	6391	229916	28
Delhi	43585	11694	70	31821	131603	242
Goa	1929	383	176	1370	14430	95
Gujarat	20778	10879	1858	8041	494655	16
Haryana	22349	14175	502	7672	218264	35
Himachal Pradesh	3040	3442	151	-553	62251	-9
Jammu & Kashmir	824	1791	57	-1024	82912	-12
Jharkhand	3913	8129	174	-4390	246211	-18
Karnataka	20130	14173	1228	4729	489468	10
Kerala	10691	8096	15832	-13237	298619	-44
Madhya Pradesh	13168	17035	235	-4102	604647	-7
Maharashtra	56584	15414	2286	38884	948135	41
Manipur	15	609	3	-597	20119	-30
Meghalaya	173	330	8	-165	23118	-7
Mizoram	215	226	1	-12	8786	-1
Nagaland	233	277	1	-45	9654	-5
Orissa	5303	9648	248	-4593	363647	-13
Punjab	18586	11697	3864	3025	238582	13
Rajasthan	17582	20841	2145	-5404	580845	-9
Sikkim	507	401	22	84	5181	16
Tamil Nadu	9906	13675	4983	-8752	614601	-14
Tripura	895	273	33	589	34579	17
Uttarakhand	10005	6619	100	3286	86058	38
Uttar Pradesh	32326	81405	3836	-52915	1708700	-31
West Bengal	23670	12303	820	10547	784690	13
A & N Islands	684	128	1	555	3370	165
Chandigarh	4708	1168	117	3423	8574	399
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	515	664	1	-150	2061	-73
Daman & Diu	507	173	25	309	1449	213
Lakshadweep	22	83	3	-64	618	-103
Puducherry	1704	535	127	1042	8376	124

# **Appendix A**

## **Detailed Tables**



## NOTES ON DETAILED TABLES

1. Estimates are provided separately for rural and urban areas and for males and females.
2. The estimates presented in the report, in general, refer to the mid-point of the survey period (July 2007 – June 2008) of NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round, i.e., 01.01.2008.
3. It may be noted that as the tables are generally presented as ‘per 1000 distribution’, the figures are rounded off. Thus, while using the ratios from the survey results, it is to be noted that the accuracy of these derived aggregates will be limited to the number of significant digits available in the ratio or percentage estimates presented in the report. The estimated aggregates, wherever possible, can be used to get ratios with more significant digits.
4. If there are no sample households/persons in a particular category, the estimates/estimated proportions of households/persons in that category becomes 0. Estimated number per 1000 are also shown as 0, when they are greater than 0 but less than 0.5, and so become 0 when rounded to the nearest integer.
5. In the detailed tables, in some of the deeper classifications, some sample sizes may be small and this may have a bearing on the precision of the corresponding estimates.
6. Table 24 and Table 24.1, giving the distribution of migrants by last usual place of residence/present place of residence, are presented combining all the migrants.

Table (1): Number of villages/ blocks, households and persons surveyed by State/ U.T.

state/ u.t./all-India	number of surveyed		number of surveyed		persons surveyed					
	villages	UFS blocks*	households in		rural			urban		
			rural	urban	male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
Andhra Pradesh	560	312	5591	3111	10037	10405	20442	5812	5865	11677
Arunachal Pradesh	87	56	851	560	2429	2219	4648	1313	1176	2489
Assam	200	104	2000	1040	5220	4643	9863	2349	2061	4410
Bihar	711	168	7106	1679	18685	17578	36263	4408	4017	8425
Chhattisgarh	160	80	1597	796	3976	3859	7835	1910	1768	3678
Delhi	16	141	159	1366	409	320	729	2988	2447	5435
Goa	14	22	140	219	284	299	583	445	492	937
Gujarat	271	246	2709	2448	6338	5904	12242	5417	5035	10452
Haryana	143	96	1427	957	3846	3563	7409	2253	2033	4286
Himachal Pradesh	168	56	1669	559	3510	3808	7318	1020	981	2001
Jammu & Kashmir	118	95	1180	948	3336	3258	6594	2316	2239	4555
Jharkhand	213	96	2126	956	5481	5187	10668	2268	2070	4338
Karnataka	295	230	2947	2293	6536	6464	13000	4676	4621	9297
Kerala	224	128	2238	1277	4256	4723	8979	2257	2606	4863
Madhya Pradesh	445	248	4444	2464	11714	10528	22242	5950	5738	11688
Maharashtra	504	504	5024	5020	11312	10965	22277	11053	10258	21311
Manipur	192	96	1920	960	4806	4710	9516	2168	2223	4391
Meghalaya	128	48	1279	480	3243	3105	6348	996	1079	2075
Mizoram	64	96	640	960	1648	1576	3224	2373	2413	4786
Nagaland	128	48	1280	480	3324	3095	6419	1104	1055	2159
Orissa	383	136	3825	1355	8613	8840	17453	2850	2785	5635
Punjab	176	144	1758	1433	4281	4262	8543	3187	2854	6041
Rajasthan	376	176	3749	1745	9820	9746	19566	4323	4199	8522
Sikkim	120	24	1199	240	2486	2412	4898	375	295	670
Tamil Nadu	359	350	3590	3499	6205	6552	12757	5895	6126	12021
Tripura	216	72	2160	720	4698	4806	9504	1182	1402	2584
Uttarakhand	103	63	1021	630	2399	2417	4816	1315	1125	2440
Uttar Pradesh	903	359	9022	3581	26450	24752	51202	9549	9132	18681
West Bengal	551	327	5510	3260	12798	12143	24941	6372	5907	12279
A & N Islands	29	24	290	240	632	614	1246	492	409	901
Chandigarh	8	35	80	339	155	138	293	614	564	1178
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	16	16	160	160	462	299	761	436	306	742
Daman & Diu	16	16	160	160	405	296	701	338	315	653
Lakshadweep	8	16	80	160	208	204	412	390	452	842
Puducherry	16	40	160	392	311	291	602	750	768	1518
all -India	7921	4668	79091	46487	190313	183981	374294	101144	96816	197960

\* Blocks of urban frame survey

Table (2): Sample number of out-migrants, migrant households and migrants by State/ U.T.

state/ u.t./all-India	sample number of out-migrants						sample number of migrant households		sample number of migrants					
	rural			urban			rural	urban	rural			urban		
	male	female	person	male	female	person			male	female	person	male	female	person
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
Andhra Pradesh	2610	2396	5006	948	803	1751	173	165	1935	5555	7490	2199	3005	5204
Arunachal Pradesh	288	76	364	158	35	193	91	67	59	20	79	79	53	132
Assam	719	297	1016	279	132	411	56	71	314	1095	1409	444	653	1097
Bihar	3054	1372	4426	700	306	1006	159	95	370	7023	7393	605	1798	2403
Chhattisgarh	863	750	1613	373	274	647	77	39	400	2121	2521	443	1008	1451
Delhi	6	18	24	49	126	175	5	42	112	112	224	1273	1045	2318
Goa	54	25	79	93	28	121	2	14	49	100	149	162	216	378
Gujarat	1247	1612	2859	628	772	1400	136	246	833	3571	4404	1700	2643	4343
Haryana	800	1353	2153	374	578	952	17	44	311	2239	2550	592	1282	1874
Himachal Pradesh	1070	1220	2290	219	242	461	56	38	538	2309	2847	413	657	1070
Jammu & Kashmir	356	345	701	291	240	531	15	25	121	869	990	259	699	958
Jharkhand	669	241	910	431	159	590	71	63	93	1672	1765	403	773	1176
Karnataka	1440	1140	2580	700	459	1159	67	118	684	3151	3835	1360	2006	3366
Kerala	1276	1414	2690	729	685	1414	152	102	1245	2297	3542	714	1133	1847
Madhya Pradesh	2192	2184	4376	1019	954	1973	67	53	432	5923	6355	878	3138	4016
Maharashtra	2561	3017	5578	1238	1563	2801	123	157	1779	6630	8409	3817	5229	9046
Manipur	965	231	1196	487	121	608	173	30	39	32	71	19	14	33
Meghalaya	288	121	409	119	51	170	16	12	138	97	235	73	84	157
Mizoram	249	124	373	358	198	556	19	38	299	263	562	531	588	1119
Nagaland	365	316	681	122	91	213	26	18	326	335	661	269	292	561
Orissa	2087	1270	3357	645	441	1086	37	40	518	4658	5176	727	1606	2333
Punjab	1006	864	1870	537	449	986	30	39	395	2535	2930	569	1619	2188
Rajasthan	2166	2680	4846	800	1005	1805	67	59	819	5442	6261	1052	2201	3253
Sikkim	606	334	940	90	79	169	182	86	566	1050	1616	217	193	410
Tamil Nadu	1717	896	2613	1327	596	1923	90	135	923	2688	3611	1441	2325	3766
Tripura	1021	256	1277	352	67	419	47	28	279	781	1060	135	289	424
Uttarakhand	571	504	1075	225	152	377	39	47	404	1325	1729	576	705	1281
Uttar Pradesh	4957	5381	10338	1809	1779	3588	121	100	858	12623	13481	1416	4455	5871
West Bengal	2106	2251	4357	980	934	1914	75	89	796	6365	7161	1736	3049	4785
A & N Islands	135	106	241	63	41	104	14	13	353	348	701	265	232	497
Chandigarh	6	3	9	82	63	145	1	13	62	57	119	291	289	580
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	15	18	33	22	23	45	13	14	156	176	332	184	184	368
Daman & Diu	39	32	71	46	39	85	2	5	124	148	272	92	126	218
Lakshadweep	30	16	46	108	25	133	9	15	71	53	124	109	68	177
Puducherry	64	26	90	176	72	248	6	17	53	118	171	201	309	510
all -India	37598	32889	70487	16577	13582	30159	2234	2137	16454	83781	100235	25244	43966	69210

Table (3): Class limits of the quintile MPCE quintile classes and average MPCE for each quintile class for each State/ U.T.

state/ u.t.	quintile classes															
	0-20			20-40			40-60			60-80			80-100		all	
	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE	average MPCE
	lower	upper	(Rs.)	lower	upper	(Rs.)	lower	upper	(Rs.)	lower	upper	(Rs.)	lower	upper	(Rs.)	(Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
Andhra Pradesh	89	447	371	447	550	499	550	667	607	667	866	751	866	1 2 2 4 8	1288	703
Arunachal Pradesh	66	433	302	434	585	513	585	745	674	746	1013	869	1013	6074	1393	748
Assam	225	495	413	495	614	553	614	757	683	758	971	861	971	9002	1228	747
Bihar	138	379	318	379	461	422	461	538	498	538	661	592	661	4740	829	532
Chhattisgarh	140	354	289	354	446	398	446	539	490	539	654	595	655	2991	828	519
Delhi	518	924	751	924	1067	1005	1080	1255	1150	1256	1470	1349	1477	3102	1866	1217
Goa	256	625	534	627	694	652	700	829	763	833	1033	927	1047	3950	1829	932
Gujarat	244	499	424	500	621	563	621	781	699	781	1015	883	1016	4974	1340	781
Haryana	205	578	471	580	743	668	745	906	824	907	1189	1037	1191	48957	1699	938
Himachal Pradesh	220	602	486	602	738	674	738	922	817	922	1264	1068	1264	11072	2073	1023
Jammu & Kashmir	300	628	544	628	734	676	734	856	786	856	1109	984	1110	7658	1426	883
Jharkhand	146	388	310	388	489	440	490	579	531	579	684	629	685	2782	865	555
Karnataka	61	420	351	421	522	470	522	608	563	608	774	683	774	5216	1260	665
Kerala	237	577	459	577	776	674	776	1000	886	1000	1382	1172	1383	2 2 8 7 8	2389	1116
Madhya Pradesh	136	377	314	377	464	419	465	551	503	551	692	616	693	3684	934	557
Maharashtra	126	455	375	455	566	514	566	683	623	683	890	774	890	15266	1380	733
Manipur	217	600	508	600	678	636	678	766	718	766	900	831	900	10698	1103	759
Meghalaya	331	620	538	620	723	669	723	839	780	840	988	912	990	8305	1286	837
Mizoram	394	704	579	704	826	766	826	959	897	960	1149	1058	1150	4193	1476	955
Nagaland	451	887	777	887	1051	983	1051	1185	1112	1185	1421	1290	1422	5320	1810	1194
Orissa	179	339	289	339	422	380	422	510	464	510	629	567	630	8200	818	503
Punjab	294	625	507	626	812	720	812	1023	908	1024	1394	1190	1394	14195	2216	1107
Rajasthan	119	481	402	481	597	544	597	716	653	717	902	797	902	10932	1213	722
Sikkim	259	584	511	585	675	635	675	778	722	779	1033	873	1034	7524	1585	865
Tamil Nadu	27	432	360	432	532	482	532	648	589	648	851	733	851	6166	1283	689
Tripura	196	501	428	501	569	530	569	688	624	688	885	783	885	4974	1202	713
Uttarakhand	270	531	445	532	642	589	642	751	697	751	963	844	964	5006	1427	800
Uttar Pradesh	97	414	351	414	502	458	502	589	543	589	726	648	726	5027	973	595
West Bengal	58	394	331	394	490	444	490	586	534	586	736	655	736	21791	1105	614
A & N Islands	369	676	577	676	805	735	810	989	910	990	1341	1139	1347	11537	2572	1180
Chandigarh	457	768	617	806	988	895	989	1174	1036	1184	1536	1335	1552	3430	1969	1165
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	330	483	443	484	542	509	550	720	606	720	967	825	1012	3420	1413	755
Daman & Diu	463	829	654	833	1115	961	1116	1338	1204	1366	1956	1678	1965	7132	3025	1491
Lakshadweep	417	663	547	672	783	721	789	977	897	981	1272	1130	1272	6588	1936	1021
Puducherry	291	518	416	523	610	573	615	777	681	777	1006	885	1009	3339	1382	778

Note: MPCE quintile classes have been formed on the basis of data collected from the work-sheet of Schedule 10.2

Table (3): Class limits of the quintile MPCE quintile classes and average MPCE for each quintile class for each State/ U.T. urban

state/ u.t.	quintile classes															
	0-20			20-40			40-60			60-80			80-100			all
	class limits		average	class limits		average	class limits		average	class limits		average	class limits		average	average
	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	(Rs.)		(Rs.)	(Rs.)
(1)	lower	upper	(4)	lower	upper	(7)	lower	upper	(10)	lower	upper	(13)	lower	upper	(16)	(17)
Andhra Pradesh	246	658	532	659	850	749	850	1179	996	1179	1756	1427	1757	23635	3065	1353
Arunachal Pradesh	276	730	594	739	960	861	962	1146	1043	1147	1479	1307	1480	7963	2103	1180
Assam	311	818	656	818	1017	923	1018	1279	1133	1281	1826	1505	1837	8064	2487	1338
Bihar	204	485	407	486	616	540	616	803	708	803	1154	974	1154	12810	1929	911
Chhattisgarh	182	543	441	545	731	634	733	1054	894	1056	1560	1288	1561	4976	2107	1070
Delhi	281	862	668	863	1112	1000	1113	1473	1283	1474	2224	1764	2226	20011	3314	1603
Goa	298	685	609	687	935	809	936	1172	1046	1178	1990	1541	2004	5513	2947	1388
Gujarat	97	770	639	771	1001	890	1001	1313	1142	1314	1811	1539	1812	12130	2660	1373
Haryana	235	768	600	769	1027	893	1027	1357	1202	1359	1822	1589	1825	13582	2694	1376
Himachal Pradesh	218	793	675	795	1072	940	1074	1489	1306	1495	2288	1930	2311	11947	3845	1728
Jammu & Kashmir	337	834	690	841	1061	952	1064	1264	1165	1268	1578	1418	1581	21873	2379	1319
Jharkhand	215	614	493	615	824	718	824	1191	974	1198	1677	1417	1680	6221	2254	1170
Karnataka	248	670	520	670	952	822	953	1260	1096	1261	1899	1538	1901	59732	3310	1456
Kerala	234	688	511	688	967	827	967	1365	1153	1367	2052	1665	2054	18958	3707	1568
Madhya Pradesh	210	537	436	538	699	613	700	908	794	909	1326	1094	1326	9715	1949	976
Maharashtra	202	728	553	728	1010	866	1010	1391	1184	1392	2005	1659	2006	57824	3312	1514
Manipur	425	733	651	733	833	788	833	916	872	917	1028	973	1029	3872	1372	931
Meghalaya	98	852	700	856	1011	919	1014	1279	1156	1279	1644	1437	1648	5481	2422	1318
Mizoram	312	1044	906	1046	1330	1198	1332	1612	1468	1613	2013	1796	2013	8687	2526	1576
Nagaland	634	1279	1041	1280	1555	1404	1557	1850	1701	1853	2470	2094	2485	7938	2971	1840
Orissa	206	585	477	585	830	699	830	1132	971	1132	1716	1404	1718	23634	3082	1324
Punjab	310	810	607	812	1117	986	1118	1458	1280	1459	2000	1718	2004	21147	2946	1504
Rajasthan	234	633	521	633	878	753	879	1156	1003	1157	1602	1374	1603	11839	2352	1198
Sikkim	373	934	835	943	1190	1085	1197	1400	1343	1401	1653	1539	1663	4882	2198	1387
Tamil Nadu	236	660	532	660	880	764	880	1187	1021	1187	1710	1422	1711	13883	2693	1285
Tripura	296	779	604	779	1021	895	1025	1472	1233	1473	2010	1738	2013	8126	2620	1413
Uttarakhand	306	593	504	593	829	718	838	1102	987	1102	1693	1363	1696	7961	2649	1237
Uttar Pradesh	177	522	437	522	658	593	658	825	738	826	1184	982	1184	9948	1955	941
West Bengal	206	597	471	597	824	704	824	1125	962	1126	1752	1400	1753	82399	3099	1327
A & N Islands	430	990	817	990	1282	1144	1289	1773	1497	1774	2362	2051	2370	10393	3225	1729
Chandigarh	329	652	479	653	1133	852	1136	1953	1553	1980	3994	2977	4005	15960	7303	2605
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	460	1016	769	1030	1342	1196	1362	1602	1463	1606	2050	1750	2064	3399	2370	1496
Daman & Diu	691	1090	921	1094	1387	1198	1394	1852	1601	1870	2614	2255	2703	5724	3248	1837
Lakshadweep	371	915	724	917	1170	1044	1173	1486	1366	1489	1912	1664	1917	4815	2720	1482
Puducherry	288	695	539	697	861	785	862	1181	1015	1183	1697	1407	1706	21354	2854	1307

Note: MPCE quintile classes have been formed on the basis of data collected from the work-sheet of Schedule 10.2

Table (4): Distribution (per 1000 ) of households, migrant households, households reporting out-migrant and households reporting receipt of remittance by MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE (Rs.)	per 1000 distribution of					households		migrant households		households reporting out-migrant		households reporting receipt of remittance	
	lower	upper		households	migrant households	non-migrant households	households reporting out-migrant	households reporting receipt of remittance	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
<b>household social group: ST</b>																
0-10	27	360	296	155	84	156	119	97	27690	1336	290	27	4195	409	870	171
10-20	360	423	391	123	133	123	93	87	22003	1007	461	23	3273	321	777	148
20-30	423	475	448	115	126	115	124	100	20565	1012	439	28	4364	374	900	169
30-40	475	525	499	106	64	107	96	88	19037	1085	222	32	3407	391	791	214
40-50	525	578	551	97	26	98	100	103	17302	1111	90	38	3521	416	922	225
50-60	578	639	608	89	202	87	95	84	16000	1122	703	51	3351	440	751	239
60-70	639	717	675	85	54	86	84	95	15300	1213	189	42	2956	490	855	293
70-80	717	833	767	83	38	84	101	107	14885	1402	132	53	3555	596	957	351
80-90	833	1044	918	80	72	80	89	110	14395	1730	251	78	3143	763	983	457
90-100	1044	48957	1378	67	200	64	100	130	12018	2455	694	162	3547	1118	1166	660
all classes			556	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	179196	13473	3470	534	35312	5318	8972	2927
<b>household social group: SC</b>																
0-10	27	360	306	109	59	109	84	91	37490	1518	215	26	8202	540	2976	236
10-20	360	423	392	107	65	107	80	91	36912	1563	239	18	7737	588	2977	289
20-30	423	475	449	112	49	112	103	102	38575	1590	179	23	9978	655	3331	313
30-40	475	525	500	103	102	103	98	96	35722	1491	374	28	9567	594	3133	284
40-50	525	578	552	106	89	107	105	108	36748	1517	325	31	10247	632	3534	316
50-60	578	639	607	97	179	97	97	97	33673	1403	657	38	9468	632	3178	331
60-70	639	717	675	97	54	97	104	93	33333	1412	199	23	10137	640	3038	342
70-80	717	833	770	99	55	100	117	117	34367	1548	201	29	11413	770	3810	432
80-90	833	1044	923	97	177	96	111	102	33482	1567	649	40	10804	816	3349	481
90-100	1044	48957	1408	73	173	72	100	103	25119	1485	633	76	9687	877	3358	561
all classes			587	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	345420	15094	3672	332	97239	6744	32683	3585

Table (4): Distribution (per 1000 ) of households, migrant households, households reporting out-migrant and households reporting receipt of remittance by MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	rural		average MPCE (Rs.)	per 1000 distribution of						households		migrant households		households reporting out-migrant		households reporting receipt of remittance	
	class limits (Rs.)	lower		upper	households	migrant households	non-migrant households	households reporting out-migrant	households reporting receipt of remittance	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
<b>household social group: OBC</b>																	
0-10	27	360	310	67	57	67	46	50	45643	1876	460	23	9918	697	4273	314	
10-20	360	423	393	79	64	79	67	71	53798	2244	514	27	14514	891	6028	426	
20-30	423	475	449	85	28	86	74	75	58373	2514	224	38	15909	1039	6358	527	
30-40	475	525	501	94	85	94	84	89	64058	2752	681	55	18260	1163	7581	605	
40-50	525	578	551	96	57	97	90	101	65863	2800	461	47	19575	1192	8604	632	
50-60	578	639	608	106	50	107	99	90	72711	3106	402	56	21506	1360	7677	709	
60-70	639	717	676	111	99	111	105	105	75882	3382	799	86	22621	1546	8937	845	
70-80	717	833	769	114	74	115	125	120	78320	3684	598	83	27149	1862	10194	1052	
80-90	833	1044	925	116	138	116	137	122	79444	3938	1114	128	29598	2091	10390	1208	
90-100	1044	48957	1495	133	347	130	172	178	90786	4703	2787	276	37320	2728	15132	1645	
all classes			666	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	684879	30999	8041	819	216369	14569	85174	7963	
<b>household social group: Others</b>																	
0-10	27	360	308	41	29	42	30	29	15860	710	158	15	4066	280	1431	131	
10-20	360	423	393	56	27	56	45	37	21470	900	148	18	6069	396	1852	181	
20-30	423	475	450	61	36	62	52	50	23432	1018	200	15	7055	473	2497	227	
30-40	475	525	500	64	38	65	60	64	24567	1151	213	17	8113	519	3179	271	
40-50	525	578	551	77	29	78	59	63	29436	1334	162	17	7973	598	3142	341	
50-60	578	639	608	88	55	89	81	90	33782	1570	304	31	10967	758	4466	433	
60-70	639	717	676	101	42	102	94	87	38759	1914	231	38	12616	934	4296	528	
70-80	717	833	768	121	69	122	118	107	46380	2366	386	58	15916	1146	5321	658	
80-90	833	1044	925	153	95	154	158	160	58601	3112	530	76	21220	1640	7955	976	
90-100	1044	48957	1680	237	580	232	302	312	90837	5444	3226	263	40733	3286	15479	2014	
all classes			816	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	383123	19519	5559	548	134727	10030	49618	5760	

Table (4): Distribution (per 1000 ) of households, migrant households, households reporting out-migrant and households reporting receipt of remittance by MPCE decile class

all-India MPCE decile class	rural		household social group: all (including n.r.)													
	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE (Rs.)	per 1000 distribution of						households		migrant households		households reporting out- migrant		households reporting receipt of remittance
	lower	upper		households	migrant households	non- migrant households	households reporting out-migrant	households reporting receipt of remittance	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	27	360	306	80	54	80	55	54	126684	5442	1124	91	26383	1928	9551	853
10-20	360	423	393	84	66	84	65	66	134182	5714	1361	86	31592	2196	11634	1044
20-30	423	475	449	89	50	89	77	74	140968	6135	1043	104	37306	2541	13085	1236
30-40	475	525	500	90	72	90	81	83	143415	6480	1490	132	39346	2667	14683	1374
40-50	525	578	551	94	50	94	85	92	149349	6762	1038	133	41316	2838	16201	1514
50-60	578	639	608	98	100	98	94	91	156167	7201	2066	176	45292	3190	16072	1712
60-70	639	717	676	103	68	103	100	97	163277	7922	1418	189	48330	3610	17127	2008
70-80	717	833	769	109	63	110	120	115	173953	9001	1317	224	58033	4375	20282	2494
80-90	833	1044	924	117	123	117	134	129	185923	10347	2544	322	64764	5310	22677	3122
90-100	1044	48957	1559	137	354	134	189	199	218760	14087	7340	777	91287	8009	35134	4880
all classes			674	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1592676	79091	20741	2234	483648	36664	176447	20237



Table (4): Distribution (per 1000 ) of households, migrant households, households reporting out-migrant and households reporting receipt of remittance by MPCE decile class

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>														
MPCE decile class	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE (Rs.)	per 1000 distribution of					households		migrant households		households reporting out-migrant		households reporting receipt of remittance	
	lower	upper		households	migrant households	non-migrant households	households reporting out-migrant	households reporting receipt of remittance	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
<b>household social group: ST</b>																
0-10	97	515	431	123	25	129	69	35	2358	228	29	6	188	59	24	26
10-20	515	632	579	107	57	110	191	96	2053	172	68	7	523	63	65	34
20-30	632	745	692	72	24	76	94	57	1390	201	28	13	258	71	39	44
30-40	745	860	806	77	71	77	94	55	1473	232	84	13	256	89	37	55
40-50	860	1004	921	103	102	104	108	89	1988	380	121	23	295	149	60	87
50-60	1004	1178	1078	86	61	87	53	50	1646	400	72	18	145	134	34	79
60-70	1178	1402	1293	113	41	118	73	90	2173	501	49	29	199	181	61	120
70-80	1402	1728	1558	110	105	110	80	137	2104	579	125	35	220	217	93	116
80-90	1728	2348	2019	113	301	100	176	306	2168	631	356	35	482	301	207	166
90-100	2348	82399	3290	97	213	89	61	85	1860	470	252	44	168	164	58	95
all classes			1115	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	19212	3794	1183	223	2734	1428	678	822
<b>household social group: SC</b>																
0-10	97	515	422	129	77	131	120	119	11895	842	195	15	1889	260	310	108
10-20	515	632	573	118	72	119	121	117	10830	709	183	16	1907	223	304	108
20-30	632	745	686	118	48	120	89	80	10812	634	121	15	1404	178	209	86
30-40	745	860	806	108	69	109	121	97	9930	630	176	21	1908	184	253	93
40-50	860	1004	931	112	67	114	115	135	10330	635	170	18	1808	211	352	114
50-60	1004	1178	1083	119	75	120	115	96	10946	610	190	20	1807	189	249	102
60-70	1178	1402	1276	91	70	92	124	93	8414	518	178	23	1943	191	243	103
70-80	1402	1728	1543	79	142	77	60	75	7292	471	361	33	944	151	194	89
80-90	1728	2348	1985	77	255	72	80	133	7125	473	649	38	1259	179	346	116
90-100	2348	82399	3272	48	125	46	54	56	4396	301	318	28	843	103	145	68
all classes			946	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	91971	5823	2541	227	15712	1869	2604	987

Table (4): Distribution (per 1000 ) of households, migrant households, households reporting out-migrant and households reporting receipt of remittance by MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE (Rs.)	per 1000 distribution of						households		migrant households		households reporting out-migrant		households reporting receipt of remittance	
	lower	upper		households	migrant households	non-migrant households	households reporting out-migrant	households reporting receipt of migrant remittance	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	
																	(1)
<b>household social group: OBC</b>																	
0-10	97	515	428	81	15	83	92	66	18920	1403	119	29	4157	515	827	247	
10-20	515	632	574	102	109	102	97	75	23879	1489	860	40	4385	526	937	251	
20-30	632	745	685	105	36	107	96	88	24552	1634	282	45	4328	592	1101	316	
30-40	745	860	802	108	53	110	106	80	25337	1686	419	53	4781	624	1002	330	
40-50	860	1004	931	106	63	108	110	93	24832	1816	499	54	4977	663	1160	394	
50-60	1004	1178	1083	101	59	103	97	86	23706	1609	469	68	4350	597	1071	335	
60-70	1178	1402	1279	100	85	101	95	116	23490	1609	673	84	4302	575	1449	337	
70-80	1402	1728	1549	104	147	102	106	108	24323	1611	1162	110	4794	573	1347	340	
80-90	1728	2348	1977	104	212	101	98	147	24445	1520	1673	124	4427	595	1840	381	
90-100	2348	82399	3422	88	222	84	101	142	20696	1392	1755	132	4561	623	1782	409	
all classes			1094	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	234179	15769	7911	739	45062	5883	12516	3340	
<b>household social group: Others</b>																	
0-10	97	515	435	37	3	38	35	31	10685	755	31	19	2049	250	418	122	
10-20	515	632	579	43	9	44	44	34	12401	870	83	17	2600	295	455	127	
20-30	632	745	687	50	20	51	58	45	14357	1034	194	25	3397	364	610	171	
30-40	745	860	803	62	20	64	58	46	17912	1295	187	33	3370	431	615	209	
40-50	860	1004	933	77	85	77	70	69	22221	1743	810	72	4081	613	925	339	
50-60	1004	1178	1086	93	76	94	84	73	26710	2081	728	83	4922	706	979	373	
60-70	1178	1402	1286	112	99	113	94	98	32302	2434	944	126	5524	857	1320	490	
70-80	1402	1728	1560	132	168	131	133	103	38005	2793	1603	158	7792	1056	1384	589	
80-90	1728	2348	1999	161	151	162	170	173	46363	3429	1441	161	9960	1418	2334	828	
90-100	2348	82399	3740	231	368	226	254	329	66392	4662	3501	253	14880	2125	4435	1327	
all classes			1602	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	287347	21096	9524	947	58576	8115	13476	4575	

Table (4): Distribution (per 1000 ) of households, migrant households, households reporting out-migrant and households reporting receipt of remittance by MPCE decile class

all-India MPCE decile class	urban		household social group: all (including n.r.)														
	class limits (Rs.)		average MPCE (Rs.)	per 1000 distribution of						households		migrant households		households reporting out- migrant		households reporting receipt of remittance	
	lower	upper		households	migrant households	non-migrant households	households reporting out-migrant	households reporting receipt of remittance	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	
0-10	97	515	428	69	18	71	68	54	43859	3229	373	69	8283	1085	1579	504	
10-20	515	632	575	78	56	78	77	60	49162	3240	1195	80	9415	1107	1760	520	
20-30	632	745	686	81	30	83	77	67	51111	3503	626	98	9387	1205	1959	617	
30-40	745	860	803	86	41	88	84	65	54654	3844	866	120	10315	1328	1908	687	
40-50	860	1004	931	94	76	94	91	85	59375	4576	1600	168	11162	1637	2498	935	
50-60	1004	1178	1084	100	69	101	92	80	63008	4700	1459	189	11223	1626	2333	889	
60-70	1178	1402	1283	105	87	106	98	105	66403	5063	1844	262	11968	1804	3073	1050	
70-80	1402	1728	1555	113	154	112	113	103	71724	5454	3251	336	13751	1997	3018	1134	
80-90	1728	2348	1992	127	195	124	132	161	80101	6053	4120	358	16129	2493	4727	1491	
90-100	2348	82399	3645	148	275	143	168	219	93344	6825	5825	457	20452	3015	6420	1899	
all classes			1298	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	632740	46487	21160	2137	122084	17297	29276	9726	

Table (5): Distribution (per 1000) of migrant households by reason for migration

<b>all-India</b>						
reason for migration (code *)	rural			urban		
	per 1000 distribution of migrant households	no. of migrant households		per 1000 distribution of migrant households	no. of migrant households	
(1)	(2)	estimated (00)	sample	(5)	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
01	168	3482	434	202	4271	387
02	175	3621	493	169	3575	391
03	43	887	107	48	1006	131
04	106	2198	463	128	2708	427
05	48	1006	265	105	2224	349
06	12	243	40	13	266	44
07	267	5539	164	210	4441	210
08	13	260	19	2	42	4
10	7	148	10	2	43	14
11	4	86	6	15	321	8
12	24	500	37	30	636	41
13	30	625	38	16	334	37
14	4	83	5	9	190	15
15	5	108	12	4	85	7
16	29	595	52	13	278	17
19	53	1109	71	34	728	47
n.r.	12	251	18	1	12	8
all	1000	20741	2234	1000	21160	2137
no. of migrant hhd. per 1000 hhd.	13	x	x	33	x	x
estd. no. of migrant hhs (00)	20741	x	x	21160	x	x
sample no. of migrant hhs.	2234	x	x	2137	x	x

\*: reason for migration (code):

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage – 16, others –19

Table (6): Distribution (per 1000) of migrant households by pattern of migration for each location of last usual place of residence

location of last usual place of residence*		pattern of migration				no. of migrant households	
		temporary	permanent	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
all-India		sector: rural					
same district:							
	rural	631	324	45	1000	10449	950
	urban	457	427	116	1000	1757	266
	all	606	339	55	1000	12206	1216
same state but another district:							
	rural	647	352	1	1000	2194	273
	urban	720	280	0	1000	1784	255
	all	680	320	0	1000	3978	528
same state:							
	rural	634	329	37	1000	12643	1223
	urban	589	353	58	1000	3540	521
	all	624	334	42	1000	16183	1744
another state:							
	rural	602	398	0	1000	1887	214
	urban	788	206	5	1000	2387	253
	all	706	291	3	1000	4274	467
another country		84	916	0	1000	69	10
n.r.		33	0	967	1000	215	13
all (incl. n.r.)		633	324	43	1000	20741	2234
estd. no. of migrant hhs (00)		13128	6717	896	20741	x	x
sample no. of migrant hhs.		1403	779	52	2234	x	x

Table (6): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrant households by pattern of migration for each location of last usual place of residence

location of last usual place of residence*		pattern of migration				no. of migrant households	
		temporary	permanent	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
all-India		sector: urban					
same district:							
	rural	634	366	0	1000	5502	543
	urban	500	495	5	1000	1956	231
	all	599	399	1	1000	7458	774
same state but another district:							
	rural	686	311	2	1000	3662	337
	urban	582	418	0	1000	4164	420
	all	631	368	1	1000	7826	757
same state:							
	rural	655	344	1	1000	9164	880
	urban	556	443	2	1000	6120	651
	all	615	383	1	1000	15284	1531
another state:							
	rural	562	437	1	1000	2867	300
	urban	641	359	0	1000	2939	290
	all	602	397	1	1000	5806	590
another country		310	690	0	1000	65	11
n.r.		0	46	954	1000	4	5
all (incl. n.r.)		611	388	1	1000	21160	2137
estd. no. of migrant hhs (00)		12922	8211	27	21160	x	x
sample no. of migrant hhs.		1269	855	13	2137	x	x

Table (6): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrant households by pattern of migration for each location of last usual place of residence

location of last usual place of residence*		pattern of migration*				no. of migrant households	
		temporary	permanent	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
all-India		sector: rural + urban					
same district:							
	rural	632	338	30	1000	15951	1493
	urban	480	463	58	1000	3712	497
	all	603	362	35	1000	19663	1990
same state but another district:							
	rural	672	327	2	1000	5856	610
	urban	623	377	0	1000	5948	675
	all	647	352	1	1000	11804	1285
same state:							
	rural	643	335	22	1000	21807	2103
	urban	568	410	22	1000	9660	1172
	all	620	358	22	1000	31467	3275
another state:							
	rural	578	421	1	1000	4754	514
	urban	707	290	2	1000	5326	543
	all	646	352	2	1000	10080	1057
another country		194	806	0	1000	134	21
n.r.		32	1	967	1000	220	18
all (incl. n.r.)		622	356	22	1000	41901	4371
estd. no. of migrant hhs (00)		26050	14927	923	41901	x	x
sample no. of migrant hhs.		2672	1634	65	4371	x	x

Table (7): Number of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 households, number of households receiving remittance per 1000 households reporting out-migration, average amount of remittance received (Rs.) per reporting household for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	<b>all-India</b>				<b>rural</b>					
	no. of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 household	no. of households reporting out-migrant to another country per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	no. of households received remittance per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	average amount of remittance received (Rs.) per reporting household	number of households reporting out-migrant		number of households reporting out-migrant to another country		number of households reporting receipt of remittance	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample
0-10	208	10	362	9344	26383	1928	252	30	9551	853
10-20	235	22	368	11279	31592	2196	687	48	11634	1044
20-30	265	13	351	12227	37306	2541	476	50	13085	1236
30-40	274	31	373	12610	39346	2667	1233	77	14683	1374
40-50	277	27	392	14814	41316	2838	1130	90	16201	1514
50-60	290	29	355	16511	45292	3190	1317	110	16072	1712
60-70	296	33	354	17014	48330	3610	1598	135	17127	2008
70-80	334	44	349	17897	58033	4375	2576	205	20282	2494
80-90	348	55	350	22797	64764	5310	3590	280	22677	3122
90-100	417	117	385	40321	91287	8009	10711	895	35134	4880
<b>all classes</b>	<b>304</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>365</b>	<b>20737</b>	<b>483648</b>	<b>36664</b>	<b>23569</b>	<b>1920</b>	<b>176447</b>	<b>20237</b>



Table (7): Number of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 households, number of households receiving remittance per 1000 households reporting out-migration, average amount of remittance received (Rs.) per reporting household for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	no. of households reporting out-migrant per 1000 household	no. of households reporting out-migrant to another country per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	no. of households received remittance per 1000 household reporting out-migrant	average amount of remittance received (Rs.) per reporting household	urban		number of households reporting out-migrant to another country		number of households reporting receipt of remittance	
					estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
0-10	189	29	191	14586	8283	1085	241	42	1579	504
10-20	192	14	187	13169	9415	1107	135	48	1760	520
20-30	184	41	209	22457	9387	1205	389	77	1959	617
30-40	189	38	185	21350	10315	1328	390	88	1908	687
40-50	188	60	224	26943	11162	1637	665	128	2498	935
50-60	178	69	208	26995	11223	1626	774	140	2333	889
60-70	180	62	257	35850	11968	1804	738	157	3073	1050
70-80	192	77	219	41062	13751	1997	1062	223	3018	1134
80-90	201	107	293	49762	16129	2493	1719	321	4727	1491
90-100	219	259	314	84974	20452	3015	5292	817	6420	1899
<b>all classes</b>	<b>193</b>	<b>93</b>	<b>240</b>	<b>43589</b>	<b>122084</b>	<b>17297</b>	<b>11406</b>	<b>2041</b>	<b>29276</b>	<b>9726</b>

Table (8): Number of households reporting use of remittance per 1000 household receiving remittance for each MPCE decile class

all-India MPCE decile class	no. of hhd. reporting receipt of remittance per 1000 households	rural														number of households reporting receipt of remittance	
		number of households reporting use of remittance per 1000 households reporting receipt of remittance use of remittance (code *)														estd. (00)	sample
		01	02	03	04	05	06	any of 01 to 06	07	08	10	11	12	19	any (incl. n.r.)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
0-10	75	782	318	180	37	354	465	941	63	88	7	0	18	71	1000	9551	853
10-20	87	799	351	202	25	382	424	944	58	99	9	4	44	48	1000	11634	1044
20-30	93	800	324	247	43	372	450	968	60	68	5	0	34	59	1000	13085	1236
30-40	102	788	341	217	50	351	481	965	89	94	3	1	26	42	1000	14683	1374
40-50	108	772	315	192	44	391	498	952	91	97	6	2	23	53	1000	16201	1514
50-60	103	768	317	212	45	377	454	940	86	80	11	1	38	73	1000	16072	1712
60-70	105	765	302	209	50	390	497	960	100	100	7	2	48	51	1000	17127	2008
70-80	117	750	297	208	48	374	467	947	104	122	17	4	61	46	1000	20282	2494
80-90	122	737	279	192	59	353	451	946	99	107	15	4	69	57	1000	22677	3122
90-100	161	706	279	191	53	399	409	937	108	129	16	4	97	60	1000	35134	4880
all groups	111	756	305	203	48	377	455	948	91	103	11	3	54	56	1000	176447	20237
estd. (00) no. of hhs	176447	133470	53894	35891	8411	66553	80267	167347	16075	18255	1925	472	9533	9878	176447	x	x
sample no. of hhs.	20237	15274	5853	4337	888	7276	9335	19110	1739	1616	251	47	1293	1187	20237	x	x

\* use of remittances (code\*):

for household consumer expenditure: on food items – 01, education of household members- 02, , household durable –03, marriage and other ceremonies – 04, health care- 05, others items on household consumer expenditure- 06;  
for improving housing condition (major repairs, purchase of land and buildings, etc.)- 07, debt repayment- 08, financing working capital – 10, initiating new entrepreneurial activity – 11, saving/investment – 12, others – 19.

Table (8): Number of households reporting use of remittance per 1000 household receiving remittance for each MPCE decile class

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>																
MPCE decile class	no. of hhd. reporting receipt of remittance per 1000 households	number of households reporting use of remittance per 1000 households reporting receipt of remittance use of remittance (code *)															number of households reporting receipt of remittance	
		01	02	03	04	05	06	any of 01 to 06	07	08	10	11	12	19	any (incl. n.r.)	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
0-10	36	866	324	107	18	269	495	960	54	144	2	4	18	40	1000	1579	504	
10-20	36	825	326	137	19	347	426	962	56	98	1	2	38	28	1000	1760	520	
20-30	38	844	267	188	40	317	353	949	81	125	3	2	80	10	1000	1959	617	
30-40	35	806	276	158	29	458	499	967	30	68	4	1	49	43	1000	1908	687	
40-50	42	809	319	130	27	461	424	973	47	154	6	0	50	42	1000	2498	935	
50-60	37	736	333	153	37	325	390	929	52	112	23	3	76	41	1000	2333	889	
60-70	46	734	373	226	33	348	495	935	44	77	9	4	93	76	1000	3073	1050	
70-80	42	730	450	179	26	328	426	929	82	86	4	3	152	67	1000	3018	1134	
80-90	59	655	344	213	49	337	428	912	83	86	11	4	169	62	1000	4727	1491	
90-100	69	554	305	240	47	360	391	891	72	49	16	1	235	69	1000	6420	1899	
all groups	46	713	335	189	36	355	427	930	64	90	10	2	126	54	1000	29276	9726	
estd. (00) no. of hhs	29276	20865	9799	5546	1067	10402	12488	27216	1876	2637	283	66	3702	1582	29276	x	x	
sample no. of hhs.	9726	6952	3448	2046	352	3408	4490	9072	608	547	73	28	1116	569	9726	x	x	

**\* use of remittances (code\*):**

for household consumer expenditure: *on food items – 01, education of household members- 02, household durable –03, marriage and other ceremonies – 04, health care- 05, others items on household consumer expenditure- 06;*

for improving housing condition (major repairs, purchase of land and buildings, etc.)- 07, debt repayment- 08, financing working capital – 10, initiating new entrepreneurial activity – 11, saving/investment – 12, others – 19.

Table (9): Average consumer expenditure (E & E<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households receiving remittance during the last 365 days (P) and average amount of remittance received per households receiving remittance (A & A<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) for each decile group on MPCE and household social group

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>						
decile groups on MPCE	type of estimate*	household social group				all	number households reporting receipt of remittance	
		ST	SC	OBC	Others		estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
0-10	E	19805	20724	22698	23231	21548	9551	853
	E <sup>1</sup>	20862	20883	24165	24373	22873		
	P	31	79	94	90	75		
	A	225	597	1005	933	704		
	A <sup>1</sup>	7163	7515	10730	10335	9344		
10-20	E	23695	25320	27469	26492	26103	11634	1044
	E <sup>1</sup>	24020	26576	30883	27119	28724		
	P	35	81	112	86	87		
	A	291	809	1424	856	978		
	A <sup>1</sup>	8226	10029	12707	9920	11279		
20-30	E	25056	27144	29763	30330	28452	13085	1236
	E <sup>1</sup>	25957	29579	32626	32601	31387		
	P	44	86	109	107	93		
	A	382	938	1468	1292	1135		
	A <sup>1</sup>	8740	10859	13480	12120	12227		
30-40	E	28488	28933	32386	32987	31111	14683	1374
	E <sup>1</sup>	30741	31004	34598	32106	33084		
	P	42	88	118	129	102		
	A	459	1043	1630	1413	1291		
	A <sup>1</sup>	11054	11897	13774	10923	12610		
40-50	E	31470	30361	34142	34268	32927	16201	1514
	E <sup>1</sup>	30135	29726	36854	33640	34293		
	P	53	96	131	107	108		
	A	537	1373	2044	1550	1607		
	A <sup>1</sup>	10089	14277	15647	14526	14814		
50-60	E	32219	32139	35384	37107	34733	16072	1712
	E <sup>1</sup>	37263	28761	37291	40920	36611		
	P	47	94	106	132	103		
	A	637	1313	1864	2232	1699		
	A <sup>1</sup>	13576	13908	17657	16886	16511		

- Note:\*** 1. E:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
2. E<sup>1</sup>:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household receiving remittance for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
3. P= Proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households  
4. A= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household  
5. A<sup>1</sup>= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household reporting receipt of remittance

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Table (9): Average consumer expenditure (E & E<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households receiving remittance during the last 365 days (P) and average amount of remittance received per households receiving remittance (A & A<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) for each decile group on MPCE and household social group

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>					<b>(continued from previous page)</b>		
decile groups on MPCE	type of estimate*	household social group					number households reporting receipt of remittance		
		ST	SC	OBC	Others	all	estimated. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
60-70	E	33727	34513	37387	39373	36930	17127	2008	
	E <sup>1</sup>	33525	35699	38447	43375	38950			
	P	56	91	118	111	105			
	A	878	1287	1940	2267	1785			
	A <sup>1</sup>	15698	14118	16471	20455	17014			
70-80	E	35827	35802	39744	42835	39454	20282	2494	
	E <sup>1</sup>	38835	36214	41386	42551	40600			
	P	64	111	130	115	117			
	A	910	1773	2599	1831	2087			
	A <sup>1</sup>	14154	15998	19968	15960	17897			
80-90	E	39843	39235	44075	48791	44362	22677	3122	
	E <sup>1</sup>	39925	38285	45694	47815	45094			
	P	68	100	131	136	122			
	A	1187	1642	3412	2967	2781			
	A <sup>1</sup>	17376	16411	26086	21860	22797			
90-100	E	53718	54363	60120	70927	63595	35134	4880	
	E <sup>1</sup>	58524	56237	61423	66137	62908			
	P	97	134	167	170	161			
	A	2934	4492	6756	7213	6476			
	A <sup>1</sup>	30247	33603	40533	42330	40321			
all classes	E	30446	31990	38045	45770	37735	176447	20237	
	E <sup>1</sup>	34949	33560	41471	47843	41466			
	P	50	95	124	130	111			
	A	714	1424	2654	3187	2297			
	A <sup>1</sup>	14271	15052	21343	24611	20737			
estd.number of households (00) reporting receipt of remittance	x	8972	32683	85174	49618	176447	x	x	
sample number of households reporting receipt of remittance	x	2927	3585	7963	5760	20237	x	x	

- Note:**\*. 1 E:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
2. E<sup>1</sup>:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household receiving remittance for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
3. P= Proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households  
4. A= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household  
5. A<sup>1</sup>= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household reporting receipt of remittance

Table (9): Average consumer expenditure (E & E<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households receiving remittance during the last 365 days (P) and average amount of remittance received per households receiving remittance (A & A<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) for each decile group on MPCE and household social group

all-India		urban					number households reporting receipt of remittance		
decile groups on MPCE	type of estimate*	household social group					all	estimated. (00)	sample
		ST	SC	OBC	Others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
0-10	E	26405	28750	31829	33627	31141	1579	504	
	E <sup>1</sup>	33019	29761	38715	36147	36196			
	P	10	26	44	39	36			
	A	88	258	678	649	525			
	A <sup>1</sup>	8685	9897	15501	16593	14586			
10-20	E	37493	35357	37416	38705	37291	1760	520	
	E <sup>1</sup>	31643	31484	43978	36332	39391			
	P	32	28	39	37	36			
	A	246	343	546	478	472			
	A <sup>1</sup>	7796	12226	13915	13026	13169			
20-30	E	38249	40229	42798	45060	42766	1959	617	
	E <sup>1</sup>	39985	49111	48568	44714	47256			
	P	28	19	45	43	38			
	A	598	284	1095	920	861			
	A <sup>1</sup>	21447	14691	24419	21644	22457			
30-40	E	41103	44729	45176	50904	46862	1908	687	
	E <sup>1</sup>	42812	40197	45274	48566	45613			
	P	25	25	40	34	35			
	A	476	503	830	782	745			
	A <sup>1</sup>	18747	19726	20982	22776	21350			
40-50	E	45066	46489	48725	53437	49977	2498	935	
	E <sup>1</sup>	57006	45227	47250	62502	52845			
	P	30	34	47	42	42			
	A	1085	719	1282	1163	1134			
	A <sup>1</sup>	35784	21109	27455	27936	26943			
50-60	E	53991	52670	53489	57120	54899	2333	889	
	E <sup>1</sup>	63983	55371	56345	61584	58550			
	P	21	23	45	37	37			
	A	491	556	1202	1033	1000			
	A <sup>1</sup>	23827	24454	26591	28194	26995			

- Note:\*** 1 E:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
2 E<sup>1</sup>:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household receiving remittance for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
3 P= Proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households  
4 A= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household  
5 A<sup>1</sup>= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household reporting receipt of remittance

continued to next page

Table (9): Average consumer expenditure (E & E<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) during the last 365 days, proportion of households receiving remittance during the last 365 days (P) and average amount of remittance received per households receiving remittance (A & A<sup>1</sup>) (Rs.) for each decile group on MPCE and household social group

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>					<b>(continued from previous page)</b>		
decile groups on MPCE	type of estimate*	household social group					number households reporting receipt of remittance		
		ST	SC	OBC	Others	all	estimated. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	
60-70	E	54901	59791	57549	65401	61576	3073	1050	
	E <sup>1</sup>	71428	59398	55688	60885	58525			
	P	28	29	62	41	46			
	A	726	1033	2444	1315	1659			
	A <sup>1</sup>	25981	35714	39622	32187	35850			
70-80	E	62075	58489	65455	73848	69095	3018	1134	
	E <sup>1</sup>	87477	60925	66924	74896	70827			
	P	44	27	55	36	42			
	A	1743	760	2339	1522	1728			
	A <sup>1</sup>	39458	28547	42241	41779	41062			
80-90	E	72218	68961	72256	84926	79295	4727	1491	
	E <sup>1</sup>	91167	74303	79063	77804	78624			
	P	96	49	75	50	59			
	A	4230	1800	4025	2477	2937			
	A <sup>1</sup>	44229	37108	53471	49203	49762			
90-100	E	100971	96010	111398	131044	124439	6420	1899	
	E <sup>1</sup>	129946	101978	125705	167460	154054			
	P	31	33	86	67	69			
	A	1397	1940	5924	6203	5845			
	A <sup>1</sup>	45048	58857	68787	92851	84974			
all classes	E	53386	48970	56302	78887	65405	29276	9726	
	E <sup>1</sup>	74459	52090	66120	97603	79556			
	P	35	28	53	47	46			
	A	1157	695	2004	2508	2017			
	A <sup>1</sup>	32792	24554	37502	53466	43589			
estd.number of households (00) reporting receipt of remittance	x	678	2604	12516	13476	29276	x	x	
sample number of households reporting receipt of remittance	x	822	987	3340	4575	9726	x	x	

- Note:** \*. 1 E:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
 2. E<sup>1</sup>:=(monthly consumer expenditure per household receiving remittance for the households belonging to a particular decile class)\*12  
 3. P= Proportion of household receiving remittance per 1000 households  
 4. A= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household  
 5. A<sup>1</sup>= Average amount (Rs.) of remittance received per household reporting receipt of remittance

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	rural no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	male per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	14	249	280	529	453	982	17	0	1000	5536	589
5-9	21	320	327	647	343	990	10	0	1000	9795	960
10-14	28	427	337	764	230	995	5	0	1000	13239	1142
15-19	103	224	295	519	469	988	8	4	1000	40347	3674
20-24	223	124	280	404	544	948	49	3	1000	67126	7907
25-29	225	119	290	409	506	916	83	1	1000	61953	7501
30-34	179	149	303	452	448	900	97	3	1000	46800	5121
35-39	152	153	293	445	446	891	106	3	1000	39016	4171
40-44	130	205	273	478	400	878	116	6	1000	27718	2737
45-49	96	179	278	457	408	865	127	8	1000	19680	1909
50-54	69	154	338	492	399	891	105	4	1000	10333	1038
55-59	47	244	266	510	389	899	78	23	1000	5983	542
60 & above	13	234	302	536	369	904	81	15	1000	3642	307
all ages (incl. n.r.)	92	173	293	466	458	924	72	4	1000	351168	37598
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	60915	102725	163640	160993	324633	25210	1241	351168	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	7679	12635	20314	15140	35454	2053	82	37598	x	x



Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

age (present age) group of the out-migrants	no. of out-migrants per 1000 persons	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	15	227	310	537	443	980	20	0	1000	5304	569
5-9	19	400	297	697	293	991	9	0	1000	7905	825
10-14	29	465	336	801	192	993	6	1	1000	11721	913
15-19	122	615	277	892	102	994	3	3	1000	40205	2236
20-24	404	633	267	900	94	993	6	1	1000	126971	6726
25-29	441	627	276	903	89	992	8	0	1000	133813	7176
30-34	378	613	281	894	96	990	10	0	1000	107316	5717
35-39	293	630	278	907	85	992	5	3	1000	76085	3931
40-44	213	634	258	892	98	990	10	0	1000	46316	2341
45-49	126	600	299	899	94	992	8	0	1000	23715	1251
50-54	90	569	275	844	144	988	5	6	1000	13244	657
55-59	40	595	290	885	110	995	5	0	1000	5068	263
60 & above	19	670	252	922	70	992	8	0	1000	5200	284
all ages (incl. n.r.)	166	614	276	890	102	992	7	1	1000	602863	32889
estd.out-migrants (00)	x	370151	166531	536683	61226	597909	4327	596	602863	x	x
sample out-migrants	x	18235	9969	28204	4312	32516	351	19	32889	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	rural no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	male+female per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	14	238	295	533	448	981	18	0	1000	10840	1158
5-9	20	356	314	670	321	990	10	0	1000	17700	1785
10-14	28	445	337	781	212	994	5	1	1000	24960	2055
15-19	112	419	286	705	286	991	6	3	1000	80552	5910
20-24	315	457	271	728	249	978	21	2	1000	194098	14633
25-29	338	466	281	747	221	968	32	0	1000	195766	14677
30-34	283	472	287	759	203	962	37	1	1000	154116	10838
35-39	223	468	283	751	207	958	39	3	1000	115102	8102
40-44	172	474	264	737	211	948	49	2	1000	74034	5078
45-49	110	409	289	699	236	935	62	4	1000	43395	3160
50-54	80	387	302	690	256	946	49	5	1000	23576	1695
55-59	43	405	277	682	261	943	45	12	1000	11051	805
60 & above	16	490	272	763	193	956	38	6	1000	8842	591
all ages (incl. n.r.)	128	452	282	734	233	967	31	2	1000	954031	70487
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	431066	269256	700322	222219	922542	29537	1837	954031	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	25914	22604	48518	19452	67970	2404	101	70487	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	urban no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	male per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	9	282	417	699	213	912	80	0	1000	1013	209
5-9	12	323	338	661	293	954	46	0	1000	1489	304
10-14	14	340	422	763	217	980	20	0	1000	1972	331
15-19	33	167	479	645	332	977	18	5	1000	4795	899
20-24	93	81	408	489	416	905	90	6	1000	13111	2995
25-29	105	113	347	460	362	822	178	0	1000	13228	3521
30-34	90	115	307	422	356	778	215	7	1000	9821	2481
35-39	77	164	295	459	297	755	211	34	1000	7989	1909
40-44	73	178	294	472	315	787	207	6	1000	6438	1557
45-49	60	120	360	480	264	744	255	1	1000	4833	1084
50-54	41	208	342	550	239	789	185	26	1000	2566	711
55-59	31	113	365	478	205	683	284	33	1000	1485	396
60 & above	10	315	420	735	222	957	40	4	1000	943	180
all ages (incl. n.r.)	51	143	356	499	333	832	159	9	1000	69684	16577
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	9961	24812	34773	23198	57971	11100	601	69684	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	1938	6043	7981	6381	14362	2174	37	16577	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	urban no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	female per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	6	358	230	588	337	925	75	0	1000	590	194
5-9	11	248	388	636	327	963	37	0	1000	1276	253
10-14	14	429	357	787	167	954	46	0	1000	1778	263
15-19	62	565	305	870	126	995	5	0	1000	7933	639
20-24	219	441	376	817	172	989	11	0	1000	28413	2558
25-29	287	414	375	789	175	965	35	1	1000	33475	3192
30-34	251	416	373	789	177	966	34	0	1000	26327	2499
35-39	197	426	370	796	169	965	35	0	1000	19389	1767
40-44	128	396	403	799	173	972	28	0	1000	10929	1070
45-49	84	349	412	761	216	977	18	5	1000	6450	638
50-54	46	495	322	817	158	975	25	0	1000	2544	279
55-59	27	386	295	681	302	984	16	0	1000	1189	126
60 & above	9	451	391	842	145	987	13	0	1000	835	104
all ages (incl. n.r.)	110	425	372	797	176	973	27	0	1000	141129	13582
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	60023	52490	112513	24776	137290	3784	56	141129	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	4758	5290	10048	2939	12987	589	6	13582	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	urban no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	male + female per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	7	310	348	658	259	916	78	0	1000	1603	404
5-9	12	289	361	649	309	958	42	0	1000	2765	557
10-14	14	382	392	774	193	967	33	0	1000	3750	594
15-19	47	415	371	785	203	988	10	2	1000	12729	1538
20-24	153	327	386	713	249	962	36	2	1000	41523	5553
25-29	193	329	367	696	228	924	75	0	1000	46703	6713
30-34	169	334	355	689	225	915	83	2	1000	36148	4980
35-39	135	350	348	698	206	904	86	10	1000	27378	3676
40-44	100	315	363	678	225	903	95	2	1000	17367	2627
45-49	72	251	390	640	237	877	119	3	1000	11284	1722
50-54	43	351	332	683	198	881	106	13	1000	5110	990
55-59	29	234	334	568	248	817	165	18	1000	2675	522
60 & above	9	379	407	785	186	971	27	2	1000	1779	284
all ages (incl. n.r.)	79	332	367	699	228	926	71	3	1000	210814	30160
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	69984	77302	147286	47975	195260	14883	657	210814	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	6696	11333	18029	9320	27349	2763	43	30160	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	rural+urban no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	male per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	13	254	301	555	416	971	27	0	1000	6549	798
5-9	19	321	328	649	336	985	15	0	1000	11284	1264
10-14	25	416	348	764	229	993	7	0	1000	15211	1473
15-19	84	218	314	532	455	987	9	4	1000	45143	4573
20-24	181	117	301	418	523	941	55	3	1000	80237	10902
25-29	187	118	300	418	481	899	100	1	1000	75181	11022
30-34	153	143	303	447	432	879	117	4	1000	56621	7602
35-39	131	154	293	447	421	868	123	8	1000	47006	6080
40-44	113	200	277	477	384	861	133	6	1000	34156	4294
45-49	86	167	295	462	380	841	152	7	1000	24513	2993
50-54	61	164	339	503	367	871	121	8	1000	12899	1749
55-59	42	218	285	503	353	856	119	25	1000	7468	938
60 & above	12	251	326	577	338	915	72	13	1000	4585	487
all ages (incl. n.r.)	81	168	303	471	438	909	86	4	1000	420853	54175
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	70875	127537	198412	184191	382603	36310	1842	420853	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	9617	18678	28295	21521	49816	4227	119	54175	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	rural+urban no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	female per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								number of out-migrant	
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	13	240	302	542	433	974	25	0	1000	5894	763
5-9	18	379	310	689	298	987	13	0	1000	9181	1078
10-14	25	460	339	799	189	988	11	1	1000	13499	1176
15-19	105	607	282	888	106	995	3	2	1000	48138	2875
20-24	350	598	287	884	108	992	7	1	1000	155384	9284
25-29	399	584	296	880	106	987	13	0	1000	167288	10368
30-34	344	574	299	873	112	985	15	0	1000	133643	8216
35-39	266	588	297	885	102	987	11	3	1000	95474	5698
40-44	189	589	286	874	112	987	13	0	1000	57245	3411
45-49	113	546	323	869	120	989	10	1	1000	30165	1889
50-54	78	557	282	840	147	986	8	5	1000	15787	936
55-59	37	556	291	846	146	993	7	0	1000	6257	389
60 & above	16	640	271	911	81	992	8	0	1000	6036	388
all ages (incl. n.r.)	152	578	294	873	116	988	11	1	1000	743992	46471
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	430175	219022	649196	86002	735199	8111	652	743992	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	22993	15259	38252	7251	45503	940	25	46471	x	x

Table (10): Distribution (per 1000 ) of out-migrants by present place of residence for each age (present age ) group of the out-migrants

all-India age (present age) group of the out-migrants	rural+urban	male+female								number of out-migrant	
	no. of out- migrants per 1000 persons	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants by present place of residence								estimated. (00)	sample
		same state and within the same district	same state but another district	within the state (col. 3 + col. 4)	out-side the state	within the country (col. 5 + col. 6)	another country	not known	all (incl. n.r.)		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
0-4	13	247	302	549	424	973	26	0	1000	12443	1562
5-9	18	347	320	667	319	986	14	0	1000	20465	2342
10-14	25	437	344	780	210	990	9	1	1000	28710	2649
15-19	94	418	297	716	275	991	6	3	1000	93281	7448
20-24	266	434	292	726	249	975	23	2	1000	235621	20186
25-29	295	440	297	737	223	959	40	0	1000	242469	21390
30-34	251	446	300	746	207	953	45	1	1000	190264	15818
35-39	198	445	295	740	207	948	48	4	1000	142480	11778
40-44	151	443	282	726	214	940	58	2	1000	91401	7705
45-49	99	376	310	687	236	923	74	4	1000	54678	4882
50-54	69	381	308	688	246	934	59	7	1000	28686	2685
55-59	40	372	288	660	259	918	68	14	1000	13725	1327
60 & above	14	472	295	767	192	959	36	5	1000	10621	875
all ages (incl. n.r.)	115	430	298	728	232	960	38	2	1000	1164844	100647
estd.out- migrants (00)	x	501050	346558	847608	270194	1117802	44421	2494	1164844	x	x
sample out- migrants	x	32610	33937	66547	28772	95319	5167	144	100647	x	x



Table (11): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for migration

**all-India**

reason for migration (code *)	rural male			rural female			rural male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01	198	69463	7683	7	3965	491	77	73428	8174
02	210	73838	7358	5	3231	451	81	77070	7809
03	22	7631	912	1	393	44	8	8024	956
04	336	117968	13098	9	5535	826	129	123503	13924
05	25	8689	2647	0	298	124	9	8987	2771
06	8	2683	303	1	668	42	4	3350	345
07	78	27336	1764	22	13405	929	43	40741	2693
08	0	122	11	0	7	3	0	130	14
10	1	374	27	1	612	32	1	986	59
11	0	31	5	0	65	7	0	95	12
12	5	1621	101	1	750	46	2	2370	147
13	6	1949	92	1	794	35	3	2744	127
14	1	334	20	0	195	13	1	529	33
15	0	13	5	0	0	0	0	13	5
16	11	3957	240	843	508062	23040	537	512019	23280
17	76	26697	2776	95	57079	6322	88	83775	9098
19	18	6161	364	10	6245	373	13	12406	737
n.r.	7	2302	192	3	1560	111	4	3862	303
all	1000	351168	37598	1000	602863	32889	1000	954031	70487
estd. no. of out- migrant (00)	351168	x	x	602863	x	x	954031	x	x
sample no. of out- migrant .	37598	x	x	32889	x	x	70487	x	x

\* reason for migration (code):

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage – 16, migration of parent/earning member of the family –17, others –19.

Table (11): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for migration

reason for migration (code *)	urban male			urban female			urban male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01	129	8976	2543	5	702	221	46	9678	2764
02	138	9607	2451	5	642	172	49	10250	2623
03	29	2012	569	0	70	21	10	2082	590
04	347	24180	6174	14	1992	569	124	26172	6743
05	59	4119	2022	2	310	99	21	4429	2121
06	8	558	120	1	75	20	3	634	140
07	143	9931	1153	34	4784	510	70	14716	1663
08	0	10	4	0	5	2	0	15	6
10	3	210	10	0	60	5	1	270	15
11	1	48	3	0	61	3	1	109	6
12	13	903	91	1	148	28	5	1051	119
13	14	981	87	3	460	51	7	1441	138
14	1	54	7	0	54	6	1	108	13
15	2	127	11	0	42	3	1	169	14
16	22	1568	127	846	119329	9216	573	120897	9343
17	59	4141	936	75	10632	2431	70	14773	3367
19	29	1992	205	10	1452	181	16	3444	386
n.r.	4	267	64	2	309	44	3	577	109
all	1000	69684	16577	1000	141129	13582	1000	210814	30160
estd. no. of out-migrant (00)	69684	x	x	141129	x	x	210814	x	x
sample no. of out-migrant .	16577	x	x	13582	x	x	30160	x	x

\* reason for migration (code):

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage – 16, migration of parent/earning member of the family –17, others –19.

Table (11): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by reason for migration

**all-India**

reason for migration (code *)	rural +urban male			rural +urban female			rural +urban male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01	186	78439	10226	6	4667	712	71	83106	10938
02	198	83446	9809	5	3873	623	75	87319	10432
03	23	9643	1481	1	463	65	9	10106	1546
04	338	142148	19272	10	7527	1395	128	149675	20667
05	30	12808	4669	1	608	223	12	13416	4892
06	8	3241	423	1	743	62	3	3984	485
07	89	37267	2917	24	18189	1439	48	55456	4356
08	0	132	15	0	12	5	0	145	20
10	1	584	37	1	672	37	1	1255	74
11	0	78	8	0	126	10	0	204	18
12	6	2524	192	1	898	74	3	3422	266
13	7	2930	179	2	1254	86	4	4185	265
14	1	388	27	0	249	19	1	637	46
15	0	140	16	0	42	3	0	182	19
16	13	5525	367	843	627391	32256	543	632916	32623
17	73	30837	3712	91	67711	8753	85	98548	12465
19	19	8153	569	10	7697	554	14	15850	1123
n.r.	6	2569	256	3	1869	155	4	4439	412
all	1000	420853	54175	1000	743992	46471	1000	1164844	100647
estd. no. of out- migrant (00)	420853	x	x	743992	x	x	1164844	x	x
sample no. of out- migrant .	54175	x	x	46471	x	x	100647	x	x

\* reason for migration (code):

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage – 16, migration of parent/earning member of the family –17, others –19.

Table (11.1): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by present age of the out-migrant

present age of the out-migrant	rural male			rural female			rural male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	16	5536	589	9	5304	569	11	10840	1158
5-9	28	9795	960	13	7905	825	19	17700	1785
10-14	38	13239	1142	19	11721	913	26	24960	2055
15-19	115	40347	3674	67	40205	2236	84	80552	5910
20-24	191	67126	7907	211	126971	6726	203	194098	14633
25-29	176	61953	7501	222	133813	7176	205	195766	14677
30-34	133	46800	5121	178	107316	5717	162	154116	10838
35-39	111	39016	4171	126	76085	3931	121	115102	8102
40-44	79	27718	2737	77	46316	2341	78	74034	5078
45-49	56	19680	1909	39	23715	1251	45	43395	3160
50-54	29	10333	1038	22	13244	657	25	23576	1695
55-59	17	5983	542	8	5068	263	12	11051	805
60 & above	10	3642	307	9	5200	284	9	8842	591
all ages (incl. n.r.)	1000	351168	37598	1000	602863	32889	1000	954031	70487
estd. no. of out- migrant (00)	351168	x	x	602863	x	x	954031	x	x
sample no. of out- migrant .	37598	x	x	32889	x	x	70487	x	x

Table (11.1): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by present age of the out-migrant

present age of the out-migrant	urban male			urban female			urban male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	15	1013	209	4	590	194	8	1603	404
5-9	21	1489	304	9	1276	253	13	2765	557
10-14	28	1972	331	13	1778	263	18	3750	594
15-19	69	4795	899	56	7933	639	60	12729	1538
20-24	188	13111	2995	201	28413	2558	197	41523	5553
25-29	190	13228	3521	237	33475	3192	222	46703	6713
30-34	141	9821	2481	187	26327	2499	171	36148	4980
35-39	115	7989	1909	137	19389	1767	130	27378	3676
40-44	92	6438	1557	77	10929	1070	82	17367	2627
45-49	69	4833	1084	46	6450	638	54	11284	1722
50-54	37	2566	711	18	2544	279	24	5110	990
55-59	21	1485	396	8	1189	126	13	2675	522
60 & above	14	943	180	6	835	104	8	1779	284
all ages (incl. n.r.)	1000	69684	16577	1000	141129	13582	1000	210814	30160
estd. no. of out- migrant (00)	69684	x	x	141129	x	x	210814	x	x
sample no. of out- migrant .	16577	x	x	13582	x	x	30160	x	x

Table (11.1): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by present age of the out-migrant

present age of the out-migrant	rural + urban male			rural + urban female			rural + urban male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	16	6549	798	8	5894	763	11	12443	1562
5-9	27	11284	1264	12	9181	1078	18	20465	2342
10-14	36	15211	1473	18	13499	1176	25	28710	2649
15-19	107	45143	4573	65	48138	2875	80	93281	7448
20-24	191	80237	10902	209	155384	9284	202	235621	20186
25-29	179	75181	11022	225	167288	10368	208	242469	21390
30-34	135	56621	7602	180	133643	8216	163	190264	15818
35-39	112	47006	6080	128	95474	5698	122	142480	11778
40-44	81	34156	4294	77	57245	3411	78	91401	7705
45-49	58	24513	2993	41	30165	1889	47	54678	4882
50-54	31	12899	1749	21	15787	936	25	28686	2685
55-59	18	7468	938	8	6257	389	12	13725	1327
60 & above	11	4585	487	8	6036	388	9	10621	875
all ages (incl. n.r.)	1000	420853	54175	1000	743992	46471	1000	1164844	100647
estd. no. of out- migrant (00)	420853	x	x	743992	x	x	1164844	x	x
sample no. of out- migrant .	54175	x	x	46471	x	x	100647	x	x

Table (12): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by period since leaving the household (years)

period since leaving the household (years)	rural male			rural female			rural male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	576	202447	23204	300	180861	11810	402	383308	35014
5-9	196	68880	7083	233	140599	7681	220	209479	14764
10-14	108	38076	3556	179	107912	5390	153	145989	8946
15-19	54	18957	1794	124	74624	3512	98	93581	5306
20-24	35	12261	1151	85	50986	2360	66	63247	3511
25-29	13	4635	415	37	22427	1023	28	27062	1438
30-34	11	3756	264	22	13505	600	18	17261	864
35-39	3	1160	75	10	6184	245	8	7344	320
40-44	2	580	32	5	3137	142	4	3717	174
45-49	1	254	13	2	1421	65	2	1675	78
50 & above	0	162	11	2	1206	61	1	1368	72
all ages (incl. n.r.)	1000	351168	37598	1000	602863	32889	1000	954031	70487
estd. no. of out-migrant (00)	351168	x	x	602863	x	x	954031	x	x
sample no. of out-migrant .	37598	x	x	32889	x	x	70487	x	x

Table (12): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by period since leaving the household (years)

period since leaving the household (years)	urban male			urban female			urban male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	602	41949	10263	349	49269	5394	433	91218	15658
5-9	190	13248	3140	237	33421	3032	221	46668	6172
10-14	94	6539	1488	167	23506	2120	143	30045	3608
15-19	51	3565	764	113	15969	1318	93	19534	2082
20-24	34	2368	527	66	9348	896	56	11716	1423
25-29	14	969	223	36	5149	434	29	6118	657
30-34	8	527	106	21	2987	235	17	3513	341
35-39	4	277	35	5	750	75	5	1027	110
40-44	3	189	22	3	431	44	3	620	66
45-49	1	46	6	1	178	24	1	225	30
50 & above	0	8	3	1	122	10	1	129	13
all ages (incl. n.r.)	1000	69684	16577	1000	141129	13582	1000	210814	30160
estd. no. of out-migrant (00)	69684	x	x	141129	x	x	210814	x	x
sample no. of out-migrant .	16577	x	x	13582	x	x	30160	x	x



Table (12): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by period since leaving the household (years)

period since leaving the household (years)	rural +urban male			rural +urban female			rural +urban male + female		
	per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant		per 1000 distribution of out-migrants	number of out-migrant	
		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample		estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
0-4	581	244396	33467	309	230130	17204	407	474526	50672
5-9	195	82127	10223	234	174020	10713	220	256147	20936
10-14	106	44616	5044	177	131418	7510	151	176034	12554
15-19	54	22522	2558	122	90593	4830	97	113115	7388
20-24	35	14630	1678	81	60334	3256	64	74963	4934
25-29	13	5604	638	37	27577	1457	28	33180	2095
30-34	10	4283	370	22	16491	835	18	20774	1205
35-39	3	1437	110	9	6934	320	7	8371	430
40-44	2	769	54	5	3568	186	4	4337	240
45-49	1	300	19	2	1599	89	2	1899	108
50 & above	0	170	14	2	1328	71	1	1497	85
all ages (incl. n.r.)	1000	420853	54175	1000	743992	46471	1000	1164844	100647
estd. no. of out-migrant (00)	420853	x	x	743992	x	x	1164844	x	x
sample no. of out-migrant .	54175	x	x	46471	x	x	100647	x	x

Table (13): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	prop. of out-migrant per 1000 persons	rural		male						all (incl. n.r.)	number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance			
		present place of residence of the out-migrant										estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample	
		India				another country										
		engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)		making remittance			not making remittance					
making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)		
0-10	45	632	242	4	78	639	341	12	2	1000	16463	1710	10720	904		
10-20	56	630	197	0	129	632	337	28	1	1000	20988	2031	13858	1176		
20-30	65	618	179	3	157	623	347	21	4	1000	24293	2361	15661	1390		
30-40	67	612	191	4	118	617	327	39	10	1000	25034	2494	16527	1511		
40-50	78	628	184	2	131	633	323	32	9	1000	29463	2795	19641	1726		
50-60	82	554	214	3	162	557	389	43	9	1000	31391	3162	18859	1909		
60-70	86	556	220	6	155	561	387	41	9	1000	33210	3630	20052	2270		
70-80	105	532	218	3	170	536	396	58	6	1000	40498	4492	24078	2819		
80-90	124	494	218	2	195	497	416	64	20	1000	48101	5686	27005	3522		
90-100	207	399	206	2	247	401	454	114	25	1000	81728	9237	42091	5536		
all groups	92	530	208	3	175	534	390	59	13	1000	351168	37598	208493	22763		
estimated out-migrants (00)	x	186206	72880	1020	61287	187551	137082	20718	4493	351168	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	x	20927	8221	249	5594	21241	14213	1504	549	37598	x	x	x	x		

Table (13): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	prop. of out-migrant per 1000 persons	present place of residence of the out-migrant								number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance		
		female								all estd. (00) (incl. n.r.)	sample	estd. (00)	sample	
		India				another country								
		engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)								
making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
0-10	72	10	314	5	659	15	983	1	0	1000	27211	1425	420	55
10-20	90	7	267	5	701	11	987	0	2	1000	33412	1745	381	38
20-30	113	12	222	4	727	16	981	0	2	1000	41731	2129	673	57
30-40	126	8	227	2	734	11	982	0	6	1000	46519	2251	490	62
40-50	129	14	229	3	722	17	979	0	3	1000	47039	2425	817	88
50-60	149	7	220	1	757	8	990	0	0	1000	53836	2753	427	70
60-70	173	10	187	4	771	14	981	1	4	1000	61970	3159	929	100
70-80	214	9	207	2	762	11	984	1	3	1000	76601	3988	888	103
80-90	251	10	189	5	773	15	977	1	7	1000	89092	4923	1395	204
90-100	360	12	156	6	794	19	960	3	16	1000	125449	8091	2748	408
all groups	166	10	205	4	755	14	978	1	6	1000	602863	32889	9168	1185
estimated out-migrants (00)	x	6113	123838	2402	455180	8557	589352	572	3755	602863	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants	x	883	6076	221	24812	1111	31405	72	279	32889	x	x	x	x

Table (13): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	prop. of out-migrant per 1000 persons	present place of residence of the out-migrant										number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
		India								another country		all estd. (00) (incl. n.r.)	sample	estd. (00)	sample
		engaged in economic activity				not engaged in economic activity				all (incl. n.r.)					
		making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance						
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
0-10	59	245	287	4	440	250	741	5	1	1000	43674	3135	11140	959	
10-20	73	247	240	3	480	251	736	11	2	1000	54400	3776	14239	1214	
20-30	89	235	206	4	517	239	748	8	2	1000	66024	4490	16335	1447	
30-40	96	219	214	3	519	223	753	14	8	1000	71554	4745	17017	1573	
40-50	103	251	212	2	494	254	727	13	5	1000	76502	5220	20458	1814	
50-60	115	208	218	2	538	210	769	16	4	1000	85227	5915	19285	1979	
60-70	128	200	198	5	556	205	774	15	6	1000	95180	6789	20981	2370	
70-80	157	190	211	3	557	192	781	21	4	1000	117099	8480	24966	2922	
80-90	185	180	199	4	571	184	780	23	11	1000	137193	10609	28400	3726	
90-100	279	165	176	5	578	170	760	47	20	1000	207177	17328	44839	5944	
all groups	128	202	206	4	541	206	761	22	9	1000	954031	70487	217661	23948	
estimated out-migrants (00)	x	192319	196718	3422	516467	196108	726433	21290	8247	954031	x	x	x	x	
sample out-migrants	x	21810	14297	470	30406	22352	45618	1576	828	70487	x	x	x	x	

Table (13): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	prop. of out-migrant per 1000 persons	present place of residence of the out-migrant										number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
		India										all estd. (00) (incl. n.r.)	sample	estd. (00)	sample
		engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)		another country							
		making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance						
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
0-10	28	424	354	4	123	428	498	64	4	1000	3623	971	1781	546	
10-20	29	429	357	5	135	434	507	31	4	1000	3852	922	1793	552	
20-30	33	390	336	0	163	393	510	87	7	1000	4488	1072	2156	671	
30-40	32	403	295	1	186	407	487	73	27	1000	4387	1215	2104	727	
40-50	48	345	306	2	223	347	531	90	23	1000	6568	1576	2872	1020	
50-60	40	327	255	2	216	329	479	114	33	1000	5486	1522	2430	945	
60-70	48	404	260	2	209	408	470	104	12	1000	6738	1689	3464	1100	
70-80	52	324	287	5	234	329	523	118	30	1000	7230	1902	3228	1211	
80-90	83	327	252	3	264	330	517	102	44	1000	11746	2511	5079	1535	
90-100	108	252	203	2	236	255	439	166	138	1000	15567	3197	6553	1976	
all groups	51	339	270	3	216	342	490	109	50	1000	69684	16577	31460	10283	
estimated out-migrants (00)	x	23603	18818	179	15040	23821	34150	7614	3485	69684	x	x	x	x	
sample out-migrants	x	8545	3209	72	2429	8638	5724	1638	536	16577	x	x	x	x	

Table (13): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	prop. of out-migrant per 1000 persons	present place of residence of the out-migrant								number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance		
		India								another country	all estd. (00) (incl. n.r.)	sample	estd. (00)	sample
		engaged in economic activity				not engaged in economic activity				all (incl. n.r.)				
		making remittance		not making remittance		making remittance		not making remittance			making remittance		not making remittance	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
0-10	71	5	113	0	858	5	988	0	6	1000	9654	975	52	30
10-20	96	6	92	15	875	20	978	0	1	1000	12515	1019	258	38
20-30	90	8	92	4	884	13	986	1	0	1000	11760	1027	164	40
30-40	100	7	94	4	881	11	988	0	1	1000	12808	1128	146	34
40-50	107	7	56	9	917	16	975	0	7	1000	13735	1237	225	55
50-60	111	8	86	14	879	22	971	1	7	1000	14176	1334	321	76
60-70	115	7	81	8	892	15	978	1	6	1000	14454	1472	234	98
70-80	130	10	66	7	901	17	970	1	10	1000	16325	1528	290	94
80-90	133	10	122	6	816	16	950	3	30	1000	16448	1718	324	131
90-100	158	28	145	15	673	43	819	12	125	1000	19254	2144	1067	263
all groups	110	10	96	9	850	19	953	2	24	1000	141129	13582	3080	859
estimated out-migrants (00)	x	1479	13561	1242	119938	2735	134555	345	3438	141129	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants	x	565	1350	180	10775	750	12237	109	480	13582	x	x	x	x

Table (13): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each MPCE decile class

MPCE decile class	prop. of out-migrant per 1000 persons	present place of residence of the out-migrant										number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
		India								another country		all estd. (00) (incl. n.r.)	sample	estd. (00)	sample
		engaged in economic activity				not engaged in economic activity				all (incl. n.r.)					
		making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance	making remittance	not making remittance						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	
0-10	50	119	179	1	658	120	854	18	6	1000	13277	1946	1833	576	
10-20	62	105	154	12	701	118	867	7	2	1000	16367	1941	2050	590	
20-30	61	113	160	3	685	118	854	25	2	1000	16248	2100	2320	712	
30-40	65	108	145	4	704	112	860	19	7	1000	17195	2343	2250	761	
40-50	76	116	137	7	693	123	832	29	12	1000	20304	2813	3097	1075	
50-60	74	97	133	11	694	108	834	32	14	1000	19662	2856	2751	1021	
60-70	80	133	138	6	675	140	816	34	8	1000	21192	3161	3697	1198	
70-80	89	106	133	7	696	113	833	37	16	1000	23555	3430	3518	1305	
80-90	106	142	176	5	586	147	769	45	36	1000	28194	4229	5403	1666	
90-100	131	128	171	9	477	138	649	81	131	1000	34820	5341	7620	2239	
all groups	79	119	154	7	640	126	800	38	33	1000	210814	30160	34541	11143	
estimated out-migrants (00)	x	25082	32379	1421	134978	26556	168705	7960	6924	210814	x	x	x	x	
sample out-migrants	x	9110	4559	252	13204	9388	17961	1747	1016	30160	x	x	x	x	

Table (13.1): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each present place of residence

distribution/ estimate/ sample	present place of residence of the out-migrant												number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance				
	India						another country						all (incl. n.r.)	estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample		
	engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)		engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)								
	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
	<b>rural</b>						<b>male</b>												
per 1000 distribution of out migrants	530	208	3	175	534	390	58	10	1	3	59	13	1000	351168	37598	208493	22763		
estimated out-migrants (00)	186206	72880	1020	61287	187551	137082	20494	3342	224	967	20718	4493	351168	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	20927	8221	249	5594	21241	14213	1488	397	16	114	1504	549	37598	x	x	x	x		
	<b>rural</b>						<b>female</b>												
per 1000 distribution of out migrants	10	205	4	755	14	978	1	3	0	4	1	6	1000	602863	32889	9168	1185		
estimated out-migrants (00)	6113	123838	2402	455180	8557	589352	397	1540	175	2215	572	3755	602863	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	883	6076	221	24812	1111	31405	66	91	6	188	72	279	32889	x	x	x	x		
	<b>rural</b>						<b>male + female</b>												
per 1000 distribution of out migrants	202	206	4	541	206	761	22	5	0	3	22	9	1000	954031	70487	217661	23948		
estimated out-migrants (00)	192319	196718	3422	516467	196108	726433	20891	4881	399	3182	21290	8247	954031	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	21810	14297	470	30406	22352	45618	1554	488	22	302	1576	828	70487	x	x	x	x		



Table (13.1): Distribution (per 1000) of out-migrants by remittance status for each present place of residence

distribution/ estimate/ sample	present place of residence of the out-migrant												number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance				
	India						another country						all (incl. n.r.)	estd. (00)	sample	estd. (00)	sample		
	engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)		engaged in economic activity		not engaged in economic activity		all (incl. n.r.)								
	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance	making remitt-ance	not making remitt-ance							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)		
	<b>urban</b>						<b>male</b>												
per 1000 distribution of out migrants	339	270	3	216	342	490	109	38	0	11	109	50	1000	69684	16577	31460	10283		
estimated out-migrants (00)	23603	18818	179	15040	23821	34150	7606	2667	7	759	7614	3485	69684	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	8545	3209	72	2429	8638	5724	1633	379	3	145	1638	536	16577	x	x	x	x		
	<b>urban</b>						<b>female</b>												
per 1000 distribution of out migrants	10	96	9	850	19	953	2	8	1	16	2	24	1000	141129	13582	3080	859		
estimated out-migrants (00)	1479	13561	1242	119938	2735	134555	259	1157	86	2247	345	3438	141129	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	565	1350	180	10775	750	12237	91	131	18	340	109	480	13582	x	x	x	x		
	<b>urban</b>						<b>male + female</b>												
per 1000 distribution of out migrants	119	154	7	640	126	800	37	18	0	14	38	33	1000	210814	30160	34541	11143		
estimated out-migrants (00)	25082	32379	1421	134978	26556	168705	7865	3824	94	3006	7960	6924	210814	x	x	x	x		
sample out-migrants	9110	4559	252	13204	9388	17961	1724	510	21	485	1747	1016	30160	x	x	x	x		

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	rural				male				present place of residence				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	India				another country				all (incl. n.r.)				estimated	sample	estimated	sample
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	(00)		(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	761	560	5	105	934	798	4	445	774	578	5	143	202447	23204	117037	13320
5-9	816	605	6	147	975	868	6	522	825	620	6	180	68880	7083	42728	4689
10-14	861	600	6	159	972	840	7	877	866	614	6	221	38076	3556	23397	2258
15-19	850	555	6	194	958	877	7	649	854	570	6	236	18957	1794	10801	1142
20-24	921	618	7	225	991	958	7	800	915	627	7	265	12261	1151	7694	773
25-29	928	663	7	273	764	941	5	690	921	675	7	296	4635	415	3127	306
30-34	939	624	6	208	798	750	6	668	934	628	6	226	3756	264	2359	188
35-39	818	642	6	230	1000	1000	6	300	822	650	6	233	1160	75	754	51
40-44	782	657	6	92	1000	1000	12	520	782	668	7	137	580	32	388	20
45-49	479	511	5	117	0	0	0	0	479	511	5	117	254	13	129	8
50 years and above	848	571	6	102	1000	0	0	0	871	484	6	102	162	11	78	8
all ages	798	578	5	134	945	822	5	523	807	594	5	172	351168	37598	208493	22763
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	187551	x	x	x	20718	x	x	x	208493	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd no. of times remittances sent	x	x	96971792	x	x	x	10622371	x	x	x	107685052	x	x	x	x	x
estd amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	x	2505361911	x	x	x	1083339949	x	x	x	3592421273	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	21241	x	x	x	1504	x	x	x	22763	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	121792	x	x	x	6918	x	x	x	128795	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	rural				female				present place of residence				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	India				another country				all (incl. n.r.)				estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	184	22	4	72	489	183	4	305	187	23	4	89	180861	11810	4222	706
5-9	210	11	4	55	345	128	2	117	212	12	4	62	140599	7681	1651	200
10-14	233	9	3	25	449	90	3	525	235	10	3	52	107912	5390	1050	105
15-19	258	13	3	74	576	95	2	350	259	13	3	80	74624	3512	970	67
20-24	275	17	4	41	504	4	4	500	277	17	4	41	50986	2360	877	66
25-29	240	10	3	33	829	0	0	0	243	10	3	33	22427	1023	223	21
30-34	221	8	2	31	359	359	1	120	221	8	2	32	13505	600	114	13
35-39	152	2	1	19	0	0	0	0	152	2	1	19	6184	245	15	2
40-44	88	15	5	169	0	0	0	0	88	14	5	169	3137	142	45	4
45-49	55	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	55	0	0	0	1421	65	0	0
50 years and above	14	1	12	150	0	0	0	0	14	1	12	150	1206	61	2	1
all ages	217	14	4	60	448	132	3	268	219	15	4	73	602863	32889	9168	1185
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	8557	x	x	x	572	x	x	x	9168	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	3401687	x	x	x	172879	x	x	x	3585884	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	50983424	x	x	x	15336899	x	x	x	66582134	x	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	1111	x	x	x	72	x	x	x	1185	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	5309	x	x	x	259	x	x	x	5571	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	rural				male+female								number of out- migrant		number of out- migrant sending remittance	
	India				present place of residence				another country							
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	478	296	5	104	893	741	4	442	497	316	5	141	383308	35014	121259	14026
5-9	402	198	5	144	819	685	6	504	413	212	6	176	209479	14764	44379	4889
10-14	390	156	6	153	862	683	7	867	399	167	6	214	145989	8946	24448	2363
15-19	372	117	6	184	896	749	7	643	379	126	6	223	93581	5306	11771	1209
20-24	395	129	7	205	846	674	7	799	400	136	7	242	63247	3511	8571	839
25-29	354	119	7	256	787	609	5	690	359	124	7	279	27062	1438	3349	327
30-34	373	139	6	200	786	739	6	661	376	143	6	217	17261	864	2473	201
35-39	255	102	6	226	1000	1000	6	300	258	105	6	229	7344	320	769	53
40-44	188	107	6	101	883	883	12	520	196	117	7	140	3717	174	433	24
45-49	119	77	5	117	0	0	0	0	119	77	5	117	1675	78	129	8
50 years and above	99	60	6	103	1000	0	0	0	115	59	6	103	1368	72	80	9
all ages	422	213	5	130	873	721	5	516	435	228	5	168	954031	70487	217661	23948
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	196108	x	x	x	21290	x	x	x	217661	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	100373479	x	x	x	10795250	x	x	x	111270936	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	x	2556345335	x	x	x	1098676848	x	x	x	3659003407	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	22352	x	x	x	1576	x	x	x	23948	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	127101	x	x	x	7177	x	x	x	134366	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	urban				male				present place of residence				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	India				another country				all (incl. n.r.)				estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	662	392	6	271	903	678	5	581	692	430	6	345	41949	10263	18050	6094
5-9	790	460	7	264	915	666	7	865	802	491	7	410	13248	3140	6503	2084
10-14	855	424	7	243	982	772	7	783	877	496	7	423	6539	1488	3243	983
15-19	910	414	7	296	990	817	8	981	921	472	7	466	3565	764	1682	516
20-24	960	436	8	404	1000	615	8	1118	967	470	8	583	2368	527	1114	345
25-29	984	516	9	480	1000	904	11	2419	963	536	9	751	969	223	520	160
30-34	978	407	7	309	1000	566	6	870	981	428	7	405	527	106	225	70
35-39	528	238	8	188	1000	1000	2	406	535	250	7	202	277	35	69	21
40-44	473	333	6	206	1000	0	0	0	753	156	6	206	189	22	30	7
45-49	455	455	12	984	0	0	0	0	455	455	12	984	46	6	21	2
50 years and above	716	557	4	45	0	0	0	0	716	557	4	45	8	3	4	1
all ages	732	411	6	277	926	686	6	729	757	451	6	389	69684	16577	31460	10283
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	23821	x	x	x	7614	x	x	x	31460	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	15397660	x	x	x	4698974	x	x	x	20108252	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	660874652	x	x	x	555095065	x	x	x	1222508651	x	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	8638	x	x	x	1638	x	x	x	10283	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	57834	x	x	x	9297	x	x	x	67165	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	urban				female				present place of residence				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	India				another country				all (incl. n.r.)				estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	115	22	6	218	287	131	3	444	121	26	5	253	49269	5394	1257	496
5-9	81	17	3	98	518	56	3	336	98	19	3	126	33421	3032	621	142
10-14	104	17	4	58	245	82	4	768	107	19	4	132	23506	2120	440	73
15-19	131	21	5	53	290	98	3	949	133	22	5	104	15969	1318	346	59
20-24	164	28	6	103	588	1	10	450	168	27	6	103	9348	896	256	45
25-29	110	21	9	117	647	40	2	420	117	21	8	124	5149	434	107	24
30-34	118	11	3	123	286	31	2	15	120	12	3	120	2987	235	35	11
35-39	51	14	2	7	0	470	3	234	50	20	2	72	750	75	15	5
40-44	15	3	2	18	0	650	2	15	15	5	2	17	431	44	2	3
45-49	44	7	12	120	0	0	0	0	44	7	12	120	178	24	1	1
50 years and above	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	122	10	0	0
all ages	110	20	5	134	374	91	3	487	117	22	5	174	141129	13582	3080	859
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	2735	x	x	x	345	x	x	x	3080	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	1368000	x	x	x	116563	x	x	x	1484563	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	x	36770276	x	x	x	16830787	x	x	x	53601063	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	750	x	x	x	109	x	x	x	859	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	4027	x	x	x	385	x	x	x	4412	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	urban				male + female											
	India				present place of residence				all (incl. n.r.)				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	349	180	6	267	781	569	5	574	383	212	6	339	91218	15658	19307	6591
5-9	258	128	6	247	773	448	7	841	298	153	6	386	46668	6172	7123	2226
10-14	240	91	6	214	773	576	7	782	275	123	7	389	30045	3608	3683	1056
15-19	257	85	7	247	793	615	8	980	277	104	7	405	19534	2082	2028	575
20-24	300	98	7	333	927	506	8	1117	329	117	7	493	11716	1423	1370	390
25-29	238	93	9	411	848	533	11	2355	251	102	9	644	6118	657	627	184
30-34	234	65	6	281	777	399	6	849	249	74	6	367	3513	341	260	81
35-39	179	74	7	163	331	645	3	322	181	82	7	179	1027	110	84	26
40-44	93	59	6	198	985	10	2	15	240	51	6	192	620	66	32	10
45-49	129	100	12	936	0	0	0	0	129	100	12	936	225	30	22	3
50 years and above	44	34	4	45	0	0	0	0	44	34	4	45	129	13	4	1
all ages	294	136	6	263	785	535	6	719	328	164	6	369	210814	30160	34541	11143
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	26556	x	x	x	7960	x	x	x	34541	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	16765660	x	x	x	4815537	x	x	x	21592814	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	697644928	x	x	x	571925852	x	x	x	1276111219	x	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	9388	x	x	x	1747	x	x	x	11143	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	61861	x	x	x	9682	x	x	x	71577	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	rural+urban				male				present place of residence				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	India				another country				all (incl. n.r.)				estimated	sample	estimated	sample
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	(00)		(00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	745	533	5	125	926	765	5	478	760	553	5	170	244396	33467	135087	19414
5-9	813	584	6	160	954	797	6	623	821	599	6	211	82127	10223	49230	6773
10-14	860	578	6	167	976	815	7	844	868	597	6	246	44616	5044	26640	3241
15-19	859	534	6	206	968	858	7	748	864	554	6	267	22522	2558	12483	1658
20-24	926	592	7	244	995	804	8	909	923	602	7	305	14630	1678	8808	1118
25-29	937	639	7	300	835	930	7	1194	928	651	7	361	5604	638	3646	466
30-34	944	600	6	216	870	684	6	728	940	603	6	242	4283	370	2585	258
35-39	761	564	7	227	1000	1000	5	316	766	573	7	230	1437	110	823	72
40-44	738	611	6	100	1000	291	12	520	775	542	7	142	769	54	417	27
45-49	475	502	6	238	0	0	0	0	475	502	6	238	300	19	151	10
50 years and above	841	571	6	99	1000	0	0	0	864	488	6	99	170	14	83	9
all ages	788	552	5	150	939	780	5	578	798	570	5	201	420853	54175	239953	33046
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	211372	x	x	x	28332	x	x	x	239953	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	112369452	x	x	x	15321345	x	x	x	127793303	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	3166236563	x	x	x	1638435014	x	x	x	4814929924	x	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	29879	x	x	x	3142	x	x	x	33046	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	179626	x	x	x	16215	x	x	x	195960	x	x	x	x	x



Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	rural+urban				female											
	India				present place of residence				all (incl. n.r.)				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	169	22	5	103	393	158	4	359	173	24	5	127	230130	17204	5479	1202
5-9	186	12	4	67	428	93	2	179	190	13	4	80	174020	10713	2272	342
10-14	211	11	3	35	354	86	3	634	212	11	3	76	131418	7510	1490	178
15-19	236	14	4	69	440	96	2	640	236	15	4	86	90593	4830	1316	126
20-24	258	19	4	55	529	3	5	496	260	19	4	55	60334	3256	1133	111
25-29	216	12	5	60	761	15	2	420	219	12	4	62	27577	1457	330	45
30-34	203	9	3	52	293	63	1	73	203	9	3	52	16491	835	148	24
35-39	141	4	1	14	0	470	3	234	141	4	1	45	6934	320	29	7
40-44	79	13	5	165	0	141	2	15	79	13	5	162	3568	186	48	7
45-49	54	1	12	120	0	0	0	0	54	1	12	120	1599	89	1	1
50 years and above	13	1	12	150	0	0	0	0	13	1	12	150	1328	71	2	1
all ages	197	15	4	78	413	113	3	351	200	16	4	98	743992	46471	12248	2044
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	11292	x	x	x	917	x	x	x	12248	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	4769686	x	x	x	289442	x	x	x	5070447	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	87753700	x	x	x	32167686	x	x	x	120183197	x	x	x	x	x
sample out-migrants remittances sent	x	1861	x	x	x	181	x	x	x	2044	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	9336	x	x	x	644	x	x	x	9983	x	x	x	x	x

Table (14): Number of out-migrants engaged in economic activity, number of out-migrants sending remittance per 1000 out-migrants, average number and amount (Rs. 00) of remittances sent during the last 365 days for different periods elapsed since the out-migrants left the household

all-India period since leaving the household (years)	rural+urban				male+female											
	India				present place of residence				all (incl. n.r.)				number of out-migrant		number of out-migrant sending remittance	
	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs. 00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	no. engaged in eco. acti. per 1000 out-migrants	no. per 1000 out-migrants sending remittance	average no. of times remittance sent	average amount of remittance sent (Rs.00)	estimated (00)	sample	estimated (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-4	454	274	5	124	859	690	5	474	475	296	5	168	474526	50672	140566	20617
5-9	377	186	6	156	801	593	6	603	392	201	6	205	256147	20936	51502	7115
10-14	365	146	6	160	827	641	7	837	378	160	6	237	176034	12554	28130	3419
15-19	353	112	6	192	860	702	7	745	361	122	6	249	113115	7388	13799	1784
20-24	381	124	7	221	879	605	8	909	389	133	7	277	74963	4934	9941	1229
25-29	333	114	7	279	807	584	7	1187	339	120	7	336	33180	2095	3976	511
30-34	350	127	6	207	782	589	6	718	355	132	6	232	20774	1205	2733	282
35-39	246	98	6	220	770	878	5	306	248	102	6	224	8371	430	852	79
40-44	176	101	6	108	953	284	12	508	202	107	7	144	4337	240	465	34
45-49	120	80	6	237	0	0	0	0	120	80	6	237	1899	108	152	11
50 years and above	94	57	6	100	1000	0	0	0	109	56	6	100	1497	85	84	10
all ages	399	199	5	146	843	658	5	571	416	217	5	196	1164844	100647	252202	35091
estd.out-migrants sending remittances (00)	x	222664	x	x	x	29250	x	x	x	252202	x	x	x	x	x	x
estd. no. of times remittances sent	x	x	117139139	x	x	x	15610787	x	x	x	132863750	x	x	x	x	x
estd. amount of remittances (Rs. 00)	x	x	3253990262				1670602700				4935114626					
sample out-migrants remittances	x	31740	x	x	x	3323	x	x	x	35091	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of times remittances sent	x	x	188962	x	x	x	16859	x	x	x	205943	x	x	x	x	x

Table (15): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by decile groups for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>	<b>male</b>	decile groups											persons*	
usual (ps) status and industry	status	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	average no. spells of staying out side village./block	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	29	2	113	116	123	116	123	97	87	89	75	61	1000	23674	2930
	non-agri(10-93)	36	3	107	112	105	129	140	117	98	89	62	41	1000	10836	1549
	all(01-93)	31	2	111	114	118	120	128	103	90	89	71	55	1000	34510	4479
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	31	2	148	40	168	20	193	86	26	37	41	241	1000	509	75
	non-agri(10-99)	29	3	53	81	72	98	82	98	122	119	111	165	1000	5072	1066
	all(01-99)	29	3	61	77	81	91	92	97	113	112	104	172	1000	5581	1141
casual labour	agri (01-05)	67	2	205	151	147	116	117	81	60	63	37	24	1000	34222	3655
	non-agri(10-99)	118	3	176	175	131	97	101	99	58	85	52	27	1000	25967	3113
	all(01-99)	82	2	192	161	140	108	110	89	59	72	43	25	1000	60189	6768
total employed	agri (01-05)	43	2	167	135	138	115	120	88	71	73	52	41	1000	58405	6660
	non-agri(10-99)	60	3	143	147	117	106	109	103	76	90	62	47	1000	41875	5728
	all(01-99)	49	2	157	140	129	111	115	94	73	80	56	44	1000	100280	12388
unemployed		67	2	127	98	89	83	82	105	115	89	82	130	1000	3273	916
not in labour	students (91)	1	2	52	21	87	170	32	85	127	66	59	303	1000	1544	193
forece	others (92-99)	2	2	154	136	324	86	51	31	60	75	26	55	1000	1619	204
	all (91-99)	2	2	104	80	208	127	42	57	93	71	42	176	1000	3163	397
all		28	2	154	137	130	111	112	93	75	80	57	50	1000	106716	13701
estimated (00) no. of persons*		106716	x	16484	14638	13892	11805	11956	9977	7987	8579	6034	5364	106716	x	x
estimated no. of spells		x	23687986	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		13701	x	1753	1598	1609	1519	1375	1266	1227	1183	1159	1012	13701	x	x
sample no. of spells		x	30148	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (15): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by decile groups for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>	<b>female</b>	decile groups											persons*	
usual (ps) status and industry	status	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	average no. spells of staying out side village./block	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	7	2	109	187	149	121	166	86	100	18	33	30	1000	2231	199
	non-agri(10-93)	8	2	169	117	85	67	238	41	85	44	127	28	1000	529	60
	all(01-93)	7	2	121	173	136	111	180	77	97	23	51	30	1000	2760	259
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	5	2	311	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	632	57	1000	13	5
	non-agri(10-99)	12	3	19	13	232	28	56	77	29	22	106	418	1000	464	75
	all(01-99)	11	3	27	13	225	27	54	75	28	21	120	408	1000	477	80
casual labour	agri (01-05)	23	2	230	134	113	106	103	101	62	89	41	20	1000	7127	649
	non-agri(10-99)	108	2	246	224	145	83	112	75	32	55	22	7	1000	4079	341
	all(01-99)	33	2	236	166	125	98	106	92	51	77	34	16	1000	11206	990
total employed	agri (01-05)	15	2	202	146	121	110	118	97	71	72	40	23	1000	9370	853
	non-agri(10-99)	35	2	217	193	147	76	120	72	37	51	40	47	1000	5072	476
	all(01-99)	18	2	207	163	130	98	119	88	59	65	40	31	1000	14442	1329
unemployed		13	2	4	78	253	65	87	24	13	102	190	184	1000	193	129
not in labour	students (91)	1	2	145	116	284	78	15	9	62	132	128	30	1000	482	91
forece	others (92-99)	2	2	131	196	148	92	96	81	69	35	69	83	1000	4012	434
	all (91-99)	2	2	133	188	162	90	87	73	68	46	76	78	1000	4495	525
all		5	2	187	168	139	96	111	84	61	61	50	44	1000	19130	1983
estimated (00) no. of persons*		19130	x	3586	3208	2660	1832	2121	1608	1162	1162	954	835	19130	x	x
estimated no. of spells		x	3986083	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		1983	x	328	251	243	197	182	150	134	129	174	195	1983	x	x
sample no. of spells		x	3927	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (15): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by decile groups for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>	<b>male+ female</b>	decile groups											persons*	
usual (ps) status and industry	status	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	average no. spells of staying out side village./block	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	22	2	112	122	126	116	127	96	88	83	72	59	1000	25904	3129
	non-agri(10-93)	31	3	110	112	104	126	145	113	97	87	65	40	1000	11365	1609
	all(01-93)	24	2	112	119	119	119	132	101	91	84	70	53	1000	37270	4738
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	27	2	152	39	164	20	188	84	26	36	56	236	1000	523	80
	non-agri(10-99)	26	3	50	75	85	92	80	96	114	111	110	187	1000	5536	1141
	all(01-99)	26	3	59	72	92	86	89	95	106	105	106	191	1000	6059	1221
casual labour	agri (01-05)	50	2	209	148	141	114	114	85	61	68	37	23	1000	41349	4304
	non-agri(10-99)	117	2	186	181	133	95	102	95	55	81	48	24	1000	30045	3454
	all(01-99)	66	2	199	162	138	106	109	89	58	73	42	24	1000	71394	7758
total employed	agri (01-05)	34	2	172	137	135	114	120	89	71	73	51	39	1000	67775	7513
	non-agri(10-99)	56	3	151	152	120	102	110	100	72	86	59	47	1000	46947	6204
	all(01-99)	41	2	163	143	129	109	116	94	71	78	54	42	1000	114722	13717
unemployed		54	2	120	97	98	82	82	101	109	90	88	133	1000	3466	1045
not in labour	students (91)	1	2	74	44	134	148	28	67	111	82	75	238	1000	2026	284
forece	others (92-99)	2	2	138	179	198	90	83	66	66	47	57	75	1000	5631	638
	all (91-99)	2	2	121	143	181	105	68	66	78	56	62	118	1000	7657	922
all		17	2	159	142	132	108	112	92	73	77	56	49	1000	125846	15684
estimated (00) no. of persons*		125846	x	20070	17846	16552	13637	14077	11585	9148	9742	6988	6200	125846	x	x
estimated no. of spells		x	27674069	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		15684	x	2081	1849	1852	1716	1557	1416	1361	1312	1333	1207	15684	x	x
sample no. of spells		x	34075	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (15): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by decile groups for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>	<b>male</b>	decile groups											persons*	
usual (ps) status and industry	status	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	average no. spells of staying out side village /block	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	11	1	173	356	80	107	33	47	40	151	10	3	1000	289	115
	non-agri(10-93)	8	2	182	54	200	92	102	79	109	63	65	55	1000	2289	713
	all(01-93)	8	2	181	87	186	94	94	75	101	73	59	49	1000	2578	828
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	90	3	17	0	0	597	104	8	0	0	274	0	1000	221	19
	non-agri(10-99)	6	2	47	70	45	52	64	101	163	144	172	142	1000	1760	623
	all(01-99)	6	2	44	62	40	112	69	91	145	128	184	126	1000	1981	642
casual labour	agri (01-05)	20	2	326	330	156	76	87	24	1	0	0	0	1000	301	96
	non-agri(10-99)	27	2	190	272	154	113	81	49	35	92	14	2	1000	2707	615
	all(01-99)	26	2	203	277	154	109	81	46	32	83	12	2	1000	3008	711
total employed	agri (01-05)	19	2	187	249	86	229	72	28	15	54	78	1	1000	811	230
	non-agri(10-99)	9	2	150	145	141	90	84	73	94	95	73	56	1000	6756	1951
	all(01-99)	10	2	154	156	135	105	82	68	85	91	73	50	1000	7567	2181
unemployed		22	2	88	139	108	63	124	109	47	155	86	83	1000	701	368
not in labour	students (91)	1	2	29	380	73	19	42	27	240	34	85	71	1000	393	102
forece	others (92-99)	0	1	114	80	188	224	83	55	21	61	62	113	1000	103	55
	all (91-99)	1	2	47	318	96	61	50	33	195	39	81	79	1000	496	157
all		6	2	142	164	131	99	84	69	88	93	75	55	1000	8764	2706
estimated (00) no. of persons*		8764	x	1249	1438	1146	867	735	606	774	817	654	478	8764	x	x
estimated no. of spells		x	1918898	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		2706	x	472	323	282	283	276	262	242	234	190	142	2706	x	x
sample no. of spells		x	6034	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (15): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by decile groups for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>	<b>female</b>	decile groups											persons*	
usual (ps) status and industry	status	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	average no. spells of staying out side village/block	0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	11	2	89	810	2	5	2	0	91	0	2	0	1000	84	10
	non-agri(10-93)	1	2	297	70	0	236	24	122	0	222	28	1	1000	60	28
	all(01-93)	3	2	175	502	1	101	11	51	53	92	13	0	1000	145	38
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	non-agri(10-99)	7	2	7	19	24	175	4	259	319	89	52	51	1000	456	64
	all(01-99)	7	2	7	19	24	175	4	259	319	89	52	51	1000	456	64
casual labour	agri (01-05)	9	2	370	354	57	72	90	56	0	0	0	0	1000	99	31
	non-agri(10-99)	10	2	357	50	66	22	39	97	9	309	50	0	1000	210	56
	all(01-99)	10	2	361	148	63	38	56	84	6	210	34	0	1000	309	87
total employed	agri (01-05)	10	2	241	563	32	41	50	31	42	0	1	0	1000	184	41
	non-agri(10-99)	6	2	132	32	34	136	16	201	203	164	50	32	1000	726	148
	all(01-99)	6	2	154	139	34	117	23	166	171	131	40	25	1000	910	189
unemployed		8	2	47	1	24	14	1	36	92	508	171	106	1000	86	58
not in labour	students (91)	0	2	84	20	9	155	62	0	68	36	55	510	1000	64	37
forece	others (92-99)	1	3	70	62	429	64	112	42	39	17	143	21	1000	538	132
	all (91-99)	1	3	72	57	385	74	107	38	42	19	134	73	1000	602	169
all		1	2	117	101	165	95	53	111	118	109	82	48	1000	1599	416
estimated (00) no. of persons*		1599	x	188	161	264	152	85	177	188	174	132	76	1599	x	x
estimated no. of spells		x	334783	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		416	x	74	41	36	36	33	28	46	50	44	28	416	x	x
sample no. of spells		x	775	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (15): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by decile groups for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>	<b>male + female</b>												<b>persons*</b>	
usual (ps) status	status industry	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	average no. spells of staying out side village/block	decile groups										all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	11	2	154	458	62	84	26	36	51	117	8	3	1000	374	125
	non-agri(10-93)	7	2	185	54	194	96	100	80	106	67	64	54	1000	2349	741
	all(01-93)	7	2	181	109	176	94	90	74	98	74	57	47	1000	2722	866
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	79	3	17	0	0	597	104	8	0	0	274	0	1000	221	19
	non-agri(10-99)	6	2	39	59	41	77	52	133	196	133	148	123	1000	2217	687
	all(01-99)	6	2	37	54	37	124	57	122	178	121	159	112	1000	2437	706
casual labour	agri (01-05)	15	2	337	336	131	75	87	32	1	0	0	0	1000	400	127
	non-agri(10-99)	24	2	202	256	147	106	78	52	34	107	16	2	1000	2917	671
	all(01-99)	22	2	218	265	145	102	79	50	30	94	14	1	1000	3317	798
total employed	agri (01-05)	16	2	197	307	76	194	68	28	20	44	64	1	1000	994	271
	non-agri(10-99)	9	2	148	134	131	94	77	85	104	102	70	54	1000	7483	2099
	all(01-99)	9	2	154	154	124	106	76	78	94	95	70	48	1000	8477	2370
unemployed		18	2	83	124	98	58	111	101	52	193	95	85	1000	787	426
not in labour	students (91)	1	2	37	330	64	38	45	23	216	34	81	132	1000	457	139
forece	others (92-99)	1	2	77	65	390	90	107	44	36	24	130	36	1000	641	187
	all (91-99)	1	2	60	175	254	68	81	36	111	28	110	76	1000	1099	326
all		4	2	139	154	136	98	79	76	93	96	76	54	1000	10363	3122
estimated (00) no. of persons*		10363	x	1436	1599	1411	1019	821	783	962	991	785	555	10363	x	x
estimated no. of spells		x	2253681	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		3122	x	546	364	318	319	309	290	288	284	234	170	3122	x	x
sample no. of spells		x	6809	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment



Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>		<b>male</b>						
usual (ps) status and industry		general educational level						persons*		
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	256	133	427	149	6	29	1000	23674	2930
	non-agri(10-93)	351	160	359	117	3	10	1000	10836	1549
	all(01-93)	286	142	406	139	5	23	1000	34510	4479
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	142	199	408	246	0	5	1000	509	75
	non-agri(10-99)	97	118	357	287	31	110	1000	5072	1066
	all(01-99)	101	126	361	283	28	100	1000	5581	1141
casual labour	agri (01-05)	435	190	325	47	1	3	1000	34222	3655
	non-agri(10-99)	359	178	399	59	3	3	1000	25967	3113
	all(01-99)	402	185	357	52	2	3	1000	60189	6768
total employed	agri (01-05)	360	167	367	90	3	13	1000	58405	6660
	non-agri(10-99)	325	166	384	101	6	18	1000	41875	5728
	all(01-99)	345	167	374	95	4	15	1000	100280	12388
unemployed		72	74	383	263	59	147	1000	3273	916
not in labour force	students (91)	67	217	320	375	6	12	1000	1544	193
	others (92-99)	748	109	106	30	0	4	1000	1619	204
	all (91-99)	416	162	211	198	3	8	1000	3163	397
all		339	164	369	103	6	19	1000	106716	13701
estimated (00) no. of persons*		36191	17460	39415	10971	629	2032	106716	x	x
sample no. of persons*		3776	1946	5357	1917	138	559	13701	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>		<b>female</b>							
usual (ps) status and industry						general educational level				persons*	
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
self-employed	agri (01-05)	728	87	152	30	0	2	1000	2231	199	
	non-agri(10-93)	701	123	129	31	0	16	1000	529	60	
	all(01-93)	723	94	147	30	0	5	1000	2760	259	
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	632	226	0	142	0	0	1000	13	5	
	non-agri(10-99)	237	7	396	162	26	173	1000	464	75	
	all(01-99)	248	13	385	161	25	169	1000	477	80	
casual labour	agri (01-05)	762	91	139	7	0	0	1000	7127	649	
	non-agri(10-99)	735	81	167	16	0	0	1000	4079	341	
	all(01-99)	752	87	150	10	0	0	1000	11206	990	
total employed	agri (01-05)	754	90	142	13	0	0	1000	9370	853	
	non-agri(10-99)	686	79	184	31	2	18	1000	5072	476	
	all(01-99)	730	86	157	19	1	7	1000	14442	1329	
unemployed		222	0	247	176	78	276	1000	193	129	
not in labour force	students (91)	182	510	199	73	12	8	1000	482	91	
	others (92-99)	685	113	131	64	0	7	1000	4012	434	
	all (91-99)	631	156	138	65	1	7	1000	4495	525	
all		702	102	153	32	2	9	1000	19130	1983	
estimated (00) no. of persons*		13421	1943	2935	604	35	181	19130	x	x	
sample no. of persons*		1165	205	332	137	22	117	1983	x	x	

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural</b>		<b>male+female</b>						
usual (ps) status and industry				general educational level					persons*	
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	297	129	404	139	6	26	1000	25904	3129
	non-agri(10-93)	367	158	349	113	2	11	1000	11365	1609
	all(01-93)	318	138	387	131	5	21	1000	37270	4738
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	155	200	398	243	0	4	1000	523	80
	non-agri(10-99)	109	109	360	277	31	115	1000	5536	1141
	all(01-99)	113	117	363	274	28	105	1000	6059	1221
casual labour	agri (01-05)	492	173	293	40	1	2	1000	41349	4304
	non-agri(10-99)	410	165	368	53	2	3	1000	30045	3454
	all(01-99)	457	169	324	45	1	3	1000	71394	7758
total employed	agri (01-05)	414	156	336	79	3	12	1000	67775	7513
	non-agri(10-99)	364	157	362	94	6	18	1000	46947	6204
	all(01-99)	394	156	347	85	4	14	1000	114722	13717
unemployed		81	70	376	259	60	155	1000	3466	1045
not in labour force	students (91)	94	287	291	303	7	11	1000	2026	284
	others (92-99)	703	112	124	54	0	6	1000	5631	638
	all (91-99)	542	158	168	120	2	8	1000	7657	922
all		394	154	337	92	5	18	1000	125846	15684
estimated (00) no. of persons*		49612	19403	42350	11575	664	2212	125846	x	x
sample no. of persons*		4941	2151	5689	2054	160	676	15684	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>		<b>male</b>						
usual (ps) status and industry		general educational level							persons*	
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	376	54	356	158	4	52	1000	289	115
	non-agri(10-93)	245	103	346	220	15	71	1000	2289	713
	all(01-93)	260	98	347	213	14	69	1000	2578	828
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	122	9	607	257	0	5	1000	221	19
	non-agri(10-99)	132	53	283	203	78	252	1000	1760	623
	all(01-99)	131	48	319	209	70	224	1000	1981	642
casual labour	agri (01-05)	240	149	530	76	0	6	1000	301	96
	non-agri(10-99)	232	109	516	138	2	2	1000	2707	615
	all(01-99)	233	113	517	132	2	3	1000	3008	711
total employed	agri (01-05)	256	77	489	154	2	22	1000	811	230
	non-agri(10-99)	210	93	398	183	26	90	1000	6756	1951
	all(01-99)	215	91	407	180	24	83	1000	7567	2181
unemployed		73	62	148	244	84	387	1000	701	368
not in labour force	students (91)	6	25	407	369	19	175	1000	393	102
	others (92-99)	223	37	195	129	0	416	1000	103	55
	all (91-99)	51	27	363	319	15	225	1000	496	157
all		195	85	384	193	28	115	1000	8764	2706
estimated (00) no. of persons*		1706	745	3366	1688	246	1011	8764	x	x
sample no. of persons*		397	232	831	651	90	502	2706	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>		<b>female</b>							
usual (ps) status and industry						general educational level				persons*	
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
self-employed	agri (01-05)	899	0	8	93	0	0	1000	84	10	
	non-agri(10-93)	288	197	156	337	7	7	1000	60	28	
	all(01-93)	644	82	70	195	3	3	1000	145	38	
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	non-agri(10-99)	289	91	189	274	28	129	1000	456	64	
	all(01-99)	289	91	189	274	28	129	1000	456	64	
casual labour	agri (01-05)	528	297	175	0	0	0	1000	99	31	
	non-agri(10-99)	858	53	77	12	0	0	1000	210	56	
	all(01-99)	752	131	108	8	0	0	1000	309	87	
total employed	agri (01-05)	698	161	99	43	0	0	1000	184	41	
	non-agri(10-99)	453	89	154	204	18	82	1000	726	148	
	all(01-99)	503	103	142	171	15	65	1000	910	189	
unemployed		0	6	30	130	257	576	1000	86	58	
not in labour force	students (91)	0	113	66	212	49	560	1000	64	37	
	others (92-99)	503	187	118	145	4	43	1000	538	132	
	all (91-99)	450	180	112	152	9	98	1000	602	169	
all		456	127	125	162	25	105	1000	1599	416	
estimated (00) no. of persons*		729	203	200	259	41	168	1599	x	x	
sample no. of persons*		133	34	68	75	19	86	416	x	x	

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>urban</b>		<b>male + female</b>						
usual (ps) status and industry		general educational level				persons*				
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10) (11)	
self-employed	agri (01-05)	494	42	278	143	3	40	1000	374	125
	non-agri(10-93)	246	106	341	223	15	69	1000	2349	741
	all(01-93)	280	97	332	212	13	65	1000	2722	866
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	122	9	607	257	0	5	1000	221	19
	non-agri(10-99)	164	61	263	217	68	226	1000	2217	687
	all(01-99)	160	56	294	221	62	206	1000	2437	706
casual labour	agri (01-05)	312	186	441	57	0	4	1000	400	127
	non-agri(10-99)	277	105	484	129	2	2	1000	2917	671
	all(01-99)	281	115	479	120	2	2	1000	3317	798
total employed	agri (01-05)	338	92	417	134	1	18	1000	994	271
	non-agri(10-99)	234	92	374	185	26	90	1000	7483	2099
	all(01-99)	246	92	379	179	23	81	1000	8477	2370
unemployed		65	56	135	232	103	407	1000	787	426
not in labour force	students (91)	5	37	359	347	23	229	1000	457	139
	others (92-99)	458	163	130	142	3	103	1000	641	187
	all (91-99)	270	111	225	227	11	155	1000	1099	326
all		235	91	344	188	28	114	1000	10363	3122
estimated (00) no. of persons*		2435	948	3566	1946	287	1179	10363	x	x
sample no. of persons*		530	266	899	726	109	588	3122	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural+ urban</b>		<b>male</b>						
usual (ps) status and industry		general educational level						persons*		
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	257	132	426	149	6	29	1000	23963	3045
	non-agri(10-93)	333	150	357	135	5	21	1000	13125	2262
	all(01-93)	284	139	402	144	6	26	1000	37088	5307
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	136	142	469	249	0	5	1000	730	94
	non-agri(10-99)	106	102	338	265	43	146	1000	6832	1689
	all(01-99)	109	105	350	264	39	133	1000	7562	1783
casual labour	agri (01-05)	433	189	326	47	1	3	1000	34523	3751
	non-agri(10-99)	347	172	410	66	3	3	1000	28674	3728
	all(01-99)	394	181	364	56	2	3	1000	63197	7479
total employed	agri (01-05)	359	166	369	91	3	13	1000	59216	6890
	non-agri(10-99)	309	156	386	113	9	28	1000	48631	7679
	all(01-99)	336	161	376	101	6	20	1000	107847	14569
unemployed		72	72	342	260	63	190	1000	3974	1284
not in labour force	students (91)	55	178	338	374	9	45	1000	1937	295
	others (92-99)	717	105	112	36	0	29	1000	1722	259
	all (91-99)	366	144	231	215	5	37	1000	3659	554
all		328	158	370	110	8	26	1000	115480	16407
estimated (00) no. of persons*		37898	18205	42781	12659	875	3043	115480	x	x
sample no. of persons*		4173	2178	6188	2568	228	1061	16407	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural+ urban</b>		<b>female</b>							
usual (ps) status and industry		general educational level						persons*			
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
self-employed	agri (01-05)	734	84	146	32	0	2	1000	2315	209	
	non-agri(10-93)	658	131	131	63	1	15	1000	589	88	
	all(01-93)	719	94	143	38	0	4	1000	2904	297	
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	632	226	0	142	0	0	1000	13	5	
	non-agri(10-99)	263	49	293	218	27	151	1000	920	139	
	all(01-99)	268	51	289	217	26	149	1000	934	144	
casual labour	agri (01-05)	759	94	140	7	0	0	1000	7226	680	
	non-agri(10-99)	741	79	163	16	0	0	1000	4289	397	
	all(01-99)	752	88	148	10	0	0	1000	11515	1077	
total employed	agri (01-05)	753	92	141	13	0	0	1000	9554	894	
	non-agri(10-99)	657	80	180	53	4	26	1000	5798	624	
	all(01-99)	717	87	156	28	2	10	1000	15352	1518	
unemployed		154	2	180	162	133	369	1000	279	187	
not in labour force	students (91)	160	463	184	89	16	73	1000	546	128	
	others (92-99)	663	122	130	74	0	11	1000	4551	566	
	all (91-99)	609	158	135	75	2	18	1000	5097	694	
all		683	104	151	42	4	17	1000	20728	2399	
estimated (00) no. of persons*		14149	2145	3135	863	76	348	20728	x	x	
sample no. of persons*		1298	239	400	212	41	203	2399	x	x	

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment



Table (16): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by general education level for each present usual activity category

<b>all-India</b>		<b>rural+urban</b>		<b>male + female</b>						
usual (ps) status and industry		general educational level							persons*	
status	industry	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/certificate	graduate and above	all (incl. n.r.)	estimated	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	299	128	402	139	5	26	1000	26278	3254
	non-agri(10-93)	347	149	347	131	5	21	1000	13714	2350
	all(01-93)	316	135	383	136	5	24	1000	39992	5604
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	145	143	460	247	0	4	1000	743	99
	non-agri(10-99)	125	95	332	260	41	147	1000	7753	1828
	all(01-99)	126	99	343	259	38	134	1000	8496	1927
casual labour	agri (01-05)	490	173	294	40	1	2	1000	41749	4431
	non-agri(10-99)	398	160	378	60	2	3	1000	32963	4125
	all(01-99)	449	167	331	49	1	3	1000	74711	8556
total employed	agri (01-05)	413	155	337	80	3	12	1000	68770	7784
	non-agri(10-99)	346	148	364	106	8	28	1000	54429	8303
	all(01-99)	384	152	349	92	5	19	1000	123199	16087
unemployed		78	67	331	254	68	201	1000	4253	1471
not in labour force	students (91)	78	241	304	311	10	51	1000	2484	423
	others (92-99)	678	117	125	63	0	16	1000	6273	825
	all (91-99)	508	152	175	134	3	26	1000	8756	1248
all		382	149	337	99	7	25	1000	136208	18806
estimated (00) no. of persons*		52047	20350	45916	13522	951	3391	136208	x	x
sample no. of persons*		5471	2417	6588	2780	269	1264	18806	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (17): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked by broad industry division of work for each MPCE decile class

broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work	no. of person worked per 1000 person who stayed away from the village	MPCE decile class										persons*		
		0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
<b>rural male</b>														
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	184	218	204	174	182	209	190	188	189	218	251	200	19656	1979
mining & quarrying (10-14)	12	16	14	18	13	4	12	10	11	30	5	13	1310	194
manufacturing (15-37)	159	191	182	177	195	153	133	158	204	140	153	172	16978	2287
electricity , water and gas (40-41)	1	1	0	0	2	5	1	0	2	2	2	1	142	32
construction (45)	396	476	461	477	456	431	455	393	371	284	247	429	42229	4697
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	77	39	58	75	50	92	90	124	122	185	123	83	8182	1318
transport (60-64)	61	39	60	53	77	75	79	82	64	75	100	66	6460	872
other services (65-99)	33	22	23	26	25	31	40	43	38	67	118	35	3482	720
non-agriculture (10-99)	738	782	796	826	818	791	810	812	811	782	749	800	78782	10120
all (01-99)	922	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	98438	12099
estimated (00) no. of persons*	98438	15482	13636	12695	10978	11283	9335	7102	7911	5605	4412	98438	x	x
sample no. of persons*	12099	1572	1458	1454	1377	1262	1152	1093	1056	948	727	12099	x	x
<b>rural female</b>														
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	394	471	404	350	462	364	548	461	597	613	474	453	7543	576
mining & quarrying (10-14)	7	0	14	26	0	0	4	7	0	34	0	8	139	11
manufacturing (15-37)	121	153	128	201	134	92	91	182	128	80	184	139	2310	259
electricity , water and gas (40-41)	2	1	0	0	0	14	0	0	12	0	0	3	42	4
construction (45)	292	363	401	350	371	489	258	306	225	118	73	336	5593	530
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	9	2	5	2	14	14	16	12	25	13	35	10	170	49
transport (60-64)	4	0	5	4	0	8	15	0	0	30	1	5	85	10
other services (65-99)	40	9	44	67	18	18	69	31	13	113	234	46	771	126
non-agriculture (10-99)	476	529	596	650	538	636	452	539	403	387	526	547	9110	989
all (01-99)	871	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	16653	1565
estimated (00) no. of persons*	16653	3200	2643	2277	1660	1873	1492	865	1068	867	709	16653	x	x
sample no. of persons*	1565	282	218	205	160	149	134	105	107	119	86	1565	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (17): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked by broad industry division of work for each MPCE decile class

<b>all-India</b>														
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work	no. of person worked per 1000 person who stayed away from the village	MPCE decile class										persons*		
		0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
<b>rural male+female</b>														
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	216	261	236	201	219	231	239	218	238	271	282	236	27199	2555
mining & quarrying (10-14)	12	13	14	19	11	3	11	10	10	30	5	13	1449	205
manufacturing (15-37)	153	184	173	180	187	144	127	161	195	132	158	168	19287	2546
electricity, water and gas (40-41)	1	1	0	0	2	6	1	0	3	1	2	2	184	36
construction (45)	380	457	451	458	445	439	428	384	353	262	223	416	47822	5227
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	66	32	49	64	46	80	79	112	110	162	111	73	8352	1367
transport (60-64)	52	32	51	45	67	65	70	73	56	69	86	57	6544	882
other services (65-99)	34	19	26	32	24	29	44	42	35	73	134	37	4253	846
non-agriculture (10-99)	698	739	764	799	781	769	761	782	762	729	718	764	87892	11109
all (01-99)	915	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	115091	13664
estimated (00) no. of persons*	115091	18682	16278	14972	12638	13155	10827	7967	8978	6472	5121	115091	x	x
sample no. of persons*	13664	1854	1676	1659	1537	1411	1286	1198	1163	1067	813	13664	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (17): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked by broad industry division of work for each MPCE decile class

all-India broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work	no. of person worked per 1000 person who stayed away from the village	MPCE decile class										persons*		
		0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
<b>urban male</b>														
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	91	51	172	100	191	94	67	60	268	3	84	112	798	138
mining & quarrying (10-14)	6	9	10	0	3	9	1	0	2	30	14	7	50	19
manufacturing (15-37)	213	360	261	303	191	155	242	97	204	438	355	261	1864	425
electricity , water and gas (40-41)	3	10	0	6	0	4	0	0	4	3	0	3	24	9
construction (45)	227	387	352	259	277	395	278	260	226	74	58	278	1991	597
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	163	124	121	247	103	198	264	417	151	237	237	200	1433	492
transport (60-64)	47	40	46	62	135	78	52	56	34	25	18	58	412	175
other services (65-99)	67	19	38	23	101	67	96	110	111	190	234	82	584	312
non-agriculture (10-99)	725	949	828	900	809	906	933	940	732	997	916	888	6357	2029
all (01-99)	816	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	7155	2167
estimated (00) no. of persons*	7155	1116	811	1040	810	643	513	679	646	511	386	7155	x	x
sample no. of persons*	2167	406	278	248	243	230	201	181	150	133	97	2167	x	x
<b>urban female</b>														
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	167	192	662	41	65	505	160	49	421	34	0	206	267	48
mining & quarrying (10-14)	3	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	3	4	3
manufacturing (15-37)	207	233	65	870	25	391	10	73	90	398	87	255	331	48
electricity , water and gas (40-41)	4	0	0	25	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	6	3
construction (45)	88	433	189	39	163	4	0	21	7	0	0	108	141	52
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	62	6	7	4	95	0	79	414	5	135	1	76	99	21
transport (60-64)	2	2	9	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	3	3	4
other services (65-99)	280	117	68	20	652	100	751	433	466	434	912	344	448	76
non-agriculture (10-99)	645	808	338	959	935	495	840	951	579	966	1000	794	1032	207
all (01-99)	813	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1299	255
estimated (00) no. of persons*	1299	173	152	251	140	40	157	157	142	30	57	1299	x	x
sample no. of persons*	255	63	34	25	28	16	17	17	24	17	14	255	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (17): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked by broad industry division of work for each decile group

<b>all-India</b>														
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work	no. of person worked per 1000 person who stayed away from the village	decile groups										persons*		
		0-10	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80	80-90	90-100	all groups	estimated sample (00)	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)
<b>urban male+female</b>														
agriculture, etc. (01-05)	103	70	249	89	172	119	89	58	295	5	74	126	1065	186
mining & quarrying (10-14)	5	10	9	0	3	9	1	0	3	28	13	6	54	22
manufacturing (15-37)	212	343	230	413	166	169	187	92	184	435	320	260	2195	473
electricity , water and gas (40-41)	3	9	0	10	0	3	0	0	3	3	0	4	30	12
construction (45)	206	393	326	216	260	372	213	215	187	70	50	252	2132	649
trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	148	108	103	200	102	186	221	417	125	232	207	181	1532	513
transport (60-64)	40	35	40	50	115	73	40	47	28	24	16	49	416	179
other services (65-99)	100	32	43	22	182	69	249	171	175	203	321	122	1031	388
non-agriculture (10-99)	713	930	751	911	828	881	911	942	705	995	926	874	7389	2236
all (01-99)	816	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	8454	2422
estimated (00) no. of persons*	8454	1289	963	1291	950	684	670	836	788	540	443	8454	x	x
sample no. of persons*	2422	469	312	273	271	246	218	198	174	150	111	2422	x	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	rural	male		sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined	
		no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of who stayed away from the village/ town
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
<b>employed:</b>													
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	6	209	4	163	4	138	7	220	5	184		
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	1	18	0	15	0	11	0	6	0	12		
	manufacturing (15-37)	4	148	4	149	5	183	5	158	4	159		
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1		
	construction (45)	10	351	11	398	11	439	12	399	11	396		
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	2	84	2	76	2	75	2	72	2	77		
	transport (60-64)	2	64	2	71	1	51	2	56	2	61		
	other services (65-99)	1	33	1	45	1	30	1	24	1	33		
	all employed (01-99)	26	908	25	918	24	928	28	936	26	922		
<b>not employed</b>		3	92	2	82	2	72	2	64	2	78		
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		29	1000	27	1000	26	1000	30	1000	28	1000		
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	99908	x	95517	x	91233	x	107093	x	98438	x		
	not employed	10181	x	8482	x	7112	x	7339	x	8278	x		
sample no. of persons*	employed	2992	x	2965	x	3032	x	3110	x	12099	x		
	not employed	455	x	423	x	361	x	363	x	1602	x		
Note: *:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked													

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days	all-India rural female	sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined	
		no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
<b>employed:</b>											
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	2	389	2	420	2	329	2	437	2	394
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	15	0	0	0	4	0	8	0	7
	manufacturing (15-37)	1	139	0	98	1	105	1	132	1	121
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	1	0	3	0	6	0	0	0	2
	construction (45)	2	250	1	278	2	335	2	317	2	292
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	0	9	0	8	0	5	0	13	0	9
	transport (60-64)	0	2	0	2	0	9	0	4	0	4
	other services (65-99)	0	42	0	64	0	26	0	30	0	40
	all employed (01-99)	5	847	4	873	4	820	5	942	5	871
<b>not employed</b>		1	153	1	127	1	180	0	58	1	129
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		6	1000	5	1000	5	1000	5	1000	5	1000
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	19359	x	14990	x	14197	x	18067	x	16653	x
	not employed	3497	x	2190	x	3106	x	1112	x	2477	x
sample no. of persons*	employed	384	x	380	x	386	x	415	x	1565	x
	not employed	127	x	109	x	107	x	75	x	418	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	rural	male+female		sub-round 1		sub-round 2		sub-round 3		sub-round 4		combined	
		sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined			
broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days		no. of persons	per 1000	no. of persons	per 1000	no. of persons	per 1000	no. of persons	per 1000	no. of persons	per 1000	no. of persons	per 1000
		who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	distn. of persons stayed away from the village/ town	who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
<b>employed:</b>													
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	4	240	3	199	3	166	5	251	4	216		
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	17	0	13	0	10	0	6	0	12		
	manufacturing (15-37)	3	147	2	142	3	172	3	154	3	153		
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1		
	construction (45)	6	333	6	381	7	424	7	388	6	380		
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	1	71	1	66	1	64	1	64	1	66		
	transport (60-64)	1	53	1	61	1	44	1	49	1	52		
	other services (65-99)	1	34	1	48	0	29	0	25	1	34		
	all employed (01-99)	16	897	15	912	14	912	17	937	15	915		
<b>not employed</b>		2	103	1	88	1	88	1	63	1	85		
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		18	1000	16	1000	15	1000	18	1000	17	1000		
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	119267	x	110507	x	105430	x	125159	x	115091	x		
	not employed	13678	x	10672	x	10218	x	8451	x	10755	x		
sample no. of persons*	employed	3376	x	3345	x	3418	x	3525	x	13664	x		
	not employed	582	x	532	x	468	x	438	x	2020	x		

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked



Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	urban	male		sub-round 2		sub-round 3		sub-round 4		combined	
		sub-round 1		(Oct-07-Dec 07)		(Jan-08-Mar 08)		(Apr-08-Jun 08)			
		(Jul-07-Sep 07)									
broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days		no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
<b>employed:</b>											
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	1	61	0	82	1	129	1	98	1	91
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	3	0	6	0	4	0	12	0	6
	manufacturing (15-37)	2	231	1	183	2	259	1	146	1	213
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	4	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	3
	construction (45)	1	166	1	248	1	202	2	346	1	227
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	1	168	1	207	1	165	1	108	1	163
	transport (60-64)	0	20	0	60	0	56	0	68	0	47
	other services (65-99)	1	68	0	63	0	24	1	127	0	67
	all employed (01-99)	6	721	4	849	6	844	5	906	5	816
<b>not employed</b>		2	279	1	151	1	156	0	94	1	184
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		8	1000	5	1000	7	1000	5	1000	6	1000
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	8382	x	6061	x	8050	x	6128	x	7155	x
	not employed	3238	x	1078	x	1485	x	633	x	1609	x
sample no. of persons*	employed	618	x	557	x	497	x	495	x	2167	x
	not employed	180	x	157	x	115	x	87	x	539	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	urban	female		male		female		male		combined	
		sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined	
		no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
<b>employed:</b>											
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	0	73	0	461	0	19	0	276	0	167
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	2	0	2	0	5	0	0	0	3
	manufacturing (15-37)	0	176	0	92	1	399	0	71	0	207
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	0	0	0	0	14	0	0	0	4
	construction (45)	0	39	0	112	0	64	0	222	0	88
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	0	132	0	18	0	11	0	47	0	62
	transport (60-64)	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	2
	other services (65-99)	1	454	0	160	0	204	0	166	0	280
	all employed (01-99)	2	879	1	846	1	720	1	781	1	813
<b>not employed</b>		0	121	0	154	0	280	0	219	0	187
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		2	1000	1	1000	1	1000	1	1000	1	1000
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	2042	x	1112	x	1310	x	732	x	1299	x
	not employed	280	x	203	x	509	x	205	x	299	x
sample no. of persons*	employed	96	x	72	x	48	x	39	x	255	x
	not employed	59	x	32	x	37	x	33	x	161	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	urban	male+female		sub-round 1		sub-round 2		sub-round 3		sub-round 4		combined	
		sub-round 1		sub-round 2		sub-round 3		sub-round 4		combined			
		(Jul-07-Sep 07)		(Oct-07-Dec 07)		(Jan-08-Mar 08)		(Apr-08-Jun 08)					
broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days		no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town
(1)		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
<b>employed:</b>													
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	0	63	0	141	0	112	0	120	0	103		
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	3	0	5	0	4	0	11	0	5		
	manufacturing (15-37)	1	222	1	169	1	282	0	137	1	212		
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	3	0	0	0	6	0	0	0	3		
	construction (45)	1	145	1	227	1	180	1	331	1	206		
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	1	162	1	178	1	140	0	101	1	148		
	transport (60-64)	0	17	0	50	0	47	0	60	0	40		
	other services (65-99)	1	132	0	78	0	53	0	132	0	100		
	all employed (01-99)	4	748	3	848	3	824	3	891	3	816		
<b>not employed</b>		1	252	0	152	1	176	0	109	1	184		
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		5	1000	3	1000	4	1000	3	1000	4	1000		
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	10424	x	7173	x	9361	x	6860	x	8454	x		
	not employed	3519	x	1282	x	1994	x	838	x	1908	x		
sample no. of persons*	employed	714	x	629	x	545	x	534	x	2422	x		
	not employed	239	x	189	x	152	x	120	x	700	x		

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	rural+urban		male		sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined	
	broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months during the last 365 days	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/town	
		(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
<b>employed:</b>														
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	5	195	3	157	3	137	5	213	4	177			
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	16	0	15	0	10	0	6	0	12			
	manufacturing (15-37)	4	156	3	152	4	190	4	157	4	163			
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	2	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	1			
	construction (45)	8	333	8	388	9	418	9	396	9	383			
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	2	92	2	84	2	83	2	74	2	83			
	transport (60-64)	1	60	1	70	1	51	1	57	1	60			
	other services (65-99)	1	36	1	46	1	29	1	29	1	35			
	all employed (01-99)	21	890	19	914	19	920	22	934	20	914			
<b>not employed</b>		3	110	2	86	2	80	2	66	2	86			
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		23	1000	21	1000	21	1000	24	1000	22	1000			
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	108289	x	101578	x	99283	x	113221	x	105593	x			
	not employed	13419	x	9560	x	8596	x	7972	x	9887	x			
sample no. of persons*	employed	3610	x	3522	x	3529	x	3605	x	14266	x			
	not employed	635	x	580	x	476	x	450	x	2141	x			

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	rural+urban		female								
	sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined		
	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
<b>employed:</b>											
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	2	360	2	423	1	300	2	430	2	377
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	13	0	0	0	4	0	8	0	7
	manufacturing (15-37)	1	143	0	98	1	133	1	130	1	127
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	1	0	3	0	6	0	0	0	2
	construction (45)	1	231	1	266	1	310	1	313	1	277
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	0	20	0	9	0	6	0	15	0	13
	transport (60-64)	0	2	0	2	0	9	0	4	0	4
	other services (65-99)	0	80	0	71	0	43	0	36	0	59
	all employed (01-99)	4	850	3	871	3	811	4	934	4	866
<b>not employed</b>		1	150	0	129	1	189	0	66	1	134
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		5	1000	4	1000	4	1000	4	1000	4	1000
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	21402	x	16102	x	15507	x	18798	x	17952	x
	not employed	3778	x	2393	x	3616	x	1318	x	2776	x
sample no. of persons*	employed	480	x	452	x	434	x	454	x	1820	x
	not employed	186	x	141	x	144	x	108	x	579	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (18): Number of persons who stayed away per 1000 persons and distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by broad activity status during the period of staying away from the village/town for each sub-round

all-India	rural+urban	male+female									
		sub-round 1 (Jul-07-Sep 07)		sub-round 2 (Oct-07-Dec 07)		sub-round 3 (Jan-08-Mar 08)		sub-round 4 (Apr-08-Jun 08)		combined	
		no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town	no. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town per 1000 persons	per 1000 distn. of persons who stayed away from the village/ town
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	
<b>employed:</b>											
broad industry division of work for the longest duration of work for those employed during the period of staying away	agriculture, etc. (01-05)	3	223	2	195	2	161	3	244	3	208
	mining & quarrying (10-14)	0	16	0	13	0	9	0	6	0	11
	manufacturing (15-37)	2	154	2	144	2	182	2	153	2	158
	electricity, water and gas (40-41)	0	2	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	2
	construction (45)	5	315	5	371	5	402	5	384	5	367
	trade, hotel & restaurant (50-55)	1	79	1	73	1	71	1	66	1	73
	transport (60-64)	1	50	1	61	1	45	1	49	1	51
	other services (65-99)	1	44	1	50	0	31	0	30	1	39
	all employed (01-99)	13	883	12	908	11	904	13	934	12	907
<b>not employed</b>		2	117	1	92	1	96	1	66	1	93
<b>all (employed and not employed)</b>		14	1000	13	1000	13	1000	14	1000	13	1000
estimated (00) no. of persons*	employed	129691	x	117681	x	114790	x	132019		123545	x
	not employed	17197	x	11954	x	12212	x	9289		12663	x
sample no. of persons*	employed	4090	x	3974	x	3963	x	4059		16086	x
	not employed	821	x	721	x	620	x	558		2720	x

Note: \*:persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment and worked

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

all-India usual (ps) status and industry		rural		male		destination during longest spell				per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	all (incl. n.r.)		estd (00)	sample
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
self-employed	agri (01-05)	54	112	100	237	70	423	4	1000	222	23674	2930
	non-agri(10-93)	64	124	36	252	65	447	7	1000	102	10836	1549
	all(01-93)	57	116	80	242	69	430	5	1000	323	34510	4479
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	211	209	163	200	29	185	0	1000	5	509	75
	non-agri(10-99)	78	108	41	299	64	387	23	1000	47	5072	1066
	all(01-99)	90	117	52	290	60	369	21	1000	52	5581	1141
casual labour	agri (01-05)	130	59	202	138	109	359	3	1000	321	34222	3655
	non-agri(10-99)	51	95	60	293	69	428	5	1000	243	25967	3113
	all(01-99)	96	74	140	205	92	388	4	1000	564	60189	6768
total employed	agri (01-05)	100	81	160	179	92	383	3	1000	547	58405	6660
	non-agri(10-99)	58	104	51	283	67	428	8	1000	392	41875	5728
	all(01-99)	82	91	115	222	82	402	5	1000	939	100280	12388
unemployed		18	134	17	231	29	525	46	1000	31	3273	916
not in labour	students (91)	172	127	261	145	41	255	0	1000	14	1544	193
forece	others (92-99)	186	45	105	172	116	361	1	1000	15	1619	204
	all (91-99)	179	85	181	159	79	309	0	1000	30	3163	397
all		83	92	114	221	80	403	6	1000	1000	106716	13701
estimated (00) no. of persons*		8874	9820	12130	23558	8559	42987	664	106716	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		1356	1736	1274	3280	924	4993	119	13701	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

usual (ps) status and industry		rural		female		destination during longest spell				per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	all (incl. n.r.)		estd (00)	sample
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
								(1)	(2)		(3)	(4)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	117	53	260	366	94	111	0	1000	117	2231	199
	non-agri(10-93)	396	18	37	193	217	123	15	1000	28	529	60
	all(01-93)	170	46	217	332	118	113	3	1000	144	2760	259
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	689	0	301	0	0	10	0	1000	1	13	5
	non-agri(10-99)	67	237	106	308	8	274	0	1000	16	464	75
	all(01-99)	85	231	111	300	7	267	0	1000	17	477	80
casual labour	agri (01-05)	204	42	432	122	100	99	0	1000	373	7127	649
	non-agri(10-99)	76	29	77	346	160	312	0	1000	213	4079	341
	all(01-99)	157	37	303	204	122	177	0	1000	585	11206	990
total employed	agri (01-05)	184	44	391	180	98	102	0	1000	490	9370	853
	non-agri(10-99)	108	47	75	326	152	289	2	1000	257	5072	476
	all(01-99)	157	45	280	231	117	168	1	1000	746	14442	1329
unemployed		149	179	54	208	333	35	42	1000	10	193	129
not in labour forece	students (91)	292	141	253	27	105	181	0	1000	25	482	91
	others (92-99)	292	56	182	85	185	189	1	1000	210	4012	434
	all (91-99)	292	65	189	79	176	188	0	1000	235	4495	525
all		189	51	256	195	133	171	1	1000	1000	19130	1983
estimated (00) no. of persons*		3614	982	4906	3735	2551	3275	20	19130	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		419	205	326	436	218	359	7	1983	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment



Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

usual (ps) status and industry		rural		male + female				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district		rural		urban						
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	59	107	114	248	72	396	4	1000	206	25904	3129
	non-agri(10-93)	80	119	36	249	72	432	7	1000	90	11365	1609
	all(01-93)	65	111	90	249	72	407	5	1000	296	37270	4738
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	223	204	167	195	29	181	0	1000	4	523	80
	non-agri(10-99)	77	119	47	300	59	378	21	1000	43	5536	1141
	all(01-99)	89	126	57	291	56	361	20	1000	47	6059	1221
casual labour	agri (01-05)	143	56	242	135	107	314	2	1000	329	41349	4304
	non-agri(10-99)	54	86	62	300	81	412	4	1000	238	30045	3454
	all(01-99)	106	68	166	205	96	355	3	1000	567	71394	7758
total employed	agri (01-05)	112	76	192	179	93	344	3	1000	539	67775	7513
	non-agri(10-99)	63	98	54	288	76	413	7	1000	371	46947	6204
	all(01-99)	92	85	136	224	86	372	5	1000	910	114722	13717
unemployed		26	137	19	229	46	498	46	1000	28	3466	1045
not in labour forece	students (91)	200	130	259	117	56	237	0	1000	16	2026	284
	others (92-99)	261	53	160	110	165	239	1	1000	45	5631	638
	all (91-99)	245	73	186	112	136	238	0	1000	61	7657	922
all		99	86	135	217	88	368	5	1000	1000	125846	15684
estimated (00) no. of persons*		12487	10802	17036	27293	11109	46262	684	125846	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		1775	1941	1600	3716	1142	5352	126	15684	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

all-India usual (ps) status and industry		urban		male				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district		rural		urban						
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	386	103	26	96	7	359	12	1000	33	289	115
	non-agri(10-93)	125	94	36	304	43	323	74	1000	261	2289	713
	all(01-93)	154	95	35	281	39	327	67	1000	294	2578	828
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	11	206	509	0	274	0	0	1000	25	221	19
	non-agri(10-99)	75	115	96	348	56	197	114	1000	200	1760	623
	all(01-99)	68	125	142	309	80	175	101	1000	225	1981	642
casual labour	agri (01-05)	98	177	110	103	212	299	0	1000	34	301	96
	non-agri(10-99)	115	182	24	327	130	218	3	1000	301	2707	615
	all(01-99)	114	182	33	305	138	226	3	1000	335	3008	711
total employed	agri (01-05)	177	159	189	73	156	239	4	1000	92	811	230
	non-agri(10-99)	108	135	47	325	81	248	56	1000	762	6756	1951
	all(01-99)	115	137	62	298	89	247	50	1000	854	7567	2181
unemployed		31	111	72	333	7	408	35	1000	80	701	368
not in labour forece	students (91)	135	431	11	128	0	283	12	1000	45	393	102
	others (92-99)	251	118	20	345	10	248	8	1000	12	103	55
	all (91-99)	159	366	13	173	2	276	11	1000	57	496	157
all		111	148	60	293	78	262	47	1000	1000	8764	2706
estimated (00) no. of persons*		975	1298	526	2572	682	2292	412	8764	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		199	316	164	993	130	825	70	2706	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

all-India usual (ps) status and industry		urban		female				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district		rural	urban	rural	urban					
		rural	urban								rural	urban
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	780	5	3	2	91	119	0	1000	53	84	10
	non-agri(10-93)	144	154	214	94	0	343	51	1000	38	60	28
	all(01-93)	515	67	91	40	53	213	21	1000	90	145	38
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	non-agri(10-99)	64	61	49	537	0	287	1	1000	231	456	64
	all(01-99)	64	61	49	537	0	287	1	1000	231	456	64
casual labour	agri (01-05)	141	40	239	204	231	144	0	1000	62	99	31
	non-agri(10-99)	358	83	116	218	0	224	0	1000	117	210	56
	all(01-99)	289	69	156	214	74	198	0	1000	180	309	87
total employed	agri (01-05)	434	24	131	112	167	133	0	1000	115	184	41
	non-agri(10-99)	156	75	82	408	0	273	5	1000	387	726	148
	all(01-99)	212	65	92	348	34	245	4	1000	502	910	189
unemployed		6	278	1	442	0	272	0	1000	54	86	58
not in labour forece	students (91)	22	174	0	655	0	149	0	1000	40	64	37
	others (92-99)	392	65	107	275	39	119	3	1000	337	538	132
	all (91-99)	352	76	96	316	35	122	3	1000	377	602	169
all		254	81	89	341	32	200	3	1000	1000	1599	416
estimated (00) no. of persons*		406	129	141	545	51	320	5	1599	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		68	70	36	132	21	83	5	416	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

all-India usual (ps) status and industry		urban		male + female				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district										
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	475	81	21	75	26	305	9	1000	36	374	125
	non-agri(10-93)	125	95	41	299	42	323	74	1000	227	2349	741
	all(01-93)	173	93	38	268	40	321	65	1000	263	2722	866
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	11	206	509	0	274	0	0	1000	21	221	19
	non-agri(10-99)	73	104	86	387	45	215	91	1000	205	2217	687
	all(01-99)	67	113	124	352	65	196	82	1000	226	2437	706
casual labour	agri (01-05)	109	143	142	129	216	261	0	1000	39	400	127
	non-agri(10-99)	133	175	31	319	121	218	3	1000	272	2917	671
	all(01-99)	130	171	44	296	132	223	2	1000	311	3317	798
total employed	agri (01-05)	225	134	178	80	158	219	3	1000	96	994	271
	non-agri(10-99)	113	129	50	333	74	250	51	1000	704	7483	2099
	all(01-99)	126	130	65	303	83	247	45	1000	800	8477	2370
unemployed		28	129	64	345	6	393	31	1000	76	787	426
not in labour forece	students (91)	119	395	9	201	0	264	11	1000	44	457	139
	others (92-99)	369	73	93	287	34	140	4	1000	62	641	187
	all (91-99)	265	207	58	251	20	192	7	1000	106	1099	326
all		133	138	64	301	71	252	40	1000	1000	10363	3122
estimated (00) no. of persons*		1380	1427	667	3117	734	2612	417	10363	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		267	386	200	1125	151	908	75	3122	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

usual (ps) status and industry		rural+ urban		male				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district		rural urban		rural urban						
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	58	112	99	236	69	422	4	1000	208	23963	3045
	non-agri(10-93)	75	119	36	261	61	425	18	1000	114	13125	2262
	all(01-93)	64	114	77	245	66	423	9	1000	321	37088	5307
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	150	208	268	140	103	129	0	1000	6	730	94
	non-agri(10-99)	77	109	55	312	62	338	47	1000	59	6832	1689
	all(01-99)	84	119	76	295	66	318	42	1000	65	7562	1783
casual labour	agri (01-05)	130	60	201	138	110	358	3	1000	299	34523	3751
	non-agri(10-99)	57	103	56	296	75	408	5	1000	247	28674	3728
	all(01-99)	97	79	135	210	94	381	4	1000	546	63197	7479
total employed	agri (01-05)	101	82	161	177	93	381	3	1000	513	59216	6890
	non-agri(10-99)	65	108	51	289	69	403	14	1000	420	48631	7679
	all(01-99)	85	94	111	228	82	391	8	1000	933	107847	14569
unemployed		21	130	26	249	25	504	44	1000	34	3974	1284
not in labour forece	students (91)	164	188	210	142	33	260	2	1000	17	1937	295
	others (92-99)	190	49	100	183	110	354	1	1000	15	1722	259
	all (91-99)	176	123	158	161	69	305	2	1000	32	3659	554
all		85	96	110	226	80	392	9	1000	1000	115480	16407
estimated (00) no. of persons*		9848	11118	12656	26130	9241	45279	1076	115480	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		1555	2052	1438	4273	1054	5818	189	16407	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

usual (ps) status and industry		rural+ urban		female				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district		rural		urban						
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	141	51	251	352	94	112	0	1000	112	2315	209
	non-agri(10-93)	370	32	56	183	195	146	19	1000	28	589	88
	all(01-93)	187	47	211	318	114	118	4	1000	140	2904	297
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	689	0	301	0	0	10	0	1000	1	13	5
	non-agri(10-99)	66	150	78	422	4	280	1	1000	33	920	139
	all(01-99)	75	148	81	416	4	276	1	1000	34	934	144
casual labour	agri (01-05)	203	42	430	123	102	100	0	1000	349	7226	680
	non-agri(10-99)	89	32	79	340	152	308	0	1000	205	4289	397
	all(01-99)	161	38	299	204	121	177	0	1000	554	11515	1077
total employed	agri (01-05)	189	44	386	179	100	102	0	1000	461	9554	894
	non-agri(10-99)	114	50	76	337	133	287	2	1000	267	5798	624
	all(01-99)	161	46	269	238	112	172	1	1000	728	15352	1518
unemployed		105	210	38	280	230	108	29	1000	13	279	187
not in labour	students (91)	261	145	223	101	93	178	0	1000	26	546	128
forece	others (92-99)	304	57	173	107	167	181	1	1000	220	4551	566
	all (91-99)	299	67	178	107	159	181	1	1000	246	5097	694
all		194	54	244	206	126	173	1	1000	1000	20728	2399
estimated (00) no. of persons*		4019	1111	5048	4280	2602	3595	26	20728	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		487	275	362	568	239	442	12	2399	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (19): Distribution (per 1000) of persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment by destination during the longest spell for each usual activity status and industry

usual (ps) status and industry		rural+ urban		male + female				another country	all (incl. n.r.)	per 1000 distribution of persons*	persons*	
		destination during longest spell		same state but another district		another state					estd (00)	sample
		same district		district								
		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	65	106	112	246	72	395	4	1000	193	26278	3254
	non-agri(10-93)	87	115	37	258	67	413	18	1000	101	13714	2350
	all(01-93)	73	109	86	250	70	401	9	1000	294	39992	5604
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	160	204	269	137	101	127	0	1000	5	743	99
	non-agri(10-99)	76	114	58	325	55	331	41	1000	55	7753	1828
	all(01-99)	83	122	76	308	59	313	38	1000	60	8496	1927
casual labour	agri (01-05)	143	56	241	135	108	313	2	1000	307	41749	4431
	non-agri(10-99)	61	94	59	302	85	395	4	1000	241	32963	4125
	all(01-99)	107	73	161	209	98	349	3	1000	547	74711	8556
total employed	agri (01-05)	113	77	192	177	94	342	3	1000	505	68770	7784
	non-agri(10-99)	70	102	53	294	76	390	13	1000	397	54429	8303
	all(01-99)	94	88	131	229	86	364	7	1000	901	123199	16087
unemployed		26	135	27	251	39	478	43	1000	31	4253	1471
not in labour forece	students (91)	185	179	213	133	46	242	2	1000	18	2484	423
	others (92-99)	272	55	153	128	152	229	1	1000	46	6273	825
	all (91-99)	248	90	170	129	122	232	1	1000	64	8756	1248
all		102	90	130	223	87	359	8	1000	1000	136208	18806
estimated (00) no. of persons*		13868	12229	17704	30410	11843	48874	1102	136208	x	x	x
sample no. of persons*		2042	2327	1800	4841	1293	6260	201	18806	x	x	x

Note: \*: persons who stayed away from the village/town for 30 days or more but less than 6 months for employment or in search of employment

Table (20): Proportion (per 1000) of non-migrants and migrants in each state/u.t. and all-India

State/U.T./all-India	rural male						rural female					
	proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample		proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample	
	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	912	88	271008	23769	10037	1935	527	473	276263	130565	10405	5555
Arunachal Pradesh	989	11	4470	50	2429	59	995	5	4032	19	2219	20
Assam	974	26	120528	3182	5220	314	773	227	106124	24124	4643	1095
Bihar	988	12	353387	4120	18685	370	621	379	328527	124469	17578	7023
Chhattisgarh	930	70	98903	6907	3976	400	469	531	94528	50194	3859	2121
Delhi	718	282	5314	1498	409	112	593	407	4441	1806	320	112
Goa	880	120	2971	357	284	49	704	296	3271	969	299	100
Gujarat	947	53	164979	8709	6338	833	428	572	148180	84791	5904	3571
Haryana	959	41	84955	3453	3846	311	407	593	73926	43820	3563	2239
Himachal Pradesh	847	153	27724	4243	3510	538	408	592	29059	17195	3808	2309
Jammu & Kashmir	976	24	34602	836	3336	121	671	329	33353	10969	3258	869
Jharkhand	990	10	104585	1031	5481	93	692	308	100652	31001	5187	1672
Karnataka	920	80	167990	13454	6536	684	526	474	161189	76345	6464	3151
Kerala	805	195	108824	21233	4256	1245	541	459	119470	54841	4723	2297
Madhya Pradesh	970	30	242355	7311	11714	432	467	533	217592	116008	10528	5923
Maharashtra	902	98	287959	28317	11312	1779	428	572	274014	156792	10965	6630
Manipur	994	6	7704	49	4806	39	995	5	7164	35	4710	32
Meghalaya	962	38	9945	374	3243	138	971	29	9467	276	3105	97
Mizoram	893	107	2474	264	1648	299	886	114	2359	269	1576	263
Nagaland	938	62	3829	237	3324	326	908	92	3584	329	3095	335
Orissa	957	43	154989	6654	8613	518	489	511	158694	81103	8840	4658
Punjab	926	74	82985	6104	4281	395	429	571	76516	43658	4262	2535
Rajasthan	954	46	228136	10479	9820	819	459	541	217797	117883	9746	5442
Sikkim	805	195	2398	467	2486	566	586	414	2213	916	2412	1050
Tamil Nadu	921	79	171864	13653	6205	923	646	354	180131	63754	6552	2688
Tripura	943	57	14441	818	4698	279	837	163	14314	2334	4806	781
Uttarakhand	849	151	32643	4926	2399	404	461	539	32330	17420	2417	1325
Uttar Pradesh	974	26	699192	17871	26450	858	499	501	655133	328399	24752	12623
West Bengal	955	45	308548	13972	12798	796	488	512	292005	149521	12143	6365
A & N Islands	492	508	1186	603	632	353	438	562	1054	592	614	348
Chandigarh	290	710	526	373	155	62	372	628	450	282	138	57
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	763	237	1045	248	462	156	434	566	728	412	299	176
Daman & Diu	516	484	629	305	405	124	464	536	364	195	296	148
Lakshadweep	680	320	173	55	208	71	761	239	167	40	204	53
Puducherry	861	139	1903	265	311	53	644	356	1708	608	291	118
all-India	946	54	3805164	206186	190313	16454	523	477	3630798	1731934	183981	83781
estimate(00)	3598978	206186	x	x	x	x	1898864	1731934	x	x	x	x
sample	173859	16454	x	x	x	x	100200	83781	x	x	x	x



Table (20): Proportion (per 1000) of non-migrants and migrants in each state/u.t. and all-India

<b>rural male+female</b>						
State/U.T./all-India	proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample	
	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	718	282	547271	154334	20442	7490
Arunachal Pradesh	992	8	8502	69	4648	79
Assam	880	120	226652	27306	9863	1409
Bihar	811	189	681914	128589	36263	7393
Chhattisgarh	705	295	193431	57101	7835	2521
Delhi	661	339	9755	3304	729	224
Goa	788	212	6242	1326	583	149
Gujarat	701	299	313159	93500	12242	4404
Haryana	702	298	158881	47272	7409	2550
Himachal Pradesh	622	378	56783	21438	7318	2847
Jammu & Kashmir	826	174	67955	11805	6594	990
Jharkhand	844	156	205237	32033	10668	1765
Karnataka	727	273	329179	89799	13000	3835
Kerala	667	333	228295	76074	8979	3542
Madhya Pradesh	732	268	459946	123319	22242	6355
Maharashtra	671	329	561973	185109	22277	8409
Manipur	994	6	14868	84	9516	71
Meghalaya	967	33	19412	650	6348	235
Mizoram	890	110	4832	533	3224	562
Nagaland	924	76	7413	566	6419	661
Orissa	720	280	313683	87757	17453	5176
Punjab	688	312	159501	49762	8543	2930
Rajasthan	712	288	445933	128362	19566	6261
Sikkim	700	300	4611	1382	4898	1616
Tamil Nadu	780	220	351996	77407	12757	3611
Tripura	890	110	28756	3151	9504	1060
Uttarakhand	656	344	64973	22345	4816	1729
Uttar Pradesh	744	256	1354325	346271	51202	13481
West Bengal	728	272	600552	163494	24941	7161
A & N Islands	467	533	2240	1195	1246	701
Chandigarh	328	672	975	656	293	119
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	628	372	1773	660	761	332
Daman & Diu	497	503	994	500	701	272
Lakshadweep	719	281	340	95	412	124
Puducherry	758	242	3611	873	602	171
all-India	739	261	7435962	1938120	374294	100235
estimate(00)	5497842	1938120	x	x	x	x
sample	274059	100235	x	x	x	x

Table (20): Proportion (per 1000) of non-migrants and migrants in each state/u.t. and all-India

State/U.T./all-India	urban male						urban female					
	proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample		proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample	
	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	667	333	103111	34366	5812	2199	533	467	102376	47787	5865	3005
Arunachal Pradesh	962	38	1215	46	1313	79	973	27	1022	28	1176	53
Assam	777	223	12845	2862	2349	444	673	327	10469	3425	2061	653
Bihar	792	208	38475	8012	4408	605	503	497	34628	17200	4017	1798
Chhattisgarh	670	330	19413	6398	1910	443	410	590	17072	10079	1768	1008
Delhi	569	431	67312	29000	2988	1273	578	422	54536	23028	2447	1045
Goa	677	323	4027	1302	445	162	571	429	4161	1784	492	216
Gujarat	724	276	96398	26615	5417	1700	535	465	85097	39543	5035	2643
Haryana	721	279	31800	8871	2253	592	424	576	27584	15882	2033	1282
Himachal Pradesh	545	455	2881	1311	1020	413	382	618	2587	1600	981	657
Jammu & Kashmir	903	97	7715	747	2316	259	719	281	7242	2033	2239	699
Jharkhand	822	178	22245	3955	2268	403	659	341	18729	6391	2070	773
Karnataka	735	265	80158	21208	4676	1360	617	383	80131	30651	4621	2006
Kerala	742	258	33116	8559	2257	714	572	428	37208	15922	2606	1133
Madhya Pradesh	840	160	74687	11937	5950	878	477	523	70013	36647	5738	3138
Maharashtra	644	356	203468	72392	11053	3817	507	493	182694	90009	10258	5229
Manipur	990	10	2685	27	2168	19	974	26	2565	66	2223	14
Meghalaya	958	42	1848	77	996	73	953	47	1858	86	1079	84
Mizoram	811	189	1969	372	2373	531	777	223	1984	443	2413	588
Nagaland	680	320	1133	363	1104	269	671	329	1109	365	1055	292
Orissa	676	324	25630	8293	2850	727	433	567	24334	13799	2785	1606
Punjab	777	223	43004	9571	3187	569	435	565	36076	20393	2854	1619
Rajasthan	760	240	70239	16858	4323	1052	505	495	64672	32036	4199	2201
Sikkim	464	536	302	162	375	217	271	729	268	195	295	193
Tamil Nadu	824	176	129229	22694	5895	1441	684	316	133376	42184	6126	2325
Tripura	888	112	2955	332	1182	135	799	201	2868	578	1402	289
Uttarakhand	603	397	11514	4567	1315	576	406	594	9570	5688	1125	705
Uttar Pradesh	835	165	185816	30696	9549	1416	529	471	168559	79331	9132	4455
West Bengal	767	233	95313	22216	6372	1736	518	482	88825	42796	5907	3049
A & N Islands	487	513	621	318	492	265	470	530	510	270	409	232
Chandigarh	456	544	4087	2223	614	291	479	521	3511	1829	564	289
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	472	528	172	91	436	184	344	656	115	76	306	184
Daman & Diu	746	254	247	63	338	92	594	406	208	85	315	126
Lakshadweep	608	392	138	54	390	109	785	215	139	30	452	68
Puducherry	794	206	2369	487	750	201	598	402	2396	964	768	309
all-India	741	259	1378138	357044	101144	25244	544	456	1278495	583225	96816	43966
estimate(00)	1021094	357044	x	x	x	x	695270	583225	x	x	x	x
sample	75900	25244	x	x	x	x	52850	43966	x	x	x	x

Table (20): Proportion (per 1000) of non-migrants and migrants in each state/u.t. and all-India

State/U.T./all-India	proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample	
	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	600	400	205487	82153	11677	5204
Arunachal Pradesh	967	33	2237	74	2489	132
Assam	730	270	23314	6287	4410	1097
Bihar	655	345	73103	25212	8425	2403
Chhattisgarh	548	452	36485	16477	3678	1451
Delhi	573	427	121848	52028	5435	2318
Goa	623	377	8188	3087	937	378
Gujarat	635	365	181495	66158	10452	4343
Haryana	583	417	59383	24753	4286	1874
Himachal Pradesh	468	532	5468	2911	2001	1070
Jammu & Kashmir	814	186	14957	2780	4555	958
Jharkhand	747	253	40974	10347	4338	1176
Karnataka	676	324	160289	51859	9297	3366
Kerala	652	348	70324	24481	4863	1847
Madhya Pradesh	664	336	144700	48584	11688	4016
Maharashtra	579	421	386162	162400	21311	9046
Manipur	982	18	5251	92	4391	33
Meghalaya	956	44	3706	164	2075	157
Mizoram	794	206	3954	814	4786	1119
Nagaland	675	325	2242	728	2159	561
Orissa	558	442	49964	22093	5635	2333
Punjab	621	379	79080	29964	6041	2188
Rajasthan	638	362	134911	48894	8522	3253
Sikkim	373	627	570	357	670	410
Tamil Nadu	753	247	262605	64878	12021	3766
Tripura	844	156	5823	909	2584	424
Uttarakhand	514	486	21084	10254	2440	1281
Uttar Pradesh	690	310	354375	110027	18681	5871
West Bengal	647	353	184138	65012	12279	4785
A & N Islands	479	521	1131	589	901	497
Chandigarh	467	533	7599	4052	1178	580
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	421	579	287	167	742	368
Daman & Diu	677	323	455	147	653	218
Lakshadweep	697	303	278	84	842	177
Puducherry	695	305	4765	1451	1518	510
all-India	646	354	2656634	940269	197960	69210
estimate(00)	1716364	940269	x	x	x	x
sample	128750	69210	x	x	x	x

Table (20): Proportion (per 1000) of non-migrants and migrants in each state/u.t. and all-India

State/U.T./all-India	rural +urban male						rural +urban female					
	proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample		proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample	
	non- migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants	non- migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)
Andhra Pradesh	845	155	374119	58134	15849	4134	529	471	378639	178353	16270	8560
Arunachal Pradesh	983	17	5685	96	3742	138	991	9	5054	47	3395	73
Assam	955	45	133373	6044	7569	758	764	236	116593	27549	6704	1748
Bihar	969	31	391862	12133	23093	975	610	390	363155	141669	21595	8821
Chhattisgarh	888	112	118316	13305	5886	843	460	540	111599	60274	5627	3129
Delhi	580	420	72626	30498	3397	1385	579	421	58978	24834	2767	1157
Goa	763	237	6998	1660	729	211	630	370	7432	2753	791	316
Gujarat	865	135	261377	35323	11755	2533	467	533	233278	124334	10939	6214
Haryana	894	106	116754	12324	6099	903	412	588	101510	59702	5596	3521
Himachal Pradesh	819	181	30605	5554	4530	951	406	594	31646	18795	4789	2966
Jammu & Kashmir	963	37	42316	1584	5652	380	680	320	40596	13001	5497	1568
Jharkhand	961	39	126829	4986	7749	496	687	313	119381	37393	7257	2445
Karnataka	860	140	248148	34662	11212	2044	557	443	241320	106996	11085	5157
Kerala	790	210	141941	29791	6513	1959	548	452	156679	70764	7329	3430
Madhya Pradesh	939	61	317042	19248	17664	1310	469	531	287605	152655	16266	9061
Maharashtra	795	205	491427	100709	22365	5596	460	540	456708	246801	21223	11859
Manipur	993	7	10389	76	6974	58	990	10	9730	101	6933	46
Meghalaya	962	38	11794	452	4239	211	968	32	11325	362	4184	181
Mizoram	857	143	4443	635	4021	830	836	164	4343	711	3989	851
Nagaland	879	121	4962	600	4428	595	852	148	4692	693	4150	627
Orissa	917	83	180618	14947	11463	1245	481	519	183029	94902	11625	6264
Punjab	876	124	125989	15675	7468	964	431	569	112593	64051	7116	4154
Rajasthan	908	92	298375	27336	14143	1871	469	531	282470	149919	13945	7643
Sikkim	767	233	2700	629	2861	783	552	448	2481	1111	2707	1243
Tamil Nadu	879	121	301093	36347	12100	2364	662	338	313507	105939	12678	5013
Tripura	934	66	17397	1149	5880	414	831	169	17182	2911	6208	1070
Uttarakhand	785	215	44157	9492	3714	980	449	551	41900	23108	3542	2030
Uttar Pradesh	945	55	885008	48567	35999	2274	505	495	823692	407731	33884	17078
West Bengal	910	90	403860	36188	19170	2532	495	505	380830	192318	18050	9414
A & N Islands	490	510	1806	921	1124	618	448	552	1564	863	1023	580
Chandigarh	437	563	4613	2597	769	353	467	533	3961	2111	702	346
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	722	278	1218	339	898	340	422	578	843	487	605	360
Daman & Diu	581	419	876	368	743	216	512	488	572	280	611	274
Lakshadweep	648	352	311	110	598	180	772	228	307	70	656	121
Puducherry	824	176	4272	752	1061	254	617	383	4104	1572	1059	427
all-India	891	109	5183302	563229	291457	41698	528	472	4909293	2315160	280797	127747
estimate(00)	4620073	563229	x	x	x	x	2594134	2315160	x	x	x	x
sample	249759	41698	x	x	x	x	153050	127747	x	x	x	x

Table (20): Proportion (per 1000) of non-migrants and migrants in each state/u.t. and all-India

State/U.T./all-India	rural +urban male+female		proportion (per 1000) of		estimated (00)		sample	
	non-migrants	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants	persons	migrants
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Andhra Pradesh	686	314	752758	236487	32119	12694		
Arunachal Pradesh	987	13	10739	143	7137	211		
Assam	866	134	249966	33593	14273	2506		
Bihar	796	204	755017	153802	44688	9796		
Chhattisgarh	680	320	229916	73579	11513	3972		
Delhi	580	420	131603	55332	6164	2542		
Goa	694	306	14430	4413	1520	527		
Gujarat	677	323	494655	159657	22694	8747		
Haryana	670	330	218264	72026	11695	4424		
Himachal Pradesh	609	391	62251	24349	9319	3917		
Jammu & Kashmir	824	176	82912	14585	11149	1948		
Jharkhand	828	172	246211	42379	15006	2941		
Karnataka	711	289	489468	141658	22297	7201		
Kerala	663	337	298619	100555	13842	5389		
Madhya Pradesh	716	284	604647	171903	33930	10371		
Maharashtra	633	367	948135	347509	43588	17455		
Manipur	991	9	20119	177	13907	104		
Meghalaya	965	35	23118	814	8423	392		
Mizoram	847	153	8786	1347	8010	1681		
Nagaland	866	134	9654	1293	8578	1222		
Orissa	698	302	363647	109849	23088	7509		
Punjab	666	334	238582	79726	14584	5118		
Rajasthan	695	305	580845	177256	28088	9514		
Sikkim	664	336	5181	1740	5568	2026		
Tamil Nadu	768	232	614601	142285	24778	7377		
Tripura	883	117	34579	4061	12088	1484		
Uttarakhand	621	379	86058	32600	7256	3010		
Uttar Pradesh	733	267	1708700	456298	69883	19352		
West Bengal	709	291	784690	228506	37220	11946		
A & N Islands	471	529	3370	1783	2147	1198		
Chandigarh	451	549	8574	4708	1471	699		
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	599	401	2061	826	1503	700		
Daman & Diu	553	447	1449	647	1354	490		
Lakshadweep	709	291	618	180	1254	301		
Puducherry	723	277	8376	2324	2120	681		
all-India	715	285	10092595	2878389	572254	169445		
estimate(00)	7214206	2878389	x	x	x	x		
sample	402809	169445	x	x	x	x		

Table (20.1): Distribution (per 1000) of persons by migration status and period since leaving last usual place of residence for all-India

**Household social group: ST**

distribution/estimate/ sample	non- migrants	migrants								all persons (incl. n.r.)	estimated		sample		
		period (years) since leaving last usual place of residence									all	persons (00)	migrants (00)	persons (00)	migrants (00)
		0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15 and above						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
		<b>rural</b>				<b>male</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	953	6	4	6	4	3	8	5	10	47	1000	419952	19631	33114	2299
estd. no. persons (00)	400322	2708	1507	2351	1862	1189	3482	2141	4391	19631	419952	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	30815	359	200	309	188	114	375	286	468	2299	33114	x	x	x	x
		<b>rural</b>				<b>female</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	560	6	17	20	16	16	72	62	230	440	1000	397870	174878	31615	9634
estd. no. persons (00)	222992	2544	6918	7892	6308	6486	28574	24606	91550	174878	397870	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	21981	313	393	542	406	386	1514	1222	4858	9634	31615	x	x	x	x
		<b>rural</b>				<b>male + female</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	762	6	10	13	10	9	39	33	117	238	1000	817822	194509	64729	11933
estd. no. persons (00)	623314	5252	8425	10243	8169	7676	32056	26747	95941	194509	817822	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	52796	672	593	851	594	500	1889	1508	5326	11933	64729	x	x	x	x
		<b>urban</b>				<b>male</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	712	23	29	36	17	38	46	32	67	288	1000	39960	11505	8566	1701
estd. no. persons (00)	28454	902	1168	1450	692	1521	1831	1280	2662	11505	39960	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	6865	196	143	175	109	121	349	186	422	1701	8566	x	x	x	x
		<b>urban</b>				<b>female</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	570	26	23	32	28	36	75	54	157	430	1000	36697	15779	8578	2447
estd. no. persons (00)	20917	956	838	1161	1026	1307	2760	1985	5746	15779	36697	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	6131	168	150	178	182	152	461	274	882	2447	8578	x	x	x	x
		<b>urban</b>				<b>male + female</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	644	24	26	34	22	37	60	43	110	356	1000	76656	27285	17144	4148
estd. no. persons (00)	49372	1858	2006	2611	1718	2828	4591	3265	8408	27285	76656	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	12996	364	293	353	291	273	810	460	1304	4148	17144	x	x	x	x
		<b>rural+urban</b>				<b>male</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	932	8	6	8	6	6	12	7	15	68	1000	459912	31136	41680	4000
estd. no. persons (00)	428776	3610	2675	3800	2553	2710	5313	3420	7054	31136	459912	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	37680	555	343	484	297	235	724	472	890	4000	41680	x	x	x	x
		<b>rural+urban</b>				<b>female</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	561	8	18	21	17	18	72	61	224	439	1000	434566	190657	40193	12081
estd. no. persons (00)	243909	3501	7756	9053	7334	7793	31334	26591	97295	190657	434566	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	28112	481	543	720	588	538	1975	1496	5740	12081	40193	x	x	x	x
		<b>rural+urban</b>				<b>male + female</b>									
distribution (per 1000)	752	8	12	14	11	12	41	34	117	248	1000	894478	221793	81873	16081
estd. no. persons (00)	672685	7110	10431	12854	9888	10503	36647	30011	104349	221793	894478	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	65792	1036	886	1204	885	773	2699	1968	6630	16081	81873	x	x	x	x

Table (20.1): Distribution (per 1000) of persons by migration status and period since leaving last usual place of residence for all-India

**Household social group: SC**

distribution/estimate/ sample	non- migrants	migrants								all persons (incl. n.r.)	estimated		sample		
		period (years) since leaving last usual place of residence									all	persons (00)	migrants (00)	persons (00)	migrants (00)
		0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15 and above						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
						<b>rural</b>	<b>male</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	951	5	5	4	3	3	8	6	15	49	1000	804335	39071	35394	2787
estd. no. persons (00)	765264	3671	3854	3548	2569	2349	6105	5081	11895	39071	804335	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	32607	393	247	256	169	161	467	353	741	2787	35394	x	x	x	x
						<b>rural</b>	<b>female</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	518	7	16	20	16	16	72	67	268	482	1000	763987	368513	34019	16756
estd. no. persons (00)	395474	5357	12067	14949	12224	12493	55265	51383	204776	368513	763987	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	17263	441	658	804	615	599	2388	2109	9142	16756	34019	x	x	x	x
						<b>rural</b>	<b>male + female</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	740	6	10	12	9	9	39	36	138	260	1000	1568321	407584	69413	19543
estd. no. persons (00)	1160737	9028	15921	18497	14792	14842	61370	56463	216671	407584	1568321	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	49870	834	905	1060	784	760	2855	2462	9883	19543	69413	x	x	x	x
						<b>urban</b>	<b>male</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	765	13	15	22	19	19	47	28	71	235	1000	204409	47980	13149	3077
estd. no. persons (00)	156429	2658	2983	4559	3984	3838	9557	5820	14581	47980	204409	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	10072	222	194	262	217	179	593	430	980	3077	13149	x	x	x	x
						<b>urban</b>	<b>female</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	553	13	20	34	25	25	74	56	200	447	1000	192236	85856	12426	5795
estd. no. persons (00)	106380	2438	3880	6535	4800	4712	14203	10796	38492	85856	192236	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	6631	216	248	348	300	250	912	803	2718	5795	12426	x	x	x	x
						<b>urban</b>	<b>male + female</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	663	13	17	28	22	22	60	42	134	337	1000	396645	133836	25575	8872
estd. no. persons (00)	262809	5095	6864	11095	8785	8550	23759	16616	53073	133836	396645	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	16703	438	442	610	517	429	1505	1233	3698	8872	25575	x	x	x	x
						<b>rural+urban</b>	<b>male</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	914	6	7	8	6	6	16	11	26	86	1000	1008743	87050	48543	5864
estd. no. persons (00)	921693	6329	6837	8107	6553	6187	15661	10901	26476	87050	1008743	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	42679	615	441	518	386	340	1060	783	1721	5864	48543	x	x	x	x
						<b>rural+urban</b>	<b>female</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	525	8	17	22	18	18	73	65	254	475	1000	956223	454369	46445	22551
estd. no. persons (00)	501853	7795	15948	21484	17024	17205	69468	62178	243268	454369	956223	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	23894	657	906	1152	915	849	3300	2912	11860	22551	46445	x	x	x	x
						<b>rural+urban</b>	<b>male + female</b>								
distribution (per 1000)	724	7	12	15	12	12	43	37	137	276	1000	1964966	541420	94988	28415
estd. no. persons (00)	1423546	14124	22785	29591	23577	23392	85129	73079	269744	541420	1964966	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	66573	1272	1347	1670	1301	1189	4360	3695	13581	28415	94988	x	x	x	x

Table (20.1): Distribution (per 1000) of persons by migration status and period since leaving last usual place of residence for all-India

**Household social group: OBC**

distribution/estimate/ sample	non- migrants	migrants								all persons (incl. n.r.)	estimated		sample		
		period (years) since leaving last usual place of residence									all	persons (00)	migrants (00)	persons (00)	migrants (00)
		0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15 and above						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
<b>rural male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	949	4	4	7	3	3	10	7	13	51	1000	1660342	84765	75391	6278
estd. no. persons (00)	1575577	7161	7452	11059	5524	4258	16899	11342	21070	84765	1660342	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	69113	856	584	607	409	371	1231	731	1489	6278	75391	x	x	x	x
<b>rural female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	532	7	18	20	16	14	67	64	261	468	1000	1597665	747327	73515	34696
estd. no. persons (00)	850339	11445	29072	31504	26341	22836	106664	101757	417707	747327	1597665	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	38819	991	1502	1680	1304	1174	5039	4138	18868	34696	73515	x	x	x	x
<b>rural male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	745	6	11	13	10	8	38	35	135	255	1000	3258007	832091	148906	40974
estd. no. persons (00)	2425916	18606	36524	42563	31865	27094	123564	113099	438776	832091	3258007	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	107932	1847	2086	2287	1713	1545	6270	4869	20357	40974	148906	x	x	x	x
<b>urban male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	770	17	18	22	16	14	46	33	63	230	1000	517890	119269	34878	7919
estd. no. persons (00)	398620	8868	9163	11425	8520	7342	24044	17024	32884	119269	517890	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	26959	832	603	712	566	481	1509	1038	2178	7919	34878	x	x	x	x
<b>urban female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	563	15	21	27	21	20	78	60	195	437	1000	486400	212789	33601	15132
estd. no. persons (00)	273611	7433	10433	13324	10396	9727	37699	29132	94645	212789	486400	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	18469	703	728	942	694	674	2554	1879	6958	15132	33601	x	x	x	x
<b>urban male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	669	16	20	25	19	17	61	46	127	331	1000	1004290	332058	68479	23051
estd. no. persons (00)	672231	16301	19596	24749	18916	17069	61743	46156	127529	332058	1004290	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	45428	1535	1331	1654	1260	1155	4063	2917	9136	23051	68479	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	906	7	8	10	6	5	19	13	25	94	1000	2178232	204034	110269	14197
estd. no. persons (00)	1974197	16028	16615	22484	14044	11599	40944	28366	53953	204034	2178232	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	96072	1688	1187	1319	975	852	2740	1769	3667	14197	110269	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	539	9	19	22	18	16	69	63	246	461	1000	2084065	960116	107116	49828
estd. no. persons (00)	1123950	18879	39505	44828	36737	32564	144363	130888	512352	960116	2084065	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	57288	1694	2230	2622	1998	1848	7593	6017	25826	49828	107116	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	727	8	13	16	12	10	43	37	133	273	1000	4262297	1164150	217385	64025
estd. no. persons (00)	3098147	34907	56120	67312	50781	44163	185307	159254	566305	1164150	4262297	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	153360	3382	3417	3941	2973	2700	10333	7786	29493	64025	217385	x	x	x	x



Table (20.1): Distribution (per 1000) of persons by migration status and period since leaving last usual place of residence for all-India

<b>Household social group: others</b>															
distribution/estimate/ sample	non- migrants	migrants								all persons (incl. n.r.)	estimated		sample		
		period (years) since leaving last usual place of residence									all	persons (00)	migrants (00)	persons (00)	migrants (00)
		0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15 and above						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
<b>rural male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	932	5	5	6	6	4	13	8	21	68	1000	920377	62719	46393	5090
estd. no. persons (00)	857658	4419	5005	5285	5493	4057	11846	7325	19289	62719	920377	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	41303	600	418	482	354	323	936	591	1386	5090	46393	x	x	x	x
<b>rural female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	494	7	16	21	17	15	73	64	293	506	1000	871139	441186	44812	22694
estd. no. persons (00)	429954	6410	14202	18301	14573	13378	63420	55546	255355	441186	871139	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	22118	572	846	1075	825	782	3268	2615	12711	22694	44812	x	x	x	x
<b>rural male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	719	6	11	13	11	10	42	35	153	281	1000	1791517	503905	91205	27784
estd. no. persons (00)	1287612	10829	19207	23586	20066	17435	75266	62871	274645	503905	1791517	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	63421	1172	1264	1557	1179	1105	4204	3206	14097	27784	91205	x	x	x	x
<b>urban male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	710	15	19	25	21	15	59	36	100	290	1000	615791	178290	44537	12547
estd. no. persons (00)	437501	9169	11663	15297	13230	8995	36193	22391	61352	178290	615791	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	31990	932	873	1129	886	629	2362	1527	4209	12547	44537	x	x	x	x
<b>urban female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	523	15	18	27	25	21	84	63	224	477	1000	563093	268749	42198	20587
estd. no. persons (00)	294344	8536	9975	15387	14357	11923	47151	35384	126036	268749	563093	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	21611	777	901	1219	992	878	3422	2470	9928	20587	42198	x	x	x	x
<b>urban male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	621	15	18	26	23	18	71	49	159	379	1000	1178884	447039	86735	33134
estd. no. persons (00)	731845	17705	21638	30684	27587	20917	83344	57774	187388	447039	1178884	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	53601	1709	1774	2348	1878	1507	5784	3997	14137	33134	86735	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	843	9	11	13	12	8	31	19	52	157	1000	1536168	241009	90930	17637
estd. no. persons (00)	1295159	13589	16668	20583	18723	13051	48039	29716	80641	241009	1536168	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	73293	1532	1291	1611	1240	952	3298	2118	5595	17637	90930	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	505	10	17	23	20	18	77	63	266	495	1000	1434232	709935	87010	43281
estd. no. persons (00)	724298	14946	24177	33688	28930	25301	110571	90929	381392	709935	1434232	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	43729	1349	1747	2294	1817	1660	6690	5085	22639	43281	87010	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	680	10	14	18	16	13	53	41	156	320	1000	2970401	950944	177940	60918
estd. no. persons (00)	2019457	28535	40845	54271	47653	38352	158610	120645	462033	950944	2970401	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	117022	2881	3038	3905	3057	2612	9988	7203	28234	60918	177940	x	x	x	x

Table (20.1): Distribution (per 1000) of persons by migration status and period since leaving last usual place of residence for all-India

**Household social group: all (incl. n.r.)**

distribution/estimate/ sample	non- migrants	migrants								all persons (incl. n.r.)	estimated		sample		
		period (years) since leaving last usual place of residence									all	persons (00)	migrants (00)	persons (00)	migrants (00)
		0	1	2	3	4	5-9	10-14	15 and above						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)
<b>rural male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	946	5	5	6	4	3	10	7	15	54	1000	3805164	206186	190313	16454
estd. no. persons (00)	3598978	17959	17817	22243	15447	11853	38332	25889	56645	206186	3805164	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	173859	2208	1449	1654	1120	969	3009	1961	4084	16454	190313	x	x	x	x
<b>rural female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	523	7	17	20	16	15	70	64	267	477	1000	3630798	1731934	183981	83781
estd. no. persons (00)	1898864	25757	62260	72646	59446	55193	253954	233291	969388	1731934	3630798	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	100200	2317	3399	4101	3150	2941	12210	10084	45579	83781	183981	x	x	x	x
<b>rural male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	739	6	11	13	10	9	39	35	138	261	1000	7435962	1938120	374294	100235
estd. no. persons (00)	5497842	43716	80077	94889	74893	67046	292287	259180	1026033	1938120	7435962	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	274059	4525	4848	5755	4270	3910	15219	12045	49663	100235	374294	x	x	x	x
<b>urban male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	741	16	18	24	19	16	52	34	81	259	1000	1378138	357044	101144	25244
estd. no. persons (00)	1021094	21596	24978	32731	26426	21695	71625	46514	111478	357044	1378138	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	75900	2182	1813	2278	1778	1410	4813	3181	7789	25244	101144	x	x	x	x
<b>urban female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	544	15	20	28	24	22	80	60	207	456	1000	1278495	583225	96816	43966
estd. no. persons (00)	695270	19363	25126	36408	30580	27669	101812	77321	264945	583225	1278495	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	52850	1864	2027	2687	2168	1954	7350	5427	20489	43966	96816	x	x	x	x
<b>urban male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	646	15	19	26	21	19	65	47	142	354	1000	2656634	940269	197960	69210
estd. no. persons (00)	1716364	40960	50104	69139	57006	49364	173438	123836	376424	940269	2656634	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	128750	4046	3840	4965	3946	3364	12163	8608	28278	69210	197960	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban male</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	891	8	8	11	8	6	21	14	32	109	1000	5183302	563229	291457	41698
estd. no. persons (00)	4620073	39556	42795	54974	41873	33548	109958	72403	168124	563229	5183302	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	249759	4390	3262	3932	2898	2379	7822	5142	11873	41698	291457	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	528	9	18	22	18	17	72	63	251	472	1000	4909293	2315160	280797	127747
estd. no. persons (00)	2594134	45120	87386	109053	90026	82862	355767	310612	1234333	2315160	4909293	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	153050	4181	5426	6788	5318	4895	19560	15511	66068	127747	280797	x	x	x	x
<b>rural+urban male + female</b>															
distribution (per 1000)	715	8	13	16	13	12	46	38	139	285	1000	10092595	2878389	572254	169445
estd. no. persons (00)	7214206	84676	130181	164028	131899	116410	465724	383015	1402457	2878389	10092595	x	x	x	x
sample no. of persons	402809	8571	8688	10720	8216	7274	27382	20653	77941	169445	572254	x	x	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	rural male		general educational level				all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	286	151	355	144	12	52	1000	23769	1935
Arunachal Pradesh	43	88	480	188	0	139	1000	50	59
Assam	168	274	426	108	0	24	1000	3182	314
Bihar	483	109	244	125	2	37	1000	4120	370
Chhattisgarh	322	211	305	137	14	12	1000	6907	400
Delhi	212	58	285	395	0	49	1000	1498	112
Goa	98	85	446	200	126	45	1000	357	49
Gujarat	196	221	294	144	65	80	1000	8709	833
Haryana	250	111	326	255	20	37	1000	3453	311
Himachal Pradesh	163	149	270	278	25	115	1000	4243	538
Jammu & Kashmir	218	48	464	220	2	48	1000	836	121
Jharkhand	249	133	289	269	6	53	1000	1031	93
Karnataka	159	99	330	356	24	31	1000	13454	684
Kerala	83	137	474	196	40	70	1000	21233	1245
Madhya Pradesh	233	210	312	130	12	103	1000	7311	432
Maharashtra	180	109	298	256	45	111	1000	28317	1779
Manipur	68	0	354	429	7	141	1000	49	39
Meghalaya	165	155	461	126	14	79	1000	374	138
Mizoram	31	200	568	135	12	47	1000	264	299
Nagaland	73	93	258	259	68	249	1000	237	326
Orissa	200	227	386	122	14	51	1000	6654	518
Punjab	258	120	200	344	23	55	1000	6104	395
Rajasthan	338	227	257	101	3	71	1000	10479	819
Sikkim	89	231	415	171	1	93	1000	467	566
Tamil Nadu	177	251	301	164	53	53	1000	13653	923
Tripura	316	261	306	76	0	40	1000	818	279
Uttarakhand	208	73	339	217	12	151	1000	4926	404
Uttar Pradesh	405	97	297	135	7	60	1000	17871	858
West Bengal	286	203	375	96	4	37	1000	13972	796
A & N Islands	208	174	408	158	25	27	1000	603	353
Chandigarh	228	139	374	259	0	0	1000	373	62
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	60	33	568	230	38	49	1000	248	156
Daman & Diu	16	128	315	397	19	125	1000	305	124
Lakshadweep	111	226	281	253	88	42	1000	55	71
Puducherry	89	148	472	108	135	48	1000	265	53
all-India	233	156	333	187	24	66	1000	206186	16454
estd. no. of migrants (00)	48083	32169	68666	38580	5010	13595	206186	x	x
sample no. of migrants	3880	2468	5578	2832	438	1245	16454	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	633	98	188	66	3	11	1000	130565	5555
Arunachal Pradesh	452	0	197	293	39	19	1000	19	20
Assam	297	161	414	112	1	15	1000	24124	1095
Bihar	738	89	116	52	1	5	1000	124469	7023
Chhattisgarh	581	161	216	33	0	3	1000	50194	2121
Delhi	326	107	331	209	7	21	1000	1806	112
Goa	326	146	360	156	7	5	1000	969	100
Gujarat	602	99	229	56	3	11	1000	84791	3571
Haryana	571	59	235	116	5	14	1000	43820	2239
Himachal Pradesh	394	73	282	201	8	42	1000	17195	2309
Jammu & Kashmir	548	66	219	150	5	12	1000	10969	869
Jharkhand	691	116	150	42	0	1	1000	31001	1672
Karnataka	554	75	289	69	1	12	1000	76345	3151
Kerala	95	110	476	206	42	72	1000	54841	2297
Madhya Pradesh	630	131	204	28	2	4	1000	116008	5923
Maharashtra	451	91	322	116	5	16	1000	156792	6630
Manipur	0	496	162	324	0	17	1000	35	32
Meghalaya	74	260	499	67	6	94	1000	276	97
Mizoram	43	287	531	119	15	5	1000	269	263
Nagaland	196	226	341	163	22	51	1000	329	335
Orissa	583	152	205	48	0	12	1000	81103	4658
Punjab	502	61	253	157	4	24	1000	43658	2535
Rajasthan	814	43	111	26	0	6	1000	117883	5442
Sikkim	246	237	365	116	3	33	1000	916	1050
Tamil Nadu	425	153	297	105	8	11	1000	63754	2688
Tripura	391	218	334	44	0	13	1000	2334	781
Uttarakhand	531	73	231	126	2	37	1000	17420	1325
Uttar Pradesh	734	42	156	56	0	12	1000	328399	12623
West Bengal	454	167	315	54	0	9	1000	149521	6365
A & N Islands	319	75	356	161	36	52	1000	592	348
Chandigarh	534	176	213	77	0	0	1000	282	57
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	602	44	290	53	1	5	1000	412	176
Daman & Diu	182	155	339	211	1	112	1000	195	148
Lakshadweep	87	180	401	247	85	0	1000	40	53
Puducherry	346	114	463	75	0	1	1000	608	118
all-India	592	95	225	71	3	13	1000	1731934	83781
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1025566	165059	389129	123645	5598	22526	1731934	x	x
sample no. of migrants	47434	8589	19160	6808	360	1414	83781	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	580	106	214	78	4	18	1000	154334	7490
Arunachal Pradesh	154	64	403	216	11	106	1000	69	79
Assam	282	174	416	111	1	16	1000	27306	1409
Bihar	729	90	120	54	1	6	1000	128589	7393
Chhattisgarh	550	167	227	45	2	4	1000	57101	2521
Delhi	274	85	310	293	4	34	1000	3304	224
Goa	264	130	383	168	39	16	1000	1326	149
Gujarat	564	110	235	64	9	17	1000	93500	4404
Haryana	547	63	242	126	6	16	1000	47272	2550
Himachal Pradesh	348	88	279	216	12	57	1000	21438	2847
Jammu & Kashmir	524	65	237	155	4	15	1000	11805	990
Jharkhand	677	116	155	49	0	3	1000	32033	1765
Karnataka	495	78	295	112	4	15	1000	89799	3835
Kerala	92	117	475	203	41	71	1000	76074	3542
Madhya Pradesh	606	136	211	34	3	10	1000	123319	6355
Maharashtra	409	94	318	137	11	31	1000	185109	8409
Manipur	40	206	275	385	4	90	1000	84	71
Meghalaya	126	199	477	101	11	85	1000	650	235
Mizoram	37	244	549	127	14	26	1000	533	562
Nagaland	144	170	306	204	41	134	1000	566	661
Orissa	554	158	219	53	1	15	1000	87757	5176
Punjab	472	68	246	180	6	28	1000	49762	2930
Rajasthan	776	58	123	32	0	11	1000	128362	6261
Sikkim	193	235	382	135	2	53	1000	1382	1616
Tamil Nadu	381	170	298	116	16	19	1000	77407	3611
Tripura	372	229	327	52	0	20	1000	3151	1060
Uttarakhand	459	73	255	146	4	62	1000	22345	1729
Uttar Pradesh	717	45	163	60	1	15	1000	346271	13481
West Bengal	439	170	321	57	1	12	1000	163494	7161
A & N Islands	263	125	382	159	31	40	1000	1195	701
Chandigarh	359	155	305	181	0	0	1000	656	119
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	399	40	394	120	15	22	1000	660	332
Daman & Diu	81	139	324	325	12	120	1000	500	272
Lakshadweep	101	207	331	250	86	24	1000	95	124
Puducherry	268	124	466	85	41	15	1000	873	171
all-India	554	102	236	84	5	19	1000	1938120	100235
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1073649	197228	457796	162225	10608	36121	1938120	x	x
sample no. of migrants	51314	11057	24738	9640	798	2659	100235	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	179	89	245	227	53	205	1000	34366	2199
Arunachal Pradesh	171	29	218	256	6	320	1000	46	79
Assam	84	92	358	315	4	146	1000	2862	444
Bihar	95	132	201	291	8	272	1000	8012	605
Chhattisgarh	129	117	317	287	38	112	1000	6398	443
Delhi	104	71	322	308	14	181	1000	29000	1273
Goa	130	202	206	115	78	269	1000	1302	162
Gujarat	85	99	411	256	27	122	1000	26615	1700
Haryana	116	82	313	293	32	163	1000	8871	592
Himachal Pradesh	90	117	188	375	33	197	1000	1311	413
Jammu & Kashmir	192	144	210	258	3	193	1000	747	259
Jharkhand	97	125	199	321	28	230	1000	3955	403
Karnataka	112	70	261	269	74	214	1000	21208	1360
Kerala	42	95	407	204	47	205	1000	8559	714
Madhya Pradesh	122	131	231	286	19	210	1000	11937	878
Maharashtra	88	76	295	300	57	184	1000	72392	3817
Manipur	161	209	373	254	0	4	1000	27	19
Meghalaya	121	120	376	163	63	157	1000	77	73
Mizoram	36	109	440	215	36	154	1000	372	531
Nagaland	93	105	321	225	24	232	1000	363	269
Orissa	94	123	226	226	69	262	1000	8293	727
Punjab	211	179	246	213	12	136	1000	9571	569
Rajasthan	136	101	312	273	18	160	1000	16858	1052
Sikkim	86	286	321	145	3	159	1000	162	217
Tamil Nadu	66	117	331	264	46	176	1000	22694	1441
Tripura	157	52	255	281	1	253	1000	332	135
Uttarakhand	199	189	237	178	34	163	1000	4567	576
Uttar Pradesh	160	113	205	261	28	232	1000	30696	1416
West Bengal	138	138	318	182	21	202	1000	22216	1736
A & N Islands	107	87	374	262	26	144	1000	318	265
Chandigarh	191	50	124	348	35	253	1000	2223	291
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	53	91	460	213	57	117	1000	91	184
Daman & Diu	6	119	313	385	0	176	1000	63	92
Lakshadweep	52	45	333	258	194	118	1000	54	109
Puducherry	51	147	427	216	20	140	1000	487	201
all-India	117	100	289	265	39	189	1000	357044	25244
estd. no. of migrants (00)	41777	35846	103313	94572	13758	67608	357044	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2833	2697	7376	6523	895	4903	25244	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	371	81	256	207	9	74	1000	47787	3005
Arunachal Pradesh	313	23	243	318	0	103	1000	28	53
Assam	155	148	335	276	1	85	1000	3425	653
Bihar	368	139	227	179	4	81	1000	17200	1798
Chhattisgarh	347	118	306	172	2	53	1000	10079	1008
Delhi	342	44	277	209	7	122	1000	23028	1045
Goa	184	115	159	309	13	221	1000	1784	216
Gujarat	263	107	320	202	10	98	1000	39543	2643
Haryana	339	75	230	208	11	136	1000	15882	1282
Himachal Pradesh	171	107	233	332	11	146	1000	1600	657
Jammu & Kashmir	283	64	233	265	1	154	1000	2033	699
Jharkhand	282	94	260	249	1	113	1000	6391	773
Karnataka	239	68	302	273	19	99	1000	30651	2006
Kerala	55	68	418	243	76	140	1000	15922	1133
Madhya Pradesh	324	132	258	173	1	106	1000	36647	3138
Maharashtra	229	78	319	254	13	108	1000	90009	5229
Manipur	60	127	152	655	0	5	1000	66	14
Meghalaya	127	117	453	155	55	72	1000	86	84
Mizoram	25	135	508	257	13	50	1000	443	588
Nagaland	85	147	389	250	10	119	1000	365	292
Orissa	266	109	279	197	9	140	1000	13799	1606
Punjab	274	48	221	283	12	162	1000	20393	1619
Rajasthan	446	94	243	127	7	84	1000	32036	2201
Sikkim	182	134	276	376	0	32	1000	195	193
Tamil Nadu	192	114	336	226	24	107	1000	42184	2325
Tripura	251	106	380	174	11	78	1000	578	289
Uttarakhand	350	115	188	211	0	136	1000	5688	705
Uttar Pradesh	424	63	202	171	14	126	1000	79331	4455
West Bengal	240	116	329	197	3	116	1000	42796	3049
A & N Islands	197	102	283	264	33	120	1000	270	232
Chandigarh	373	34	101	203	14	274	1000	1829	289
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	219	81	372	235	12	77	1000	76	184
Daman & Diu	29	75	275	500	0	120	1000	85	126
Lakshadweep	106	36	540	190	39	89	1000	30	68
Puducherry	129	144	339	280	30	77	1000	964	309
all-India	298	89	279	211	12	110	1000	583225	43966
estd. no. of migrants (00)	174068	51930	162714	122928	7193	63986	583225	x	x
sample no. of migrants	12399	4179	12106	9597	481	5178	43966	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	291	84	252	215	27	129	1000	82153	5204
Arunachal Pradesh	225	27	228	280	4	237	1000	74	132
Assam	123	123	345	294	2	113	1000	6287	1097
Bihar	282	137	218	214	5	142	1000	25212	2403
Chhattisgarh	263	117	311	217	16	76	1000	16477	1451
Delhi	210	59	302	264	11	154	1000	52028	2318
Goa	161	152	179	227	40	241	1000	3087	378
Gujarat	192	104	356	224	17	108	1000	66158	4343
Haryana	259	77	260	239	19	146	1000	24753	1874
Himachal Pradesh	134	111	213	351	21	169	1000	2911	1070
Jammu & Kashmir	258	86	227	263	1	165	1000	2780	958
Jharkhand	211	106	237	277	11	158	1000	10347	1176
Karnataka	187	69	285	272	41	146	1000	51859	3366
Kerala	50	78	414	229	66	163	1000	24481	1847
Madhya Pradesh	274	132	251	201	6	131	1000	48584	4016
Maharashtra	166	77	308	275	32	142	1000	162400	9046
Manipur	89	151	216	540	0	4	1000	92	33
Meghalaya	124	118	417	159	59	112	1000	164	157
Mizoram	30	123	477	238	24	97	1000	814	1119
Nagaland	89	126	355	238	17	175	1000	728	561
Orissa	202	114	259	208	31	185	1000	22093	2333
Punjab	254	90	229	261	12	154	1000	29964	2188
Rajasthan	339	97	267	177	11	110	1000	48894	3253
Sikkim	138	203	296	271	2	89	1000	357	410
Tamil Nadu	148	115	334	239	32	131	1000	64878	3766
Tripura	217	86	335	213	7	142	1000	909	424
Uttarakhand	282	148	209	196	15	148	1000	10254	1281
Uttar Pradesh	350	77	203	196	18	156	1000	110027	5871
West Bengal	205	124	325	192	9	146	1000	65012	4785
A & N Islands	149	94	332	263	29	133	1000	589	497
Chandigarh	273	43	114	283	25	263	1000	4052	580
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	128	87	420	223	36	99	1000	167	368
Daman & Diu	19	94	291	451	0	144	1000	147	218
Lakshadweep	71	42	407	234	139	108	1000	84	177
Puducherry	103	145	368	259	27	98	1000	1451	510
all-India	230	93	283	231	22	140	1000	940269	69210
estd. no. of migrants (00)	215844	87776	266027	217500	20951	131594	940269	x	x
sample no. of migrants	15232	6876	19482	16120	1376	10081	69210	x	x



Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	223	114	290	193	36	143	1000	58134	4134
Arunachal Pradesh	104	60	355	220	3	225	1000	96	138
Assam	128	188	394	206	2	82	1000	6044	758
Bihar	227	124	216	235	6	192	1000	12133	975
Chhattisgarh	229	166	311	209	25	60	1000	13305	843
Delhi	110	70	320	312	13	174	1000	30498	1385
Goa	123	177	258	134	89	220	1000	1660	211
Gujarat	112	129	382	228	37	112	1000	35323	2533
Haryana	154	90	317	282	29	127	1000	12324	903
Himachal Pradesh	146	142	251	301	27	134	1000	5554	951
Jammu & Kashmir	206	94	344	238	2	117	1000	1584	380
Jharkhand	129	127	217	310	24	193	1000	4986	496
Karnataka	130	81	288	303	55	143	1000	34662	2044
Kerala	71	125	455	198	42	109	1000	29791	1959
Madhya Pradesh	164	161	262	227	16	169	1000	19248	1310
Maharashtra	114	86	295	288	53	164	1000	100709	5596
Manipur	101	73	361	368	5	93	1000	76	58
Meghalaya	157	149	447	133	22	92	1000	452	211
Mizoram	34	147	493	182	26	110	1000	635	830
Nagaland	85	100	296	239	42	239	1000	600	595
Orissa	142	169	297	180	44	168	1000	14947	1245
Punjab	230	156	228	264	16	104	1000	15675	964
Rajasthan	213	150	291	207	12	126	1000	27336	1871
Sikkim	88	245	391	164	2	110	1000	629	783
Tamil Nadu	108	167	320	226	49	130	1000	36347	2364
Tripura	270	201	292	135	0	102	1000	1149	414
Uttarakhand	203	129	290	198	22	157	1000	9492	980
Uttar Pradesh	250	107	239	214	20	169	1000	48567	2274
West Bengal	195	163	340	149	14	138	1000	36188	2532
A & N Islands	173	144	396	194	25	68	1000	921	618
Chandigarh	196	62	160	335	30	217	1000	2597	353
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	58	49	539	225	43	68	1000	339	340
Daman & Diu	14	127	314	395	15	134	1000	368	216
Lakshadweep	82	137	307	255	140	80	1000	110	180
Puducherry	64	147	443	178	60	107	1000	752	254
all-India	160	121	305	236	33	144	1000	563229	41698
estd. no. of migrants (00)	89859	68015	171979	133152	18768	81203	563229	x	x
sample no. of migrants	6713	5165	12954	9355	1333	6148	41698	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	563	94	207	104	5	28	1000	178353	8560
Arunachal Pradesh	369	14	225	308	16	69	1000	47	73
Assam	280	160	404	132	1	24	1000	27549	1748
Bihar	693	95	130	67	1	14	1000	141669	8821
Chhattisgarh	542	154	231	56	0	12	1000	60274	3129
Delhi	341	48	281	209	7	114	1000	24834	1157
Goa	234	126	230	255	11	145	1000	2753	316
Gujarat	494	102	258	103	5	38	1000	124334	6214
Haryana	509	63	234	141	6	47	1000	59702	3521
Himachal Pradesh	375	76	278	212	9	51	1000	18795	2966
Jammu & Kashmir	506	66	221	168	4	34	1000	13001	1568
Jharkhand	621	112	169	77	0	20	1000	37393	2445
Karnataka	464	73	293	128	6	37	1000	106996	5157
Kerala	86	101	463	214	50	87	1000	70764	3430
Madhya Pradesh	556	131	217	63	2	28	1000	152655	9061
Maharashtra	370	86	321	166	8	50	1000	246801	11859
Manipur	39	255	156	541	0	9	1000	101	46
Meghalaya	87	225	488	88	18	89	1000	362	181
Mizoram	32	192	516	205	14	33	1000	711	851
Nagaland	137	185	366	209	15	87	1000	693	627
Orissa	537	146	216	70	1	30	1000	94902	6264
Punjab	429	57	243	197	6	68	1000	64051	4154
Rajasthan	736	54	139	47	2	22	1000	149919	7643
Sikkim	235	219	349	162	2	33	1000	1111	1243
Tamil Nadu	332	137	312	153	14	49	1000	105939	5013
Tripura	364	195	343	70	2	26	1000	2911	1070
Uttarakhand	486	83	220	147	2	61	1000	23108	2030
Uttar Pradesh	673	46	165	78	3	35	1000	407731	17078
West Bengal	406	156	318	86	1	33	1000	192318	9414
A & N Islands	281	84	333	193	35	73	1000	863	580
Chandigarh	394	53	116	187	12	237	1000	2111	346
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	543	50	303	82	2	17	1000	487	360
Daman & Diu	136	131	320	299	1	114	1000	280	274
Lakshadweep	95	118	461	223	65	38	1000	70	121
Puducherry	213	132	387	201	19	48	1000	1572	427
all-India	518	94	238	107	6	37	1000	2315160	127747
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1199634	216989	551843	246573	12791	86512	2315160	x	x
sample no. of migrants	59833	12768	31266	16405	841	6592	127747	x	x

Table (21): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by general educational level for each state/u.t. and all-India

state/ u.t./all-India	general educational level						all (incl. n.r.)	estimated migrants (00)	sample migrants
	not literate	literate but below primary	primary or middle	secondary and higher secondary	diploma/ certificate	graduate and above			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	479	99	227	126	12	56	1000	236487	12694
Arunachal Pradesh	191	45	312	249	7	174	1000	143	211
Assam	252	165	402	146	1	34	1000	33593	2506
Bihar	656	98	136	80	1	28	1000	153802	9796
Chhattisgarh	486	156	246	84	5	20	1000	73579	3972
Delhi	213	60	303	266	10	147	1000	55332	2542
Goa	192	145	240	209	40	173	1000	4413	527
Gujarat	410	108	285	130	12	55	1000	159657	8747
Haryana	448	68	248	165	10	61	1000	72026	4424
Himachal Pradesh	323	91	272	232	13	70	1000	24349	3917
Jammu & Kashmir	474	69	235	176	4	43	1000	14585	1948
Jharkhand	563	114	175	105	3	41	1000	42379	2941
Karnataka	382	75	292	171	18	63	1000	141658	7201
Kerala	82	108	460	209	47	94	1000	100555	5389
Madhya Pradesh	512	135	222	81	4	44	1000	171903	10371
Maharashtra	295	86	313	201	21	83	1000	347509	17455
Manipur	66	177	244	466	2	45	1000	177	104
Meghalaya	126	183	465	113	20	91	1000	814	392
Mizoram	33	171	505	194	20	69	1000	1347	1681
Nagaland	113	145	333	223	28	157	1000	1293	1222
Orissa	483	149	227	84	7	49	1000	109849	7509
Punjab	390	76	240	210	8	75	1000	79726	5118
Rajasthan	655	69	162	72	3	38	1000	177256	9514
Sikkim	182	228	364	163	2	61	1000	1740	2026
Tamil Nadu	275	145	314	172	23	70	1000	142285	7377
Tripura	337	197	329	88	2	47	1000	4061	1484
Uttarakhand	404	96	241	162	8	89	1000	32600	3010
Uttar Pradesh	628	53	173	93	5	49	1000	456298	19352
West Bengal	373	157	322	96	3	50	1000	228506	11946
A & N Islands	225	115	366	194	30	70	1000	1783	1198
Chandigarh	285	58	140	269	22	226	1000	4708	699
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	344	49	400	141	19	38	1000	826	700
Daman & Diu	67	129	317	354	9	125	1000	647	490
Lakshadweep	87	130	367	243	111	63	1000	180	301
Puducherry	165	137	405	194	32	67	1000	2324	681
all-India	448	99	251	132	11	58	1000	2878389	169445
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1289493	285004	723822	379725	31559	167715	2878389	x	x
sample no. of migrants	66546	17933	44220	25760	2174	12740	169445	x	x

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	28	70	31	50	42	49	119	0	33	651	162
02	74	118	206	39	222	120	277	17	106	2074	340
03	2	5	0	0	15	0	0	0	2	44	12
04	39	62	75	211	30	106	17	0	56	1105	236
05	29	83	27	149	82	25	0	68	39	774	235
06	4	1	1	6	21	0	0	0	4	79	35
07	335	50	160	25	0	28	121	133	251	4931	180
08	14	0	14	6	0	0	0	0	12	237	12
10	7	3	40	5	125	0	11	0	18	354	73
11	15	1	1	9	247	0	0	0	23	453	13
12	14	121	4	62	0	134	0	0	22	427	48
13	29	11	5	15	20	5	0	0	22	432	42
14	5	0	12	26	0	2	0	0	7	133	17
15	1	2	17	1	0	148	0	0	8	164	16
16	120	76	83	41	18	9	0	0	99	1935	157
17	158	229	195	154	119	217	319	655	168	3292	546
19	125	168	98	138	60	156	63	0	120	2360	140
n.r.	1	1	29	64	0	0	73	127	9	186	35
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	19631	2299
per 1000 distribution of migrants	657	34	168	52	51	33	5	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	12889	659	3299	1021	994	654	106	9	19631	x	x
sample no. of migrants	1113	226	355	278	191	92	39	5	2299	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	11	1	48	3	6	0	0	2	321	62
02	0	12	11	12	12	26	96	2	3	484	98
03	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	8	4
04	2	6	2	14	1	11	0	0	2	303	64
05	1	5	1	5	3	0	0	0	1	143	57
06	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	63	15
07	19	1	7	13	0	0	12	0	16	2869	90
08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	114	6
10	2	1	3	0	18	0	5	0	3	511	64
11	1	0	0	0	25	0	0	0	1	195	5
12	2	4	0	2	0	67	0	0	2	293	32
13	3	3	0	5	1	5	0	0	3	504	36
14	0	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	1	174	10
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
16	923	772	898	600	881	356	639	985	912	159442	7961
17	26	133	47	266	46	523	189	0	35	6065	884
19	14	45	21	25	8	7	0	0	15	2640	184
n.r.	4	6	5	3	1	0	58	13	4	749	62
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	174878	9634
per 1000 distribution of migrants	791	15	155	7	28	3	1	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	138393	2570	27098	1287	4846	467	134	85	174878	x	x
sample no. of migrants	7077	299	1579	211	380	48	32	8	9634	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	4	23	4	48	9	31	53	0	5	972	224
02	7	34	32	24	48	81	176	3	13	2558	438
03	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	52	16
04	5	17	10	101	6	66	7	0	7	1408	300
05	3	21	4	69	16	15	0	6	5	917	292
06	1	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	1	142	50
07	46	11	24	18	0	17	60	12	40	7801	270
08	2	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	2	351	18
10	3	1	7	2	37	0	8	0	4	865	137
11	2	0	0	4	63	0	0	0	3	648	18
12	3	28	1	29	0	106	0	0	4	720	80
13	6	5	1	10	4	5	0	0	5	936	78
14	1	0	5	14	0	1	0	0	2	307	27
15	0	0	2	0	0	87	0	0	1	164	16
16	855	630	810	353	734	154	356	894	830	161377	8118
17	37	153	63	216	58	344	247	61	48	9357	1430
19	23	71	30	75	17	94	28	0	26	4999	324
n.r.	4	5	8	30	0	0	65	24	5	935	97
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	194509	11933
per 1000 distribution of migrants	778	17	156	12	30	6	1	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	151282	3229	30397	2308	5840	1120	239	94	194509	x	x
sample no. of migrants	8190	525	1934	489	571	140	71	13	11933	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2,rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: ST										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	87	3	114	57	174	20	255	0	91	1044	135	
02	163	41	160	50	476	28	205	191	169	1947	204	
03	28	3	11	1	22	0	0	0	14	167	26	
04	157	46	253	136	96	331	0	0	173	1995	220	
05	51	322	26	237	1	55	47	18	89	1019	301	
06	18	7	0	4	0	2	85	16	7	79	19	
07	253	3	211	124	86	226	0	0	177	2035	131	
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
10	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	13	17	
11	0	61	0	0	0	23	0	0	5	60	3	
12	43	0	9	22	0	0	0	0	19	216	25	
13	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	8	7	
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	
15	0	0	1	1	0	7	0	0	1	9	8	
16	11	41	6	1	0	53	0	0	11	130	22	
17	159	455	190	363	132	229	396	502	224	2579	487	
19	19	9	5	3	0	20	6	0	9	107	60	
n.r.	9	5	12	2	10	6	6	273	8	96	34	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	11505	1701	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	289	58	243	187	145	75	2	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	3328	672	2793	2154	1667	858	18	16	11505	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	541	138	383	391	112	111	12	13	1701	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	3	6	20	12	89	5	165	0	15	233	60
02	3	4	67	4	2	29	26	0	18	276	64
03	6	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	45	16
04	10	2	26	8	12	0	0	0	12	184	77
05	4	6	6	56	22	0	0	0	14	227	57
06	1	1	0	0	0	0	165	0	1	10	8
07	121	9	75	14	36	28	0	0	70	1110	119
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
10	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	9	13
11	0	37	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	61	3
12	10	0	8	7	0	0	0	0	7	107	19
13	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	0	1	17	7
14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	5
15	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	1	11	3
16	591	690	445	313	501	339	219	350	504	7948	998
17	230	232	316	566	318	577	424	650	331	5220	892
19	18	4	22	12	19	5	0	0	16	249	78
n.r.	2	7	7	6	0	4	0	0	4	65	28
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	15779	2447
per 1000 distribution of migrants	395	105	200	166	73	60	1	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	6234	1651	3164	2613	1149	950	9	9	15779	x	x
sample no. of migrants	1013	268	507	423	106	114	8	8	2447	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,



Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: ST									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	32	5	64	32	139	12	224	0	47	1277	195
02	58	14	111	25	283	28	144	120	81	2224	268
03	14	2	6	1	13	0	0	0	8	211	42
04	61	14	132	66	62	157	0	0	80	2180	297
05	20	98	15	137	10	26	31	11	46	1246	358
06	7	3	0	2	0	1	112	10	3	89	27
07	167	7	139	64	65	122	0	0	115	3145	250
08	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
10	1	1	1	0	2	0	0	0	1	22	30
11	0	44	0	0	0	11	0	0	4	122	6
12	21	0	9	14	0	0	0	0	12	323	44
13	0	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	25	14
14	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6
15	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	1	20	11
16	389	502	239	172	204	204	75	131	296	8078	1020
17	205	296	257	474	208	412	406	558	286	7799	1379
19	18	5	14	8	8	12	4	0	13	356	138
n.r.	4	6	10	4	6	5	4	171	6	161	62
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	27285	4148
per 1000 distribution of migrants	350	85	218	175	103	66	1	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	9562	2323	5956	4768	2816	1808	27	25	27285	x	x
sample no. of migrants	1554	406	890	814	218	225	20	21	4148	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: ST										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	40	36	69	55	125	33	139	0	54	1695	297	
02	92	79	185	46	381	67	267	129	129	4021	544	
03	7	4	5	1	20	0	0	0	7	211	38	
04	63	54	157	160	71	234	14	0	100	3100	456	
05	34	204	27	209	31	42	7	36	58	1793	536	
06	7	4	1	4	8	1	12	10	5	158	54	
07	318	26	183	92	54	141	103	47	224	6966	311	
08	11	0	8	2	0	0	0	0	8	238	13	
10	6	2	22	2	48	0	9	0	12	366	90	
11	12	31	0	3	92	13	0	0	16	514	16	
12	20	60	6	35	0	58	0	0	21	643	73	
13	23	8	3	5	8	2	0	0	14	439	49	
14	4	0	7	8	0	1	0	0	4	134	18	
15	0	1	10	1	0	68	0	0	6	173	24	
16	98	58	48	14	7	34	0	0	66	2065	179	
17	158	343	193	296	127	224	330	556	189	5870	1033	
19	104	88	55	47	22	78	55	0	79	2467	200	
n.r.	3	3	21	22	6	3	64	221	9	283	69	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	31136	4000	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	521	43	196	102	85	49	4	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	16217	1331	6091	3176	2661	1512	124	25	31136	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	1654	364	738	669	303	203	51	18	4000	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	9	3	24	19	5	11	0	3	554	122
02	1	9	17	7	10	28	91	2	4	760	162
03	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	53	20
04	2	4	4	10	3	4	0	0	3	487	141
05	1	6	1	39	6	0	0	0	2	370	114
06	0	0	0	1	0	0	11	0	0	73	23
07	24	4	14	14	7	19	12	0	21	3979	209
08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	114	6
10	2	1	3	0	15	0	5	0	3	521	77
11	0	15	0	0	20	0	0	0	1	256	8
12	2	2	1	6	0	22	0	0	2	400	51
13	3	2	1	2	0	2	0	0	3	521	43
14	0	0	4	2	0	0	0	0	1	179	15
15	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	11	3
16	909	740	851	408	808	345	612	922	878	167390	8959
17	35	172	75	467	98	559	204	65	59	11286	1776
19	14	29	21	17	10	6	0	0	15	2888	262
n.r.	4	6	5	5	0	3	54	12	4	814	90
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	190657	12081
per 1000 distribution of migrants	759	22	159	20	31	7	1	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	144627	4221	30261	3900	5995	1416	143	95	190657	x	x
sample no. of migrants	8090	567	2086	634	486	162	40	16	12081	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: ST									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	5	16	14	38	52	19	70	0	10	2249	419
02	10	26	45	24	124	48	173	28	22	4781	706
03	1	1	1	0	7	0	0	0	1	263	58
04	8	16	30	77	24	123	7	0	16	3588	597
05	4	53	6	115	14	22	3	7	10	2163	650
06	1	1	0	2	2	1	11	2	1	231	77
07	53	9	43	49	22	82	54	10	49	10945	520
08	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	352	19
10	3	1	6	1	25	0	7	0	4	887	167
11	2	18	0	1	43	7	0	0	3	770	24
12	4	16	2	19	0	40	0	0	5	1043	124
13	5	4	1	3	3	2	0	0	4	961	92
14	1	0	4	5	0	0	0	0	1	312	33
15	0	0	2	0	0	39	0	0	1	185	27
16	827	577	716	231	561	184	328	732	764	169455	9138
17	47	213	95	390	107	386	263	166	77	17156	2809
19	23	43	27	30	14	43	26	0	24	5355	462
n.r.	4	6	8	13	2	3	59	55	5	1097	159
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	221793	16081
per 1000 distribution of migrants	725	25	164	32	39	13	1	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	160843	5552	36353	7075	8656	2928	266	119	221793	x	x
sample no. of migrants	9744	931	2824	1303	789	365	91	34	16081	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: SC									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	31	30	63	49	202	34	5	0	50	1971	212
02	81	95	90	156	227	81	34	421	98	3818	464
03	5	4	18	0	3	16	0	0	7	288	31
04	93	59	106	102	93	108	10	0	90	3504	367
05	20	42	25	107	40	7	28	0	29	1130	110
06	11	47	5	8	0	2	0	0	10	403	35
07	123	128	67	20	3	17	3	0	84	3269	72
08	20	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	11	440	20
10	11	0	21	0	14	2	602	0	44	1703	83
11	3	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	2	80	7
12	17	123	26	148	13	46	0	0	35	1369	60
13	50	56	25	20	53	62	33	0	44	1737	74
14	5	0	12	16	2	145	1	0	16	606	26
15	3	11	15	44	14	152	7	0	19	736	46
16	155	17	165	25	18	18	0	353	110	4293	206
17	234	260	244	175	229	186	249	59	231	9039	709
19	130	116	93	127	89	123	28	0	112	4387	238
n.r.	8	12	15	1	1	1	0	168	8	299	27
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	39071	2787
per 1000 distribution of migrants	479	80	180	56	82	67	55	2	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	18700	3112	7041	2174	3219	2614	2151	59	39071	x	x
sample no. of migrants	1286	195	505	190	299	190	115	7	2787	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	1	1	1	13	13	0	0	1	493	54
02	2	8	1	1	4	8	16	0	2	685	109
03	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	186	6
04	1	1	1	12	3	11	0	0	1	522	60
05	0	2	1	6	1	0	0	0	1	263	27
06	1	1	1	7	0	0	0	0	1	341	44
07	4	5	2	3	3	2	0	0	3	1176	53
08	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	255	11
10	2	0	1	2	0	0	274	0	3	926	55
11	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	126	10
12	1	13	0	23	2	13	0	0	1	537	40
13	2	1	4	9	8	68	1	0	3	1215	59
14	1	0	0	0	0	103	0	0	1	539	13
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	1
16	936	794	934	740	839	541	278	725	919	338536	14671
17	27	107	34	134	112	180	428	0	38	13998	1157
19	16	59	13	58	15	23	2	0	17	6421	292
n.r.	6	8	5	4	0	38	0	275	6	2291	94
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	368513	16756
per 1000 distribution of migrants	692	32	216	16	32	6	5	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	254877	11963	79690	5774	11904	2276	1748	281	368513	x	x
sample no. of migrants	11438	567	3535	314	667	138	83	14	16756	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	3	7	6	14	53	24	3	0	6	2464	266
02	7	26	8	43	52	47	26	73	11	4503	573
03	1	1	2	0	1	9	0	0	1	473	37
04	7	13	10	37	22	63	6	0	10	4026	427
05	2	10	3	34	9	4	15	0	3	1393	137
06	2	10	1	8	0	1	0	0	2	744	79
07	12	30	7	8	3	10	2	0	11	4445	125
08	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	2	694	31
10	2	0	2	1	3	1	455	0	6	2630	138
11	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	207	17
12	2	36	3	57	4	30	0	0	5	1906	100
13	6	13	6	12	18	65	19	0	7	2951	133
14	1	0	1	4	0	125	0	0	3	1146	39
15	0	2	1	12	3	81	4	0	2	739	47
16	882	634	871	544	664	261	125	660	841	342828	14877
17	41	139	51	145	137	183	329	10	57	23037	1866
19	24	71	19	77	31	77	16	0	27	10808	530
n.r.	6	8	6	4	0	18	0	256	6	2590	121
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	407584	19543
per 1000 distribution of migrants	671	37	213	20	37	12	10	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	273577	15075	86731	7948	15123	4890	3899	341	407584	x	x
sample no. of migrants	12724	762	4040	504	966	328	198	21	19543	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: SC										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	90	25	179	62	336	192	73	489	177	8514	455	
02	158	116	238	81	297	183	95	0	201	9623	618	
03	5	22	2	9	11	10	0	0	8	385	46	
04	140	135	164	59	85	114	200	0	116	5544	384	
05	72	62	33	174	2	115	0	0	63	3003	237	
06	13	17	10	2	0	2	0	0	6	294	33	
07	123	0	50	11	22	55	0	0	47	2244	118	
08	9	1	2	0	2	0	0	0	3	134	10	
10	11	0	0	0	1	0	242	0	5	237	21	
11	4	80	0	27	0	0	0	0	10	475	20	
12	13	138	17	53	2	25	40	0	26	1255	70	
13	10	73	0	123	0	4	0	0	26	1260	32	
14	1	0	3	0	1	0	0	0	1	50	5	
15	5	4	5	4	1	10	0	0	4	199	19	
16	23	19	31	5	6	2	0	0	15	710	58	
17	273	271	252	330	216	229	206	0	257	12337	864	
19	47	36	13	60	16	50	144	0	34	1611	75	
n.r.	2	0	1	0	3	10	0	511	2	104	12	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	47980	3077	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	191	61	216	159	277	85	11	0	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	9156	2934	10367	7650	13286	4072	513	2	47980	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	730	231	631	442	756	252	32	3	3077	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,



Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	2	1	9	16	1	1	0	2	6	496	42
02	6	10	8	1	2	4	24	0	6	486	51
03	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	19	4
04	15	3	3	4	0	2	0	0	6	537	41
05	2	1	2	3	2	6	0	0	2	197	28
06	0	13	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	150	10
07	34	1	10	22	10	14	0	0	18	1576	71
08	1	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	1	103	8
10	5	0	0	5	1	0	49	0	3	228	24
11	0	5	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	68	3
12	2	14	2	10	1	5	0	0	5	428	36
13	2	12	0	75	2	4	0	0	15	1289	26
14	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	50	7
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
16	709	692	670	473	456	579	98	646	618	53080	3741
17	191	193	273	365	502	368	826	352	289	24828	1556
19	22	50	17	15	13	17	4	0	22	1858	118
n.r.	7	3	6	4	7	2	0	0	5	460	28
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	85856	5795
per 1000 distribution of migrants	309	115	232	168	124	44	5	3	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	26555	9898	19955	14411	10606	3818	394	219	85856	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2138	642	1269	769	655	294	24	4	5795	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: SC										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	25	6	67	32	187	99	42	5	67	9011	497	
02	45	34	87	29	166	96	64	0	76	10109	669	
03	1	5	1	3	7	5	0	0	3	405	50	
04	47	33	58	23	48	60	113	0	45	6081	425	
05	20	15	12	63	2	62	0	0	24	3200	265	
06	4	14	3	1	0	1	0	0	3	444	43	
07	57	0	23	18	16	35	0	0	29	3820	189	
08	3	0	1	3	1	0	0	0	2	237	18	
10	6	0	0	3	1	0	158	0	3	465	45	
11	1	22	0	10	0	0	0	0	4	543	23	
12	5	43	7	25	2	15	22	0	13	1683	106	
13	4	26	0	91	1	4	0	0	19	2550	58	
14	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	100	12	
15	1	1	2	1	1	5	0	0	1	199	20	
16	533	538	451	311	206	281	42	642	402	53790	3799	
17	212	211	266	353	343	297	475	349	278	37165	2420	
19	29	47	16	31	15	34	83	0	26	3469	193	
n.r.	6	2	4	2	5	6	0	4	4	564	40	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	133836	8872	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	267	96	227	165	179	59	7	2	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	35711	12833	30323	22061	23892	7890	906	220	133836	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	2868	873	1900	1211	1411	546	56	7	8872	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: SC										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	50	27	132	59	310	130	18	12	120	10485	667	
02	106	105	178	98	284	143	45	410	154	13441	1082	
03	5	13	9	7	9	12	0	0	8	673	77	
04	109	96	141	69	87	112	47	0	104	9048	751	
05	37	52	29	159	9	73	22	0	47	4133	347	
06	12	33	8	3	0	2	0	0	8	697	68	
07	123	66	57	13	18	40	3	0	63	5512	190	
08	17	0	5	0	2	0	0	0	7	573	30	
10	11	0	8	0	3	1	532	0	22	1940	104	
11	3	39	2	21	0	0	0	0	6	556	27	
12	16	131	20	74	4	33	8	0	30	2625	130	
13	37	64	10	100	10	27	27	0	34	2997	106	
14	4	0	6	4	1	57	0	0	8	656	31	
15	3	7	9	12	4	65	6	0	11	935	65	
16	112	18	85	9	8	8	0	344	57	5002	264	
17	247	266	249	295	219	212	240	57	246	21375	1573	
19	103	77	45	75	30	79	50	0	69	5998	313	
n.r.	6	6	7	0	2	6	0	177	5	403	39	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	87050	5864	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	320	69	200	113	190	77	31	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	27856	6046	17408	9824	16505	6686	2663	61	87050	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	2016	426	1136	632	1055	442	147	10	5864	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	1	3	11	7	5	0	1	2	989	96
02	2	9	3	1	3	6	18	0	3	1171	160
03	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	205	10
04	2	2	2	6	2	5	0	0	2	1060	101
05	0	1	2	4	1	4	0	0	1	460	55
06	1	7	0	2	0	0	0	0	1	491	54
07	6	3	4	16	6	9	0	0	6	2752	124
08	1	0	1	4	0	0	0	0	1	358	19
10	2	0	0	4	1	0	233	0	3	1155	79
11	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	194	13
12	1	14	1	14	2	8	0	0	2	965	76
13	2	6	3	56	5	28	0	0	6	2504	85
14	1	0	0	1	0	39	0	0	1	590	20
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	2
16	914	748	881	549	659	565	245	691	862	391616	18412
17	42	146	81	299	296	298	501	154	85	38826	2713
19	17	55	13	27	14	19	3	0	18	8278	410
n.r.	6	5	5	4	4	15	0	155	6	2752	122
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	454369	22551
per 1000 distribution of migrants	619	48	219	44	50	13	5	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	281432	21861	99645	20185	22511	6094	2142	500	454369	x	x
sample no. of migrants	13576	1209	4804	1083	1322	432	107	18	22551	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2,rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: SC									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	5	7	22	27	135	71	10	2	21	11475	763
02	11	30	29	33	122	77	33	45	27	14612	1242
03	1	3	2	2	4	6	0	0	2	878	87
04	12	22	22	27	38	61	26	0	19	10108	852
05	4	12	6	55	5	40	12	0	8	4593	402
06	2	12	2	3	0	1	0	0	2	1188	122
07	17	17	11	15	11	25	2	0	15	8265	314
08	2	0	1	2	1	0	0	0	2	932	49
10	3	0	2	3	2	0	399	0	6	3095	183
11	0	10	1	7	0	0	0	0	1	750	40
12	2	39	4	34	3	21	4	0	7	3590	206
13	5	19	4	70	7	27	15	0	10	5501	191
14	1	0	1	2	0	48	0	0	2	1246	51
15	0	2	1	4	2	34	3	0	2	938	67
16	842	590	762	373	383	273	109	653	733	396618	18676
17	61	172	106	298	263	253	357	143	111	60202	4286
19	25	60	18	43	21	50	29	0	26	14276	723
n.r.	6	6	6	3	3	11	0	157	6	3154	161
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	541420	28415
per 1000 distribution of migrants	571	52	216	55	72	24	9	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	309288	27908	117053	30009	39016	12780	4805	561	541420	x	x
sample no. of migrants	15592	1635	5940	1715	2377	874	254	28	28415	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	26	19	30	40	182	44	9	47	41	3482	373
02	78	54	121	83	198	47	27	0	92	7764	998
03	14	58	26	35	16	7	36	0	22	1857	193
04	70	61	106	85	153	85	14	0	84	7131	891
05	20	43	28	51	10	15	35	112	26	2182	350
06	15	39	3	10	0	20	0	0	13	1066	98
07	88	59	88	335	21	149	0	0	106	8996	169
08	12	0	5	0	1	7	3	0	7	599	45
10	14	21	11	21	4	7	159	0	18	1509	89
11	5	8	3	0	6	6	5	0	5	382	25
12	46	134	26	10	24	29	6	0	40	3407	154
13	48	76	34	21	10	51	0	0	40	3383	143
14	4	14	4	10	5	81	64	0	13	1078	62
15	1	19	8	10	21	125	50	0	17	1416	101
16	153	36	86	19	60	11	0	356	96	8151	358
17	254	265	311	161	215	110	110	112	239	20247	1644
19	129	94	93	107	71	197	470	0	128	10841	528
n.r.	22	0	16	2	3	10	12	374	15	1274	57
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	84765	6278
per 1000 distribution of migrants	448	69	198	98	83	71	31	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	38001	5851	16816	8334	7032	6006	2638	87	84765	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2852	453	1262	517	583	432	173	6	6278	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	0	1	6	2	5	0	0	1	725	85
02	1	2	2	6	12	7	2	0	2	1431	197
03	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	199	23
04	1	2	1	11	5	35	0	0	2	1312	183
05	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	386	51
06	0	2	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	305	45
07	3	9	2	31	0	12	0	0	4	2898	115
08	1	0	0	0	0	1	6	0	1	607	29
10	1	0	1	9	2	0	188	0	2	1404	74
11	0	0	0	3	0	9	10	0	0	311	19
12	2	10	1	2	5	16	62	0	2	1848	101
13	3	6	2	3	2	7	0	0	3	1962	103
14	1	1	1	1	0	9	2	0	1	559	24
15	0	0	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	30	7
16	933	826	919	747	861	617	531	531	916	684891	29835
17	29	116	49	142	89	242	179	57	43	32504	3077
19	17	19	14	24	20	32	18	0	17	12355	562
n.r.	5	1	5	6	1	6	0	411	5	3601	166
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	747327	34696
per 1000 distribution of migrants	672	40	224	20	34	7	2	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	501902	29980	167317	15310	25648	5565	1265	339	747327	x	x
sample no. of migrants	22772	1384	7742	843	1483	325	125	22	34696	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	3	3	3	18	40	25	6	10	5	4207	458
02	7	10	13	33	52	28	19	0	11	9194	1195
03	1	12	3	12	3	4	24	0	2	2056	216
04	6	12	10	37	37	61	10	0	10	8443	1074
05	2	9	3	20	2	8	24	23	3	2568	401
06	1	8	1	6	0	10	0	0	2	1371	143
07	9	17	10	138	5	83	0	0	14	11894	284
08	2	0	1	0	0	4	4	0	1	1207	74
10	2	3	2	13	2	4	168	0	4	2913	163
11	1	1	0	2	1	7	6	0	1	693	44
12	5	30	3	5	9	23	24	0	6	5255	255
13	6	17	5	9	4	30	0	0	6	5345	246
14	1	3	1	4	1	46	43	0	2	1637	86
15	0	3	1	4	4	65	35	0	2	1446	108
16	879	697	843	490	689	302	172	496	833	693042	30193
17	45	141	73	149	116	174	133	68	63	52751	4721
19	24	31	22	54	31	117	324	0	28	23196	1090
n.r.	6	1	6	4	1	8	8	404	6	4875	223
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	832091	40974
per 1000 distribution of migrants	649	43	221	28	39	14	5	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	539903	35831	184134	23644	32679	11572	3903	425	832091	x	x
sample no. of migrants	25624	1837	9004	1360	2066	757	298	28	40974	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,



Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	72	19	151	91	314	120	12	13	131	15660	993
02	156	84	235	110	279	181	269	63	182	21752	1414
03	30	23	25	38	29	38	3	0	30	3541	321
04	101	48	192	132	125	199	74	0	130	15564	1112
05	37	89	26	113	9	118	18	0	52	6243	616
06	16	35	2	5	4	3	0	0	10	1173	95
07	140	34	62	71	12	51	10	0	72	8635	405
08	13	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	5	564	18
10	10	0	2	1	3	1	264	0	7	859	54
11	20	0	0	0	0	0	7	0	6	664	14
12	20	97	2	40	2	5	0	0	22	2652	136
13	14	50	3	22	0	0	12	0	13	1555	96
14	1	4	9	7	3	4	36	0	5	595	34
15	3	0	2	10	0	7	0	7	3	408	49
16	31	52	16	11	8	13	2	0	21	2480	157
17	291	407	228	274	199	205	173	4	262	31273	2066
19	39	49	37	67	13	46	119	0	41	4902	289
n.r.	6	6	4	8	1	8	0	914	6	748	50
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	119269	7919
per 1000 distribution of migrants	274	90	215	177	173	56	12	2	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	32676	10786	25687	21144	20614	6700	1471	192	119269	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2237	660	1629	1410	1275	612	86	10	7919	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	5	1	14	5	6	2	0	0	6	1373	94
02	4	2	12	8	13	3	0	0	7	1426	128
03	0	0	1	1	4	1	0	0	1	178	19
04	3	4	8	9	5	35	18	0	7	1472	140
05	1	2	2	4	0	0	0	0	2	328	72
06	0	1	2	0	3	2	0	0	1	242	24
07	24	13	17	30	2	9	0	0	19	4079	213
08	4	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	2	379	14
10	3	0	0	1	2	6	81	0	2	403	40
11	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	485	14
12	5	13	2	11	13	3	0	0	7	1472	111
13	5	11	1	3	2	2	62	0	4	916	84
14	1	0	3	2	0	0	0	0	2	343	31
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	1
16	682	705	644	598	534	537	209	454	642	136696	9768
17	230	220	271	291	399	355	542	34	269	57141	3953
19	24	24	17	32	17	30	88	49	24	5028	369
n.r.	3	3	3	4	1	12	0	463	4	812	57
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	212789	15132
per 1000 distribution of migrants	340	136	230	163	84	44	2	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	72307	29001	48837	34734	17860	9302	514	234	212789	x	x
sample no. of migrants	5448	1888	3352	2416	1166	796	49	17	15132	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: OBC										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	26	6	61	38	171	52	9	6	51	17033	1087	
02	51	24	89	46	156	78	200	28	70	23178	1542	
03	10	6	9	15	17	17	2	0	11	3718	340	
04	33	16	72	55	69	104	59	0	51	17036	1252	
05	12	25	10	45	5	50	13	0	20	6572	688	
06	5	10	2	2	3	2	0	0	4	1415	119	
07	60	19	32	46	7	27	8	0	38	12714	618	
08	7	1	2	1	0	0	0	0	3	943	32	
10	5	0	1	1	2	4	216	0	4	1262	94	
11	11	0	0	0	0	0	5	0	3	1149	28	
12	9	36	2	22	7	4	0	0	12	4124	247	
13	8	22	2	10	1	1	25	0	7	2471	180	
14	1	1	5	4	2	2	27	0	3	938	65	
15	1	0	1	4	0	3	0	3	1	426	50	
16	479	528	427	376	252	317	55	250	419	139175	9925	
17	249	271	256	285	292	292	269	20	266	88414	6019	
19	29	31	24	45	15	37	111	27	30	9930	658	
n.r.	4	4	3	5	1	10	0	666	5	1560	107	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	332058	23051	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	316	120	224	168	116	48	6	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	104983	39786	74524	55877	38474	16002	1985	426	332058	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	7685	2548	4981	3826	2441	1408	135	27	23051	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	47	19	103	76	280	84	10	23	94	19142	1366
02	114	73	190	103	258	118	114	43	145	29516	2412
03	22	35	26	37	26	23	24	0	26	5398	514
04	84	53	158	119	132	145	36	0	111	22695	2003
05	28	73	27	96	9	69	29	35	41	8425	966
06	16	36	2	7	3	11	0	0	11	2239	193
07	112	43	72	146	14	97	4	0	86	17631	574
08	13	1	5	0	0	3	2	0	6	1163	63
10	12	7	6	7	3	4	196	0	12	2368	143
11	12	3	1	0	1	3	6	0	5	1046	39
12	34	110	11	31	7	16	4	0	30	6059	290
13	32	59	15	21	3	25	4	0	24	4939	239
14	3	7	7	8	4	40	54	0	8	1673	96
15	2	7	4	10	5	63	32	5	9	1824	150
16	96	47	44	13	21	12	1	111	52	10630	515
17	271	357	261	242	203	160	133	37	253	51520	3710
19	87	65	59	78	28	117	345	0	77	15743	817
n.r.	14	4	9	6	1	9	8	745	10	2022	107
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	204034	14197
per 1000 distribution of migrants	346	82	208	144	135	62	20	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	70677	16637	42504	29477	27646	12706	4109	278	204034	x	x
sample no. of migrants	5089	1113	2891	1927	1858	1044	259	16	14197	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	1	4	6	3	3	0	0	2	2097	179
02	1	2	4	7	12	5	1	0	3	2856	325
03	0	1	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	377	42
04	1	3	2	9	5	35	5	0	3	2784	323
05	0	2	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	714	123
06	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	547	69
07	6	11	6	30	1	10	0	0	7	6977	328
08	1	1	0	1	0	1	4	0	1	986	43
10	2	0	1	3	2	4	157	0	2	1806	114
11	1	0	0	1	0	3	7	0	1	796	33
12	3	12	1	9	8	8	44	0	3	3320	212
13	3	9	2	3	2	4	18	0	3	2877	187
14	1	1	1	1	0	4	1	0	1	902	55
15	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	48	8
16	902	767	857	644	727	567	438	500	856	821587	39603
17	55	167	99	246	216	313	284	48	93	89645	7030
19	17	22	15	30	19	31	38	20	18	17383	931
n.r.	5	2	4	4	1	10	0	432	5	4412	223
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	960116	49828
per 1000 distribution of migrants	598	61	225	52	45	15	2	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	574210	58980	216155	50044	43508	14867	1779	573	960116	x	x
sample no. of migrants	28220	3272	11094	3259	2649	1121	174	39	49828	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	6	5	20	32	111	40	7	8	18	21240	1545
02	14	18	35	43	108	57	80	14	28	32372	2737
03	3	9	5	14	11	11	17	0	5	5775	556
04	11	14	28	50	54	86	26	0	22	25479	2326
05	3	17	5	38	4	32	20	11	8	9139	1089
06	2	9	1	3	2	6	0	0	2	2786	262
07	18	18	17	73	6	50	3	0	21	24608	902
08	3	1	1	1	0	2	3	0	2	2150	106
10	3	2	2	5	2	4	184	0	4	4174	257
11	2	1	0	1	1	3	6	0	2	1842	72
12	6	33	3	17	8	12	16	0	8	9379	502
13	6	20	4	10	2	13	8	0	7	7816	426
14	1	2	2	4	1	20	38	0	2	2575	151
15	0	1	1	4	2	29	23	2	2	1872	158
16	814	608	723	410	453	311	133	373	715	832218	40118
17	78	209	126	244	211	243	178	44	121	141165	10740
19	25	31	22	48	22	71	252	13	28	33126	1748
n.r.	6	2	5	5	1	10	5	535	6	6434	330
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1164150	64025
per 1000 distribution of migrants	554	65	222	68	61	24	5	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	644886	75617	258658	79522	71154	27574	5888	851	1164150	x	x
sample no. of migrants	33309	4385	13985	5186	4507	2165	433	55	64025	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	24	17	62	47	229	21	88	5	54	3416	385
02	80	60	115	85	207	82	52	0	97	6061	724
03	20	45	15	24	24	11	12	0	21	1342	151
04	65	78	102	88	78	94	37	0	78	4890	718
05	56	78	43	69	20	57	24	0	53	3331	415
06	15	5	4	1	0	3	0	0	8	471	86
07	80	27	76	89	68	143	0	0	77	4849	120
08	43	3	6	0	0	0	9	0	19	1200	85
10	9	4	12	11	34	11	394	0	22	1406	83
11	9	0	1	0	12	0	0	0	5	326	15
12	62	127	20	97	5	18	0	2	54	3403	147
13	43	100	31	42	0	19	0	0	39	2431	104
14	3	8	0	26	6	24	14	0	8	525	37
15	13	73	27	85	36	177	66	0	47	2971	188
16	142	27	86	17	32	8	0	0	80	5036	229
17	215	218	285	178	179	136	125	86	209	13092	1170
19	113	128	116	141	63	195	178	0	122	7632	394
n.r.	8	1	0	0	5	1	0	907	5	338	39
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	62719	5090
per 1000 distribution of migrants	408	99	159	114	103	88	27	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	25586	6239	9947	7137	6486	5534	1706	85	62719	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2050	466	773	445	767	445	130	14	5090	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	0	1	5	10	5	4	0	2	687	47
02	1	1	1	0	1	7	6	0	1	447	77
03	0	1	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	179	14
04	1	7	2	4	1	2	0	0	1	646	121
05	1	2	1	7	1	3	0	0	1	386	69
06	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	385	80
07	3	4	4	6	14	56	0	0	5	2024	80
08	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	590	54
10	2	6	1	1	8	3	129	0	3	1163	76
11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	200	12
12	4	27	1	24	1	21	0	0	5	2058	85
13	3	7	2	12	4	12	1	0	3	1376	75
14	1	3	1	0	1	11	0	0	1	486	17
15	0	2	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	117	7
16	925	757	926	675	786	513	608	449	899	396801	19146
17	37	144	41	218	149	263	136	0	56	24495	2249
19	14	34	13	42	11	102	116	0	17	7387	398
n.r.	4	5	4	0	11	0	0	551	4	1759	87
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	441186	22694
per 1000 distribution of migrants	651	42	221	31	42	12	3	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	287224	18403	97332	13551	18317	5104	1139	116	441186	x	x
sample no. of migrants	14301	995	4938	790	1229	347	83	11	22694	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,



Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	3	4	7	19	68	13	55	2	8	4103	432
02	7	16	12	29	55	46	33	0	13	6508	801
03	2	12	2	11	6	6	7	0	3	1521	165
04	6	25	11	33	21	50	22	0	11	5536	839
05	5	21	5	28	6	31	15	0	7	3717	484
06	2	1	1	0	0	2	0	0	2	856	166
07	10	10	11	34	28	101	0	0	14	6873	200
08	5	1	1	0	0	0	6	0	4	1790	139
10	3	5	2	4	15	7	288	0	5	2569	159
11	1	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	1	526	27
12	8	52	2	49	2	19	0	1	11	5461	232
13	6	30	5	23	3	16	0	0	8	3807	179
14	1	4	1	9	2	18	9	0	2	1012	54
15	1	20	3	30	9	93	40	0	6	3088	195
16	861	572	848	448	589	251	244	259	797	401836	19375
17	52	163	64	204	157	197	129	36	75	37586	3419
19	22	58	23	76	25	150	153	0	30	15019	792
n.r.	4	4	3	0	10	1	0	702	4	2097	126
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	503905	27784
per 1000 distribution of migrants	621	49	213	41	49	21	6	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	312810	24641	107279	20689	24803	10638	2844	201	503905	x	x
sample no. of migrants	16351	1461	5711	1235	1996	792	213	25	27784	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	72	28	210	65	327	140	114	18	160	28615	1699
02	101	65	158	74	263	119	124	0	143	25518	1721
03	46	36	29	26	28	69	10	0	37	6538	567
04	122	86	165	134	135	158	61	14	136	24321	1850
05	45	114	47	145	17	125	29	0	78	13894	1234
06	22	22	11	22	1	5	0	0	12	2194	164
07	130	29	84	65	30	49	40	0	63	11289	615
08	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	49	11
10	7	2	2	1	4	8	238	22	7	1237	115
11	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	109	14
12	33	156	19	98	2	15	0	0	44	7845	405
13	14	63	15	24	2	4	0	0	16	2798	174
14	7	2	2	10	2	2	3	0	4	776	41
15	2	5	5	16	5	20	22	0	10	1740	166
16	30	18	12	4	2	6	0	23	10	1789	132
17	314	326	201	288	162	248	274	753	245	43621	3138
19	47	40	41	24	15	28	83	0	30	5411	435
n.r.	4	1	1	2	5	4	1	169	3	544	66
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	178290	12547
per 1000 distribution of migrants	141	77	159	220	237	152	13	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	25127	13709	28324	39257	42327	27149	2336	61	178290	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2228	1004	1833	2603	2551	2102	215	11	12547	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	7	2	7	4	11	3	6	1	6	1512	116
02	2	1	3	7	12	3	0	0	5	1222	81
03	0	0	2	0	2	3	0	0	1	284	25
04	5	4	14	17	7	13	0	0	10	2771	204
05	2	4	3	7	0	3	7	0	4	975	137
06	2	3	3	5	3	0	0	0	3	747	81
07	31	5	34	28	12	20	7	0	23	6294	324
08	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	101	13
10	0	0	0	4	3	2	290	0	4	1042	95
11	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	59	11
12	7	24	6	22	3	8	0	0	12	3308	247
13	3	11	3	5	2	3	2	0	4	1179	121
14	1	1	2	3	0	4	1	0	2	490	50
15	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	150	16
16	671	697	618	536	473	493	266	234	584	156964	12253
17	241	226	268	340	445	419	400	1	315	84558	6204
19	21	18	27	18	22	18	22	43	21	5650	530
n.r.	5	4	8	3	3	6	0	720	5	1442	79
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	268749	20587
per 1000 distribution of migrants	200	135	179	233	122	123	8	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	53697	36232	48000	62688	32758	33040	2016	316	268749	x	x
sample no. of migrants	4774	2860	3350	4626	2177	2618	170	12	20587	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	28	9	82	27	189	65	64	4	67	30127	1815
02	34	18	61	33	154	55	66	0	60	26741	1802
03	15	10	12	10	16	32	6	0	15	6822	592
04	42	26	70	62	79	78	33	2	61	27092	2054
05	16	34	19	60	10	58	19	0	33	14868	1371
06	8	8	6	11	2	2	0	0	7	2941	245
07	62	12	52	43	22	33	24	0	39	17584	939
08	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	149	24
10	2	1	1	3	4	5	262	4	5	2279	210
11	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	168	25
12	16	60	11	51	3	11	0	0	25	11153	652
13	7	25	8	13	2	3	1	0	9	3977	295
14	3	1	2	6	1	3	2	0	3	1266	91
15	1	2	2	7	3	10	12	0	4	1890	182
16	467	511	393	331	208	274	123	200	355	158753	12385
17	264	254	243	320	285	342	332	122	287	128179	9342
19	29	24	32	21	18	23	54	36	25	11061	965
n.r.	5	3	5	2	4	5	1	631	4	1987	145
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	447039	33134
per 1000 distribution of migrants	176	112	171	228	168	135	10	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	78824	49941	76324	101945	75085	60190	4352	377	447039	x	x
sample no. of migrants	7002	3864	5183	7229	4728	4720	385	23	33134	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	48	25	171	62	314	120	103	11	133	32031	2084
02	91	64	147	76	256	113	93	0	131	31579	2445
03	33	39	25	26	27	59	11	0	33	7880	718
04	94	83	148	127	127	147	51	6	121	29211	2568
05	51	103	46	133	18	113	27	0	71	17225	1649
06	18	16	9	19	1	4	0	0	11	2665	250
07	105	29	82	69	35	65	23	0	67	16138	735
08	22	1	2	0	0	0	4	0	5	1249	96
10	8	3	4	3	8	8	304	9	11	2643	198
11	5	4	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	435	29
12	48	147	19	97	3	15	0	1	47	11248	552
13	28	75	19	27	2	7	0	0	22	5229	278
14	5	4	1	12	2	6	8	0	5	1302	78
15	7	27	11	27	10	46	41	0	20	4711	354
16	87	21	32	6	6	6	0	9	28	6825	361
17	264	292	222	271	164	229	211	364	235	56713	4308
19	80	68	60	42	21	56	123	0	54	13043	829
n.r.	6	1	1	1	5	3	1	600	4	882	105
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	241009	17637
per 1000 distribution of migrants	210	83	159	192	203	136	17	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	50713	19948	38271	46394	48813	32683	4041	146	241009	x	x
sample no. of migrants	4278	1470	2606	3048	3318	2547	345	25	17637	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	2	1	3	4	11	4	5	1	3	2199	163
02	1	1	2	6	8	3	2	0	2	1669	158
03	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	1	463	39
04	1	5	6	15	5	11	0	0	5	3417	325
05	1	3	1	7	1	3	4	0	2	1361	206
06	1	2	1	4	2	0	0	0	2	1132	161
07	8	5	14	24	13	24	4	0	12	8318	404
08	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	691	67
10	2	2	1	3	5	3	232	0	3	2205	171
11	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	259	23
12	4	25	3	22	3	10	0	0	8	5366	332
13	3	9	2	7	2	4	1	0	4	2555	196
14	1	1	1	3	0	5	1	0	1	976	67
15	0	1	0	1	0	2	0	0	0	267	23
16	885	717	824	561	585	496	390	292	780	553765	31399
17	69	199	116	318	339	398	304	1	154	109052	8453
19	15	23	18	23	18	30	56	32	18	13038	928
n.r.	4	4	5	2	6	6	0	675	5	3202	166
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	709935	43281
per 1000 distribution of migrants	480	77	205	107	72	54	4	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	340922	54635	145332	76239	51075	38145	3155	432	709935	x	x
sample no. of migrants	19075	3855	8288	5416	3406	2965	253	23	43281	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: others									no. of migrants	
	rural+urban		male+female		location of last residence code*					estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	8	7	38	26	159	57	60	3	36	34230	2247
02	13	18	32	32	129	54	53	0	35	33248	2603
03	4	11	6	10	14	28	6	0	9	8344	757
04	13	26	36	57	65	74	29	1	34	32628	2893
05	7	30	11	55	9	54	17	0	20	18585	1855
06	3	6	3	9	2	2	0	0	4	3797	411
07	20	11	28	41	23	43	15	0	26	24457	1139
08	4	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	1940	163
10	3	2	2	3	7	5	272	2	5	4848	369
11	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	694	52
12	10	58	6	51	3	12	0	0	17	16614	884
13	6	27	6	14	2	5	1	0	8	7784	474
14	1	2	1	6	1	5	5	0	2	2278	145
15	1	8	2	11	5	22	23	0	5	4978	377
16	782	531	659	351	302	270	171	221	590	560590	31760
17	94	224	138	301	254	320	252	92	174	165765	12761
19	24	35	27	30	20	42	94	24	27	26080	1757
n.r.	4	3	4	2	6	4	0	656	4	4084	271
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	950944	60918
per 1000 distribution of migrants	412	78	193	129	105	74	8	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	391635	74583	183603	122634	99888	70828	7196	578	950944	x	x
sample no. of migrants	23353	5325	10894	8464	6724	5512	598	48	60918	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: all (incl. n.r.)									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	27	22	45	44	195	34	30	19	46	9520	1132
02	79	67	121	90	208	69	40	105	96	19716	2526
03	12	40	19	25	16	10	17	0	17	3531	387
04	69	67	102	95	108	93	19	0	81	16630	2212
05	31	58	31	70	23	30	29	43	36	7417	1110
06	13	25	3	6	1	9	0	0	10	2020	254
07	126	60	87	187	34	118	3	5	107	22045	541
08	22	1	7	0	0	3	4	0	12	2476	162
10	11	9	16	14	24	7	362	0	24	4971	328
11	7	3	3	1	20	2	2	0	6	1242	60
12	40	129	22	62	14	32	2	1	42	8606	409
13	44	79	29	29	15	39	11	0	39	7983	363
14	4	8	5	18	5	68	29	0	11	2342	142
15	5	38	15	42	24	150	39	0	26	5288	351
16	146	30	101	20	40	11	0	216	94	19414	950
17	227	244	281	169	199	138	162	109	221	45669	4069
19	124	115	100	124	71	181	244	0	122	25219	1300
n.r.	13	3	13	4	3	5	6	503	10	2097	158
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	206186	16454
per 1000 distribution of migrants	462	77	180	91	86	72	32	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	95176	15860	37103	18667	17732	14808	6600	240	206186	x	x
sample no. of migrants	7301	1340	2895	1430	1840	1159	457	32	16454	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,



Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	1	1	6	7	6	1	0	1	2226	248
02	1	3	2	3	7	8	12	0	2	3047	481
03	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	572	47
04	1	3	1	9	3	18	0	0	2	2783	428
05	0	2	1	5	1	1	0	0	1	1178	204
06	1	1	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	1093	184
07	5	6	3	16	5	26	0	0	5	8967	338
08	1	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	1	1566	100
10	2	2	1	5	5	1	202	0	2	4005	269
11	0	0	0	1	2	4	3	0	0	832	46
12	2	15	1	14	3	19	18	0	3	4735	258
13	3	5	2	8	4	19	0	0	3	5057	273
14	1	1	1	1	0	26	0	0	1	1758	64
15	0	1	0	1	0	1	1	0	0	149	15
16	931	797	923	714	836	555	452	633	912	1579701	71614
17	30	123	43	174	109	250	270	24	44	77062	7367
19	16	32	14	36	15	56	37	0	17	28803	1436
n.r.	5	4	5	3	4	9	2	343	5	8400	409
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1731934	83781
per 1000 distribution of migrants	683	36	214	21	35	8	2	0	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1182427	62916	371437	35923	60714	13411	4285	821	1731934	x	x
sample no. of migrants	55589	3245	17794	2158	3759	858	323	55	83781	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	3	5	5	19	49	21	19	4	6	11746	1380
02	7	16	13	33	52	40	29	24	12	22763	3007
03	1	9	2	10	4	5	11	0	2	4103	434
04	6	16	10	38	27	57	12	0	10	19412	2640
05	3	13	4	27	6	16	18	10	4	8595	1314
06	2	6	1	4	0	5	0	0	2	3113	438
07	14	17	11	75	12	75	2	1	16	31012	879
08	3	0	1	0	0	2	3	0	2	4042	262
10	2	3	3	8	9	4	299	0	5	8976	597
11	1	1	0	1	6	3	2	0	1	2074	106
12	5	38	2	30	5	26	9	0	7	13342	667
13	6	20	5	15	6	30	7	0	7	13039	636
14	1	3	1	7	1	48	18	0	2	4101	206
15	0	8	1	15	5	79	24	0	3	5437	366
16	872	643	848	476	656	270	178	539	825	1599115	72564
17	45	148	65	172	129	191	205	43	63	122731	11436
19	24	49	22	66	28	122	163	0	28	54022	2736
n.r.	5	4	5	4	4	7	4	379	5	10497	567
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1938120	100235
per 1000 distribution of migrants	659	41	211	28	40	15	6	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1277604	78776	408540	54589	78446	28220	10885	1061	1938120	x	x
sample no. of migrants	62890	4585	20689	3588	5599	2017	780	87	100235	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: all (incl. n.r.)										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	75	24	179	72	322	139	75	16	151	53834	3282	
02	137	77	200	85	278	135	170	56	165	58841	3957	
03	33	29	23	27	25	56	7	0	30	10631	960	
04	116	76	179	126	123	165	81	3	133	47425	3566	
05	45	104	36	141	12	121	22	1	68	24159	2388	
06	18	26	7	14	2	4	0	1	10	3739	311	
07	140	27	76	63	25	54	25	0	68	24203	1269	
08	8	1	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	747	40	
10	9	1	2	1	3	6	246	5	7	2346	207	
11	10	12	0	3	0	1	2	0	4	1309	51	
12	25	128	12	73	2	14	5	0	34	11968	636	
13	13	58	7	33	1	4	4	0	16	5621	309	
14	3	2	4	8	2	2	14	0	4	1422	81	
15	3	3	4	13	3	16	12	5	7	2356	242	
16	29	32	16	6	4	8	1	5	14	5108	369	
17	291	354	218	291	180	238	232	202	252	89810	6555	
19	42	42	33	40	14	33	102	0	34	12031	859	
n.r.	5	3	2	3	4	5	1	706	4	1492	162	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	357044	25244	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	197	79	188	197	218	109	12	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	70286	28101	67171	70205	77894	38780	4337	270	357044	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	5736	2033	4476	4846	4694	3077	345	37	25244	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	location of last residence code*									no. of migrants	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	5	1	11	6	9	3	5	1	6	3614	312
02	3	3	9	7	11	3	3	0	6	3410	324
03	0	0	1	0	3	2	0	0	1	526	64
04	6	4	10	13	5	16	3	0	9	4965	462
05	2	3	3	7	1	2	5	0	3	1727	294
06	1	3	2	3	2	1	1	0	2	1150	123
07	32	8	24	28	9	17	5	0	22	13060	727
08	2	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	584	35
10	2	0	0	3	3	3	220	0	3	1682	172
11	3	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	673	31
12	5	18	4	17	6	7	0	0	9	5315	413
13	3	11	2	13	2	3	12	0	6	3401	238
14	1	0	2	3	0	3	1	0	2	888	93
15	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	180	21
16	679	699	632	542	488	506	233	418	608	354740	26765
17	227	220	272	334	439	406	482	117	294	171747	12605
19	23	24	21	22	19	20	31	32	22	12784	1095
n.r.	4	3	5	3	3	7	0	432	5	2779	192
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	583225	43966
per 1000 distribution of migrants	272	132	206	196	107	81	5	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	158794	76808	119957	114471	62374	47111	2933	778	583225	x	x
sample no. of migrants	13374	5660	8479	8235	4104	3822	251	41	43966	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: all (incl. n.r.)										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	27	7	71	31	183	65	47	5	61	57448	3594	
02	44	23	78	36	159	63	103	14	66	62251	4281	
03	10	8	9	10	15	26	4	0	12	11157	1024	
04	40	23	71	56	71	83	50	1	56	52390	4028	
05	15	30	15	58	7	56	15	0	28	25886	2682	
06	6	9	4	7	2	2	0	0	5	4889	434	
07	65	13	42	41	18	34	17	0	40	37262	1996	
08	4	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1331	75	
10	4	1	1	2	3	4	236	1	4	4028	379	
11	5	5	0	1	0	0	1	0	2	1982	82	
12	11	47	7	38	4	10	3	0	18	17284	1049	
13	6	24	4	21	1	3	7	0	10	9022	547	
14	2	1	3	5	1	2	9	0	2	2310	174	
15	1	1	2	5	2	8	7	1	3	2536	263	
16	480	521	411	338	219	281	94	312	383	359848	27134	
17	247	256	252	317	296	330	333	139	278	261558	19160	
19	28	29	26	29	16	26	73	24	26	24816	1954	
n.r.	4	3	4	3	3	6	0	502	5	4272	354	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	940269	69210	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	244	112	199	196	149	91	8	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	229080	104909	187128	184676	140268	85890	7270	1048	940269	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	19110	7693	12955	13081	8798	6899	596	78	69210	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: all (incl. n.r.)										no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*										estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all			
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	
01	47	23	131	66	298	110	48	17	112	63354	4414	
02	103	74	172	86	265	117	91	79	139	78557	6483	
03	21	33	21	27	23	43	13	0	25	14162	1347	
04	89	72	152	119	120	145	44	2	114	64055	5778	
05	37	88	34	126	14	96	26	21	56	31576	3498	
06	15	26	6	12	2	6	0	1	10	5759	565	
07	132	39	80	89	26	72	12	2	82	46248	1810	
08	16	1	4	0	0	1	2	0	6	3224	202	
10	10	4	7	4	7	6	316	3	13	7317	535	
11	8	9	1	2	4	1	2	0	5	2551	111	
12	34	128	16	71	4	19	3	0	37	20575	1045	
13	31	66	15	32	4	13	8	0	24	13604	672	
14	4	5	5	10	2	20	23	0	7	3764	223	
15	4	16	8	19	7	53	29	3	14	7644	593	
16	96	31	46	9	11	9	0	104	44	24522	1319	
17	254	315	241	265	184	210	190	158	241	135479	10624	
19	89	68	57	58	25	74	188	0	66	37251	2159	
n.r.	9	3	6	4	4	5	4	610	6	3589	320	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	563229	41698	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	294	78	185	158	170	95	19	1	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	165462	43961	104274	88871	95625	53588	10937	510	563229	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	13037	3373	7371	6276	6534	4236	802	69	41698	x	x	

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: all (incl. n.r.)									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	1	1	3	6	8	4	3	0	3	5840	560
02	1	3	4	6	9	4	8	0	3	6457	805
03	0	1	1	1	1	2	0	0	0	1097	111
04	2	4	3	12	4	17	1	0	3	7748	890
05	1	2	1	6	1	2	2	0	1	2905	498
06	1	2	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	2244	307
07	8	7	8	25	7	19	2	0	10	22027	1065
08	1	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	2150	135
10	2	1	1	3	4	3	209	0	2	5687	441
11	1	1	0	0	1	1	2	0	1	1505	77
12	3	17	1	16	4	9	11	0	4	10051	671
13	3	8	2	12	3	6	5	0	4	8458	511
14	1	1	1	2	0	8	1	0	1	2647	157
15	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	329	36
16	901	744	852	583	660	517	363	528	836	1934441	98379
17	54	176	99	295	276	371	356	69	107	248810	19972
19	16	28	16	25	17	28	35	16	18	41587	2531
n.r.	5	4	5	3	3	8	1	386	5	11179	601
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2315160	127747
per 1000 distribution of migrants	579	60	212	65	53	26	3	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1341221	139724	491394	150394	123088	60522	7218	1599	2315160	x	x
sample no. of migrants	68963	8905	26273	10393	7863	4680	574	96	127747	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,

Table (22): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each location of last residence for each household social group

reason for migration code	household social group: all (incl. n.r.)									no. of migrants	
	location of last residence code*									estd. (00)	sample
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	n.r.	all		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)
01	6	6	26	28	135	54	30	5	24	69193	4974
02	13	20	33	36	121	57	58	19	30	85014	7288
03	3	8	4	10	11	21	8	0	5	15260	1458
04	11	20	29	52	55	77	27	0	25	71802	6668
05	5	23	7	51	7	46	17	5	12	34481	3996
06	2	8	2	6	1	3	0	0	3	8002	872
07	22	15	21	49	16	44	8	1	24	68274	2875
08	3	0	1	1	0	1	2	0	2	5373	337
10	3	2	2	3	5	4	273	1	5	13004	976
11	2	3	0	1	2	1	2	0	1	4055	188
12	6	43	4	36	4	14	6	0	11	30625	1716
13	6	22	4	20	3	10	7	0	8	22062	1183
14	1	2	2	5	1	14	14	0	2	6411	380
15	0	4	1	7	3	26	17	1	3	7973	629
16	813	573	711	370	376	278	144	426	681	1958963	99698
17	76	209	124	284	236	296	256	91	134	384288	30596
19	24	38	23	37	21	50	127	12	27	78838	4690
n.r.	5	3	5	3	3	6	3	440	5	14769	921
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2878389	169445
per 1000 distribution of migrants	523	64	207	83	76	40	6	1	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	1506683	183685	595668	239265	218713	114110	18155	2109	2878389	x	x
sample no. of migrants	82000	12278	33644	16669	14397	8916	1376	165	169445	x	x

Note: \*: location of last residence codes: rural areas of same district-1, urban areas of same district -2, rural areas of same state but another district-3, urban areas of same state but another district-4, rural areas of another State-5, urban areas of another State-6, another country-7,



Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	all-India			rural			male			usual activity before migration							no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others			
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
01	57	35	46	9	8	8	50	52	51	52	28	38	479	16	21	46	9520	1132
02	183	172	178	104	85	86	286	195	248	241	140	181	38	9	1	96	19716	2526
03	24	112	68	0	14	13	9	16	12	14	40	30	32	2	2	17	3531	387
04	129	111	120	174	99	102	143	178	157	138	125	130	218	25	2	81	16630	2212
05	3	1	2	121	243	237	1	15	7	5	113	69	0	2	0	36	7417	1110
06	22	24	23	6	25	24	7	19	12	12	23	19	1	1	1	10	2020	254
07	1	4	2	0	3	3	5	0	3	3	2	3	10	410	49	107	22045	541
08	52	10	31	2	1	1	13	4	10	28	4	14	2	12	9	12	2476	162
10	90	36	63	0	6	6	36	24	31	56	19	34	21	10	17	24	4971	328
11	32	9	20	0	1	1	8	9	8	17	5	10	0	2	2	6	1242	60
12	31	125	78	10	62	60	40	86	59	36	86	65	2	15	23	42	8606	409
13	36	100	68	108	35	38	61	83	70	53	66	61	10	17	14	39	7983	363
14	5	17	11	0	26	25	7	44	22	6	29	19	0	0	7	11	2342	142
15	0	6	3	148	173	172	0	2	1	4	80	49	0	0	3	26	5288	351
16	137	38	88	7	39	38	179	77	137	158	50	94	34	13	191	94	19414	950
17	42	57	49	3	18	17	45	44	45	43	36	39	101	374	501	221	45669	4069
19	155	139	147	308	158	164	106	151	125	131	151	143	51	90	123	122	25219	1300
n.r.	2	3	3	0	6	5	4	0	3	3	4	3	3	2	34	10	2097	158
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	206186	16454
per 1000 distribution of migrants	79	79	157	6	134	140	122	85	208	207	298	505	39	230	221	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	16201	16263	32463	1237	27570	28807	25242	17621	42863	42681	61453	104134	8134	47443	45579	206186	x	x
sample no. of migrants	1502	1264	2766	140	2664	2804	2262	1573	3835	3904	5501	9405	927	2821	3191	16454	x	x

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	all-India		rural			female			usual activity before migration									no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample	
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others				
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
01	3	4	3	0	14	13	3	24	4	3	13	4	51	0	0	1	2226	248	
02	1	11	2	91	4	11	12	33	13	7	16	8	1	0	0	2	3047	481	
03	0	9	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	572	47	
04	1	8	1	16	60	56	4	43	6	3	31	5	22	2	0	2	2783	428	
05	0	0	0	9	128	117	0	7	0	0	34	3	1	0	0	1	1178	204	
06	1	10	2	0	15	14	1	4	1	1	9	2	0	0	0	1	1093	184	
07	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	2	5	8967	338	
08	1	4	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	0	3	1	1	1566	100	
10	1	10	2	0	0	0	6	2	6	4	5	4	0	2	2	2	4005	269	
11	1	5	1	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	2	1	0	1	0	0	832	46	
12	0	7	1	5	37	35	1	25	2	1	20	2	8	11	2	3	4735	258	
13	1	13	2	72	15	20	6	10	6	4	13	4	1	6	2	3	5057	273	
14	1	2	1	0	5	5	1	4	1	1	3	1	1	1	1	1	1758	64	
15	0	1	0	0	11	10	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	149	15	
16	964	740	945	613	570	574	910	660	897	935	674	912	812	640	927	912	1579701	71614	
17	12	148	23	43	64	62	29	157	36	21	130	31	60	188	41	44	77062	7367	
19	10	25	12	150	64	72	23	30	23	17	36	19	36	37	15	17	28803	1436	
n.r.	2	2	2	0	10	9	2	2	2	2	4	2	6	5	5	5	8400	409	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1731934	83781	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	86	8	94	0	4	5	98	5	103	184	17	201	5	38	754	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	148567	13451	162017	706	7331	8037	169443	9035	178477	318715	29817	348532	8452	65893	1306404	1731934	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	7213	653	7866	39	554	593	7195	456	7651	14447	1663	16110	573	3863	63096	83781	x	x	

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	all-India		rural		male + female			usual activity before migration									no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others			
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
01	8	21	10	6	9	9	9	42	13	9	23	12	261	7	1	6	11746	1380
02	19	99	31	99	68	70	48	140	59	35	99	48	19	4	0	12	22763	3007
03	3	65	12	0	11	10	1	11	2	2	29	7	16	1	0	2	4103	434
04	13	64	21	117	91	92	22	132	36	19	94	34	118	12	1	10	19412	2640
05	0	0	0	80	219	211	0	12	2	1	87	18	0	1	0	4	8595	1314
06	3	18	5	4	23	22	2	14	3	2	19	6	0	0	0	2	3113	438
07	0	2	0	0	2	2	1	0	1	0	2	1	5	232	3	16	31012	879
08	6	8	6	1	1	1	2	3	2	4	4	4	1	6	1	2	4042	262
10	10	24	12	0	5	5	10	16	10	10	15	11	11	6	2	5	8976	597
11	4	7	4	0	1	1	2	6	2	3	4	3	0	1	0	1	2074	106
12	3	72	14	8	57	54	6	65	13	5	64	17	5	13	3	7	13342	667
13	4	61	13	95	31	34	13	59	18	9	49	17	5	11	3	7	13039	636
14	1	10	3	0	21	20	2	30	5	2	20	5	1	1	1	2	4101	206
15	0	4	1	94	139	136	0	1	0	1	54	11	0	0	0	3	5437	366
16	883	356	802	227	150	155	815	274	750	843	253	724	430	378	902	825	1599115	72564
17	15	98	28	18	28	27	31	83	38	24	67	32	80	266	56	63	122731	11436
19	25	88	34	251	138	144	34	110	43	31	113	47	43	59	18	28	54022	2736
n.r.	2	3	2	0	7	6	2	1	2	2	4	2	4	4	6	5	10497	567
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1938120	100235
per 1000 distribution of migrants	85	15	100	1	18	19	100	14	114	186	47	234	9	58	698	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	164767	29713	194480	1943	34901	36844	194685	26656	221341	361395	91270	452665	16586	113336	1351983	1938120	x	x
sample no. of migrants	8715	1917	10632	179	3218	3397	9457	2029	11486	18351	7164	25515	1500	6684	66287	100235	x	x

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	all-India			urban			male			usual activity before migration							no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others			
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
01	151	40	88	28	17	17	64	48	57	108	28	52	669	111	63	151	53834	3282
02	375	323	345	287	165	166	602	520	568	480	263	329	45	20	9	165	58841	3957
03	51	176	122	6	16	16	19	15	17	35	63	55	17	8	1	30	10631	960
04	259	160	202	104	162	162	203	231	215	230	172	189	188	68	18	133	47425	3566
05	2	9	6	430	350	351	3	12	7	9	200	142	1	2	4	68	24159	2388
06	1	31	18	1	35	34	2	4	3	1	29	21	1	3	0	10	3739	311
07	12	7	9	0	4	4	0	3	1	7	5	5	2	236	29	68	24203	1269
08	13	1	6	0	1	1	8	1	5	10	1	4	0	0	1	2	747	40
10	8	13	11	61	4	4	2	6	4	6	7	6	5	5	12	7	2346	207
11	7	4	5	0	3	3	7	5	6	7	3	4	2	4	2	4	1309	51
12	23	78	54	3	89	88	13	14	14	18	74	57	4	12	23	34	11968	636
13	4	33	20	0	37	37	12	26	18	8	34	26	1	6	12	16	5621	309
14	1	4	3	0	8	8	3	4	4	2	6	5	1	0	11	4	1422	81
15	0	1	1	16	28	28	0	0	0	0	16	11	0	0	9	7	2356	242
16	7	11	9	0	7	7	21	33	26	13	12	12	5	4	47	14	5108	369
17	40	60	51	0	33	32	18	33	24	29	41	37	40	491	704	252	89810	6555
19	47	49	48	66	40	41	23	45	32	36	44	41	16	28	37	34	12031	859
n.r.	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	17	4	1492	162
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	357044	25244
per 1000 distribution of migrants	72	95	168	2	180	182	65	47	112	140	322	462	132	259	144	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	25782	34060	59843	753	64233	64986	23348	16767	40115	49883	115061	164944	47191	92397	51304	357044	x	x
sample no. of migrants	1739	2442	4181	78	5179	5257	1474	1314	2788	3291	8935	12226	3025	6172	3670	25244	x	x

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	all-India		urban			female			usual activity before migration										no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample		
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others					
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)								
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)		
01	4	11	7	0	5	5	28	16	26	18	8	14	114	7	4	6	3614	312		
02	26	54	37	121	44	45	67	255	93	51	73	60	17	2	1	6	3410	324		
03	3	11	6	0	1	1	5	0	5	4	4	4	3	0	1	1	526	64		
04	10	20	14	0	109	109	21	145	38	17	82	45	80	16	3	9	4965	462		
05	0	0	0	0	143	142	0	0	0	0	75	33	4	0	0	3	1727	294		
06	1	4	2	0	44	43	1	1	1	1	25	11	0	1	1	2	1150	123		
07	2	4	3	0	7	7	0	0	0	1	5	3	27	153	3	22	13060	727		
08	0	0	0	0	8	8	11	0	9	7	4	6	4	1	1	1	584	35		
10	1	11	5	34	6	7	3	0	2	2	7	4	9	1	3	3	1682	172		
11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	2	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	673	31		
12	4	2	3	0	31	31	6	2	6	5	17	11	13	10	9	9	5315	413		
13	3	11	6	0	25	24	0	9	1	1	18	8	6	6	6	6	3401	238		
14	1	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	2	2	888	93		
15	0	0	0	0	12	12	0	0	0	0	6	3	0	0	0	0	180	21		
16	638	567	609	320	380	380	625	355	587	629	443	547	578	364	655	608	354740	26765		
17	255	260	257	526	149	152	219	164	212	234	190	215	122	405	287	294	171747	12605		
19	52	45	49	0	35	34	10	43	15	27	39	33	20	25	20	22	12784	1095		
n.r.	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	2	2	0	1	0	8	4	5	2779	192		
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	583225	43966		
per 1000 distribution of migrants	18	12	31	0	19	19	27	4	31	45	35	81	7	126	784	1000	x	x		
estd. no. of migrants (00)	10590	7282	17872	83	10896	10980	15698	2506	18204	26371	20685	47056	4288	73676	457315	583225	x	x		
sample no. of migrants	942	475	1417	10	1012	1022	1044	193	1237	1996	1680	3676	389	5449	34378	43966	x	x		

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	all-India			urban			male + female			usual activity before migration							no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others			
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
01	108	35	69	25	15	15	49	44	47	77	25	44	623	65	10	61	57448	3594
02	273	276	274	270	147	149	387	485	419	331	234	269	43	12	2	66	62251	4281
03	37	147	95	6	14	14	13	13	13	25	54	44	16	4	1	12	11157	1024
04	186	135	159	93	155	154	130	220	160	156	158	157	179	45	4	56	52390	4028
05	1	8	5	387	320	321	2	11	5	6	181	118	2	1	1	28	25886	2682
06	1	26	14	1	36	36	1	4	2	1	28	19	1	2	1	5	4889	434
07	9	7	8	0	5	4	0	2	1	5	5	5	4	199	6	40	37262	1996
08	9	1	5	0	2	2	9	1	6	9	2	4	1	0	1	1	1331	75
10	6	13	9	58	4	5	2	5	3	5	7	6	5	3	4	4	4028	379
11	5	3	4	0	2	2	4	5	5	5	3	4	2	2	1	2	1982	82
12	17	64	42	2	80	79	11	12	11	14	66	47	4	11	10	18	17284	1049
13	4	29	17	0	35	35	7	24	13	5	32	22	2	6	6	10	9022	547
14	1	3	2	0	7	7	2	3	3	2	5	4	1	0	3	2	2310	174
15	0	1	0	14	26	26	0	0	0	0	15	9	0	0	1	3	2536	263
16	190	109	147	32	61	61	263	75	201	226	78	131	52	164	593	383	359848	27134
17	102	95	98	52	49	49	99	50	83	100	64	77	47	453	329	278	261558	19160
19	48	49	49	60	40	40	18	45	27	33	43	39	17	26	22	26	24816	1954
n.r.	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	5	5	4272	354
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	940269	69210
per 1000 distribution of migrants	39	44	83	1	80	81	42	20	62	81	144	225	55	177	541	1000	x	x
estd. no. of migrants (00)	36372	41342	77715	836	75130	75966	39046	19273	58319	76254	135745	211999	51479	166073	508619	940269	x	x
sample no. of migrants	2681	2917	5598	88	6191	6279	2518	1507	4025	5287	10615	15902	3414	11621	38048	69210	x	x

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	rural+ urban		male															no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample	
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others				
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
01	115	38	73	16	14	14	57	50	54	82	28	47	641	79	43	112	63354	4414	
02	301	274	286	173	141	141	438	353	403	370	220	272	44	16	5	139	78557	6483	
03	40	155	103	2	16	15	14	16	14	26	55	45	19	6	1	25	14162	1347	
04	208	144	173	148	143	143	172	204	185	188	155	167	193	53	11	114	64055	5778	
05	2	6	5	238	318	316	2	14	7	7	170	114	1	2	2	56	31576	3498	
06	9	28	20	4	32	31	4	12	7	6	27	20	1	2	1	10	5759	565	
07	8	6	7	0	4	4	3	1	2	5	4	4	3	295	38	82	46248	1810	
08	28	4	15	1	1	1	11	3	7	18	2	8	1	4	5	6	3224	202	
10	40	20	29	23	4	5	20	15	18	29	11	17	7	7	14	13	7317	535	
11	17	5	11	0	2	2	8	7	7	12	4	7	2	3	2	5	2551	111	
12	26	93	63	7	81	79	27	51	37	26	78	60	3	13	23	37	20575	1045	
13	16	55	37	67	37	37	37	55	45	28	45	40	3	10	13	24	13604	672	
14	3	8	6	0	13	13	5	24	13	4	14	10	1	0	9	7	3764	223	
15	0	2	2	98	72	72	0	1	0	2	38	26	0	0	6	14	7644	593	
16	57	20	37	4	17	16	103	56	83	80	25	44	9	7	115	44	24522	1319	
17	40	59	51	2	28	28	32	39	35	35	39	38	49	451	609	241	135479	10624	
19	88	78	83	217	76	79	66	99	80	79	81	81	21	49	78	66	37251	2159	
n.r.	1	2	2	0	3	2	3	1	2	2	2	2	1	2	25	6	3589	320	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	563229	41698	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	75	89	164	4	163	167	86	61	147	164	313	478	98	248	172	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	41983	50323	92306	1990	91803	93793	48590	34388	82978	92564	176514	269078	55325	139840	96883	563229	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	3241	3706	6947	218	7843	8061	3736	2887	6623	7195	14436	21631	3952	8993	6861	41698	x	x	

Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	rural+ urban		female															no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample	
	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all	agri	non-agri	all		students	others				
	(01-05)	(10-93)	(01-93)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)	(01-05)	(10-99)	(01-99)							
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	
01	3	7	3	0	9	8	5	22	6	4	11	5	72	4	1	3	5840	560	
02	3	26	6	94	28	31	17	81	21	11	39	14	6	1	0	3	6457	805	
03	0	9	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	1097	111	
04	1	12	3	15	90	87	6	65	9	4	52	10	42	10	1	3	7748	890	
05	0	0	0	8	137	132	0	6	0	0	51	7	2	0	0	1	2905	498	
06	1	8	2	0	32	31	1	3	1	1	16	3	0	1	1	1	2244	307	
07	0	1	0	0	4	4	0	0	0	0	2	0	9	129	2	10	22027	1065	
08	1	3	1	0	5	5	1	0	1	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	2150	135	
10	1	11	2	4	4	4	5	1	5	4	6	4	3	2	2	2	5687	441	
11	1	3	1	0	0	0	1	2	1	1	2	1	0	1	1	1	1505	77	
12	1	5	1	4	33	32	1	20	2	1	19	3	10	10	4	4	10051	671	
13	1	12	2	65	21	23	5	10	6	3	15	5	3	6	3	4	8458	511	
14	1	2	1	0	3	3	1	3	1	1	2	1	1	1	1	1	2647	157	
15	0	0	0	0	11	11	0	0	0	0	4	1	0	0	0	0	329	36	
16	942	679	912	582	457	462	886	593	869	911	579	869	734	494	856	836	1934441	98379	
17	28	187	47	94	115	114	45	159	52	38	155	53	81	302	105	107	248810	19972	
19	13	32	15	134	47	50	22	33	23	18	38	21	31	31	16	18	41587	2531	
n.r.	2	1	2	0	4	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	7	5	5	11179	601	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2315160	127747	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	69	9	78	0	8	8	80	5	85	149	22	171	6	60	762	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	159157	20733	179889	789	18228	19017	185140	11541	196681	345086	50501	395587	12740	139569	1763719	2315160	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	8155	1128	9283	49	1566	1615	8239	649	8888	16443	3343	19786	962	9312	97474	127747	x	x	



Table (23): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by reason for migration for each usual activity category before migration

reason for migration code	rural+ urban		male + female															no. of migrants	
	self-employed			regular wage/salaried			casual labour			total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	estd. (00)	sample	
	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	all (01-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	all (01-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	all (01-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	all (01-99)		students	others				
	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)
01	26	29	27	12	13	13	16	43	20	21	24	22	535	41	4	24	69193	4974	
02	65	202	101	151	122	123	104	285	134	86	180	118	37	9	1	30	85014	7288	
03	9	113	36	2	13	13	3	12	5	6	44	19	16	3	0	5	15260	1458	
04	45	106	61	110	134	134	40	169	62	43	132	73	165	31	2	25	71802	6668	
05	1	5	2	172	288	285	1	12	2	2	143	50	1	1	0	12	34481	3996	
06	3	22	8	3	32	31	2	10	3	2	24	10	1	1	1	3	8002	872	
07	2	5	2	0	4	4	1	1	1	1	4	2	4	212	4	24	68274	2875	
08	6	4	6	1	2	2	3	2	3	5	3	4	1	3	1	2	5373	337	
10	9	17	12	17	4	5	8	12	9	9	10	9	7	4	3	5	13004	976	
11	4	5	4	0	2	2	2	6	3	3	4	3	1	2	1	1	4055	188	
12	6	67	22	6	73	71	6	43	13	6	65	26	5	12	5	11	30625	1716	
13	4	42	14	66	34	35	12	44	17	9	39	19	3	8	4	8	22062	1183	
14	1	6	2	0	11	11	2	19	5	2	11	5	1	0	2	2	6411	380	
15	0	2	1	70	62	62	0	1	0	0	31	11	0	0	0	3	7973	629	
16	757	212	615	168	90	91	723	191	636	735	148	535	144	251	818	681	1958963	99698	
17	31	97	48	28	43	42	43	69	47	37	65	47	55	377	131	134	384288	30596	
19	29	65	38	193	71	74	31	82	40	31	71	45	23	40	19	27	78838	4690	
n.r.	2	2	2	0	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	2	2	4	6	5	14769	921	
all	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2878389	169445	
per 1000 distribution of migrants	70	25	95	1	38	39	81	16	97	152	79	231	24	97	646	1000	x	x	
estd. no. of migrants (00)	201140	71056	272195	2779	110031	112810	233731	45929	279660	437650	227015	664665	68065	279409	1860602	2878389	x	x	
sample no. of migrants	11396	4834	16230	267	9409	9676	11975	3536	15511	23638	17779	41417	4914	18305	104335	169445	x	x	

Table (24): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by last usual place of residence for each present place of residence

last usual place of residence (1)	present place of residence (state/ut)																			
	AP	Ar. P	ASM	BHR	CTG	DEL	GOA	GUJ	HAR	HP	J & K	JHK	KTK	KRL	MP	MAH	MAN	MEG	MIZ	
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
Andhra Pradesh	957	0	0	0	2	1	2	0	0	3	0	7	42	2	0	9	0	0	0	
Arunachal Pradesh	0	531	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Assam	0	159	968	0	0	1	0	0	1	1	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	108	19	
Bihar	1	41	15	962	16	181	6	13	40	5	5	60	2	1	4	8	1	8	2	
Chhattisgarh	1	0	0	0	866	0	0	0	0	2	2	1	1	0	5	3	0	0	0	
Delhi	0	16	0	1	6	211	8	3	35	7	4	0	1	2	1	1	37	0	2	
Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	563	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Gujarat	2	0	0	0	1	1	0	870	0	0	4	3	2	1	2	21	0	0	0	
Haryana	0	0	0	0	1	45	2	0	690	12	0	0	2	2	0	2	0	0	2	
Himachal Pradesh	0	2	0	0	0	8	0	0	9	875	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	
Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	0	2	4	0	1	3	8	943	0	0	1	0	0	38	0	0	
Jharkhand	0	0	0	16	3	6	11	2	2	3	3	907	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Karnataka	10	0	0	0	0	0	170	2	0	1	0	0	858	10	0	20	0	19	0	
Kerala	2	24	0	0	0	6	36	1	0	0	0	0	12	894	1	5	1	0	0	
Madhya Pradesh	1	0	0	0	27	10	1	6	2	1	1	2	2	3	920	12	0	6	0	
Maharashtra	5	0	0	0	14	2	100	29	2	2	1	0	18	7	10	837	0	0	1	
Manipur	0	16	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	915	7	25	
Meghalaya	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	776	8	
Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	838	
Nagaland	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Orissa	6	0	0	0	29	5	11	5	1	0	1	9	4	2	0	3	0	0	0	
Punjab	0	0	0	1	6	21	0	0	43	31	15	1	4	1	0	2	1	0	0	
Rajasthan	3	0	2	0	1	13	56	13	70	3	1	0	6	5	12	12	0	0	6	
Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Tamil Nadu	7	0	0	0	0	0	4	1	1	0	0	0	35	36	0	3	0	0	0	
Tripura	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	27	17	
Uttarakhand	0	0	0	0	0	37	4	1	12	6	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
Uttar Pradesh	1	0	0	8	18	398	2	45	78	19	15	3	2	1	37	46	0	14	0	
West Bengal	2	98	7	5	4	29	13	3	3	1	1	5	2	3	1	7	0	2	0	
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Chandigarh	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	2	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
total (incl. n.r.)	999	903	999	997	995	990	990	998	996	984	1000	999	999	972	996	996	996	988	921	

AP: Andhra Pradesh, Ar. P: Arunachal Pradesh, ASM: Assam, BHR: Bihar, CTG: Chhattisgarh, DEL: Delhi, Goa: Goa, GUJ: Gujarat, HAR: Haryana, HP: Himachal Pradesh, J & K: Jammu & Kashmir, JHK: Jharkhand, KTK: Karnataka, KRL: Kerala, MP: Madhya Pradesh, MAH: Maharashtra, MAN: Manipur, MEG: Meghalaya, MIZ: Mizoram, NAG: Nagaland, ORS: Orissa, PUN: Punjab, RAJ: Rajasthan, SIK: Sikkim, TN: Tamil Nadu, TRI: Tripura, UTK: Uttarakhand, UP: Uttar Pradesh, WB: West Bengal, A & N: A & N Islands, CDG: Chandigarh, D & N H: Dadra & Nagar Haveli, D & D: Daman & Diu, LKD: Lakshadweep, PDR: Puducherry

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Table (24): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by last usual place of residence for each present place of residence

last usual place of residence (1)	present place of residence (state/ut)																	all migrants (38)
	NAG (21)	ORS (22)	PUN (23)	RAJ (24)	SIK (25)	TN (26)	TRI (27)	UTK (28)	UP (29)	WB (30)	A & N (31)	CDG (32)	D & N H (33)	D & D (34)	LKD (35)	PDR (36)	all-India (37)	
Andhra Pradesh	0	6	0	0	0	9	19	0	0	0	37	0	0	0	2	41	83	238642
Arunachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	344
Assam	114	0	1	1	5	0	23	1	1	2	2	16	0	6	0	0	12	34800
Bihar	21	6	44	5	71	2	0	26	18	38	2	92	61	94	14	0	68	195035
Chhattisgarh	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	19	0	0	0	0	0	23	66912
Delhi	1	1	15	3	4	0	0	8	8	3	8	47	0	0	8	0	8	23369
Goa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	28	0	0	0	0	0	1	2868
Gujarat	0	3	1	6	0	1	0	2	1	0	0	0	48	266	0	1	52	149781
Haryana	0	0	41	21	0	0	0	7	4	1	0	149	33	0	0	0	22	63873
Himachal Pradesh	0	0	17	1	1	0	0	4	0	0	0	93	0	0	0	0	9	24747
Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	5	15545
Jharkhand	0	9	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	9	68	13	16	0	0	0	16	46567
Karnataka	0	0	0	0	1	17	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	2	0	47	135716
Kerala	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	0	41	0	0	0	57	16	34	97992
Madhya Pradesh	0	1	2	14	0	0	0	6	11	1	4	0	173	11	0	0	61	175186
Maharashtra	0	2	1	3	0	3	0	3	2	2	7	13	51	57	6	0	106	306279
Manipur	19	0	0	0	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	771
Meghalaya	7	0	0	0	0	1	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	962
Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	52	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1355
Nagaland	812	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1327
Orissa	1	951	2	0	0	1	0	0	2	6	9	0	0	51	0	35	40	114114
Punjab	0	0	767	9	0	1	0	3	3	0	0	208	0	0	0	0	25	72847
Rajasthan	0	2	9	901	2	3	0	3	5	1	2	19	21	43	0	30	63	180549
Sikkim	0	0	0	0	707	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	0	0	0	0	1	1631
Tamil Nadu	0	1	0	0	0	930	0	2	0	1	59	16	0	0	16	591	51	146000
Tripura	0	0	0	0	0	0	767	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	3388
Uttarakhand	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	683	6	1	0	19	25	7	0	0	10	28885
Uttar Pradesh	2	3	62	24	5	0	4	227	929	8	4	287	190	200	0	0	176	505306
West Bengal	12	8	8	4	149	0	5	5	4	895	74	1	1	1	3	0	75	216816
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	617	0	0	0	5	0	0	1228
Chandigarh	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1168
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	377	49	1	0	0	975
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	216	6	0	0	313
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	880	0	0	241
Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	267	0	1156
total (incl. n.r.)	989	1000	986	996	946	993	880	986	996	971	982	988	1000	1000	1000	988	993	2858125

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Table (24): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by last usual place of residence for each present place of residence

last usual place of residence	present place of residence (state/ut)																			
	AP	Ar. P	ASM	BHR	CTG	DEL	GOA	GUJ	HAR	H P	J & K	JHK	KTK	KRL	MP	MAH	MAN	MEG	MIZ	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bangladesh	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	65	
Bhutan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Maldives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
Nepal	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	7	
Pakistan	0	0	0	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Gulf Countries	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	26	0	1	0	0	0	
Other Asian Countries	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	5	
USA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Canada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other countries of North and South America	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
UK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other countries of Europe	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
Countries of Africa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Rest of the world	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
total (incl. n.r.)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	
estimate no. of migrants (00)	236487	143	33593	153802	73579	55332	4413	159657	72026	24349	14585	42379	141658	100555	171903	347509	177	814	1347	
sample no. of migrants	12694	211	2506	9796	3972	2542	527	8747	4424	3917	1948	2941	7201	5389	10371	17455	104	392	1681	

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Table (24): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by last usual place of residence for each present place of residence

last usual place of residence	present place of residence (state/ut)																	all migrants
	NAG	ORS	PUN	RAJ	SIK	TN	TRI	UTK	UP	WB	A & N	CDG	D & N H	D & D	LKD	PDR	all-India	
(1)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	54
Bangladesh	0	0	0	0	0	0	103	0	1	26	9	0	0	0	0	0	2	7120
Bhutan	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	68
Maldives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	58
Nepal	3	0	3	0	51	0	0	4	3	1	9	12	0	0	0	0	1	3574
Pakistan	0	0	9	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2042
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	514
Gulf Countries	0	0	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	3570
Other Asian Countries	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	510
USA	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	161
Canada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Other countries of North and South America	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	48
Other countries of Europe	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	0	183
Countries of Africa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	53
Rest of the world	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	85
total (incl. n.r.)	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	1000	2878389
estimate no. of migrants (00)	1293	109849	79726	177256	1740	142285	4061	32600	456298	228506	1783	4708	826	647	180	2324	2878389	x
sample no. of migrants	1222	7509	5118	9514	2026	7377	1484	3010	19352	11946	1198	699	700	490	301	681	169445	x

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Table (24.1): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by present place of residence for each last usual place of residence

last usual place of residence	present place of residence (state/ut)																			
	AP	Ar. P	ASM	BHR	CTG	DEL	GOA	GUJ	HAR	H P	J & K	JHK	KTK	KRL	MP	MAH	MAN	MEG	MIZ	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
Andhra Pradesh	948	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	25	1	0	13	0	0	0	
Arunachal Pradesh	0	220	0	0	3	43	13	0	123	0	0	0	365	0	0	159	0	0	0	
Assam	1	1	935	2	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	0	5	3	0	7	0	3	1	
Bihar	1	0	3	759	6	51	0	10	15	1	0	13	2	1	3	14	0	0	0	
Chhattisgarh	2	0	0	0	952	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	13	16	0	0	0	
Delhi	2	0	1	3	18	499	1	21	109	8	3	0	8	10	10	19	0	0	0	
Goa	0	0	3	0	0	0	866	2	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	73	0	0	0	
Gujarat	4	0	0	0	1	0	0	927	0	0	0	1	2	1	2	48	0	0	0	
Haryana	0	0	0	0	1	39	0	1	778	4	0	0	5	3	0	11	0	0	0	
Himachal Pradesh	0	0	0	0	0	19	0	2	25	861	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	
Jammu & Kashmir	0	0	0	3	10	14	0	9	15	13	885	0	3	4	0	1	0	0	0	
Jharkhand	2	0	0	52	4	7	1	5	3	2	1	825	0	1	0	8	0	0	0	
Karnataka	18	0	0	0	0	0	6	2	0	0	0	0	895	7	0	52	0	0	0	
Kerala	5	0	0	0	0	4	2	2	0	0	0	0	18	917	2	19	0	0	0	
Madhya Pradesh	1	0	0	0	11	3	0	5	1	0	0	0	1	2	903	24	0	0	0	
Maharashtra	4	0	0	0	3	0	1	15	1	0	0	0	8	2	6	950	0	0	0	
Manipur	0	3	10	10	0	88	0	38	0	20	0	0	169	0	0	0	210	7	44	
Meghalaya	0	0	121	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	7	0	0	37	0	656	12	
Mizoram	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	833	
Nagaland	0	0	22	11	0	0	0	0	33	1	0	0	3	33	0	0	0	0	0	
Orissa	13	0	0	0	19	2	0	7	0	0	0	3	5	2	1	10	0	0	0	
Punjab	1	0	0	3	6	16	0	1	42	10	3	1	7	1	1	8	0	0	0	
Rajasthan	4	0	0	0	0	4	1	12	28	0	0	0	5	3	12	23	0	0	0	
Sikkim	0	0	0	0	0	94	0	0	26	0	4	0	59	0	0	2	0	0	0	
Tamil Nadu	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	34	25	0	8	0	0	0	
Tripura	0	0	10	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	7	7	
Uttarakhand	0	0	0	1	0	71	1	3	30	5	0	0	0	0	1	8	0	0	0	
Uttar Pradesh	1	0	0	2	3	44	0	14	11	1	0	0	0	0	13	31	0	0	0	
West Bengal	2	0	1	4	1	7	0	2	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	11	0	0	0	
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Chandigarh	25	0	0	0	0	212	0	0	140	73	1	0	0	25	4	46	0	0	0	
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	505	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	143	0	0	0	
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	94	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	455	0	0	0	
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	237	0	107	0	0	0	
Puducherry	63	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	31	1	0	27	0	0	0	
total (incl. n.r.)	83	0	12	54	26	19	2	56	25	8	5	15	50	34	60	121	0	0	0	

AP: Andhra Pradesh, Ar. P: Arunachal Pradesh, ASM: Assam, BHR: Bihar, CTG: Chhattisgarh, DEL: Delhi, Goa: Goa, GUJ: Gujarat, HAR: Haryana, H P: Himachal Pradesh, J & K: Jammu & Kashmir, JHK: Jharkhand, KTK: Karnataka, KRL: Kerala, MP: Madhya Pradesh, MAH: Maharashtra, MAN: Manipur, MEG: Meghalaya, MIZ: Mizoram, NAG: Nagaland, ORS: Orissa, PUN: Punjab, RAJ: Rajasthan, SIK: Sikkim, TN: Tamil Nadu, TRI: Tripura, UTK: Uttarakhand, UP: Uttar Pradesh, WB: West Bengal, A & N: A & N Islands, CDG: Chandigarh, D & N H: Dadra & Nagar Haveli, D & D: Daman & Diu, LKD: Lakshadweep, PDR: Puducherry

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Table (24.1): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by present place of residence for each last usual place of residence

last usual place of residence	present place of residence (state/ut)																	all migrants
	NAG	ORS	PUN	RAJ	SIK	TN	TRI	UTK	UP	WB	A & N	CDG	D & N H	D & D	LKD	PDR	all-India	
(1)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)
Andhra Pradesh	0	3	0	0	0	5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	238642
Arunachal Pradesh	0	64	0	0	0	0	10	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	344
Assam	4	0	2	3	0	1	3	1	8	15	0	2	0	0	0	0	1000	34800
Bihar	0	3	18	5	1	1	0	4	41	45	0	2	0	0	0	0	1000	195035
Chhattisgarh	0	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	5	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1000	66912
Delhi	0	4	52	21	0	1	0	12	160	26	1	9	0	0	0	0	1000	23369
Goa	0	14	0	0	0	22	0	0	0	0	18	0	0	0	0	0	1000	2868
Gujarat	0	2	0	7	0	1	0	0	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1000	149781
Haryana	0	0	51	58	0	0	0	4	31	2	0	11	0	0	0	0	1000	63873
Himachal Pradesh	0	0	55	9	0	0	0	5	0	3	0	18	0	0	0	0	1000	24747
Jammu & Kashmir	0	1	17	11	0	3	0	3	6	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1000	15545
Jharkhand	0	21	3	4	0	2	0	1	12	42	3	1	0	0	0	0	1000	46567
Karnataka	0	0	0	0	0	17	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	135716
Kerala	0	0	0	1	0	27	0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1000	97992
Madhya Pradesh	0	0	1	14	0	0	0	1	28	1	0	0	1	0	0	0	1000	175186
Maharashtra	0	1	0	2	0	1	0	0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	306279
Manipur	32	0	23	0	0	323	6	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	771
Meghalaya	9	0	8	0	0	86	19	0	0	34	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	962
Mizoram	0	0	0	0	0	0	157	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1355
Nagaland	792	1	89	15	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1327
Orissa	0	916	1	1	0	1	0	0	6	12	0	0	0	0	0	1	1000	114114
Punjab	0	1	839	23	0	1	0	1	21	1	0	13	0	0	0	0	1000	72847
Rajasthan	0	1	4	884	0	2	0	1	12	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	1000	180549
Sikkim	0	11	0	0	754	0	0	8	0	19	0	22	0	0	0	0	1000	1631
Tamil Nadu	0	0	0	0	0	907	0	0	0	2	1	1	0	0	0	9	1000	146000
Tripura	0	0	5	0	0	0	920	0	2	28	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	3388
Uttarakhand	0	0	7	2	0	0	0	771	89	6	0	3	1	0	0	0	1000	28885
Uttar Pradesh	0	1	10	9	0	0	0	15	839	4	0	3	0	0	0	0	1000	505306
West Bengal	0	4	3	3	1	0	0	1	9	944	1	0	0	0	0	0	1000	216816
A & N Islands	0	0	0	0	0	74	0	2	16	0	896	0	0	0	1	0	1000	1228
Chandigarh	0	0	279	49	0	0	0	34	111	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	1168
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	320	33	0	0	1000	975
Daman & Diu	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	447	4	0	1000	313
Lakshadweep	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	656	0	1000	241
Puducherry	0	0	0	0	0	330	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	536	1000	1156
total (incl. n.r.)	0	38	27	62	1	49	1	11	159	78	1	2	0	0	0	1	1000	2858125

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Table (24.1): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by present place of residence for each last usual place of residence

last usual place of residence	present place of residence (state/ut)																			
	AP	Ar. P	ASM	BHR	CTG	DEL	GOA	GUJ	HAR	H P	J & K	JHK	KTK	KRL	MP	MAH	MAN	MEG	MIZ	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)	
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	961	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Bangladesh	0	0	7	4	9	0	0	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	12	
Bhutan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Maldives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	
Nepal	14	0	0	24	0	26	0	64	0	76	1	0	1	0	19	250	0	0	3	
Pakistan	0	0	0	0	0	150	0	0	129	0	1	0	0	16	9	63	0	0	0	
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	
Gulf Countries	13	0	0	0	0	0	12	8	0	0	0	0	2	727	0	59	0	0	0	
Other Asian Countries	6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	206	0	0	3	124	0	3	0	0	12	
USA	13	0	0	0	5	0	0	94	0	0	0	0	289	110	2	470	0	0	0	
Canada	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Other countries of North and South America	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
UK	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	766	0	0	151	0	0	0	
Other countries of Europe	531	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	0	0	0	5	261	0	0	0	0	5	
Countries of Africa	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	744	0	0	0	0	0	36	0	0	0	0	0	
Rest of the world	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	240	0	0	0	
total (incl. n.r.)	82	0	12	53	26	19	2	55	25	8	5	15	49	35	60	121	0	0	0	
estimate no. of migrants (00)	236487	143	33593	153802	73579	55332	4413	159657	72026	24349	14585	42379	141658	100555	171903	347509	177	814	1347	
sample no. of migrants	12694	211	2506	9796	3972	2542	527	8747	4424	3917	1948	2941	7201	5389	10371	17455	104	392	1681	

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Table (24.1): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by present place of residence for each last usual place of residence

last usual place of residence	present place of residence (state/ut)																	all migrants
	NAG	ORS	PUN	RAJ	SIK	TN	TRI	UTK	UP	WB	A & N	CDG	D & N H	D & D	LKD	PDR	all-India	
(1)	(21)	(22)	(23)	(24)	(25)	(26)	(27)	(28)	(29)	(30)	(31)	(32)	(33)	(34)	(35)	(36)	(37)	(38)
Afghanistan	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	39	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	54
Bangladesh	0	3	0	0	0	0	59	2	45	848	2	0	0	0	0	0	1000	7120
Bhutan	0	0	0	0	24	0	0	24	0	952	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	68
Maldives	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	58
Nepal	1	1	59	10	25	1	0	32	324	47	4	16	0	0	0	0	1000	3574
Pakistan	0	0	362	189	0	1	0	1	0	79	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	2042
Sri Lanka	0	0	0	0	0	976	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	514
Gulf Countries	0	0	33	71	0	48	0	0	24	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1000	3570
Other Asian Countries	0	0	69	0	0	550	0	0	1	17	0	0	0	0	0	6	1000	510
USA	0	0	17	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	161
Canada	0	0	1000	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	2
Other countries of North and South America	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
UK	0	0	16	0	0	0	0	0	0	32	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	48
Other countries of Europe	0	0	61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	124	1000	183
Countries of Africa	0	0	145	0	0	0	0	75	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	53
Rest of the world	0	0	249	0	0	0	0	0	466	36	0	0	0	0	0	0	1000	85
total (incl. n.r.)	0	38	28	62	1	49	1	11	159	79	1	2	0	0	0	1	1000	2878389
estimate no. of migrants (00)	1293	109849	79726	177256	1740	142285	4061	32600	456298	228506	1783	4708	826	647	180	2324	2878389	x
sample no. of migrants	1222	7509	5118	9514	2026	7377	1484	3010	19352	11946	1198	699	700	490	301	681	169445	x

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Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: ST								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								all	estimated (00)	sample		
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country				n.r.	
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months or more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	84	0	4	17	22	639	10	131	17	81	120	1	0	1000	1655	142
10-20	99	1	14	19	35	601	31	195	114	44	16	0	0	1000	1939	118
20-30	115	0	27	17	45	807	11	104	20	23	33	1	0	1000	2254	122
30-40	99	2	12	29	42	685	11	227	33	33	10	0	0	1000	1943	151
40-50	68	0	9	22	31	608	38	227	14	101	4	8	0	1000	1330	127
50-60	102	0	16	39	54	773	20	77	12	86	22	9	0	1000	1999	139
60-70	75	3	7	35	45	629	12	213	84	26	20	15	0	1000	1464	174
70-80	70	1	18	27	45	602	99	229	12	46	10	3	0	1000	1373	202
80-90	126	1	26	64	91	715	34	180	27	17	18	10	0	1000	2468	340
90-100	163	1	82	71	154	515	65	157	128	65	61	7	2	1000	3206	784
all groups	1000	1	17	29	47	657	34	168	52	51	33	5	0	1000	19631	2299
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	368	7094	12159	19631	12889	659	3299	1021	994	654	106	9	19631	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	58	882	1350	2299	1113	226	355	278	191	92	39	5	2299	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: ST				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	175	0	6	387	393	832	15	117	2	27	8	0	0	1000	30531	1441
10-20	137	0	11	417	428	805	8	134	16	34	3	0	2	1000	23916	1101
20-30	120	0	15	446	461	810	2	160	3	25	0	0	0	1000	20919	989
30-40	117	2	12	450	465	781	13	172	4	25	4	0	0	1000	20490	965
40-50	103	0	14	449	462	785	8	169	1	31	1	4	1	1000	17985	910
50-60	85	5	11	423	440	759	20	161	6	54	0	1	0	1000	14916	797
60-70	85	0	14	459	474	795	21	156	9	16	1	1	0	1000	14798	777
70-80	74	0	19	450	469	745	20	201	11	20	0	0	2	1000	12976	822
80-90	63	1	35	406	441	811	26	148	5	8	0	1	0	1000	10954	754
90-100	42	0	58	346	404	680	46	198	35	31	8	2	0	1000	7393	1078
all groups	1000	1	15	423	440	791	15	155	7	28	3	1	0	1000	174878	9634
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	348	6068	168432	174878	138393	2570	27098	1287	4846	467	134	85	174878	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	35	672	8915	9634	7077	299	1579	211	380	48	32	8	9634	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: ST										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all	estimated (00)	sample
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	165	0	5	203	208	822	14	117	3	30	13	0	0	1000	32186	1583
10-20	133	1	13	219	233	789	9	138	23	35	4	0	2	1000	25855	1219
20-30	119	0	21	220	242	810	3	155	5	25	3	0	0	1000	23173	1111
30-40	115	2	12	234	248	773	13	177	7	26	5	0	0	1000	22434	1116
40-50	99	0	11	223	234	773	10	173	2	36	1	4	1	1000	19315	1037
50-60	87	3	13	223	239	760	20	151	7	58	3	2	0	1000	16915	936
60-70	84	2	10	243	255	780	20	161	16	17	2	2	0	1000	16262	951
70-80	74	1	18	229	248	732	28	204	11	22	1	1	1	1000	14349	1024
80-90	69	1	30	227	258	793	27	154	9	10	3	3	0	1000	13422	1094
90-100	54	1	71	199	271	630	51	186	63	41	24	3	1	1000	10599	1862
all groups	1000	1	16	221	238	778	17	156	12	30	6	1	0	1000	194509	11933
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	715	13163	180591	194509	151282	3229	30397	2308	5840	1120	239	94	194509	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	93	1554	10265	11933	8190	525	1934	489	571	140	71	13	11933	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: ST				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay more than 12 months													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	91	0	80	83	163	546	46	115	237	26	24	0	6	1000	1046	73
10-20	62	0	8	123	131	448	8	220	1	323	0	0	0	1000	717	58
20-30	36	0	17	103	121	641	49	94	50	166	0	0	0	1000	414	70
30-40	63	0	32	186	219	425	111	298	91	54	22	0	0	1000	731	101
40-50	71	0	68	136	205	335	28	406	144	36	45	6	0	1000	821	108
50-60	119	5	102	262	369	141	40	151	143	513	10	1	1	1000	1364	134
60-70	129	0	210	170	382	119	6	359	384	54	68	7	3	1000	1487	223
70-80	150	2	284	156	441	278	229	206	146	124	17	0	0	1000	1723	311
80-90	139	0	231	253	485	332	12	277	194	55	129	1	2	1000	1599	331
90-100	139	0	409	234	644	127	11	242	232	119	268	0	1	1000	1603	292
all groups	1000	1	127	160	288	289	58	243	187	145	75	2	1	1000	11505	1701
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	30	5081	6384	11505	3328	672	2793	2154	1667	858	18	16	11505	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	20	725	946	1701	541	138	383	391	112	111	12	13	1701	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: ST				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	128	0	42	316	357	716	53	115	32	61	22	0	2	1000	2014	226
10-20	124	6	17	326	350	385	245	180	32	153	4	0	0	1000	1961	164
20-30	86	0	24	433	457	680	45	128	75	59	14	0	0	1000	1359	170
30-40	82	0	58	383	441	359	167	297	136	30	10	0	0	1000	1287	161
40-50	90	0	62	283	346	465	44	295	106	38	51	1	0	1000	1415	195
50-60	95	0	164	308	471	296	145	228	135	180	15	1	0	1000	1495	212
60-70	134	0	259	297	557	265	46	212	432	27	16	2	0	1000	2110	279
70-80	85	0	171	261	433	288	164	284	122	18	121	1	2	1000	1335	345
80-90	98	0	191	298	489	282	103	154	288	97	75	0	1	1000	1546	406
90-100	80	0	234	321	555	136	26	161	269	43	365	0	0	1000	1259	289
all groups	1000	1	109	320	430	395	105	200	166	73	60	1	1	1000	15779	2447
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	39	3988	11746	15779	6234	1651	3164	2613	1149	950	9	9	15779	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	9	666	1764	2447	1013	268	507	423	106	114	8	8	2447	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: ST										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all	estimated (00)	sample
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	112	0	62	192	254	658	51	115	102	49	23	0	3	1000	3061	299
10-20	98	3	13	226	242	402	182	191	24	199	3	0	0	1000	2677	222
20-30	65	0	20	256	277	671	46	120	69	84	10	0	0	1000	1772	240
30-40	74	0	44	278	323	383	147	297	120	39	14	0	0	1000	2017	262
40-50	82	0	65	211	276	417	38	336	120	37	49	3	0	1000	2236	303
50-60	105	3	130	283	416	222	94	191	139	339	13	1	0	1000	2859	346
60-70	132	0	234	232	468	205	29	273	412	38	38	4	1	1000	3597	502
70-80	112	1	234	203	438	282	201	240	136	78	62	1	1	1000	3059	656
80-90	115	0	211	275	487	307	57	216	240	75	102	0	2	1000	3145	737
90-100	105	0	325	275	601	131	18	206	249	85	311	0	1	1000	2862	581
all groups	1000	1	118	237	356	350	85	218	175	103	66	1	1	1000	27285	4148
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	69	9068	18131	27285	9562	2323	5956	4768	2816	1808	27	25	27285	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	29	1391	2710	4148	1554	406	890	814	218	225	20	21	4148	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: SC				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	64	0	4	20	24	682	18	114	20	49	102	15	0	1000	2519	199
10-20	76	2	6	22	30	527	41	129	49	187	27	39	0	1000	2957	180
20-30	96	3	8	27	39	543	94	91	56	39	78	92	7	1000	3762	248
30-40	92	3	8	30	41	497	18	196	21	102	119	47	1	1000	3612	255
40-50	88	1	9	30	40	451	144	170	34	72	30	99	0	1000	3453	277
50-60	103	0	15	36	52	514	83	170	43	66	67	57	0	1000	4016	231
60-70	87	1	8	36	45	414	87	205	53	47	97	89	7	1000	3418	242
70-80	107	1	5	54	60	472	112	159	89	44	46	78	0	1000	4196	324
80-90	118	1	15	58	74	445	101	236	42	105	35	35	2	1000	4597	334
90-100	167	2	43	102	148	385	71	244	101	105	76	18	0	1000	6542	497
all groups	1000	1	10	37	49	479	80	180	56	82	67	55	2	1000	39071	2787
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1119	8388	29487	39071	18700	3112	7041	2174	3219	2614	2151	59	39071	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	131	570	2079	2787	1286	195	505	190	299	190	115	7	2787	x	x



Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: SC				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	118	0	8	393	401	751	20	190	7	21	5	4	3	1000	43427	1886
10-20	115	1	12	414	428	711	27	212	10	32	3	4	1	1000	42359	1913
20-30	120	1	9	447	457	719	21	212	8	24	7	8	0	1000	44278	1915
30-40	103	1	11	434	446	734	25	189	16	27	4	5	0	1000	37986	1676
40-50	109	1	8	484	493	688	28	221	12	43	4	4	0	1000	40199	1728
50-60	100	0	11	508	519	680	46	207	17	33	11	5	0	1000	36820	1580
60-70	93	1	10	504	515	680	28	231	12	36	7	6	1	1000	34149	1502
70-80	95	1	8	545	554	654	43	242	24	28	3	5	0	1000	35019	1624
80-90	85	0	16	545	562	648	57	220	26	38	7	3	0	1000	31484	1542
90-100	62	1	29	594	624	579	41	270	41	52	16	2	0	1000	22794	1390
all groups	1000	1	11	471	482	692	32	216	16	32	6	5	1	1000	368513	16756
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	420	8425	359665	368513	254877	11963	79690	5774	11904	2276	1748	281	368513	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	53	559	16143	16756	11438	567	3535	314	667	138	83	14	16756	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: SC										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	113	0	6	211	217	747	20	185	7	22	10	4	2	1000	45945	2085
10-20	111	1	9	218	228	699	28	207	12	42	5	6	1	1000	45316	2093
20-30	118	2	9	237	247	705	27	202	12	25	13	15	1	1000	48040	2163
30-40	102	2	9	230	241	713	24	189	16	34	14	9	0	1000	41598	1931
40-50	107	1	9	250	259	670	37	217	14	46	6	11	0	1000	43652	2005
50-60	100	0	13	262	275	664	50	203	20	36	16	10	0	1000	40836	1811
60-70	92	1	9	255	265	655	33	229	15	37	15	13	2	1000	37566	1744
70-80	96	1	7	287	295	635	51	233	31	30	7	13	0	1000	39215	1948
80-90	89	0	16	288	304	622	62	222	28	46	11	7	1	1000	36080	1876
90-100	72	2	37	324	363	535	48	264	54	64	29	6	0	1000	29336	1887
all groups	1000	1	11	248	260	671	37	213	20	37	12	10	1	1000	407584	19543
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1539	16813	389152	407584	273577	15075	86731	7948	15123	4890	3899	341	407584	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	184	1129	18222	19543	12724	762	4040	504	966	328	198	21	19543	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: SC								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country					
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	79	0	53	65	118	255	117	113	155	281	73	6	0	1000	3783	256
10-20	74	0	32	93	125	313	88	192	26	272	42	68	0	1000	3561	294
20-30	94	0	39	127	166	323	28	213	79	260	88	9	0	1000	4521	290
30-40	92	3	49	139	191	150	25	312	67	386	57	2	0	1000	4438	296
40-50	132	0	43	238	281	202	101	288	108	267	19	15	0	1000	6326	348
50-60	130	3	45	221	269	179	63	181	188	292	95	1	0	1000	6233	375
60-70	125	0	77	262	339	102	55	219	280	263	71	11	0	1000	6000	338
70-80	117	2	140	301	443	120	68	212	184	281	134	0	0	1000	5592	340
80-90	92	4	107	292	403	158	31	169	272	235	131	3	0	1000	4414	335
90-100	65	11	212	254	477	185	18	232	174	214	169	7	0	1000	3112	205
all groups	1000	2	61	172	235	191	61	216	159	277	85	11	0	1000	47980	3077
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	313	12514	35152	47980	9156	2934	10367	7650	13286	4072	513	2	47980	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	35	793	2248	3077	730	231	631	442	756	252	32	3	3077	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: SC				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	168	0	70	336	408	387	165	167	124	114	41	2	0	1000	14415	1015
10-20	131	2	31	381	414	477	106	232	57	86	20	22	0	1000	11284	793
20-30	122	0	44	362	407	390	86	244	86	120	51	3	21	1000	10451	660
30-40	116	0	49	390	438	306	82	240	135	204	31	2	0	1000	9959	658
40-50	117	3	42	447	491	249	108	263	190	156	33	1	0	1000	10071	626
50-60	115	0	34	433	467	191	120	280	214	143	52	0	0	1000	9894	608
60-70	82	0	56	406	462	186	115	203	332	105	56	3	0	1000	7021	448
70-80	64	0	55	472	526	226	141	252	259	75	44	3	0	1000	5476	399
80-90	57	0	118	384	502	210	139	227	281	73	69	0	0	1000	4860	385
90-100	28	0	103	471	574	209	33	279	240	86	144	8	0	1000	2425	203
all groups	1000	1	53	393	447	309	115	232	168	124	44	5	3	1000	85856	5795
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	123	10142	75559	85856	26555	9898	19955	14411	10606	3818	394	219	85856	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	17	580	5197	5795	2138	642	1269	769	655	294	24	4	5795	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: SC										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	136	0	62	207	269	360	155	156	131	149	48	3	0	1000	18198	1271
10-20	111	1	32	234	266	437	102	222	49	131	25	33	0	1000	14845	1087
20-30	112	0	42	241	283	369	69	235	84	162	62	5	14	1000	14972	950
30-40	108	2	49	263	314	258	65	262	114	260	39	2	0	1000	14397	954
40-50	123	1	42	338	381	231	105	273	159	199	28	6	0	1000	16397	974
50-60	120	2	40	322	364	187	98	241	204	201	69	0	0	1000	16127	983
60-70	97	0	67	329	396	147	88	210	308	178	63	6	0	1000	13020	786
70-80	83	1	101	378	481	173	104	231	222	179	90	2	0	1000	11068	739
80-90	69	2	112	335	450	185	88	199	277	150	99	1	0	1000	9273	720
90-100	41	7	169	339	515	196	25	252	203	158	158	8	0	1000	5538	408
all groups	1000	1	57	279	337	267	96	227	165	179	59	7	2	1000	133836	8872
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	436	22656	110712	133836	35711	12833	30323	22061	23892	7890	906	220	133836	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	52	1373	7445	8872	2868	873	1900	1211	1411	546	56	7	8872	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: OBC						location of last residence				number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	44	1	6	20	27	438	36	314	54	61	85	13	0	1000	3748	230
10-20	55	0	5	24	30	588	28	126	68	62	82	40	6	1000	4636	298
20-30	50	0	7	19	26	594	30	186	26	81	77	4	1	1000	4226	345
30-40	56	0	4	23	28	498	86	186	99	53	44	35	0	1000	4780	397
40-50	72	1	9	26	36	607	76	166	27	41	70	13	0	1000	6082	447
50-60	84	1	6	32	39	498	47	312	42	44	51	6	0	1000	7081	547
60-70	82	1	10	28	39	500	88	197	80	69	36	26	4	1000	6958	558
70-80	103	1	7	42	50	403	84	224	60	90	108	31	0	1000	8732	757
80-90	121	1	11	50	62	450	90	194	104	75	42	46	0	1000	10224	894
90-100	334	1	64	110	176	351	70	171	164	118	84	42	1	1000	28297	1805
all groups	1000	1	13	38	51	448	69	198	98	83	71	31	1	1000	84765	6278
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1190	21156	62319	84765	38001	5851	16816	8334	7032	6006	2638	87	84765	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	175	1528	4569	6278	2852	453	1262	517	583	432	173	6	6278	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group:OBC				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	71	0	7	368	375	693	27	230	11	31	7	1	1	1000	52784	2304
10-20	88	0	6	414	421	718	23	201	17	34	4	1	1	1000	66072	2938
20-30	91	0	6	416	423	713	34	209	10	26	7	1	1	1000	68324	3170
30-40	100	0	10	423	433	693	35	211	18	37	4	1	0	1000	74519	3316
40-50	103	0	12	443	455	679	25	244	13	31	7	0	0	1000	76882	3417
50-60	110	0	11	468	479	681	45	220	17	31	4	1	0	1000	82176	3656
60-70	106	0	12	453	465	667	39	231	19	36	5	3	0	1000	78869	3644
70-80	115	1	13	517	531	650	45	234	23	35	10	2	1	1000	86032	3907
80-90	106	1	15	508	524	662	53	209	27	36	10	4	1	1000	79251	3899
90-100	110	1	35	540	576	586	65	244	43	44	15	3	0	1000	82418	4445
all groups	1000	0	12	455	468	672	40	224	20	34	7	2	0	1000	747327	34696
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	554	19786	726613	747327	501902	29980	167317	15310	25648	5565	1265	339	747327	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	87	1408	33187	34696	22772	1384	7742	843	1483	325	125	22	34696	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: OBC										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all	estimated (00)	sample
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	68	1	7	196	203	676	28	236	14	33	12	1	1	1000	56532	2534
10-20	85	0	6	220	226	710	23	196	20	36	10	4	2	1000	70709	3236
20-30	87	0	7	218	225	706	34	207	11	30	11	1	1	1000	72550	3515
30-40	95	0	7	222	230	681	38	210	23	38	7	3	0	1000	79299	3713
40-50	100	1	10	233	244	674	28	239	14	32	11	1	0	1000	82964	3864
50-60	107	0	8	244	253	667	45	227	19	32	8	1	0	1000	89256	4203
60-70	103	0	11	234	245	654	43	228	24	39	7	5	0	1000	85827	4202
70-80	114	1	10	271	281	627	49	233	26	40	19	5	1	1000	94764	4664
80-90	108	1	13	270	284	638	57	207	36	40	13	9	0	1000	89475	4793
90-100	133	1	50	313	364	526	66	225	74	63	32	13	0	1000	110715	6250
all groups	1000	1	13	242	255	649	43	221	28	39	14	5	1	1000	832091	40974
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1744	40941	788932	832091	539903	35831	184134	23644	32679	11572	3903	425	832091	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	262	2936	37756	40974	25624	1837	9004	1360	2066	757	298	28	40974	x	x



Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: OBC								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country					
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	38	0	16	61	77	380	61	204	104	164	79	8	0	1000	4481	410
10-20	80	2	25	118	145	518	116	105	127	98	23	13	0	1000	9564	522
20-30	86	1	22	133	158	337	62	268	88	151	30	47	17	1000	10236	670
30-40	89	3	50	120	172	311	50	237	148	212	36	6	0	1000	10612	690
40-50	108	3	45	182	230	334	58	223	149	205	24	7	0	1000	12867	873
50-60	105	4	49	198	250	221	99	308	151	172	44	5	0	1000	12580	841
60-70	110	4	74	206	284	259	124	206	188	162	58	2	1	1000	13101	981
70-80	129	1	117	225	343	254	98	206	164	197	61	18	0	1000	15360	1050
80-90	134	6	130	264	400	179	117	181	187	252	78	5	0	1000	15956	965
90-100	122	3	162	306	471	141	84	206	359	81	113	16	0	1000	14513	917
all groups	1000	3	60	168	230	274	90	215	177	173	56	12	2	1000	119269	7919
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1344	30816	86899	119269	32676	10786	25687	21144	20614	6700	1471	192	119269	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	130	2208	5574	7919	2237	660	1629	1410	1275	612	86	10	7919	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: OBC				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	96	0	16	330	346	461	146	209	92	68	22	0	3	1000	20533	1727
10-20	123	0	27	381	409	459	151	186	113	61	29	0	1	1000	26189	1695
20-30	121	0	16	388	406	377	110	239	112	111	37	10	5	1000	25644	1733
30-40	121	2	33	413	447	336	134	242	150	100	36	1	0	1000	25695	1728
40-50	111	2	36	414	452	356	147	215	141	110	31	1	0	1000	23639	1703
50-60	99	3	27	414	444	293	137	304	139	85	42	1	0	1000	20991	1497
60-70	93	0	62	410	473	289	153	236	187	77	55	1	1	1000	19883	1468
70-80	91	2	87	385	475	277	125	249	223	71	55	1	0	1000	19393	1413
80-90	78	1	79	401	480	258	130	209	241	91	67	4	1	1000	16605	1164
90-100	67	6	111	443	561	184	127	201	342	46	93	6	0	1000	14217	1004
all groups	1000	1	42	394	437	340	136	230	163	84	44	2	1	1000	212789	15132
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	621	20445	191528	212789	72307	29001	48837	34734	17860	9302	514	234	212789	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	65	1555	13502	15132	5448	1888	3352	2416	1166	796	49	17	15132	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: OBC										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all	estimated (00)	sample
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	75	0	16	197	213	446	130	208	94	85	32	2	2	1000	25014	2137
10-20	108	1	26	248	275	474	142	165	117	71	27	3	1	1000	35753	2217
20-30	108	0	19	259	281	365	96	248	105	122	35	20	8	1000	35880	2403
30-40	109	2	42	261	305	328	110	241	149	133	36	2	0	1000	36307	2418
40-50	110	2	41	294	337	348	115	218	143	143	28	3	0	1000	36507	2576
50-60	101	3	38	302	344	266	123	306	144	117	43	2	0	1000	33570	2338
60-70	99	2	68	304	374	277	142	224	188	111	56	2	1	1000	32984	2449
70-80	105	2	103	301	406	267	113	230	197	127	58	9	0	1000	34753	2463
80-90	98	4	106	328	437	219	124	195	215	170	72	4	0	1000	32561	2129
90-100	87	5	139	368	512	162	105	204	351	64	103	11	0	1000	28730	1921
all groups	1000	2	51	277	331	316	120	224	168	116	48	6	1	1000	332058	23051
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1965	51261	278427	332058	104983	39786	74524	55877	38474	16002	1985	426	332058	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	195	3763	19076	23051	7685	2548	4981	3826	2441	1408	135	27	23051	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: others				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	24	0	7	23	30	686	89	108	24	68	6	17	2	1000	1504	112
10-20	30	0	7	24	31	537	39	324	68	26	6	0	0	1000	1892	136
20-30	38	2	4	30	36	446	126	265	15	69	31	48	0	1000	2353	152
30-40	40	1	7	29	36	594	7	185	140	34	34	5	2	1000	2485	197
40-50	48	1	7	30	38	548	88	130	38	106	71	18	0	1000	2997	219
50-60	64	1	8	38	46	417	30	184	114	128	42	85	0	1000	4000	299
60-70	64	1	6	35	41	500	76	155	109	38	106	15	2	1000	4005	383
70-80	97	0	12	43	55	472	41	191	157	61	58	19	0	1000	6102	511
80-90	158	1	13	60	74	390	104	164	122	120	77	22	0	1000	9939	911
90-100	438	2	55	106	163	326	136	129	124	129	125	28	3	1000	27442	2170
all groups	1000	1	17	50	68	408	99	159	114	103	88	27	1	1000	62719	5090
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	861	15552	46218	62719	25586	6239	9947	7137	6486	5534	1706	85	62719	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	129	1422	3527	5090	2050	466	773	445	767	445	130	14	5090	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: others								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country					
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	44	0	7	382	389	757	17	193	3	25	1	3	1	1000	19389	901
10-20	56	0	9	407	417	698	28	202	26	44	1	2	0	1000	24864	1132
20-30	64	0	7	420	428	687	32	210	25	34	10	3	0	1000	28381	1292
30-40	69	0	14	449	463	727	25	204	12	27	4	0	0	1000	30592	1397
40-50	84	0	11	483	495	699	33	186	16	53	7	4	2	1000	36893	1694
50-60	91	0	9	463	472	669	25	204	31	53	9	8	0	1000	40080	1911
60-70	100	0	6	481	487	698	33	213	16	29	8	3	0	1000	44103	2263
70-80	120	0	10	493	504	649	40	226	46	31	7	0	0	1000	53071	2666
80-90	158	1	14	554	568	604	54	248	34	49	9	2	0	1000	69785	3663
90-100	213	2	35	585	623	569	66	240	47	48	28	2	0	1000	94028	5775
all groups	1000	1	14	491	506	651	42	221	31	42	12	3	0	1000	441186	22694
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	490	12516	428031	441186	287224	18403	97332	13551	18317	5104	1139	116	441186	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	31	1044	21605	22694	14301	995	4938	790	1229	347	83	11	22694	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: others										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	41	0	7	203	210	752	22	187	5	28	2	4	1	1000	20893	1013
10-20	53	0	8	214	222	686	28	210	29	43	2	2	0	1000	26756	1268
20-30	61	1	6	227	234	668	39	214	24	36	11	6	0	1000	30735	1444
30-40	66	0	10	235	245	717	24	203	21	28	6	0	0	1000	33078	1594
40-50	79	1	9	251	261	688	37	182	18	57	12	5	1	1000	39890	1913
50-60	87	0	8	248	257	646	25	202	38	60	12	15	0	1000	44079	2210
60-70	95	0	6	250	256	682	36	208	23	30	16	4	0	1000	48109	2646
70-80	117	0	11	263	275	631	40	223	58	35	12	2	0	1000	59173	3177
80-90	158	1	13	295	310	577	60	238	45	58	18	4	0	1000	79724	4574
90-100	241	2	46	332	380	514	82	215	65	66	50	8	1	1000	121470	7945
all groups	1000	1	16	265	281	621	49	213	41	49	21	6	0	1000	503905	27784
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1351	28068	474248	503905	312810	24641	107279	20689	24803	10638	2844	201	503905	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	160	2466	25132	27784	16351	1461	5711	1235	1996	792	213	25	27784	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: others				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	18	1	12	82	95	201	145	132	83	308	110	18	2	1000	3189	277
10-20	30	0	31	121	152	308	81	267	133	156	36	19	0	1000	5333	405
20-30	36	0	24	139	162	279	64	150	120	258	77	51	1	1000	6353	468
30-40	47	1	30	138	169	223	53	188	85	388	37	25	0	1000	8294	681
40-50	71	5	60	165	230	224	117	149	128	286	88	8	0	1000	12692	943
50-60	94	1	76	197	274	190	85	158	120	334	98	17	0	1000	16839	1216
60-70	121	2	64	233	299	143	78	207	163	286	119	4	0	1000	21570	1538
70-80	145	2	95	232	330	127	54	199	181	283	144	12	0	1000	25854	1820
80-90	174	1	89	263	352	113	77	132	275	216	174	11	1	1000	31047	2198
90-100	264	3	137	314	454	70	76	121	348	132	241	11	0	1000	47118	3001
all groups	1000	2	75	213	290	141	77	159	220	237	152	13	0	1000	178290	12547
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1034	45968	131251	178290	25127	13709	28324	39257	42327	27149	2336	61	178290	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	132	3483	8927	12547	2228	1004	1833	2603	2551	2102	215	11	12547	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: others				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months or more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	43	0	10	315	325	357	210	127	154	107	40	4	0	1000	11459	886
10-20	55	0	26	409	436	340	186	215	130	100	24	5	0	1000	14852	1054
20-30	62	0	28	392	420	302	153	195	166	124	45	16	0	1000	16535	1204
30-40	67	0	26	373	399	274	142	194	137	177	73	4	0	1000	18134	1415
40-50	86	2	47	403	452	254	183	184	166	134	73	6	0	1000	23009	1894
50-60	106	1	67	443	511	233	134	188	178	155	87	16	8	1000	28469	2171
60-70	115	1	39	440	479	194	139	228	197	128	111	3	0	1000	31025	2331
70-80	136	2	60	450	513	173	123	196	241	135	126	5	2	1000	36641	2680
80-90	144	2	70	439	510	132	125	153	313	103	168	6	0	1000	38828	3131
90-100	185	3	98	452	553	93	85	137	358	88	230	9	0	1000	49797	3821
all groups	1000	1	54	421	477	200	135	179	233	122	123	8	1	1000	268749	20587
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	708	30643	237301	268749	53697	36232	48000	62688	32758	33040	2016	316	268749	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	60	2509	18010	20587	4774	2860	3350	4626	2177	2618	170	12	20587	x	x



Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: others								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								all estimated (00)	sample			
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country			n.r.		
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	33	0	11	201	213	323	196	128	139	151	55	7	0	1000	14648	1163
10-20	45	0	29	263	292	331	158	229	131	115	27	9	0	1000	20185	1459
20-30	51	0	26	266	292	296	128	182	153	161	54	25	0	1000	22888	1672
30-40	59	0	28	251	279	258	114	192	121	243	62	10	0	1000	26428	2096
40-50	80	3	54	279	336	243	160	172	152	188	78	7	0	1000	35701	2837
50-60	101	1	72	314	387	217	116	177	156	222	91	16	5	1000	45308	3387
60-70	118	2	52	331	384	173	114	219	183	193	114	4	0	1000	52595	3869
70-80	140	2	79	336	417	154	94	197	216	196	133	8	1	1000	62495	4500
80-90	156	1	80	345	426	124	104	144	296	153	171	8	1	1000	69875	5329
90-100	217	3	119	378	500	82	81	130	353	109	235	10	0	1000	96915	6822
all groups	1000	1	65	313	379	176	112	171	228	168	135	10	1	1000	447039	33134
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1742	76611	368551	447039	78824	49941	76324	101945	75085	60190	4352	377	447039	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	192	5992	26937	33134	7002	3864	5183	7229	4728	4720	385	23	33134	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: all (incl. n.r.)								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country					
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	46	1	5	20	26	578	35	196	33	62	83	12	0	1000	9426	683
10-20	55	1	7	23	31	566	34	171	71	85	44	26	2	1000	11424	732
20-30	61	1	10	23	34	589	63	158	32	56	61	38	3	1000	12595	867
30-40	62	1	6	27	34	544	40	195	75	60	58	27	1	1000	12821	1000
40-50	67	1	9	27	37	555	92	165	30	69	54	35	0	1000	13862	1070
50-60	83	1	9	35	45	515	49	221	55	74	49	37	0	1000	17095	1216
60-70	77	1	8	32	41	493	78	190	82	53	66	35	4	1000	15844	1357
70-80	99	1	9	43	53	451	78	201	92	69	74	35	0	1000	20403	1794
80-90	132	1	13	56	70	451	92	189	93	91	51	32	0	1000	27228	2479
90-100	318	2	59	105	166	352	98	160	139	118	99	32	2	1000	65487	5256
all groups	1000	1	14	39	54	462	77	180	91	86	72	32	1	1000	206186	16454
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	3537	52190	150183	206186	95176	15860	37103	18667	17732	14808	6600	240	206186	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	493	4402	11525	16454	7301	1340	2895	1430	1840	1159	457	32	16454	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: all (incl. n.r.)				location of last residence						number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	84	0	7	381	388	748	21	190	7	26	6	2	1	1000	146131	6532
10-20	91	0	9	414	423	726	23	194	16	35	3	2	1	1000	157211	7084
20-30	93	0	8	429	437	723	26	203	11	27	7	3	0	1000	161902	7366
30-40	94	1	11	433	445	720	28	200	15	31	4	2	0	1000	163618	7355
40-50	99	0	11	461	472	697	25	219	12	39	5	2	1	1000	171959	7749
50-60	100	1	10	470	482	685	38	209	19	39	7	3	0	1000	173991	7944
60-70	99	0	10	470	481	689	34	220	16	32	6	3	0	1000	171919	8186
70-80	108	0	12	510	522	657	42	231	29	32	7	2	1	1000	187099	9019
80-90	111	1	16	523	540	647	53	221	28	39	9	3	0	1000	191473	9858
90-100	119	1	36	555	592	581	62	243	44	46	21	3	0	1000	206632	12688
all groups	1000	0	13	463	477	683	36	214	21	35	8	2	0	1000	1731934	83781
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1812	46795	1682772	1731934	1182427	62916	371437	35923	60714	13411	4285	821	1731934	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	206	3683	79851	83781	55589	3245	17794	2158	3759	858	323	55	83781	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	rural per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: all (incl. n.r.)										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all	estimated (00)	sample
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	80	0	6	202	209	737	22	190	8	28	10	2	1	1000	155556	7215
10-20	87	1	8	218	227	715	23	192	20	39	6	3	1	1000	168636	7816
20-30	90	1	9	225	235	713	29	200	13	29	11	6	1	1000	174498	8233
30-40	91	1	9	228	237	707	29	199	19	33	8	3	0	1000	176439	8355
40-50	96	1	10	240	250	686	30	215	14	41	9	5	1	1000	185821	8819
50-60	99	1	10	246	257	670	39	210	23	42	10	6	0	1000	191086	9160
60-70	97	1	9	243	252	672	37	217	21	34	11	6	1	1000	187763	9543
70-80	107	1	10	268	279	637	45	228	35	35	14	5	1	1000	207502	10813
80-90	113	1	15	279	294	623	57	217	36	46	14	7	0	1000	218701	12337
90-100	140	2	48	316	366	526	71	223	67	64	40	10	0	1000	272119	17944
all groups	1000	1	13	246	261	659	41	211	28	40	15	6	1	1000	1938120	100235
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	5349	98985	1832954	1938120	1277604	78776	408540	54589	78446	28220	10885	1061	1938120	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	699	8085	91376	100235	62890	4585	20689	3588	5599	2017	780	87	100235	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male		social group: all (incl. n.r.)						location of last residence				number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more													
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	35	0	27	68	96	310	98	150	125	225	81	9	1	1000	12499	1016
10-20	54	1	28	114	142	419	97	171	105	155	29	24	0	1000	19174	1279
20-30	60	0	26	133	160	323	55	218	95	206	55	39	8	1000	21523	1498
30-40	67	2	42	131	175	255	48	236	109	300	40	12	0	1000	24075	1768
40-50	92	3	51	183	238	266	89	212	133	244	48	9	0	1000	32706	2272
50-60	104	2	62	203	267	197	84	213	143	278	76	9	0	1000	37016	2566
60-70	118	2	73	226	301	172	86	214	195	236	92	5	0	1000	42158	3080
70-80	136	2	111	234	347	172	76	203	175	250	112	12	0	1000	48530	3521
80-90	148	3	105	265	373	144	84	154	246	223	140	8	1	1000	53016	3829
90-100	186	3	151	308	462	92	74	148	340	124	210	12	0	1000	66346	4415
all groups	1000	2	68	188	259	197	79	188	197	218	109	12	1	1000	357044	25244
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	2721	94379	259686	357044	70286	28101	67171	70205	77894	38780	4337	270	357044	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	317	7209	17695	25244	5736	2033	4476	4846	4694	3077	345	37	25244	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	female		social group: all (incl. n.r.)								number of migrants				
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence								n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country					
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	83	0	29	327	357	425	163	173	114	91	32	2	1	1000	48421	3856
10-20	93	1	27	386	414	427	155	203	103	80	25	6	1	1000	54286	3706
20-30	93	0	25	385	412	364	117	224	122	115	41	10	6	1000	53989	3767
30-40	94	1	34	394	429	311	128	227	143	142	47	2	0	1000	55075	3962
40-50	100	2	42	411	455	299	152	213	158	126	49	3	0	1000	58135	4419
50-60	104	1	49	427	478	249	133	244	169	130	64	8	4	1000	60848	4488
60-70	103	1	55	422	478	227	138	227	218	105	82	3	0	1000	60089	4528
70-80	108	2	71	426	500	212	126	219	234	107	97	3	1	1000	62845	4837
80-90	106	1	79	420	501	176	127	174	291	97	131	5	0	1000	61839	5086
90-100	116	3	104	448	555	117	91	156	348	78	200	9	0	1000	67698	5317
all groups	1000	1	51	404	456	272	132	206	196	107	81	5	1	1000	583225	43966
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	1492	65218	516186	583225	158794	76808	119957	114471	62374	47111	2933	778	583225	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	151	5310	38478	43966	13374	5660	8479	8235	4104	3822	251	41	43966	x	x

Table (25): Distribution (per 1000) of migrants by location of last residence for each MPCE decile class and social group

all-India MPCE decile class	urban per 1000 distri- bution of migrants	male+ female		social group: all (incl. n.r.)										number of migrants		
		no. of migrants per 1000 persons by nature of movement		location of last residence										all	estimated (00)	sample
		temporary	permanent	all (incl. n.r.)	same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.				
		duration of stay less than 12 months	duration of stay 12 months of more		rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)
0-10	65	0	28	200	229	402	149	169	116	118	42	3	1	1000	60920	4872
10-20	78	1	27	248	277	425	140	195	103	100	26	11	0	1000	73461	4985
20-30	80	0	26	257	284	352	99	222	115	141	45	18	7	1000	75512	5265
30-40	84	1	38	258	298	294	104	230	133	190	45	5	0	1000	79150	5730
40-50	97	2	47	293	342	287	129	212	149	168	48	5	0	1000	90841	6691
50-60	104	2	56	310	368	229	115	232	159	186	68	8	2	1000	97864	7054
60-70	109	2	64	319	385	204	117	221	209	159	86	3	0	1000	102247	7608
70-80	118	2	92	325	419	194	104	212	208	169	103	7	1	1000	111375	8358
80-90	122	2	93	337	432	161	107	165	270	156	135	6	1	1000	114855	8915
90-100	143	3	129	373	505	105	83	152	344	101	205	10	0	1000	134044	9732
all groups	1000	2	60	292	354	244	112	199	196	149	91	8	1	1000	940269	69210
estd.no. of migrants (00)	x	4212	159596	775873	940269	229080	104909	187128	184676	140268	85890	7270	1048	940269	x	x
sample no. of migrants	x	468	12519	56173	69210	19110	7693	12955	13081	8798	6899	596	78	69210	x	x

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		rural		male		usual principal activity after migration							per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants		
status	usual activity before migration	industry		self-employed		regular wage/salaried		casual labour	total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	(11)	students	others	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	513	98	15	118	82	63	609	279	4	3	105	1000	79	4	16201	1502
	non-agri(10-93)	62	733	7	52	27	36	96	821	9	0	73	1000	79	4	16263	1264
	all (incl. n.r.)	288	416	11	85	55	49	354	550	7	2	88	1000	159	9	32766	2794
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	198	75	268	76	174	103	640	254	18	1	88	1000	6	0	1237	140
	non-agri(10-99)	149	106	6	527	19	27	175	660	19	0	145	1000	134	7	27570	2664
	all (incl. n.r.)	150	104	18	508	26	30	194	642	19	0	145	1000	141	8	29037	2833
casual labour	agri (01-05)	124	74	22	75	512	114	658	263	2	2	75	1000	122	7	25242	2262
	non-agri(10-99)	90	137	8	95	112	504	210	736	5	6	43	1000	85	5	17621	1573
	all (incl. n.r.)	110	100	17	83	348	274	474	457	3	4	62	1000	208	11	42929	3852
total employed	agri (01-05)	273	83	27	91	339	94	639	269	3	2	87	1000	207	11	42681	3904
	non-agri(10-99)	109	281	7	277	48	166	164	724	13	2	97	1000	298	16	61453	5501
	all (incl. n.r.)	177	200	15	201	167	136	359	537	9	2	93	1000	508	28	104732	9479
unemployed		80	168	17	363	68	228	165	759	41	9	26	1000	39	2	8134	927
not in labour force	students	59	82	1	85	27	38	87	205	24	667	17	1000	230	12	47443	2821
	others	93	52	3	41	71	36	168	129	14	347	344	1000	221	12	45579	3191
forece	all	75	68	2	63	49	37	127	168	19	510	177	1000	451	24	93022	6012
all (incl. n.r.)		127	139	9	145	110	95	246	379	15	232	129	1000	1000	54	206186	16454
estd. no. of migrants (00)		26243	28632	1942	29918	22586	19559	50771	78109	2999	47768	26538	206186	x	x	x	x
sample no. of migrants		2295	2288	266	3087	1862	1574	4423	6949	385	2679	2018	16454	x	x	x	x



Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		rural		female		usual principal activity after migration							per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants		
status	usual activity before migration	industry		self-employed	regular wage/salaried		casual labour	total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	distn. of migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-90)	(11)	students	others	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	555	15	2	5	89	15	646	35	1	2	317	1000	86	41	148567	7213
	non-agri(10-93)	48	620	0	6	28	5	77	631	6	0	287	1000	8	4	13451	653
	all (incl. n.r.)	512	65	1	5	84	15	597	85	1	1	315	1000	94	45	162410	7885
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	54	0	348	112	110	0	512	112	0	0	376	1000	0	0	706	39
	non-agri(10-99)	21	33	0	541	25	7	46	581	63	0	310	1000	4	2	7331	554
	all (incl. n.r.)	24	30	30	504	32	6	86	539	57	0	318	1000	5	2	8166	606
casual labour	agri (01-05)	119	21	1	10	595	31	715	62	2	1	220	1000	98	47	169443	7195
	non-agri(10-99)	101	48	0	33	181	360	282	441	7	11	258	1000	5	2	9035	456
	all (incl. n.r.)	118	22	1	11	573	48	692	81	3	1	223	1000	103	49	178929	7676
total employed	agri (01-05)	322	18	2	8	358	23	682	50	2	1	266	1000	184	88	318715	14447
	non-agri(10-99)	58	302	0	146	74	113	131	561	20	4	284	1000	17	8	29817	1663
	all (incl. n.r.)	298	42	2	20	333	31	634	94	3	1	268	1000	202	96	349505	16167
unemployed		52	15	12	102	45	55	110	173	280	1	437	1000	5	2	8452	573
not in labour forece	students	66	22	0	50	31	8	97	80	15	303	505	1000	38	18	65893	3863
	others	114	19	1	10	73	10	188	40	1	11	760	1000	754	360	1306404	63096
all (incl. n.r.)		112	19	1	12	71	10	184	42	2	25	747	1000	792	378	1372296	66959
estd. no. of migrants (00)		257999	41564	1869	24799	214807	25291	474675	91654	6094	35199	1124313	1731934	x	x	x	x
sample no. of migrants		12377	1970	85	1494	9041	1236	21503	4700	440	2464	54674	83781	x	x	x	x

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		rural		male+female		usual principal activity after migration							per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants			
usual activity before migration	status	industry	self-employed	regular wage/salaried	casual labour	total employed	unemployed	not in labour force	all	migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample						
			industry					students	others									
(1)	(2)	(3)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-90)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	550	23	3	16	89	20	642	59	1	2	296	1000	85	22	164767	8715	
	non-agri(10-93)	56	682	4	31	28	22	87	735	8	0	170	1000	15	4	29713	1917	
	all (incl. n.r.)	474	124	3	19	79	20	556	163	2	2	277	1000	101	26	195177	10679	
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	146	48	297	89	151	66	593	203	11	1	192	1000	1	0	1943	179	
	non-agri(10-99)	122	91	5	530	21	23	148	644	29	0	180	1000	18	5	34901	3218	
	all (incl. n.r.)	123	88	21	507	27	25	170	619	27	0	183	1000	19	5	37202	3439	
casual labour	agri (01-05)	119	28	4	19	584	42	707	88	2	1	201	1000	100	26	194685	9457	
	non-agri(10-99)	94	107	6	74	135	455	235	636	5	8	116	1000	14	4	26656	2029	
	all (incl. n.r.)	116	37	4	25	530	91	650	154	3	2	192	1000	114	30	221858	11528	
total employed	agri (01-05)	316	26	5	18	356	32	677	75	2	1	245	1000	186	49	361395	18351	
	non-agri(10-99)	92	288	5	234	56	149	153	671	15	2	158	1000	47	12	91270	7164	
	all (incl. n.r.)	270	79	5	62	295	55	570	196	5	1	228	1000	234	61	454237	25646	
unemployed		66	90	15	230	56	140	137	460	163	5	235	1000	9	2	16586	1500	
not in labour forece	students	63	48	1	64	30	21	93	132	19	455	301	1000	58	15	113336	6684	
	others	113	20	1	11	73	11	187	43	2	23	746	1000	698	182	1351983	66287	
all (incl. n.r.)		109	22	1	16	70	12	180	50	3	56	711	1000	756	197	1465319	72971	
estd. no. of migrants (00)		147	36	2	28	122	23	271	88	5	43	594	1000	1000	261	1938120	100235	
sample no. of migrants		284242	70196	3811	54718	237393	44849	525446	169763	9093	82967	1150851	1938120	x	x	x	x	
		14672	4258	351	4581	10903	2810	25926	11649	825	5143	56692	100235	x	x	x	x	

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		urban		male		usual principal activity after migration							per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants			
status	usual activity before migration	industry		self-employed		regular wage/salaried		casual labour		total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
		agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-90)		students	others						
self-employed	agri (01-05)	102	233	2	442	1	128	105	803	2	0	90	1000	72	19	25782	1739	
	non-agri(10-93)	7	769	0	143	0	17	7	929	1	1	61	1000	95	25	34060	2442	
	all (incl. n.r.)	48	538	1	273	1	65	49	875	2	1	74	1000	169	44	60206	4206	
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	5	61	182	297	4	72	190	431	0	0	379	1000	2	1	753	78	
	non-agri(10-99)	3	77	2	772	1	5	5	854	4	2	135	1000	180	47	64233	5179	
	all (incl. n.r.)	3	76	4	767	1	5	7	848	4	2	139	1000	183	47	65357	5317	
casual labour	agri (01-05)	7	230	14	412	47	247	67	890	2	0	41	1000	65	17	23348	1474	
	non-agri(10-99)	4	185	0	276	3	491	8	951	3	3	34	1000	47	12	16767	1314	
	all (incl. n.r.)	6	211	8	355	28	349	42	915	3	1	39	1000	113	29	40203	2811	
total employed	agri (01-05)	56	229	10	426	23	183	89	838	2	0	71	1000	140	36	49883	3291	
	non-agri(10-99)	4	297	1	514	1	79	6	890	3	2	99	1000	322	83	115061	8935	
	all (incl. n.r.)	20	276	4	488	7	110	31	874	3	1	91	1000	464	120	165766	12334	
unemployed		4	239	13	566	2	93	19	899	25	1	57	1000	132	34	47191	3025	
not in labour force	students	7	143	1	250	2	29	9	423	33	502	33	1000	259	67	92397	6172	
	others	11	97	2	143	1	50	14	289	17	370	310	1000	144	37	51304	3670	
forece	all	8	127	1	212	2	37	11	375	27	455	132	1000	402	104	143701	9842	
all (incl. n.r.)		13	211	4	386	4	78	21	676	16	184	103	1000	1000	259	357044	25244	
estd. no. of migrants (00)		4608	75432	1406	137956	1574	27940	7588	241329	5543	65755	36829	357044	x	x	x	x	
sample no. of migrants		447	5283	104	9318	181	1879	732	16480	522	4495	3015	25244	x	x	x	x	

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		urban		female		usual principal activity after migration							per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants			
status	usual activity before migration	industry		self-employed		regular wage/salaried		casual labour		total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	
		agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)		students	others						
self-employed	agri (01-05)	103	92	0	67	26	37	130	197	0	2	671	1000	18	8	10590	942	
	non-agri(10-93)	0	513	0	81	2	21	2	616	0	8	375	1000	12	6	7282	475	
	all (incl. n.r.)	61	264	0	73	16	31	78	367	0	4	551	1000	31	14	17884	1425	
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	34	0	17	0	0	0	51	0	0	0	949	1000	0	0	83	10	
	non-agri(10-99)	4	40	0	681	0	8	4	729	14	9	244	1000	19	9	10896	1012	
	all (incl. n.r.)	4	40	0	676	0	7	4	723	14	10	249	1000	19	9	11009	1027	
casual labour	agri (01-05)	31	85	6	116	173	136	209	337	3	0	450	1000	27	12	15698	1044	
	non-agri(10-99)	9	44	0	102	2	510	11	656	6	6	322	1000	4	2	2506	193	
	all (incl. n.r.)	28	79	5	116	148	187	181	382	4	1	432	1000	31	14	18295	1247	
total employed	agri (01-05)	60	87	4	96	113	96	177	280	2	1	540	1000	45	21	26371	1996	
	non-agri(10-99)	3	207	0	400	1	73	4	680	8	8	300	1000	35	16	20685	1680	
	all (incl. n.r.)	35	140	2	230	64	86	101	456	5	4	434	1000	81	37	47188	3699	
unemployed		8	30	2	275	15	67	25	371	258	0	346	1000	7	3	4288	389	
not in labour force	students	3	22	1	78	1	6	5	106	14	474	401	1000	126	58	73676	5449	
	others	9	36	0	36	7	15	16	87	1	36	860	1000	784	358	457315	34378	
forece	all	8	34	0	42	6	14	14	89	3	97	796	1000	910	415	530991	39827	
all (incl. n.r.)		10	43	0	59	11	20	21	121	5	89	764	1000	1000	456	583225	43966	
estd. no. of migrants (00)		5948	24832	238	34210	6129	11615	12314	70657	2978	51981	445294	583225	x	x	x	x	
sample no. of migrants		632	1908	22	2646	466	768	1120	5322	291	3619	33614	43966	x	x	x	x	

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		urban		male + female				usual principal activity after migration					per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants		
status	industry	self-employed		regular wage/salaried		casual labour		total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self- employed	agri (01-05)	103	192	1	333	9	102	112	626	2	1	259	1000	39	14	36372	2681
	non-agri(10-93)	6	724	0	132	0	18	6	874	1	2	117	1000	44	16	41342	2917
	all (incl. n.r.)	51	475	1	227	4	57	56	759	1	2	183	1000	83	29	78090	5631
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	8	55	165	267	3	65	176	388	0	0	436	1000	1	0	836	88
	non-agri(10-99)	3	71	1	759	1	5	5	835	6	3	151	1000	80	28	75130	6191
	all (incl. n.r.)	3	71	3	754	1	6	7	830	6	3	154	1000	81	29	76366	6344
casual labour	agri (01-05)	16	172	11	293	97	203	124	668	3	0	205	1000	42	15	39046	2518
	non-agri(10-99)	5	166	0	253	3	493	8	913	4	4	72	1000	20	7	19273	1507
	all (incl. n.r.)	13	170	7	280	66	299	86	748	3	1	162	1000	62	22	58497	4058
total employed	agri (01-05)	57	180	8	312	54	153	119	645	2	0	233	1000	81	29	76254	5287
	non-agri(10-99)	4	284	1	496	1	78	6	858	4	3	129	1000	144	51	135745	10615
	all (incl. n.r.)	23	246	3	431	20	105	46	782	3	2	167	1000	226	80	212954	16033
unemployed		4	222	12	542	3	91	19	855	44	1	81	1000	55	19	51479	3414
not in labour force	students	5	89	1	174	2	19	7	282	24	490	196	1000	177	63	166073	11621
	others	9	42	0	47	6	18	15	107	3	70	805	1000	541	191	508619	38048
all (incl. n.r.)		8	54	0	78	5	19	13	150	8	173	655	1000	718	254	674692	49669
estd. no. of migrants (00)		10557	100264	1644	172167	7702	39555	19903	311986	8521	117736	482124	940269	x	x	x	x
sample no. of migrants		1079	7191	126	11964	647	2647	1852	21802	813	8114	36629	69210	x	x	x	x

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		rural+urban								male			per 1000 distn. of migrants all	no. of migrants per 1000 persons	no. of migrants		
usual activity before migration	status	self-employed	regular wage/salaried		casual labour		total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		estd. (00)			sample		
industry		industry								students	others						
(1)	(2)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non- agri (10-90)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self- employed	agri (01-05)	261	181	7	317	32	103	300	601	3	1	96	1000	75	8	41983	3241
	non-agri(10-93)	25	758	2	113	9	23	36	894	4	1	65	1000	89	10	50323	3706
	all (incl. n.r.)	132	495	4	207	20	59	156	761	3	1	79	1000	165	18	92973	7000
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	125	70	235	160	109	92	470	321	11	1	198	1000	4	0	1990	218
	non-agri(10-99)	47	86	3	699	6	11	56	796	9	2	138	1000	163	18	91803	7843
	all (incl. n.r.)	48	85	8	687	8	13	64	785	9	2	140	1000	168	18	94393	8150
casual labour	agri (01-05)	67	149	18	237	288	178	374	564	2	1	59	1000	86	9	48590	3736
	non-agri(10-99)	48	160	5	183	59	497	112	841	4	5	39	1000	61	7	34388	2887
	all (incl. n.r.)	59	154	12	215	193	310	265	678	3	3	51	1000	148	16	83132	6663
total employed	agri (01-05)	156	162	18	272	168	142	342	575	3	1	78	1000	164	18	92564	7195
	non-agri(10-99)	41	292	3	431	17	109	61	832	6	2	98	1000	313	34	176514	14436
	all (incl. n.r.)	81	247	8	377	69	120	158	744	5	2	92	1000	480	52	270498	21813
unemployed		15	229	14	536	11	113	40	878	27	2	52	1000	98	11	55325	3952
not in labour forece	students	24	123	1	194	11	32	36	349	30	558	27	1000	248	27	139840	8993
	others	49	76	3	95	34	43	86	214	15	359	326	1000	172	19	96883	6861
all (incl. n.r.)		35	104	2	153	20	37	57	294	24	477	149	1000	420	46	236723	15854
estd. no. of migrants (00)		30851	104064	3348	167875	24159	47499	58359	319438	8542	113523	63368	563229	x	x	x	x
sample no. of migrants		2742	7571	370	12405	2043	3453	5155	23429	907	7174	5033	41698	x	x	x	x

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		rural+urban								female							
usual activity before migration		usual principal activity after migration										per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants			
status	industry	self-employed		regular wage/salaried		casual labour		total employed		unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	migrants per 1000 persons	estd. (00)	sample	
		industry															
		agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non- agri (10-90)		students	others					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self- employed	agri (01-05)	525	20	1	9	85	17	611	46	1	2	341	1000	69	32	159157	8155
	non-agri(10-93)	31	582	0	33	19	10	50	625	4	3	318	1000	9	4	20733	1128
	all (incl. n.r.)	467	85	1	12	77	16	546	113	1	2	338	1000	78	37	180294	9310
regular wage/ salaried	agri (01-05)	52	0	313	100	99	0	463	100	0	0	437	1000	0	0	789	49
	non-agri(10-99)	11	37	0	625	10	7	21	669	34	5	271	1000	8	4	18228	1566
	all (incl. n.r.)	12	36	13	602	14	7	39	645	32	6	278	1000	8	4	19175	1633
casual labour	agri (01-05)	111	26	2	19	559	40	672	86	2	1	240	1000	80	38	185140	8239
	non-agri(10-99)	81	47	0	48	142	392	223	488	7	10	272	1000	5	2	11541	649
	all (incl. n.r.)	109	28	2	21	534	61	645	109	3	1	242	1000	85	40	197223	8923
total employed	agri (01-05)	302	23	2	15	339	29	643	67	2	1	287	1000	149	70	345086	16443
	non-agri(10-99)	35	263	0	250	44	97	79	610	15	5	290	1000	22	10	50501	3343
	all (incl. n.r.)	267	54	2	45	301	38	570	137	3	2	288	1000	171	81	396693	19866
unemployed		37	20	9	160	35	59	81	240	273	0	406	1000	6	3	12740	962
not in labour forece	students	33	22	0	65	15	7	48	94	14	393	450	1000	60	28	139569	9312
	others	87	24	1	17	56	11	143	52	1	18	786	1000	762	359	1763719	97474
all (incl. n.r.)	all	83	23	1	21	53	11	136	55	2	45	761	1000	822	388	1903288	106786
	all (incl. n.r.)	114	29	1	25	95	16	210	70	4	38	678	1000	1000	472	2315160	127747
estd. no. of migrants (00)		263947	66396	2107	59010	220936	36905	486990	162311	9072	87180	1569607	2315160	x	x	x	x
sample no. of migrants		13009	3878	107	4140	9507	2004	22623	10022	731	6083	88288	127747	x	x	x	x

Table (26): Distribution (per 1000 ) of migrants by usual principal activity category after migration for each usual activity before migration

all-India		rural+urban		male + female									per 1000	no. of	no. of migrants		
usual activity before migration	status	industry	usual principal activity after migration										distn. of migrants	migrants	estd. (00)	sample	
			self-employed	regular wage/salaried		casual labour	total employed			unem- ployed	not in labour force		all	per 1000 persons	per 1000 persons	(00)	size
			industry														
			agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-93)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-99)	agri (01-05)	non-agri (10-90)		students	others				
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)
self-employed	agri (01-05)	469	54	3	73	74	35	546	162	1	2	289	1000	70	20	201140	11396
	non-agri(10-93)	27	707	2	90	12	19	40	816	4	1	139	1000	25	7	71056	4834
	all (incl. n.r.)	353	224	2	78	58	31	413	333	2	2	250	1000	95	27	273267	16310
regular wage/salaried	agri (01-05)	104	50	257	143	106	66	468	258	8	0	266	1000	1	0	2779	267
	non-agri(10-99)	41	78	2	686	7	11	50	775	13	2	160	1000	38	11	110031	9409
	all (incl. n.r.)	42	77	9	673	9	12	60	761	13	2	164	1000	39	11	113569	9783
casual labour	agri (01-05)	102	52	5	65	503	69	610	185	2	1	202	1000	81	23	233731	11975
	non-agri(10-99)	56	132	3	149	80	471	140	752	5	6	98	1000	16	5	45929	3536
	all (incl. n.r.)	94	65	5	78	433	135	532	278	3	2	185	1000	97	28	280355	15586
total employed	agri (01-05)	271	53	6	69	303	53	580	175	2	1	243	1000	152	43	437650	23638
	non-agri(10-99)	40	285	2	391	23	106	65	783	8	3	141	1000	79	22	227015	17779
	all (incl. n.r.)	191	132	5	180	207	71	403	383	4	2	208	1000	232	66	667190	41679
unemployed		19	190	13	466	16	103	48	759	73	2	119	1000	24	7	68065	4914
not in labour forece	students	29	72	1	129	13	20	42	221	22	476	239	1000	97	28	279409	18305
	others	85	26	1	21	55	13	140	60	2	36	762	1000	646	184	1860602	104335
all (incl. n.r.)		77	32	1	35	49	14	128	81	5	93	693	1000	743	212	2140011	122640
estd. no. of migrants (00)		102	59	2	79	85	29	189	167	6	70	567	1000	1000	285	2878389	169445
sample no. of migrants		294798	170460	5455	226884	245095	84404	545349	481749	17614	200703	1632975	2878389	x	x	x	x
		15751	11449	477	16545	11550	5457	27778	33451	1638	13257	93321	169445	x	x	x	x



Table (27): Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by location of last residence for each period since migrated

**all-India**

period since migrated (years)	per 1000 distribution of return migrants	no. of return migrants per 1000 migrants	location of last residence								number of return migrants		
			same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
			rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
				<b>rural</b>				<b>male</b>					
0	107	292	327	100	90	192	66	150	69	7	1000	5236	680
1	67	185	285	109	155	212	30	169	40	0	1000	3302	423
2	161	353	222	47	36	410	23	234	28	0	1000	7857	449
3	68	216	352	86	71	101	43	277	70	0	1000	3344	280
4	64	266	230	145	102	77	115	232	99	0	1000	3154	258
5	56	243	266	78	231	216	37	152	20	0	1000	2740	230
6-9	136	247	289	107	115	132	22	240	95	0	1000	6674	469
10-15	154	232	304	73	135	172	37	208	69	1	1000	7524	520
16 and above	186	182	312	97	161	137	76	186	32	0	1000	9114	643
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	237	288	89	117	195	48	207	56	1	1000	48945	3952
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	14088	4356	5712	9522	2352	10119	2754	42	48945	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	1124	445	504	706	232	778	154	9	3952	x	x
				<b>rural</b>				<b>female</b>					
0	25	175	553	74	118	120	39	53	13	30	1000	4501	463
1	43	127	572	88	201	70	28	35	3	3	1000	7917	496
2	53	134	660	50	174	45	37	34	0	0	1000	9702	569
3	47	146	648	57	163	35	33	50	13	0	1000	8696	452
4	41	136	580	81	216	34	39	46	0	4	1000	7524	402
5	39	123	652	47	168	68	43	21	1	0	1000	7246	409
6-9	106	100	695	51	166	30	22	31	4	0	1000	19439	977
10-15	172	112	680	52	197	27	23	18	3	0	1000	31622	1364
16 and above	474	94	738	37	171	19	24	7	4	0	1000	86922	4105
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	106	693	48	177	31	26	19	4	1	1000	183570	9237
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	127288	8826	32439	5637	4848	3559	749	224	183570	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	6019	490	1670	428	310	267	41	12	9237	x	x

Table (27): Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by location of last residence for each period since migrated

**all-India**

period since migrated (years)	per 1000 distribution of return migrants	no. of return migrants per 1000 migrants	location of last residence								number of return migrants		
			same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
			rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
			<b>rural</b>				<b>male + female</b>						
0	42	223	431	88	103	158	54	105	43	18	1000	9737	1143
1	48	140	488	94	187	112	29	74	14	2	1000	11219	919
2	76	185	464	49	113	208	30	123	13	0	1000	17560	1018
3	52	161	566	65	137	53	36	113	29	0	1000	12040	732
4	46	159	477	99	182	47	61	101	29	3	1000	10679	660
5	43	142	546	55	185	109	41	57	7	0	1000	9986	639
6-9	112	118	591	65	153	56	22	85	28	0	1000	26112	1446
10-15	168	124	608	56	185	55	25	55	16	0	1000	39146	1884
16 and above	413	99	697	43	170	30	29	24	7	0	1000	96036	4748
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	120	608	57	164	65	31	59	15	1	1000	232515	13189
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	141376	13182	38151	15159	7200	13678	3503	267	232515	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	7143	935	2174	1134	542	1045	195	21	13189	x	x

Table (27): Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by location of last residence for each period since migrated

**all-India**

period since migrated (years)	per 1000 distribution of return migrants	no. of return migrants per 1000 migrants	location of last residence								number of return migrants			
			same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample	
			rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban						
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	
			<b>urban</b>				<b>male</b>							
0	67	130	283	88	115	155	131	142	21	65	1000	2805	404	
1	65	108	111	39	189	229	181	244	6	0	1000	2696	295	
2	91	116	201	67	49	271	222	171	18	1	1000	3786	342	
3	69	109	115	53	82	283	303	146	18	0	1000	2892	215	
4	75	143	133	63	54	233	240	259	18	0	1000	3105	210	
5	72	132	204	106	89	171	257	121	52	0	1000	2977	240	
6-9	143	122	125	85	147	298	209	115	21	0	1000	5966	451	
10-15	161	112	123	33	175	215	314	124	16	0	1000	6696	526	
16 and above	257	109	137	74	138	179	322	101	51	0	1000	10693	757	
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	117	150	67	125	223	261	141	28	5	1000	41617	3440	
estd.no. of return migrants (00)			6236	2785	5205	9262	10874	5887	1180	187	41617			
sample no. of return migrants			636	310	475	764	602	536	106	11	3440			
			<b>urban</b>				<b>female</b>							
0	39	121	336	92	102	166	129	134	4	37	1000	2351	284	
1	51	124	258	174	134	234	95	103	2	0	1000	3128	262	
2	71	119	292	145	121	304	61	65	10	0	1000	4317	336	
3	41	81	256	104	98	263	105	157	16	0	1000	2490	232	
4	56	123	170	113	113	250	100	246	8	0	1000	3408	264	
5	56	122	247	133	140	170	197	104	8	0	1000	3405	266	
6-9	124	102	259	175	154	205	112	91	1	2	1000	7527	615	
10-15	154	98	234	140	195	139	193	91	9	0	1000	9386	736	
16 and above	409	101	304	147	166	155	143	69	17	0	1000	24924	1990	
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	104	273	144	155	184	137	94	11	2	1000	60936	4985	
estd.no. of return migrants (00)			x	x	16639	8768	9421	11227	8369	5754	654	60936	x	x
sample no. of return migrants			x	x	1493	795	764	834	535	502	56	4985	x	x

Table (27): Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by location of last residence for each period since migrated

**all-India**

period since migrated (years)	per 1000 distribution of return migrants	no. of return migrants per 1000 migrants	location of last residence								number of return migrants		
			same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
			rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
			<b>urban</b>				<b>male + female</b>						
0	50	126	307	90	109	160	130	139	13	52	1000	5157	688
1	57	116	190	112	160	231	135	168	4	0	1000	5824	557
2	79	117	250	109	87	289	137	115	14	0	1000	8103	678
3	52	94	180	77	89	274	212	151	17	0	1000	5382	447
4	64	132	152	89	85	242	167	252	12	0	1000	6513	474
5	62	126	227	120	116	171	225	112	28	0	1000	6382	506
6-9	132	110	200	135	151	246	155	102	10	1	1000	13493	1066
10-15	157	103	188	95	187	171	243	105	12	0	1000	16082	1262
16 and above	347	103	254	125	158	162	197	78	27	0	1000	35618	2747
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	109	223	113	143	200	188	114	18	3	1000	102553	8425
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	22875	11553	14626	20489	19243	11641	1835	291	102553	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	2129	1105	1239	1598	1137	1038	162	17	8425	x	x

Table (27): Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by location of last residence for each period since migrated

**all-India**

period since migrated (years)	per 1000 distribution of return migrants	no. of return migrants per 1000 migrants	location of last residence								number of return migrants		
			same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
			rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
			<b>rural + urban</b>				<b>male</b>						
0	89	203	311	96	99	179	89	148	52	27	1000	8041	1084
1	66	140	207	77	170	220	98	203	25	0	1000	5998	718
2	129	212	215	54	40	365	88	213	25	0	1000	11644	791
3	69	149	242	71	76	186	164	216	46	0	1000	6235	495
4	69	187	182	104	78	154	177	246	58	0	1000	6259	468
5	63	169	234	93	157	192	152	136	37	0	1000	5717	470
6-9	140	166	212	96	130	210	110	181	60	0	1000	12639	920
10-15	157	154	219	54	154	193	168	169	44	0	1000	14220	1046
16 and above	219	134	217	84	149	160	208	140	42	0	1000	19808	1400
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	161	224	79	121	207	146	177	43	3	1000	90562	7392
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	20325	7140	10917	18784	13226	16006	3934	230	90562	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	1760	755	979	1470	834	1314	260	20	7392	x	x
			<b>rural + urban</b>				<b>female</b>						
0	28	152	478	80	113	136	70	81	10	33	1000	6853	747
1	45	126	483	112	182	116	47	54	3	2	1000	11045	758
2	57	129	547	80	158	125	44	44	3	0	1000	14019	905
3	46	124	561	68	148	86	49	74	14	0	1000	11186	684
4	45	132	452	91	184	102	58	108	2	3	1000	10932	666
5	44	122	522	74	159	101	92	48	3	0	1000	10651	675
6-9	110	100	573	86	163	79	47	48	4	1	1000	26966	1592
10-15	168	108	578	72	197	52	62	35	4	0	1000	41007	2100
16 and above	457	96	641	61	170	49	50	21	7	0	1000	111847	6095
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	106	589	72	171	69	54	38	6	1	1000	244506	14222
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	143927	17594	41860	16864	13217	9313	1404	328	244506	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	7512	1285	2434	1262	845	769	97	18	14222	x	x

Table (27): Distribution (per 1000 ) of return migrants by location of last residence for each period since migrated

period since migrated (years)	per 1000 distribution of return migrants	no. of return migrants per 1000 migrants	location of last residence								number of return migrants		
			same district		same state but another district		another state		another country	n.r.	all	estimated (00)	sample
			rural	urban	rural	urban	rural	urban					
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)
			<b>rural + urban</b>				<b>male + female</b>						
0	44	176	388	89	105	159	80	117	32	30	1000	14894	1831
1	51	131	386	100	178	153	65	106	11	1	1000	17043	1476
2	77	156	396	68	105	234	64	121	13	0	1000	25663	1696
3	52	132	447	69	122	121	90	125	25	0	1000	17422	1179
4	51	148	354	96	145	121	101	158	23	2	1000	17191	1134
5	49	135	422	81	158	133	113	79	15	0	1000	16367	1145
6-9	118	115	458	89	152	121	67	91	22	0	1000	39605	2512
10-15	165	117	486	68	186	88	89	69	14	0	1000	55228	3146
16 and above	393	100	577	65	167	66	74	39	12	0	1000	131654	7495
all years (incl. n.r.)	1000	116	490	74	158	106	79	76	16	2	1000	335068	21614
estd.no. of return migrants (00)	x	x	164251	24735	52777	35648	26443	25318	5338	557	335068	x	x
sample no. of return migrants	x	x	9272	2040	3413	2732	1679	2083	357	38	21614	x	x

## **Appendix B**

### **Sample Design and Estimation Procedure**

## Appendix - B

### Sample Design and Estimation Procedure

#### 1. Introduction

1.1 The 64<sup>th</sup> round (July 2007-June 2008) of NSS was earmarked for survey on 'Employment-Unemployment and Migration Particulars', 'Participation and Expenditure in Education' and 'Household Consumer Expenditure'. The survey covered the whole of the Indian Union *except* (i) Leh (Ladakh) and Kargil districts of Jammu & Kashmir (for central sample), (ii) interior villages of Nagaland situated beyond five kilometres of the bus route and (iii) villages in Andaman and Nicobar Islands which remain inaccessible throughout the year. The period of survey was of one year duration starting on 1<sup>st</sup> July 2007 and ending on 30<sup>th</sup> June 2008. The survey period of this round was divided into four sub-rounds of three months' duration each and in each of these four sub-rounds equal number of sample villages/ blocks (FSUs) were allotted for survey with a view to ensuring uniform spread of sample FSUs over the entire survey period.

#### 2. Sample Design

2.1 A stratified multi-stage design for rural as well as urban areas was adopted for selection of the sample units for the 64<sup>th</sup> round survey. The first stage units (FSU) were the 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards in case of Kerala) in the rural sector and Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks in the urban sector. However, for the newly declared towns and out growths (OGs) in census 2001 for which UFS were not done (i.e., non-UFS towns), each individual town/ OG was considered as an FSU. The ultimate stage units (USU) were households in both the sectors. In case of large FSUs, i.e., villages/ towns/ blocks requiring hamlet-group (hg)/ sub-block (sb) formation, one intermediate stage was the selection of two hgs/ sbs from each FSU.

2.2 *Selection of the first-stage units:* The various steps involved before making the selection of the FSUs are discussed at length in the following few paragraphs before taking up the issue of selection of USUs within an FSU.

2.2.1 *Sampling Frame for the first-stage units (FSUs):* For the rural sector, the list of 2001 census villages (Panchayat wards for Kerala) constitutes the sampling frame. For the urban sector, the list of latest available Urban Frame Survey (UFS) blocks and for non-UFS towns list of such towns/ OGs was considered as the sampling frame.

2.2.2 *Stratification of the first stage units:* Within each district of a State/ UT, generally speaking, two basic strata were formed as follows:

- i) rural stratum comprising of all rural areas of the district and
- ii) urban stratum comprising of all the urban areas of the district.

However, within the urban areas of a district, if there were one or more towns with population 10 lakhs or more as per population census 2001, each of them formed a separate basic stratum and the remaining urban areas of the district was considered as another basic stratum. For a few districts, particularly in case of Tamil Nadu, if total number of non-UFS towns in the district exceeded certain number, all such towns taken together formed another basic stratum. Otherwise, they were merged with the UFS towns for stratification.

2.2.3 *Sub-stratification of the first stage units in rural areas:* If 'r' was the sample size allocated for a rural stratum, the number of sub-strata formed was 'r/4'. The villages within a district, as per frame, were first arranged in ascending order of population as per the frame,



then sub-strata 1 to 'r/4' were demarcated in such a way that each sub-stratum comprised a group of villages of the arranged frame and had more or less equal population.

2.2.4 *Sub-stratification of the first stage units in urban areas:* If 'u' was the sample size allocated for a urban stratum, 'u/4' number of sub-strata were formed. The towns within a district, except those with population 10 lakhs or more and also the non-UFS towns, were first arranged in ascending order of population, then, UFS blocks of each town were arranged by IV unit no. × block no. in ascending order. From this arranged frame of UFS blocks of all the towns, 'u/4' number of sub-strata were formed in such a way that each sub-stratum had more or less equal number of FSUs. For towns with population 10 lakhs or more, the urban blocks were first arranged by IV unit no. × block no., in ascending order, then 'u/4' number of sub-strata were formed in such a way that each sub-stratum had more or less equal number of blocks. All non-UFS towns, if available in a district and exceeded a certain minimum number, formed one separate stratum within the district.

2.2.5 *Allocation of FSU's among Strata:* At the all-India level, a total number of 12688 FSUs (7984 villages and 4704 urban blocks) was allocated for survey. The total number of sample FSUs was allocated to the States and UTs in proportion to population as per census 2001 subject to a minimum sample allocation to each State/ UT. While doing so, the resource availability in terms of number of field investigators was kept in view. The State/ UT level sample size was allocated between rural and urban sectors in proportion to population as per census 2001 with 1.5 weightage to urban sector subject to the restriction that urban sample size for bigger states like Maharashtra, Tamil Nadu, etc., did not exceed the rural sample size. A minimum of 8 FSUs were allocated to each state/ UT, separately, for rural and urban areas. Further, the State level allocation for both rural and urban sectors were adjusted marginally in a few cases to ensure that each stratum got a minimum allocation of 4 FSUs. Within each sector of a State/ UT, the respective sample size was allocated to the different strata in proportion to the stratum population as per census 2001. Allocations at stratum level were adjusted to a multiple of 4 with a minimum sample size of 4.

2.2.6 *Selection of first-stage units:* From each sub-stratum of a district of rural sector, 4 FSUs were selected with Probability Proportional to Size With Replacement (PPSWR), size being the population as per census 2001. For urban sector, from each sub-stratum 4 FSUs were selected by using Simple Random Sampling Without Replacement (SRSWOR) for UFS towns and by PPSWR in case of non-UFS towns with size being the population as per census 2001. Within each sub-stratum, samples were drawn in the form of two independent sub-samples in both the rural and urban sectors.

2.3 *Selection of Ultimate Stage Units within a FSU:* The remaining paragraphs of this sub-section outlines the various steps leading to the actual selection of USUs within a FSU.

2.3.1 *Selection of hamlet-groups/sub-blocks:* Large FSUs having approximate present population of 1200 or more was divided into a suitable number of 'hamlet-groups' in the rural sector and 'sub-blocks' in the urban sector as stated below.

approximate present population of the sample village/block	no. of hgs/sbs to be formed (D)
less than 1200 (no hamlet-groups/sub-blocks)	1
1200 to 1799	3
1800 to 2399	4
2400 to 2999	5
3000 to 3599	6
.....and so on	

For rural areas of Himachal Pradesh, Sikkim and Poonch, Rajouri, Udhampur, Doda districts of Jammu and Kashmir and Idukki district of Kerala, the number of hamlet-groups formed was as follows.

approximate present population of the sample village	no. of hgs to be formed
less than 600 (no hamlet-groups)	1
600 to 899	3
900 to 1199	4
1200 to 1499	5
.....and so on	

Two hamlet-groups (hg)/ sub-blocks (sb) were selected from a large FSU wherever hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks had been formed, by SRSWOR. Listing and selection of the households were done independently in the two selected hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks.

2.3.2 *Sampling frame of households*: All households listed in an FSU constituted the sampling frame of households. All the households listed in the selected FSU/ hamlet-groups/ sub-blocks were stratified, for Schedule 10.2, into three second stage strata (SSS) as given below:

SSS 1:	households having at least one out-migrant and received at least one remittance from him/ her during last 365 days
SSS 2:	remaining households having at least one other type of migrants, including temporary out-migrants, for employment purpose
SSS 3:	other households

2.3.3 *Selection of households*: For the survey on employment & unemployment and migration particulars (Schedule 10.2), 10 households were selected from each sample FSU. In both rural and urban areas, in case no hamlet-group/sub-block formation was done in the FSU, the number of households selected from the second stage strata SSS1, SSS2 and SSS3 were 2, 4 and 4, respectively. In case hamlet-groups/sub-blocks were formed in the village/block, the number of households selected from the second stage strata SSS1, SSS2 and SSS3 were 1, 2 and 2, respectively, for each of the hamlet-groups/sub-blocks. The sample households from each of the second stage strata were selected by SRSWOR.

2.4 Number of FSUs allotted for survey in the NSS 64<sup>th</sup> round along with the number of FSUs actually surveyed and number of persons enumerated in respect of the survey on employment & unemployment and migration particulars (Schedule 10.2) are given for different states and union territories in Table 1 at the end of Appendix-B.

### 3. Estimation Procedure

#### 3.1 Notations:

s = subscript for s-th stratum

t = subscript for t-th sub-stratum

m = subscript for sub-sample (m = 1, 2)

i = subscript for i-th FSU [village (panchayat ward)/ block/ non-UFS town or OG]

d = subscript for a hamlet-group/ sub-block (d = 1, 2)

j = subscript for j-th second stage stratum in an FSU/ hg/sb (j = 1, 2 or 3)

k = subscript for k-th sample household under a particular second stage stratum within an FSU/ hg/sb

D = total number of hg's/ sb's formed in the sample village (panchayat ward) / block/ non-UFS town or OG

$D^* = 1$  if  $D = 1$

=  $D/2$  for FSUs with  $D > 1$

N = total number of FSUs in any urban (UFS) sub-stratum

Z = total size of a rural sub-stratum or urban sub-stratum of non-UFS towns or OGs (= sum of sizes for all the FSUs of a sub-stratum)

z = size of sample village/ non-UFS town or OG used for selection.

n = number of sample village/ block/ non-UFS town or OG surveyed including zero cases but excluding casualty for a particular sub-sample and sub-stratum.

H = total number of households listed in a second-stage stratum of a village/ block/ non-UFS town or OG/ hamlet-group/ sub-block of sample FSU

h = number of households surveyed in a second-stage stratum of a village/ block/ non-UFS town or OG/ hamlet-group/ sub-block of sample FSU

x, y = observed value of characteristics x, y under estimation

$\hat{X}$ ,  $\hat{Y}$  = estimate of population total X, Y for the characteristics x, y

Under the above symbols,

$y_{stmidjk}$  = observed value of the characteristic y for the k-th household in the j-th second stage stratum of the d-th hg/ sb (d = 1, 2) of the i-th FSU belonging to the m-th sub-sample for the t-th sub-stratum of s-th stratum;

However, for ease of understanding, a few symbols have been suppressed in following paragraphs where they are obvious.

#### 3.2 Estimation of Aggregates for a particular sub-sample and stratum:

##### 3.2.1 Estimate for a sub-stratum in rural areas:

(i) For households selected in j-th second stage stratum:

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} D_i^* \left[ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

(ii) For all selected households:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

3.2.2 Estimate for a sub-stratum in urban areas:

(i) For households selected in j-th second stage stratum:

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{N}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} D_i^* \left[ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right] \text{ for UFS sub-stratum,}$$

$$\hat{Y}_j = \frac{Z}{n_j} \sum_{i=1}^{n_j} \frac{1}{z_i} D_i^* \left[ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right] \text{ for non-UFS sub-stratum}$$

(ii) For all selected households:

$$\hat{Y} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_j$$

3.2.3 Estimate for a stratum of a sub-sample:

$$\hat{Y}_s = \sum_t \hat{Y}_{st}$$

3.2.4 Overall Estimate for Aggregates::

Overall estimate for aggregates for a stratum ( $\hat{Y}_s$ ) based on two sub-samples is obtained as:

$$\hat{Y}_s = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{m=1}^2 \hat{Y}_{sm}$$

3.3 Overall Estimate of Aggregates at State/UT/all-India level:

The overall estimate  $\hat{Y}$  at the State/ UT/ all-India level is obtained by summing the stratum estimates  $\hat{Y}_s$  over all strata belonging to the State/ UT/ all-India.

3.4 Estimates of Ratios:

Let  $\hat{Y}$  and  $\hat{X}$  be the overall estimate of the aggregates Y and X for two characteristics y and x respectively at the State/ UT/ all-India level.

Then the combined ratio estimate ( $\hat{R}$ ) of the ratio ( $R = \frac{Y}{X}$ ) will be obtained as  $\hat{R} = \frac{\hat{Y}}{\hat{X}}$ .

3.5 Estimates of Error: The estimated variances of the above estimates will be as follows:

3.5.1 For aggregate  $\hat{Y}$ :

$$V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}) = \sum_s V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_s)$$

where  $V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y}_s)$  are as given below.

3.5.1.1 For strata with PPSWR selection at first stage:

$$V\hat{a}r_{ppswr}(\hat{Y}_s) = \left[ \sum_t \frac{1}{n_{st}(n_{st}-1)} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{st}} \left( \frac{Z_{sti} \hat{Y}_{sti}}{z_{sti}} - \hat{Y}_s \right)^2 \right],$$

where 
$$\hat{Y}_{sti} = \sum_j Y_{stij},$$

$$\hat{Y}_{stij} = D_{sti}^* \left[ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right]$$

3.5.1.2 For strata with SRSWOR selection at first stage:

$$V\hat{a}r_{srswor}(\hat{Y}_s) = \sum_t \frac{1}{4} (\hat{Y}_{st1} - \hat{Y}_{st2})^2,$$

where  $\hat{Y}_{st1}$  and  $\hat{Y}_{st2}$  are the estimates for sub-sample 1 and sub-sample 2 respectively for stratum 's' and sub-stratum 't'.

3.5.2 For ratio  $\hat{R}$ :

$$M\hat{S}E(\hat{R}) = \frac{1}{(\hat{X})^2} \left[ \sum_s M\hat{S}E_s(\hat{R}) + \sum_{s'} M\hat{S}E_{s'}(\hat{R}) \right]$$

where s, s' indicate respectively the strata with PPSWR and SRSWOR selection at first stage.

3.5.2.1 For strata with PPSWR selection at first stage:

$$M\hat{S}E_s(\hat{R}) = \sum_t \frac{1}{n_{st}(n_{st}-1)} \sum_{i=1}^{n_{st}} \left[ \frac{Z_{sti}}{z_{sti}} (\hat{Y}_{sti} - \hat{R} \hat{X}_{sti}) - (\hat{Y}_{st} - \hat{R} \hat{X}_{st}) \right]^2$$

where

$$\hat{Y}_{sti} = \sum_j \hat{Y}_{stij}, \quad \hat{X}_{sti} = \sum_j \hat{X}_{stij},$$

$$\hat{Y}_{stij} = D_{sti}^* \left[ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} y_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} y_{i2jk} \right],$$

$$\hat{X}_{stij} = D_{sti}^* \left[ \frac{H_{i1j}}{h_{i1j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i1j}} x_{i1jk} + \frac{H_{i2j}}{h_{i2j}} \sum_{k=1}^{h_{i2j}} x_{i2jk} \right]$$

3.5.2.2 For strata with SRSWOR selection at first stage:

$$M\hat{S}E_s(\hat{R}) = \sum_t \frac{1}{4} \left[ (\hat{Y}_{s't1} - \hat{Y}_{s't2})^2 + \hat{R}^2 (\hat{X}_{s't1} - \hat{X}_{s't2})^2 - 2\hat{R}(\hat{Y}_{s't1} - \hat{Y}_{s't2})(\hat{X}_{s't1} - \hat{X}_{s't2}) \right]$$

where  $\hat{Y}_{s't1}$  and  $\hat{Y}_{s't2}$  are the estimates for sub-sample 1 and sub-sample 2 respectively for stratum 's' and sub-stratum 't'.

3.6 Estimates of RSE:

$$R\hat{S}E(\hat{Y}) = \frac{\sqrt{V\hat{a}r(\hat{Y})}}{\hat{Y}} \times 100$$

$$R\hat{S}E(\hat{R}) = \frac{\sqrt{M\hat{S}E(\hat{R})}}{\hat{R}} \times 100$$

Table 1: Number of FSUs allotted, number of FSUs surveyed and number of persons enumerated in different states and union territories

state/ut.	FSUs				persons enumerated	
	allotted		surveyed		rural	urban
	rural	urban	rural	urban		
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)
Andhra Pradesh	560	312	560	312	20442	11677
Arunachal Pradesh	88	56	87	56	4648	2489
Assam	200	104	200	104	9863	4410
Bihar	712	168	711	168	36263	8425
Chhattisgarh	160	80	160	80	7835	3678
Delhi	16	144	16	141	729	5435
Goa	16	24	14	22	583	937
Gujarat	272	248	271	246	12242	10452
Haryana	144	96	143	96	7409	4286
Himachal Pradesh	168	56	168	56	7318	2001
Jammu & Kashmir	144	112	118	95	6594	4555
Jharkhand	216	96	213	96	10668	4338
Karnataka	296	232	295	230	13000	9297
Kerala	240	128	224	128	8979	4863
Madhya Pradesh	448	248	445	248	22242	11688
Maharashtra	504	504	504	504	22277	21311
Manipur	192	96	192	96	9516	4391
Meghalaya	128	48	128	48	6348	2075
Mizoram	64	96	64	96	3224	4786
Nagaland	128	48	128	48	6419	2159
Orissa	384	136	383	136	17453	5635
Punjab	176	144	176	144	8543	6041
Rajasthan	376	176	376	176	19566	8522
Sikkim	120	24	120	24	4898	670
Tamil Nadu	360	352	359	350	12757	12021
Tripura	216	72	216	72	9504	2584
Uttarakhand	104	64	103	63	4816	2440
Uttar Pradesh	904	360	903	359	51202	18681
West Bengal	552	328	551	327	24941	12279
A & N Islands	32	24	29	24	1246	901
Chandigarh	8	40	8	35	293	1178
D & N Haveli	16	16	16	16	761	742
Daman & Diu	16	16	16	16	701	653
Lakshadweep	8	16	8	16	412	842
Puducherry	16	40	16	40	602	1518
<b>all -India</b>	<b>7984</b>	<b>4704</b>	<b>7921</b>	<b>4668</b>	<b>374294</b>	<b>197960</b>

# **Appendix C**

## **Schedule 10.2**

### **Employment & Unemployment and Migration Particulars**



RURAL	<input type="checkbox"/>	*
URBAN	<input type="checkbox"/>	

CENTRAL	<input type="checkbox"/>	*
STATE	<input type="checkbox"/>	

**GOVERNMENT OF INDIA  
NATIONAL SAMPLE SURVEY ORGANISATION  
SOCIO-ECONOMIC SURVEY  
SIXTY FOURTH ROUND: JULY 2007 – JUNE 2008  
SCHEDULE 10.2: EMPLOYMENT & UNEMPLOYMENT AND MIGRATION  
PARTICULARS**

[0] descriptive identification of sample household	
1. state/u.t:	5. hamlet name:
2. district:	6. ward /inv. unit /block:
3. tehsil/town * :	7. name of head of household:
4. village name:	8. name of informant:

[1] identification of sample household							
item no.	item	code			item no.	item	code
1.	srl. no. of sample village/ block				11.	sub-sample	
2.	round number	6		4	12.	FOD sub-region	
3.	schedule number	1	0	2	13.	sample hg/sb number (1/2)	
4.	sample ( <i>central-1, state-2</i> )						
5.	sector ( <i>rural-1, urban-2</i> )				14.	second-stage stratum	
6.	state-region				15.	sample household number	
7.	district				16.	srl. no. of informant (as in col.1, bl. 4)	
8.	stratum				17.	response code	
9.	sub-stratum				18.	survey code	
10.	sub-round				19.	reason for substitution of original household (code)	

**CODES FOR BLOCK 1**

*item 17: response code : informant: co-operative and capable -1, co-operative but not capable -2, busy -3, reluctant - 4, others - 9*

*item 18: survey code : original – 1, substitute – 2, casualty – 3*

*item 19: reason for substitution of original household : informant busy -1, members away from home -2, informant non-cooperative -3, others - 9*

\* tick mark ( ✓ ) may be put in the appropriate place.

<b>[2] particulars of field operation</b>												
sl. no.	item		investigator/ senior investigator			superintendent / senior superintendent			other supervisory officer			
(1)	(2)		(3)			(4)			(5)			
1.	i) name (block letters)											
	ii) code											
2.	<b>date(s) of :</b>		DD	MM	YY	DD	MM	YY	DD	MM	YY	
	(i) survey/inspection											
	(ii) receipt											
	(iii) scrutiny											
	(iv) despatch											
3.	number of additional sheets attached											
4.	total time taken to canvass (in minutes)	Schedule 10.2										
5.		block 7 of schedule 10.2										
6.	signature											

**[8] remarks by investigator/ senior investigator**

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**[9] comments by superintendent / senior superintendent**

--

**[10] comments by other supervisory officer**

--

[3] household characteristics							
1.	household size			9.	if code 1 in item 8,	location of last usual place of residence ( code)	
2.	principal industry (NIC-2004)	description:				10.	pattern of migration ( code)
		code (5-digit)					11.
3.	principal occupation (NCO-2004)	description:			12.	whether any former member of the household migrated out any time in the past (yes - 1, no - 2)	
		code (3-digit)					
4.	household type (code)			13.	if 1 in item 12, number of members who migrated out	male	
5.	religion (code)			14.		female	
6.	social group (code)			15.	amount of remittances received during the last 365 days (Rs.) (to be copied from entry against srl. no. 99, col.10 of bl. 3.1)		
7.	land possessed as on date of survey (code)			16.	if entry>0 in item 15, use of remittances (maximum three codes in descending order of amount used)		
8.	whether the household migrated to the village/town of enumeration during the last 365 days. ( yes- 1, no- 2)			17.	monthly household consumer expenditure (Rs.) (to be copied from item 23, block 7)		

Note: 1 acre = 0.4047 hectare, 1 hectare=10, 000 square metre

### Codes for Block 3

#### item 4: household type:

for rural areas: self-employed in non-agriculture-1, agricultural labour-2, other labour-3, self-employed in agriculture-4, others-9.

for urban areas: self-employed-1, regular wage/salary earning-2, casual labour-3, others-9.

item 5: religion: Hinduism-1, Islam-2, Christianity -3, Sikhism-4, Jainism-5, Buddhism-6, Zoroastrianism-7, others-9.

item 6: social group: scheduled tribe-1, scheduled caste-2, other backward class-3, others-9.

#### item 7: land possessed (area in hectare):

less than 0.005 .....	01	2.01 – 3.00 .....	07
0.005 - 0.01 .....	02	3.01 - 4.00 .....	08
0.02 - 0.20 .....	03	4.01 - 6.00 .....	10
0.21 - 0.40 .....	04	6.01 - 8.00 .....	11
0.41 - 1.00 .....	05	greater than 8.00.....	12
1.01 – 2.00 .....	06		

item. (9): location of last usual place of residence: same district: rural-1, urban-2; same state but another district: rural-3, urban-4; another state: rural-5, urban-6; another country-7.

item. (10): pattern of migration: temporary-1, permanent – 2

#### item. (11): reason for migration:

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage – 16, others –19.

#### Item 16: use of remittances:

for household consumer expenditure: on food items – 01, education of household members- 02, household durable –03, marriage and other ceremonies – 04, health care- 05, others items on household consumer expenditure- 06;

for improving housing condition (major repairs, purchase of land and buildings, etc.)- 07, debt repayment- 08, financing working capital – 10, initiating new entrepreneurial activity – 11, saving/investment – 12, others – 19.

<b>[3.1] particulars of out-migrants who migrated out any time in the past (i.e., for households with entry 1 in item 12 bl. 3)</b>									
srl. no	sex (male-1, female-2)	present age (years)	present place of residence (code)	reason for migration (code)	period since leaving the household (years)	whether presently engaged in any economic activity (yes-1, no-2, not known-9)	whether sent remittances during the last 365 days (yes-1, no-2)	if 1 in column 8,	
								number of times remittances sent during the last 365 days	amount of remittances sent during the last 365 days (Rs.)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
01.									
02.									
03.									
04.									
05.									
06.									
07.									
08.									
09.									
10.									
11.									
12.									
13.									
14.									
15.									
<b>99. total</b>									

### **Codes for Block 3.1**

col. (4): **present place of residence** : same state and within the same district – 1, same state but another district – 2, outside the state – 3; another country – 4, not known – 9

col. (5): **reason for migration**:

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage –16, migration of parent/earning member of the family–17, others –19.

**Codes for Block 4**

col. (3): **relation to head:**

*self-1, spouse of head-2, married child-3, spouse of married child-4, unmarried child-5, grandchild-6, father/mother/father-in-law/mother-in-law-7, brother/sister/brother-in-law/sister-in-law/other relatives-8, servants/employees/other non-relatives-9.*

col. (6): **marital status:**

*never married-1, currently married-2, widowed-3, divorced/separated-4.*

col. (7): **educational level - general:**

*not literate -01, literate without any schooling: 02, literate without formal schooling: literate through NFEC/AIEP -03, literate through TLC/ AEC -04, others -05; literate with formal schooling including EGS: below primary -06, primary -07, upper primary / middle -08, secondary -10, higher secondary -11, diploma/certificate course -12, graduate -13, postgraduate and above -14.*

col. (8): **educational level - technical:**

*no technical education -1, technical degree (graduate level) in agriculture/ engineering/ technology/ IT/medicine/management, etc.-2; technical degree (postgraduate and above level) in agriculture/ engineering/ technology/ IT/ medicine/ management, etc.-3; diploma or certificate (below graduate level) in agriculture/ engineering/ technology/IT/ medicine/ management, etc. -4; diploma or certificate (graduate level) in agriculture/ engineering/ technology/IT/ medicine/ management, etc. -5; diploma or certificate (postgraduate and above level) in agriculture/ engineering/ technology/IT/ medicine/ management, etc. -6;*

col. (9): **status:**

*worked in h.h. enterprise (self-employed): own account worker -11, employer-12, worked as helper in h.h. enterprise (unpaid family worker) -21; worked as regular salaried/ wage employee -31, worked as casual wage labour: in public works -41, in other types of work -51; did not work but was seeking and/or available for work -81, attended educational institution -91, attended domestic duties only -92, attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.), sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use -93, rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. -94, not able to work due to disability -95, others (including begging, prostitution, etc.) -97.*

col. (11): **industry:** 5-digit code as per NIC –2004.

col. (12): **occupation:** 3-digit code as per NCO –2004

col. (14): **status:** codes as in col. 9 of this block (**only codes 11 to 51 are applicable here**).

col. (16) : **industry** : 5-digit code as per NIC-2004.

col. (17) : **occupation** : 3-digit code as per NCO-2004.

**Codes for Block 5**

col. (4) and (18): **status:**

*codes 11, 12, 21, 31, 51 and 91-95, 97 of col. (9), block 4 and also the following codes: worked as casual wage labour in public works other than NREG public works – 41, worked as casual wage labour in NREG public works – 42, had work in h.h. enterprise but did not work due to: sickness -61, other reasons -62; had regular salaried/wage employment but did not work due to: sickness -71, other reasons - 72; sought work -81, did not seek but was available for work -82, did not work due to temporary sickness (for casual workers only) -98.*

col. (5): **industry division:** 2- digit division codes as per NIC-2004.

col. (6): **operation (for rural areas only):** manual work in cultivation: ploughing -01, sowing -02, transplanting -03, weeding -04, harvesting -05, other cultivation activities -06; manual work in other agricultural activities: forestry -07, plantation -08, animal husbandry -10, fisheries -11, other agricultural activities -12; manual work in non-agricultural activities -13, non-manual work in: cultivation -14, activities other than cultivation -15.

col. (19): **industry** : 5-digit code as per NIC-2004..

col. (20): **occupation** : 3-digit code as per NCO-2004.



[5] time disposition during the week ended on .....																			
srl. no. as in col.1, bl. 4	age (yrs.) as in col.5, bl. 4	current day activity particulars														current weekly activity particulars			
		srl. no. of activity	status (code)	for codes 11 to 72 in col. 4		intensity of activity (full-1.0, half-0.5)							total no. of days in each activity (0.0)	for codes 31, 41, 42, 51, 71, 72 in col. 4, wage and salary earnings (received or receivable) for the work done during the week (Rs.)			status (code)	for codes 11-72 in col. 18	
				industry division (2-digit NIC-2004 code)	for rural areas only, type of operation (code)	7 <sup>th</sup> day	6 <sup>th</sup> day	5 <sup>th</sup> day	4 <sup>th</sup> day	3 <sup>rd</sup> day	2 <sup>nd</sup> day	1 <sup>st</sup> day		cash	kind	total (col. 15 + col. 16)		industry (5-digit NIC-2004 code)	occupation (3-digit NCO-2004 code)
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)	(12)	(13)	(14)	(15)	(16)	(17)	(18)	(19)	(20)
																			<i>description of industry-occupation:</i>
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0						
																			<i>description of industry-occupation:</i>
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0						
																			<i>description of industry-occupation:</i>
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0						
																			<i>description of industry-occupation:</i>
total						1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	7.0						

**Codes for Block 6**

col. (5): **destination during longest spell:** same district: rural-1, urban-2; same state but another district: rural-3, urban-4; another state: rural-5, urban-6; another country-7.

col. (6) and col. (15): **industry division:** 2- digit division codes as per NIC-2004

col. (9) **nature of movement:**

temporary: with expected duration of stay less than 12 months – 1, with expected duration of stay 12 months or more - 2; permanent - 3

col. (11): **location of last upr:**

same district: rural-1, urban-2; same state but another district: rural-3, urban-4; another state: rural-5, urban-6; another country-7.

col. (13): **state/u.t. code:**

Andhra Pradesh	....28	Gujarat	....24	Madhya Pradesh	....23	Punjab	....03	West Bengal	....19
Arunachal Pradesh	....12	Haryana	....06	Maharashtra	....27	Rajasthan	....08	A & N Islands	....35
Assam	....18	Himachal Pradesh	....02	Manipur	....14	Sikkim	....11	Chandigarh	....04
Bihar	....10	Jammu & Kashmir	....01	Meghalaya	....17	Tamil Nadu	....33	Dadra & Nagar Haveli	....26
Chhattisgarh	....22	Jharkhand	....20	Mizoram	....15	Tripura	....16	Daman & Diu	....25
Delhi	....07	Karnataka	....29	Nagaland	....13	Uttaranchal	....05	Lakshadweep	....31
Goa	....30	Kerala	....32	Orissa	....21	Uttar Pradesh	....09	Pondicherry	....34

**country code:**

Afghanistan – 41, Bangladesh- 42, Bhutan- 43, Maldives- 44, Nepal - 45, Pakistan- 46, Sri Lanka –47, Gulf Countries (Saudi Arabia, Iran, Iraq, Kuwait, UAE and other countries of the region)- 48, Other Asian Countries- 49, USA- 50, Canada- 51, Other Countries of North and South America- 52, UK- 53, Other Countries of Europe- 54, Countries of Africa- 55, Rest of the World- 99.

col. (14): **usual activity (ps) at the time of leaving last upr:**

worked in h.h. enterprise (self-employed): own account worker -11, employer-12, worked as helper in h.h. enterprise (unpaid family worker) -21; worked as regular salaried/ wage employee -31, worked as casual wage labour: in public works -41, in other types of work -51; did not work but was seeking and/or available for work -81, attended educational institution -91, attended domestic duties only -92, attended domestic duties and was also engaged in free collection of goods (vegetables, roots, firewood, cattle feed, etc.), sewing, tailoring, weaving, etc. for household use -93, rentiers, pensioners, remittance recipients, etc. -94, not able to work due to disability -95, others (including begging, prostitution, etc.) -97.

col. (16): **reason for leaving the last usual place of residence:**

in search of employment –01, in search of better employment – 02, business – 03, to take up employment / better employment – 04, transfer of service/ contract – 05, proximity to place of work – 06, studies – 07, natural disaster (drought, flood, tsunami, etc.) –08, social / political problems (riots, terrorism, political refugee, bad law and order, etc.) –10, displacement by development project – 11, acquisition of own house/ flat – 12, housing problems – 13, health care – 14, post retirement –15, marriage –16, migration of parent/earning member of the family–17, others –19.





<b>[7] household consumer expenditure</b>			
srl. no.	item group	value of consumption (Rs) during	
		last 30 days	last 365 days
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)
1.	cereals & cereal products (includes muri, chira, maida, suji, noodles, bread (bakery), barley, cereal substitutes, etc.)		
2.	pulses & pulse products (includes soyabean, gram products, besan, sattu, etc.)		
3.	milk and milk products (includes milk condensed/powder, baby food, ghee, butter, ice-cream, etc.)		
4.	edible oil and vanaspati		
5.	vegetables, fruits & nuts (includes garlic, ginger, mango, banana, coconut, dates, kishmish, monacca, other dry fruits, etc.)		
6.	egg, fish & meat		
7.	sugar (includes gur, candy (misri), honey, etc.)		
8.	salt & spices and other food items (includes beverages such as tea, coffee, fruit juice and processed food such as biscuits, cake, pickles, sauce, cooked meals, dry chillies, curry powder, etc.)		
9.	pan, tobacco & intoxicants		
10.	fuel & light		
11.	entertainment (includes cinema, picnic, sports, club fees, video cassettes, cable charges, etc.)		
12.	personal care and effects, toilet articles and other sundry articles (includes spectacles, torch, umbrella, lighter, toothpaste, hair oil, shaving blades, electric bulb, tubelight, glassware, bucket, washing soap, agarbati, insecticide, etc.)		
13.	consumer services and conveyance (includes domestic servant, tailoring, grinding charges, telephone, legal expenses, pet animals porter charges, diesel, petrol, school bus/van, etc.)		
14.	rent/ house rent, consumer taxes and cesses (includes water charges, etc.)		
15.	medical expenses (non-institutional)		
16.	<b>sub-total (items 1 to 15)</b>		
17.	medical (institutional)		
18.	tuition fees & other fees, school books & other educational articles (includes private tutor, school/college fees, newspaper, library charges, stationery, internet charges, etc.)		
19.	clothing, bedding and footwear		
20.	durable goods		
21.	<b>sub-total (items 17 to 20)</b>		
22.	average monthly expenditure for items 17 to 20 [ $item\ 21 \times (30 \div 365)$ ]		
23.	<b>monthly household consumer expenditure (item 16 + item 22)</b>		

**Appendix D**

**Projected Population**

Statement 1.1: Projected population (000) as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007, 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 and 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 for each State/U.T

State/U.T/all-India	male								
	rural			urban			rural+ urban		
	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	29687	29955	29910	11393	11520	11499	41080	41475	41409
Arunachal Pradesh	451	449	449	173	182	180	624	631	630
Assam	12791	12921	12899	2163	2220	2210	14954	15141	15110
Bihar	42728	43360	43254	5168	5248	5235	47896	48608	48489
Chhattisgarh	8932	9028	9012	2582	2654	2642	11514	11682	11654
Delhi	490	484	485	8608	8881	8835	9098	9365	9320
Goa	355	361	360	447	471	467	802	832	827
Gujarat	17499	17672	17643	11720	12000	11953	29219	29672	29596
Haryana	8697	8793	8777	4110	4253	4229	12807	13046	13006
Himachal Pradesh	2939	2967	2962	388	397	395	3327	3364	3358
Jammu & Kashmir	4242	4284	4277	1592	1628	1622	5834	5912	5899
Jharkhand	11713	11872	11845	3603	3667	3656	15316	15539	15502
Karnataka	18422	18533	18515	10472	10679	10644	28894	29212	29159
Kerala	12133	12242	12224	4196	4224	4219	16329	16466	16443
Madhya Pradesh	25563	25966	25898	9674	9885	9850	35237	35851	35748
Maharashtra	30091	30343	30301	25379	25978	25877	55470	56321	56178
Manipur	878	890	888	301	303	303	1179	1193	1191
Meghalaya	1016	1027	1025	250	253	252	1266	1280	1278
Mizoram	240	241	241	254	259	258	494	500	499
Nagaland	930	941	939	197	199	199	1127	1140	1138
Orissa	16593	16715	16695	3290	3353	3342	19883	20068	20037
Punjab	8862	8908	8900	5284	5427	5403	14146	14335	14303
Rajasthan	25097	25530	25457	7965	8126	8099	33062	33656	33556
Sikkim	272	275	274	38	39	39	310	314	313
Tamil Nadu	16382	16155	16194	16589	17048	16971	32971	33203	33164
Tripura	1447	1461	1459	320	327	326	1767	1788	1784
Uttarakhand	3395	3435	3428	1379	1414	1408	4774	4849	4836
Uttar Pradesh	76982	78295	78075	21439	21969	21880	98421	100264	99954
West Bengal	31647	31941	31892	12747	12879	12857	44394	44820	44749
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	150	153	152	88	91	90	238	244	243
Chandigarh	75	78	77	592	627	621	667	705	699
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	99	99	99	65	73	72	164	172	171
Daman Diu	106	114	113	33	34	34	139	148	146
Lakshadweep	23	23	23	14	14	14	37	37	37
Puducherry	186	195	193	393	418	414	579	613	607
all-India	411111	415709	414938	172908	176742	176094	584019	592451	591032

Note: 1. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 are from RGI (reference Tables 8 and 9 of the Population Projections for India and States: 2001-2026).

2. Table 8 provides projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 for rural+urban combined and Table 9 provides projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 for urban.

3. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has been derived using the formula,  $A = A_1 * \left[ \frac{A_2}{A_1} \right]^{[1 - \frac{1}{n}]}$ , where A1 is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007, A2 is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 and A is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008.

4. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has been derived for the rural+urban and urban separately and that for rural has been derived by subtracting these two.

Statement 1.1: Projected population (000) as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007, 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 and 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 for each State/U.T

State/U.T/all-India	rural			urban			rural+ urban		
	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008
	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	29397	29689	29640	11077	11211	11189	40474	40900	40829
Arunachal Pradesh	412	410	410	148	157	155	560	567	566
Assam	12165	12302	12279	1934	1992	1982	14099	14294	14261
Bihar	39802	40440	40333	4510	4585	4572	44312	45025	44905
Chhattisgarh	8990	9086	9070	2429	2501	2489	11419	11587	11559
Delhi	395	390	391	6991	7200	7165	7386	7590	7556
Goa	335	340	339	402	423	419	737	763	759
Gujarat	16471	16626	16600	10119	10328	10293	26590	26954	26893
Haryana	7519	7600	7587	3417	3525	3507	10936	11125	11093
Himachal Pradesh	2900	2926	2922	299	305	304	3199	3231	3226
Jammu & Kashmir	3970	4022	4013	1295	1323	1318	5265	5345	5332
Jharkhand	11230	11376	11352	3199	3266	3255	14429	14642	14606
Karnataka	18061	18175	18156	9954	10163	10128	28015	28338	28284
Kerala	12782	12885	12868	4424	4451	4446	17206	17336	17314
Madhya Pradesh	23636	23999	23938	8696	8887	8855	32332	32886	32793
Maharashtra	28731	28941	28906	22185	22710	22622	50916	51651	51528
Manipur	850	861	859	307	310	309	1157	1171	1169
Meghalaya	979	990	988	255	260	259	1234	1250	1247
Mizoram	222	223	223	242	247	246	464	470	469
Nagaland	846	855	853	173	176	175	1019	1031	1029
Orissa	16385	16509	16488	3008	3077	3065	19393	19586	19554
Punjab	7846	7883	7877	4399	4503	4485	12245	12386	12362
Rajasthan	23285	23677	23611	7060	7200	7176	30345	30877	30788
Sikkim	239	240	240	34	36	36	273	276	275
Tamil Nadu	16259	16033	16071	16399	16870	16791	32658	32903	32862
Tripura	1374	1388	1386	308	315	314	1682	1703	1699
Uttarakhand	3417	3457	3450	1174	1205	1200	4591	4662	4650
Uttar Pradesh	69667	70878	70675	18668	19111	19036	88335	89989	89711
West Bengal	30126	30411	30363	11605	11763	11737	41731	42174	42100
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	125	130	129	71	75	74	196	205	203
Chandigarh	45	47	47	450	475	471	495	522	517
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	76	79	79	41	48	47	117	127	125
Daman Diu	53	53	53	35	36	36	88	89	89
Lakshadweep	23	24	24	14	13	13	37	37	37
Puducherry	180	185	184	387	405	402	567	590	586
all-India	388793	393133	392405	155708	159150	158572	544501	552283	550977

Note: 1. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 are from RGI (reference Tables 8 and 9 of the Population Projections for India and States: 2001-2026).

2. Table 8 provides projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 for rural+urban combined and Table 9 provides projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 for urban.

3. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has been derived using the formula,  $A = A_1 * \left[ \frac{A_2}{A_1} \right]^{[1 - \frac{2}{3}]}^{1/1}$ , where A1 is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007, A2 is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 and A is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008.

4. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has been derived for the rural+urban and urban separately and that for rural has been derived by subtracting these two.

Statement I.1: Projected population (000) as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007, 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 and 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 for each State/U.T

<b>male+female</b>									
State/U.T/all-India	rural			urban			rural+ urban		
	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008	1st Mar 2007	1st Mar 2008	1st Jan 2008
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)
Andhra Pradesh	59084	59645	59551	22470	22730	22686	81554	82375	82238
Arunachal Pradesh	863	860	861	321	338	335	1184	1198	1196
Assam	24956	25222	25178	4097	4213	4193	29053	29435	29371
Bihar	82530	83800	83587	9678	9833	9807	92208	93633	93394
Chhattisgarh	17923	18114	18082	5011	5155	5131	22934	23269	23213
Delhi	884	874	876	15600	16081	16000	16484	16955	16876
Goa	692	703	701	848	893	885	1540	1596	1587
Gujarat	33969	34298	34243	21839	22328	22246	55808	56626	56489
Haryana	16216	16393	16364	7527	7778	7736	23743	24171	24099
Himachal Pradesh	5839	5892	5883	687	703	700	6526	6595	6583
Jammu & Kashmir	8213	8307	8291	2886	2950	2939	11099	11257	11231
Jharkhand	22943	23248	23197	6802	6933	6911	29745	30181	30108
Karnataka	36483	36708	36671	20426	20842	20772	56909	57550	57443
Kerala	24914	25127	25091	8621	8675	8666	33535	33802	33757
Madhya Pradesh	49199	49965	49837	18370	18772	18704	67569	68737	68541
Maharashtra	58821	59284	59207	47565	48688	48499	106386	107972	107706
Manipur	1728	1751	1747	608	613	612	2336	2364	2359
Meghalaya	1995	2016	2012	505	514	512	2500	2530	2525
Mizoram	462	465	465	496	505	503	958	970	968
Nagaland	1775	1796	1792	370	375	374	2145	2171	2167
Orissa	32978	33225	33184	6298	6430	6408	39276	39655	39592
Punjab	16708	16792	16778	9683	9930	9888	26391	26722	26667
Rajasthan	48383	49208	49070	15025	15326	15275	63408	64534	64345
Sikkim	510	516	515	73	75	75	583	591	590
Tamil Nadu	32641	32188	32265	32988	33918	33761	65629	66106	66026
Tripura	2822	2849	2844	627	642	639	3449	3491	3484
Uttarakhand	6812	6892	6879	2553	2619	2608	9365	9511	9487
Uttar Pradesh	146649	149174	148750	40106	41080	40916	186755	190254	189666
West Bengal	61773	62353	62256	24352	24642	24593	86125	86995	86849
Andaman & Nicobar Islands	276	282	281	158	167	165	434	449	446
Chandigarh	118	125	124	1043	1102	1092	1161	1227	1216
Dadra & Nagar Haveli	175	178	178	106	121	118	281	299	296
Daman Diu	158	168	166	69	70	70	227	238	236
Lakshadweep	45	47	47	28	27	27	73	74	74
Puducherry	366	382	379	780	822	815	1146	1204	1194
<b>all-India</b>	<b>799905</b>	<b>808843</b>	<b>807351</b>	<b>328616</b>	<b>335891</b>	<b>334665</b>	<b>1128521</b>	<b>1144734</b>	<b>1142016</b>

Note: 1. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 are from RGI (reference Tables 8 and 9 of the Population Projections for India and States: 2001-2026).

2. Table 8 provides projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 for rural+urban combined and Table 9 provides projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007 and 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 for urban.

3. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has been derived using the formula,  $A = A_1 * \left[\frac{A_2}{A_1}\right]^{[1/1.2]A_1^0}$ , where A1 is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> March 2007, A2 is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> March 2008 and A is the population for 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008.

4. Projected population as on 1<sup>st</sup> January 2008 has been derived for the rural+urban and urban separately and that for rural has been derived by subtracting these two.

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12	432 (Part-I)	Households Assets and Indebtedness of Social Groups as on 30.6.91	250	15	9	1140	68	42
13	432 (Part-II)	Households Assets and Indebtedness of Social Groups as on 30.6.91	250	15	9	710	43	26
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64	466	Reported Adequacy of Food Intake in India, 1999 - 2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
65	467	IRDPA Assistance and Participation in Public Works: 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
66	471	Nutritional Intake in India, 1999-2000	250	15	10	710	43	26
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68	473	Literacy and Levels of Education in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	610	36	23
69	474	Sources of household consumption in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	710	43	26
		<b>Employment &amp; Unemployment, NSS 55th Round (July'99 to June 2000)</b>						
70	455	Employment and Unemployment in India, 1999-2000 - Key Results	150	10	7	610	36	23
71	458 (Part-I)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	750	40	28
72	458 (Part-II)	Employment and Unemployment Situation in India, 1999 - 2000	250	15	10	1370	73	52
73	460	Non agricultural workers in Informal Sector based on Employment and Unemployment Survey, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
74	462	Employment and Unemployment situation in Cities and Towns of India, 1999-2000	150	10	7	610	36	23
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83	478	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India 2000-2001 - Characteristics of Enterprises	250	15	10	1370	82	50
84	479	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2000 - 2001: Employment, Assets and Borrowings	250	15	10	1370	82	50
85	480	Unorganised Manufacturing Sector in India, 2000 - 2001: Input, Output and Value added	250	15	10	1370	82	50
		<b>Pilot Survey on Suitability of Reference Period for Measuring Household Consumption</b>						
86	475	Results of a Pilot Survey on Suitability of Different Reference Periods for Measuring Household Consumption	150	10	7	610	36	23
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89	483	Unorganised Service Sector in India 2001 - 02 Characteristics of Enterprises	250	15	10	1370	82	55
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